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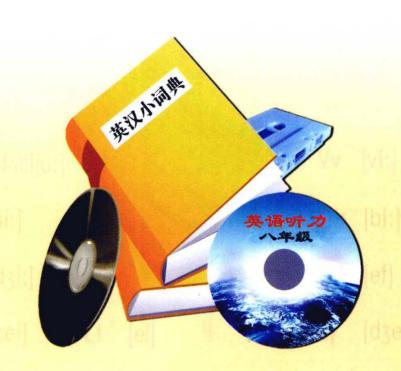
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工有名

BANG SHANG YOU MING

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让《榜上有名》带给你学习的快乐

同学们,新的学期开始了。为了让你的学习变得有趣、高效和快乐,新的学期里,《榜上有名》将随时伴你左右!

《榜上有名》凝聚了众多专家的心血和智慧。借助她,不但可以巩固知识,还可以使你的 视野得到拓展,思维得到启迪,兴趣得到激发,方法得到提升,习惯得到培养,品格得到升 华,从而全面提高你的学习能力和综合素质。

《榜上有名》是书夹卷形式的同步练习用书,共有六个板块,都很有特色。既然要陪伴你整整一个学期,你就花几分钟的时间读读下面这些文字,作个简单的了解吧!

重温教材理一篇

同学们学完一课以后,你的练习从这里开始!

同学们通过本板块,可以起到回顾教材和课堂上老师的讲授,熟悉内容,梳理知识,明确要点,建立概念,加深理解,增强记忆的作用。这个板块填空题居多,填的时候文字一定要准确、精练。

揣摩例题学一招

本板块的题目都是编者精选的。通过读例题,同学们可以学到析题、解题、答题的技巧和方法。这类题,同学们应先把题目读懂,试着思考、分析和解答,然后再去看【解析】和【答案】,比较书上的解法和你的解法是否一样,是你的解法好还是书上的解法好,仔细去品味和揣摩。可不能只去看【答案】哟!

强化基础练一轮

本板块的题目都是基础题,难度也不大。设置目的是为了帮助同学们巩固基础知识和基本能力。"基础不牢,地动山摇",可不能掉以轻心啊。建议同学们全部都做一遍,特别是学业基础比较薄弱的同学,做好这些题尤其重要。

拓展知能露一手

本板块的题目比"强化基础练一轮"的题目要难一些,活一些。设置目的是希望同学们通过本板块的题目,围绕教材的核心知识和学习要求,让知识和能力搬家,超越教材去开阔视野、活跃思维、学会迁移。做这类题,脑子可要放灵光些。既然要你"露一手",你就"露"吧!没必要谦虚。

对接中考试一回

同学们将来大都要参加中考,需要了解中考试题的"面目",看看它的题型,试试它的难度。本板块选择了包括你所在的市州地在内的全国近几年比较有代表性的一些试题,供你练习。试一回吧,不一定像你想象的那么难。不过不会也没有关系,等你把初中三年的课程都学完了,你就会觉得它是小菜一碟了!

整合单元测一次

你的书中都夹有试卷。所谓第六板块,指的就是这些试卷。 这些试卷中,既有单元检测卷,又有期末考试卷,内容当然是综合性质的。这些 试卷,是发给你练习,还是用来考试,可得老师说了算。有点"委屈"你了,不 过可得服从老师的安排哟。

希望同学们按照我们的建议去使用这套资料。有条件的同学,还可以到www.xz1881.com去看一看,在网上和我们直接联系,获得更多的资料和帮助。祝你新学期里学习愉快!努力必有成功,相信在新学期的优胜榜上,你一定会——榜上有名!

《榜上有名》编委会

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Unit 1 How do you study for a test?



重温教材理一遍

Ⅰ. 英译汉
1. feel excited
2. make mistakes
3. be afraid to do sth
4. in trouble
5. deal with
6. regard···as
7. end up
8. later on
Ⅱ.汉译英
1. 取笑(某人)
2. 组成,构成
3. 首先
4. 发出噪音
5. 做笔记
6. 练习说英语
7. 查字典
8. 结束说话
9. 喜欢做某事
Ⅲ. 根据中文完成句子,每空一词。
1. 没关系。/不要紧。
It
2. 一你是怎样准备考试的?
— do you for a text?
一我和小组的同学一起学习。
—I study by a group.
3. 你为什么不参加我们的游戏呢?

	you join our games?
4. 你能告诉我怎样准	连确发音吗?
you tell r	me to get the
right?	
5. 下午我们不去打篮	至球了,去游泳吧。
Let's go swimming	going
shopping this afternoon.	
揣摩例题常	サー・担
1.【2006 福建】单项设	选择
— do you s	study English?
—By listening to tap	pes.
A. How	B. Where
C. When	D. Why
【解析】"by+动词-ing"结 "以方式",对方式状语提 【答案】A	b构在句中作方式状语,表示问用"how"。
2.【2006 福建】单项员	选择
The movie was	. My brother felt
asleep half way through	it.
A. exciting	B. moving
C. amusing	D. boring
【解析】动词-ed 形式和流词,其用法有所区别。bored,形容词表达人的心理状态exciting,pleasing 等表示事物本题考查词义辨析。exciting amusing 逗人笑的;boring 令D。 【答案】D	或感受; boring, interesting, 7的特征,意为"令人…的"。 3激动人心; moving 感人的;

中考英语美文欣赏(1)

Listen, his steps are light,
Listen, his words are light.
The Old Man of Time is running.
He tells us to catch up with

catch up with him.
Oh, time is money Don't

money.Don't waste your valuable time.

valuable time. 一寸光阴 一寸金 你听,他脚步轻轻, 你听,他话 语轻轻, 时间老人不

时间老人不停地跑, 提醒我们莫 落后。

落后。 啊,一寸金, 阴一寸金度好 年华。

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3.【2006 天津】单项选择

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At the foot of the hill you could hear nothing	one the I've ever seen. ()
but the of the running water.	A. more exciting
A. shout B. noise	B. more excited
C. voice D. sound	C. the most exciting
【解析】此题考查对几个表示"声音"的词的区别: shout 指"大喊,呼喊"; noise 一般指很响的、不悦耳的声音,即噪音或吵闹声; voice 多指人发出的声音,意思是"嗓音"; sound 泛指任何声音。此题中指"水声",故用 sound。	D. the most excited 5. I watched some children saxophone in the park. ()
【答案】D 4. 单项选择	A. play B. played
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	C. playing the D. to play the ,
I wanted to do my homework this morning,	6.—I can't understand when people speak
but ended up the computer games.	fast.
A. play B. to play	—Maybe you join an English club.
C. playing D. played	,
【解析】end up 后接动名词,构成 end up doing 结构,表示"以而告终"。	A. should B. would
【答案】C	C. might D. shall
-O	7.— do you memorize the new
强化基础练一轮	English words?
	—By making vocabulary lists. ()
Ⅰ.单项选择。请将正确选项的序号填在括	A. Why B. How
号内。	C. Where D. When
1. A young man is practicingEnglish	8. —Good morning, Mr Brown. Would you
with Mr. King on the train.	please tell me the result of the exam? ()
A. to speak B. saying	—OK. You did quite well. You made
C. to say D. speaking	mistakes.
2. I like, but I don't like	A. few B. a few
right now. ()	C. little D. a little
A. singing, to sing B. to sing, singing	9. —Do you know for a picnic?
C. singing, singing D. to sing, to sing	—Children's Park. ()
3. To improve your spoken English, you	A. what to buy B. how to get
English as much as possible. ()	C. where to go D. when to start
A. had better to speak	10. All of us were amazed what he
B. should to speak	said. ()
C. should say	A. at B. to
D. had better speak	C. in D. for
4. The movie Batman and Joker is	11. Time goes by so fast. We must miss the

Unit 1 How do you study for a test?



chance to show love for our parents and make	Ⅲ. 用方框内所给句子中选出能填入空白处的最	
them how much they mean to us. ()	佳语句。	
A. to know B. knowing	(A)	
C. know D. knew	That's business lingo.	
12. —Why not music club?	What's this?	
—I'm sorry. I can't sing or dance. ()	What's the problem?	
A. to join B. join	Here's an example.	
C. joining D. to join in	It starts on September 1 and March 1.	
13. He's been working on this problem for a	How much does it cost?	
long time, ? ()	For example.	
A. isn't he B. does he	A: Mr. Smith, I have trouble learning	
C. has he D. hasn't he	business English.	
14 do you think you are doing?	B: 1	
()	A: Sometimes, business English is hard to	
A. Why B. When	understand. It's full of "lingo". 2	
C. How D. What	People in business sometimes say	
15. —Do you know? ()	this: "He's a fat cat." Why does it mean "He	
—Yes. He came here for his sports shoes.	rich."?	
A. why did he come here	B: 3 Here is a	
B. when he came here	course for you: Easy Business English for	
C. why he came here	Beginners.	
D. when did he come	A: When does the course start?	
Ⅱ.用方框内所给词或短语完成句子。	B: 4	
aloud end up surveyed practice hard	A: 5	
1. It's to understand what the	B: Each course costs \$249.99.	
actors said.	A: Thank you very much.	
2. The headmaster the work of the	B: It's my pleasure.	
school for the whole year.	(B)	
3. If you want to improve your English, you	I would love to speak English with your friends.	
should listening and speaking.	Now I understand.	
4. First I read the poem to myself and then	I want to make a friend with you.	
to the class.	Pardon?	
5. They get excited about the English	I'm scared.	
conversations and then speaking in	I have a friend who would like to speak to you.	

文欣赏(2) Life Life can be good, Life can be bad, Life is mostly cheerful, But sometimes

I'm afraid not.

Chinese.

(Wang Mei-W Li Ming-L Jenny-J)	()3. Happy birthday! C. You're welcome.	
W: Li Ming, you have many friends who	()4. I am hungry. D. Yes, I'm hungry.	
speak English. I don't have any. 1	()5. The wind won't E. It's three thirty.	
	last long, will it? F. So am I.	
L: I have an idea. Let's phone Jenny. You	G. No, it won't.	
can speak English with her.	Ⅴ.根据所给中文提示完成句子,每空一词。	
W: 2	1. 没关系,人人都会犯错。	
L: Don't be scared. Jenny will love talking	Don't worry. Everyone	
with you.	2. 朗读能提高你的口语表达。	
(Li Ming looks at his watch. It's nine	can your	
o'clock in the morning. In Canada, it's early in	spoken English.	
the evening. Jenny won't be in bed yet. Li Ming	3. 他喜欢看英语的电视节目。	
phones Jenny.)	He English-language TV	
L: Hello, may I speak to Jenny?	programmes.	
J: This is Jenny speaking. Is that Li Ming?	4. 我们怎样解决我们的问题?	
How are you?	do we our	
L: Fine! 3	problem?	
J: OK. No problem!	5. 她害怕在公众场合发言。	
W: Hello! My name is Wang Mei.	She is speak in public.	
J: Hi, Wang Mei. Li Ming has told me a	6. 不要忘记在你离开前把灯关掉。	
lot about you.	Remember the	
W: I'm sorry, I can't follow you. Please say	lights you leave.	
it again.	7. 你可以通过与他交谈来解决这个问题。	
J: Li Ming has told me a lot about you.	You can the problem	
W:Thank you. 4	with him.	
J: You speak English very well.	8. 嘲笑别人是不礼貌的。	
W:5 Please	It's not polite	
speak more slowly.	others.	
(Jenny speaks more slowly. She and Wang	9. 大量地阅读是提高英语水平的一个好办	
Mei have a good talk. Now Wang Mei has an	法。	
English-speaking friend!)	a lot is a good to	
Ⅳ. 从Ⅱ栏中选出Ⅰ栏中每句话的正确答语。	English.	
(I) (II)	10. 在你练习说英语的时候别害怕犯错误。	
()1. How old are you? A. Thank you.		
()2. What time is it? B. I am fourteen.	when you practice speaking English.	

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How do you study for a test? Unit 1



Ⅵ. 根据首字母或中文提示完成单词拼写。
1. I r that I had left my key at home
when I got to school.
2. It's a how much this helped.
3. He has no s from me; he tells me
everything.
4. I often make(错误)in English
grammar.
5. He thinks it is useful to study g
when one learns a language.
6. We will go to the Great Wall u it
rains tomorrow.
7. What about reading a to practice
pronunciation?
8. Our English teacher uses f to help
us learn new words.
9. She enjoys speaking in class because her
p is very good.
10. He m new words more quickly
than me.
11. Do you know how to s the
problems?
12. The young are usually c to the
rising sun in the morning.
13. I believe you can learn it(容易地)
by yourself.
14. We won the first prize. We were e
15. I called you last night. But there was no
<u>r</u> .
Ⅷ. 完形填空。
(A)
Tom and Fred were talking about the year
2050.
"What will _ 1 _ be like in the year 2050?"
asked Tom.

"I don't know," said Fred. "What do you think?"

"Well, no one knows. But it is 2 to guess," said Tom. "In the year 2050 everybody will 3 a pocket (袖珍) computer. The computer will give people the 4 to all their questions. We shall all have telephones in our pockets, 5 . And we'll be able to talk to our friends all over the world. Perhaps we'll be able to 6 them at the same time. Machines will do 7 of the work, and people will have more 8 . Perhaps they will work only two or three days a week. They will be able to fly to the moon by spaceship and spend their holidays there." "I'm very 9 to hear that. I hope to fly to the moon. And I hope I'll be able to live 10 ," said Fred. "Won't that be interesting? Just like a fish."

-)1.A. our home
- B. the traffic
- C. a factory
- D. the world
-)2. A. pleased

(

(

5

- B. no use
- C. interesting
- D. unusual
-)3. A. carry
- B. bring
- C. give
- D. send
-)4. A. news
- B. ways
- C. things
- D. answers
-)5. A. either
- B. again
- C. too
- D. also
-)6. A. call
- B. see
- C. look
- D. listen
- ()7. A. most
- B. many
- C. lot
- D. every
-)8. A. work (.
- B. duty
- D. afraid
- C. holidays
- B. glad
-)9. A. sorry 京击 www.xz1881.com 行知教育



中考英语美

文欣赏(3) Goodbye Now Good bye now, good bye now, The school year must end. It's time to say goodbye to our friends. Sing, read, and play The whole summer through. Then next fall, I'll be glad to

see you! 现在告别

悠然自得, 度 过长夏。 暑去秋来兮, 到时再相会。

尽情玩耍,

行和敬予 BUCATON		
C. sure D. afraid	have done poorly in an exam, but	it doesn't mean
()10.A. in the sea	I can't do well in the future.	If I believe in
B. on land	myself, I will be successful!	
C. on the mountain	()1. A. school	B. class
D. under the ground	C. exam	D. term
(B)	()2. A. good	B. lucky
I have thousands of classes since I started	C. bad	D. pleasant
school nine years ago. But only one _ 1 _ was	()3. A. brave	B. famous
the most important.	C. careful	D. successful
It happened last term just after I had got a	()4. A. few	B. most
2 result in an exam, I was sad and had lost	C. all	D. many
my confidence. I decided to go to a class which	()5. A. nothing	B. everything
can tell me how to be3	C. something	D. anything
The speaker walked into the room. But he	()6. A. first	B. second
did not start talking like a teacher. Instead, he	C. third	D. fourth
held up a twenty yuan note(钞票)!	()7. A. so	B. if
"Who wants this?" he asked4 of us in	C. since	D. but
the class put up our hands.	()8. A. cleaned up	B. endedsup
He smiled. Then he put up the note on the	C. gave up	D. picked up
blackboard and asked the same question. Again,	()9. A. never	B. always
we all put up our hands. He smiled again but said	C. ever	D. hardly
5 . Suddenly, he threw the note onto the	()10A. forgot	B. realized
floor! Then he asked the same question a6_	C. decided	D. dreamed
time.	124	
I didn't understand what the speaker was	拓展知能露一手	
doing. Why was he asking the same question		The design of the second of th
again and again? I wanted the note, 7 I put	Ⅰ. 用所给词的适当形式填图	空。
my hand up again. After a while, he8 the	1. It is very (help) to have
note and started to laugh. "You have all just told	conversations with foreigners.	
me how to become successful."	2. The lesson was so	(bore) that
"The note is worth(价值)20 yuan. It is	we couldn't help sleeping.	
9 worth 20 yuan, even though I threw it on	3. Could you please stop	(make) so
the floor. You are like the note. Whatever	much noise?	
happens to you, you still have your worth."	4. What about(go	out for a walk?
Suddenly I 10 I was worth a lot, I may	5. Keep (talk).	I'm listening to

定会收获到罗 6

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Unit 1 How do you study for a test?



you.
6. I don't know the (different)
between these two words.
7. It was an(excite) match. When I
watched it, I felt so(excite).
8. I study for a math test by(do)a
lot of exercises.
9. Are you afraid of(swim) in the
lake?
10. Sometimes he finds watching movies
(frustrate) because the people speak too
fast.
Ⅱ. 句型转换。
1. Why don't you ask the teacher for help?
(改为同义句)
What the teacher for
help?
2. She finds that it isn't easy to learn
English. (改为同义句)
She finds hard
English.
3. My favorite way to learn more English is
to ask the teacher for help. (就划线部分提问)
your favorite way
learn more English?
4. I don't know how I can turn on a
computer.(改为同义句)
I don't know turn on a
computer.
5. Ming Ming said, "I don't have a pen pal."
(改为间接引语)
Ming Ming said
have a pen pal.
6. Why don't you make it a little earlier?(改

为同义句)

Why	it a little earlier?
7. I don't think that	doing lots of practice
helps a lot. (完成反意疑问	句)
I don't think that doin	g lots of practice helps
a lot,?	
8. We can solve a pr	oblem by learning to
forget. (就划线部分提问)	
W	a problem?
9. dictionary, if, look	, how, don't, in, to,
words, a, you, know, them,	spell,up,new(连词组
句)	
10. I couldn't get to so	chool on time because I
didn't catch the bus. (就划	线部分提问)
	you get to school on
time?	

Ⅲ. 阅读理解。

(A)

A good way to pass an exam is to work hard every day in the year. You may fail in an exam if you are lazy for most of the year and then work hard only a few days before the exam.

Do not remember only grammar when you are learning English. Try to read stories in English and speak in English as often as you can. A few days before the exam you should go to bed early. Do not study late at night. Before you start the exam, read carefully over the exam paper. Try to understand the exact meaning of each question before you pick up your pen to write. When you have at last finished your exam, read your answers again. Correct the mistakes if there are any and make sure you have not missed anything out.

)1. If you want to do well in an exam,

美川贴士

中考英语美 文欣赏 (4) A Grain of Sand

To see a world in a grain of sand,
And a heaven in a wild flower.
Hold infinity in the palm of your hand,
And eternity in an hour.



you must
A. work hard every day in the year
B. study hard a few days before the exam
C. get up early a few days before the exam
D. keep doing your homework day and night
()2. It is to go to bed late at
night before the exam.
A. useful B. not helpful
C. important D. difficult
()3. Do your best to get the meaning of
each question
A. after you write down your answers
B. before you write down your answers
C. as soon as you write down your answers
D. while you are writing down your answers
() 4. In the last sentence "miss out"
means ""
A. think it hard
B. be important enough
C. be wrong
D. forget to answer
()5 . If you want to learn English well,
you must
A. try to read as many English stories as
you can
B. learn grammar well
C. try to speak in English as much as
possible
D. A,B and C
(B)
"Taxi drives are learning English to support
the 2008 Olympic Games," said Beijing 2008
Olympic Games Bid Committee staff(工作人员).

during his trip to Beijing in 2002. When he got into a taxi on Chang'an Avenue, the driver greeted him and asked where he would like to go in English. "This couldn't be imagined eight years ago when I first visited Beijing." said Selmer. Selmer was so surprised when he knew so many people were learning English in this city.

Eight years ago Beijing failed in its bid for the 2000 Olympic Games. One of the reasons was that foreigners found it hard to communicate with Beijing residents(居民). Most of them speak only Chinese. This time, however, the city is working to improve communication.

And Beijing residents are looking forward to the 2008 Olympic Games by actively learning the foreign languages. Free classes offered(提供) by a number of Beijing communities(社区) are enjoying high attendance. Residents are taught useful expressions, greetings, how to give directions and how to introduce themselves.

Shop assistants, bus and taxi drivers and even policemen are learning English. The first-stage aim of the "Beijing Citizens English Speaking Plan" started in 2005. It is to popularize (普及) English among government staff, taxi drivers, hotel staff, shop assistants and so on. In five years the percentage (百分比) of Beijing residents who can speak English will be raised to around 30 percent from the present 15.

- ()1 . Albert Selmer was surprised when he got into the taxi, because _____.
 - A. the taxi was free
 - B. the taxi driver could speak English
 - C. the taxi driver was more friendly than

speaks good English. He was very surprised

Albert Selmer, a German businessman,

you study for a test?



Unit 1 How do
before
D. Chang'an Avenue was wider and wider
()2. From this passage we know that
A. Beijing failed in its bid for the 2008
Olympic Games
B. Many Beijingers are learning English to
support the 2008 Olympic games
C. Albert Selmer thought it very difficult to
take a taxi on Chang'an Avenue
D. 30% of Beijing residents can speak
English well now
()3 . More and more Beijingers, learning
English in order to
A. make themselves understood easily while
talking to foreigners
B. make English more and more popular in
China
C. support the 2008 Olympics
D. Both A and C
()4. From the passage, we know there

	-			
are about	of	Beijingers	can	speak
English at present.				

A. 1/10

B. 1/3

C. 3/10

D. 3/20

)5. Which of the following is True?

A. Albert Selmer is a businessman and sells mobile phones to China.

B. All of Beijingers are taking active part in the 2008 Olympic Games.

C. In our daily life, spoken English is very important.

D. If we speak English well, we can learn more about the Olympic Games.

Ⅳ. 任务型阅读。

Name	Personal information		
	●Born in 1890 in Canada		
Norman	● A doctor		
Bethune	●Died in 1939 in China		
	●Came to China in 1938		
	●Born in Montreal, Canada		
Celine	●In 1997, sang My Heart Will Go		
Dion	On for the film Titanic		
	• A singing star		
Thomas Edison	●Born in 1847, Kentucky, USA ●Made over 1,000 inventions ●Died in 1931		
Bill Gates	 Born in 1955 in USA Wrote Business @ the Speed of Thought Owns Microsoft Company 		
Mark Twain	●Born in 1835 in USA ●A writer ●Died in 1910 ●Wrote Tom Sawyer		

根据上面表格内容完成下列表格中所缺信息。

Celine Dion was born in	1
Mark Twain died	2
My Heart will Go On is the name of	3
Dr. Bethune worked in	4
China for about	years.
Thomas Edison made	5
over	inventions.



1.【2006 兰州】单项选择

t ho	me
t	ho



中考英语美 文欣赏(5)

Friendship Is like the Breeze Friendship is like the breeze, You can't hold it, smell it, taste it, Or know when it's coming ,but you can always feel it, And you'll always know it's there. It may come and then go,

But you can know it'll always be back. 友谊如微风 友谊如和煦

的微风。 你握不住它, 闻不到它,

尝不到它, 无法知道它

何时光临, 不过你总能

感觉到它, 而且总能意

识到它的存

了而又走开, 但你知道它

总会回来。



Linda?			text.
-N	o, I've grown up.		—Remember it three times at
А. а	lone	B. being alone	least.
C. le	onely	D. being lonely	A. to understand; reading
2. [2	2007 苏州】单项选	择	B. understanding; reading
-N	Iillie, could you g	give me some advice? I	C. understanding; to read
don't kn	ow		D. to understand; to read
V	hy don't you wea	ar this red shirt?	5.【2006 苏州】根据下列句子的意思及所给的
A. v	when to wear	B. what to wear	汉语提示,写出空缺处单词的正确形式。
C. h	ow to wear	D. where to wear	She has a problem and she wants to know
3. [2	2007 青岛]单项选	择	how to(解决)it.
The	old man had to	do all the farm work	6.【2006 临沂】句型转换
himself,	?		Jack's grandfather doesn't know how he
A. d	id he	B. had he	should use a computer.(改为简单句)
C. d	idn't he	D. hadn't he	Jack's grandfather doesn't know how
4. [2	2007 威海】 单项选	择	a computer.
-N	Ir Wang, I have	trouble the	

中考英语实用短语

be afraid of (doing)sth. 担心会……,对……有顾虑; be afraid to do (+don't dare to do)不敢干某事

例: Afraid of being late for school, he hurried up. 害怕上学迟到,他加快了速度。

be busy doing sth. 忙于做某事

例:I'm busy preparing my final exam these days. 这几天我在忙于准备期末考试。

The teacher kept the students busy doing their homework. 老师让学生忙着写作业。

be famous for 以……著称,以……闻名; be famous as 作为……而著名,作为……而闻名

例:Guilin is famous for its beautiful mountains and waters. 桂林以美丽的山水而闻名。

each other 互相

例: They are friendly with each other.

You should help each other.

even if 尽管,即使,纵然

例: Even if you can't finish it, others may go on. 即使你做不完,别人也可以接着做。

He won't give up the experiment even if he has failed ten times. 即使失败了十次,他也不愿放弃这个实验。



Unit 2 I used to be afraid of the dark.

	-	-	
1		7	
8	1	1	
- 17		2	
	V		

Ⅰ. 英译汉

重温教材理一遍

1. chat on line
2. afford to do sth
3. cause trouble
4. be patient with sb
5. pay attention to
6. in the end
7. even though
8. used to
9. be terrified of
Ⅱ.汉译英
1. 下决心,做决定
2. 对感兴趣
3. 对感到自豪
4. 不再
5. 花许多时间做某事
6. 令某人惊奇的是
7. 弹钢琴
8. 顺便说一下
Ⅲ.根据中文完成句子,每空一词。
1. 稍等!
Wait a!
2. 现在我很外向。
Now I am
3. 我确实很怀念过去的日子。
I really the
4. 他过去常常早起。

Не	get up
5. 她昨天晚上升	
She	with the
last night.	
6. 我们没什么可	可担心的。
We have	to
揣摩例	题学一招
1.【2006 福建】	单项选择
2	es to climb Mount Gu every
Sunday.	es to emili mount ou every
	he hate climbing
mountains.	ne nate eminimg
A. used to	use to
C. uses to	D. is used to
	o sth. 意为"过去常常干某事"; be b"习惯于做某事"。根据问句及答
句可推测出答案选 A。	
【答案】A	
2.【2006 青海】	
He is	_ dogs, so he never keeps any
of them at home.	
A. interested in	1
B. afraid of	
C. worried abou	ut
	f ······意为"害怕·····",符合题意。
	配还有: be afraid of doing sth./be 害怕做某事"; be afraid 后还可跟
that 从句,意为"害怕…	
/	

+A.			
-			
T. Samuel	111	m	
1	ш	Ш	100 3

中考英语美 文欣赏 (6) Never Give Up

I know you' re going to make it.
It may take time and hard work.
Sometimes you may feel like giving up, But I have confidence in you,
And I know

you, And I know you'll make it,if you try. 永不放弃

我做那时有想但信我你就到她,可间时要我心知去一次,可问时要我心知去一次,道尝定能要力能 有 果,做

3.【2006 北京】单项选择



BOUCTON BOUCETON	
His parents were worried that he	6. He has failed several times, but he won't
too much time chatting on line.	()
A. spent B. cost C. paid D. had	A. go on B. come on
【解析】spend+time(+in)+doing sth. 是固定句型。	C. get up D. give up
动词 spend 表示"花费"时,还可以用句型: spend some	7. He less time reading stories
money/some time on 十名词。 【答案】A	about film stars than before. ()
4. 单项选择	A. takes B. spends
You used to have curly hair,?	C. costs D. pays
A. did you B. didn't you	8. I hardly ever have any time a
C. use not you D. use you	concert. ()
【解析】根据反意疑问句特征,陈述部分为肯定句,则	A. to B. for C. on D. in
附加部分为否定句, used to do sth., 否定形式为 didn't use	9. I don't know the school, but it's
to do sth. 【答案】B	to be quite a good one.
《 音来》	A. said B. listened
	C. spoken D. talked
强化基础练一轮	10. It that he has been ill for a long
[.单项选择。请将正确选项的序号填在括	time. ()
号内。	A. seems B. looks
1. James likes to play violin and	C. looks as if D. seems as if
chess when he is free.	Ⅱ. 用方框内所给的词或短语完成句子。
A. the ;不填 B. 不填;the	straight remember gone to sleep really
C. the; the D. a; the	in front of candy patient in the end
2. Mary is terrified snakes. ()	miss chatting
A. with B. at C. of D. to	1. When Tom is eating, the teacher
3. "Dick used to be short." means "Dick	comes in.
short."	2. To my surprise, they all fail the exam
A. is B. were	·•
C. was D. will be	3. Doctors should be with their
4. I am of mice. ()	patients.
A. terrify B. terror	4. My best friend, Mary, went to America,
C. terrifying D. terrified	and I really her.
5. The old man lived but he didn't	
feel ()	students.
A. lonely, alone B. alone, alone	6. She had in the morning and not

waken till the evening.

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D. lonely, lonely

C. alone, lonely