

亚南专转本丛书

“专转本”

英语

English

宝典

编著 朱有义

河海大学出版社

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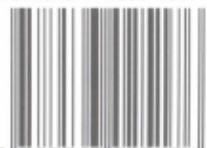
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“专转本”大学语文**宝典**

“专转本”计算机基础**宝典**

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# 前 言

“专转本”考试为广大志向高远的专科生提供了二次飞跃的机会,提供了跨入更高境界的平台。而实现这一切的关键在于为此所做的各项准备是否科学、是否高效。

“专转本”考试是一种选拔性考试。选拔性考试的最大特点是无限的竞争和有限的录取率(如江苏省教育厅文件规定,江苏省“专转本”比例为江苏省专科学学生总数的5%)。因此,考生们在考前一定要做到以下三点:制定科学合理的复习计划、参加权威正式的考前辅导、购买高效实用的复习资料。

从往年考试及阅卷情况来看,多数考生主要存在以下问题:

- (1) 词汇把握无的放矢:背过的单词不少,考试能用的不多。
- (2) 基础语法能力薄弱:经不起考验,汉译英和写作失分太多。
- (3) 阅读理解断章取义:上下文理解,引申义判断屡屡失误。
- (4) 翻译结构次重不分:译了不少,得分不多。

本书正是参照“专转本”考试要求,针对以上主要问题特别编写的,本书各部分有以下特点:

(1) 基础准备:为考生在基础准备阶段制定复习项目,根据英语词汇在文章中的再现率的不同,特别设计了“分频分级词族表”和“高端短语表”。便于“不同层次”的考生在不同的备考阶段“有的放矢”。

(2) 专项破解:根据不同项目(题型)特点以及考生现状,分项阐述了解题思路和技巧,并配以精选试题及详解,让考生有“了如指掌”的感觉。

(3) 真题回顾:真题是最能体现此类标准化考试的“选材”、“选题”以及“选项”设计理念的复习资料。真题中饱含命题者的取材难度、命题理念和考核重点。因此,对真题的反复推敲有利于考生把握考试命脉、通晓命题规律、掌握答题技巧。

(4) 模拟演练:考前的仿真演练是对基础知识、综合能力以及临场适应的最佳调试。考前每周一套模拟题应该成为考生实力的保持和成功的保障。

特别说明:虽然英语专业和非英语专业考生采用同卷不完全同题的考试形式,但主要是在“完形填空”、部分“阅读理解”和“英译汉”试题的难度上存在一些差别。本书在编写模拟试题时是参照英语类考生试题的难度设计以上项目的,这也有利于非英语类考生增强竞争力。

编 者

2008年8月

于南京师范大学外国语学院

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# 第一章 基础准备

## 一、词汇

在任何语言学习中,词汇和语法都是基础,英语也不例外。一定的词汇量是完成读写译等语言交际活动的基本要求,也是各种考试命题的基本参照之一。

我将近几年的专转本实考真题作了精心研究并通过专业软件加以统计,得到表 1-1 中的各项数据。

必要说明:所使用的统计分析软件中含有难度递增的四个词库。其中,词表(一)共有 808 个单词;词表(二)共有 940 个单词;词表(三)共有 434 个单词(见附录)。某些单词因构词特征同属一个大家庭(即词族),如 agree, agreement, agreeable, disagree, disagreeable, disagreement 以及 agreed, agreeing, agrees, agreements, disagreements 等等同属于“agree”词族。

表 1-1 2002~2008 年专转本实考真题词汇分布情况统计

年份	单词、词族	总量	词表(一) 涵盖词数	词表(二) 涵盖词数	词表(三) 涵盖词数	其他(含超 纲及注释)
2002	全卷单词数	3 711	3 197 [86.15%]	196 [5.28%]	124 [3.34%]	194 [5.23%]
	全卷词族数	740	470	106	77	87
2003	全卷单词数	3 897	3 399 [87.22%]	246 [6.31%]	111 [2.85%]	141 [3.62%]
	全卷词族数	772	500	124	72	76
2004	全卷单词数	3 628	3 096 [85.33%]	258 [7.11%]	90 [2.48%]	184 [5.07%]
	全卷词族数	782	487	142	55	98
2005	全卷单词数	3 325	2 766 [83.19%]	232 [6.98%]	103 [3.10%]	224 [6.74%]
	全卷词族数	790	480	126	63	121
2006	全卷单词数	3 621	2 989 [82.55%]	202 [5.58%]	157 [4.34%]	273 [7.54%]
	全卷词族数	802	475	106	89	132
2007	全卷单词数	4 388	3 614 [82.36%]	300 [6.84%]	180 [4.10%]	294 [6.70%]
	全卷词族数	877	504	134	86	153
2008	全卷单词数	4 704	3 924 [83.42%]	282 [5.99%]	183 [3.89%]	315 [6.70%]
	全卷词族数	903	509	141	88	165



我们先来看 2002 年真题的词汇分布情况。

由表中可见:全卷共有英文单词 3 711 个,其中 3 197 个来自词表(一)的 808 个单词,占全卷 86.15%;196 个来自词表(二)的 940 个单词,占全卷 5.28%;124 个来自词表(三)的 434 个单词,占全卷 3.34%;还有 194 个其他单词来自其他,占全卷 5.23%,其中相当一部分是超纲词汇,或在试卷中有中文注释,实际需要掌握的只有其中的 370 个,我们将其编为词表(四)。同时,我们发现,全卷 3 711 个单词分属 740 个词族。

纵观近几年真题可见:约 85%以上的单词都来自词表(一),因此,该词表自然成为我们学习掌握的重中之重。然后,我们便可以逐步解决词表(二)、词表(三)及词表(四)。

研究发现,生词量在 3%以内时,阅读基本无障碍;生词量在 5%左右时,阅读将略有困难;生词量达到 10%及以上时,阅读将相当困难。因此,如能熟练掌握词表(一)、词表(二)和词表(三),也就能基本保证阅读时生词量在 5%以内,通过该级别的各种考试将没有明显障碍。

本书特设了“808 一类高端词族”,详见“附录词表(一)”;

本书特设了“940 二类高端词族”,详见“附录词表(二)”;

本书特设了“434 三类高端词族”,详见“附录词表(三)”;

本书特设了“370 四类高端词族”,详见“附录词表(四)”;

本书特设了“词汇专项破解”,详见第二章。

## 二、短语

英语中,很多单词与单词形成习惯性或固定搭配,即短语。短语往往有特定的用法和含义,在读写译中不可忽视。本书精选了最常用的高端短语 1 千多条供复习使用。

本书特设了“1045 高端短语”,详见“附录常用短语表”。

## 三、语法

作为语言学习的基础之一,语法是准确理解和顺利表达语言的重要保障。在读写译过程中,语法能力是速度和精度的决定性因素。语法单项训练尤其重要,不仅可加强单项题的答对率,而且可以加深对语法(尤其是句子结构)的理解,以便在各种题型中提高答题的速度和准确度。

本书特设了“结构专项破解”,详见第三章。

## 第二章 词汇专项破解

### 一、考查重点及解题技巧

本科段的学习目标是参照《大纲》设定的,专转本词汇核结构题强调要在语篇层次上解决语法与词汇问题,所以这部分试题也很少是单个的句子,大多为并列句或复合句,因此我们应学会根据语篇知识来掌握答题技巧,尤其是要注意句子之间的解释、对比、转折、因果等关系。下面我们来看几种主要方法。

#### (一) 借助动词词组中的介词或副词确定正确选项

有些词汇题是考查考生对某一动词词组的用法,往往是同一个动词出现在四个选项中,只是后边的介词或副词不一样。在做这一类题时,如果我们不很确定整个词组的意思,我们可以根据上下文以及动词后边的介词或副词进行推理。见以下例题:

1. Having decided to rent a flat, we \_\_\_\_\_ contacting all the accommodation agencies in the city.

- A. set about      B. set down      C. set out      D. set up

本题的答案为 A。本句前边说“已经决定租房,我们联系房屋中介商……”这里需要填“开始”的意思。从动词后的 4 个介词来说,只有 about 有表示“将来”(be about)的意思,所以 A 为正确答案。需顺便补充的是, set about 结构中, about 是介词,因此它后面如果跟动词,需要用动词的 -ing 形式。

2. When he realized the police had spotted him, the man \_\_\_\_\_ the exit as quickly as possible.

- A. made off      B. made for      C. made out      D. made up

本题的答案为 B。这里空格处要填的是表示“走向”之意,这里只有“for”表示在同一水平线上“向……方向”。注意,句中有 exit 一词,表示 the man 是在一建筑物内,所以不可能用 out the exit(注意上下文),而且 out 是一个副词,后面接名词时需要有介词 of,所以正确选项是 B 而不是 C。

#### (二) 借助动词词组中的动词确定正确选项

有些题的四个选项中的介词或副词一样,而动词不同,这时我们就可以利用动词的区别来确定正确选项。见以下例题:

If you \_\_\_\_\_ the bottle and cigarettes, you'll be much healthier.

- A. take off      B. keep off      C. get off      D. set off

本题答案为 B。keep 与 off 合在一起是“与……保持距离,远离……”的意思,根据句意“如果你不喝酒(这里 bottle 代指酒)、吸烟,你就会更健康”,所以正确选项为 B。

### (三) 释义参照 + 近义词

由于句子之间语义的关联,句中一部分有时对另一部分构成解释关系,我们可以根据已经明示的部分来确定选项。见以下例题:

1. The medicine is on sale everywhere. You can get it at \_\_\_\_\_ chemists.  
A. each                      B. some                      C. certain                      D. any

正确选项为 D。本题中前一句中的 everywhere 就决定了第二句中的空格处填(at) any(chemists)。

2. The manager spoke highly of such \_\_\_\_\_ as loyalty, courage and truthfulness shown by his employees.  
A. virtues                      B. features                      C. properties                      D. characteristics

正确选项为 A。本句中 as 后面的名词 loyalty(忠诚), courage(勇气), truthfulness(实事求是)是对空格处名词进行的解释。本句中的 3 个名词归纳起来都属于人应当具有的“美德”,所以本题的答案为 A。

### (四) 因果参照 + 近义词

这是指在一句或两句话中,要么通过“因”推出“果”,要么通过“果”推出“因”。这是利用语法关系去确定选项。见以下例题:

1. Some old people don't like pop songs because they can't \_\_\_\_\_ so much noise.  
A. resist                      B. sustain                      C. tolerate                      D. undergo

正确选项为 C。本句从 don't like..., 推出后边的 can't tolerate, 表示“不能容忍”的意思。

2. As a result of careless washing, the jacket \_\_\_\_\_ to a child's size.  
A. compressed                      B. shrank                      C. dropped                      D. decreased

正确选项为 B。通过原因“careless washing”推出正确选项 shrank, 意思是“收缩”。注意四个选项中只有 B 项表示“衣服缩水”的意思,其他各项的意思是:A 紧压,压缩;C 下降;D 减少。

3. Since the matter was extremely \_\_\_\_\_, we dealt with it immediately.  
A. tough                      B. tense                      C. urgent                      D. instant

正确选项为 C。后半句中的副词“immediately”可以推出前半句中的“urgent”(迫切的,紧急的)。

### (五) 转折或反义与对比参照型

这种类型题有的是通过转折词或反义词、或对比词来确定选项,有的是通过句中词来确定选项中的转折词。见以下例题:

1. Even though he was guilty, the \_\_\_\_\_ judge did not send him to prison.  
A. merciful                      B. impartial                      C. conscientious                      D. conspicuous

正确选项为 A。让步状语从句中的 guilty 和主句的意思表明法官是一个“仁慈”的人。所以 A 项正确。其他三项的意思分别是:B 正直的,公正的;C 有良心的;D 显著的。

2. \_\_\_\_\_ their differences, the couple were developing an obvious and genuine affection for each other.

- A. But for            B. For all            C. Above all            D. Except for

正确选项为 B。句中的 their differences, obvious 和 genuine affection 可确定选项中的转折词只能是 for all, 意思是“尽管”相当于 Despite。

3. These goods are \_\_\_\_\_ for export, though a few of them may be sold on the home market.

- A. essentially        B. completely        C. necessarily        D. remarkably

正确选项为 A。通过转折词 though 和对比词 export 与 home market 可确定选项为 A, 意思是“基本上”。其他三项都不符合句意。

4. Mr. Morgan can be very sad \_\_\_\_\_, though in public he is extremely cheerful.

- A. by himself        B. in person        C. in private        D. as individual

正确选项为 C。通过后半句的转折词 though 和对比词 in public... cheerful 来确定 sad in private, 意思是“私下里”。

#### (六) 反义对比参照+近义词

这里指的是利用句子主干中的某词或短语, 再加上 4 个近义词选项的区别来确定正确选项。见以下例题:

1. Competition, they believe, \_\_\_\_\_ the national character than corrupt it.

- A. enforces            B. confirms            C. intensifies            D. strengthens

正确选项为 D。题干中 than 决定了这里的 corrupt(腐坏, 破坏)与空格处的词相对, 所以空白处应填入 D 项, 表示“加强”的意思。

2. I think she hurt my feelings \_\_\_\_\_ rather than by accident as she claimed.

- A. virtually            B. deliberately            C. literally            D. appropriately

正确选项为 B。通过 rather than 可知 by accident 与空格处相对。by accident 的意思是“偶然地, 不经意地”, 与此相对的应当是 deliberately, “故意地”。

3. As an excellent shooter, Peter practiced aiming at both \_\_\_\_\_ targets and moving targets.

- A. standing            B. stationary            C. still            D. stable

正确选项为 B。根据从句我们知道这个射手什么靶子都能射中, “both... and”表明 moving 与空格处相对。moving 的意思是“移动的”, 与此相对的应是 stationary, 表示“定置的、非移动的”的意思。

#### (七) 参照语义环境准确判断

一个句子(或句群)前文与后文之间总有语义上的关联, 因此, 参照相关的语义环境可以帮助我们找到正确答案。见以下例题:

1. The president made a \_\_\_\_\_ speech at the opening ceremony of the sports meeting, which encouraged the sportsmen greatly.

- A. vigorous            B. tedious            C. flat            D. harsh

正确选项为 A。“encourage”表明了校长所作发言的特点是积极的,肯定的。所给四个选项中只有 vigorous 是一个褒义词,意思是“有力的”,其他三项从词语色彩上均不符合语境。

2. However, at times this balance in nature is           , resulting in a number of possibly unforeseen effects.

A. troubled      B. disturbed      C. confused      D. puzzled

正确选项为 B。从句子的后半部分的 result in effects 可知 balance in nature 受到了破坏。disturb 符合句意。

### (八) 根据词的同现确定正确选择项

同现即同一组词总会出现在同一个语义场中。考试题中出现的同现现象主要是动词与名词的同现、形容词与名词的同现、名词与名词的同现。

1. The government is trying to do something to            better understanding between the two countries.

A. raise      B. promote      C. heighten      D. increase

正确选项是 B。better 和空格处的内容属动词和名词的重现。4 个选项中只有 promote 才能和 better understanding 搭配,表示“促进”的意思。

2. John Dewey believed that education should be a preparation for life, that a person learns by doing, and that teaching must            the curiosity and creativity of children.

A. seek      B. stimulate      C. shape      D. secure

正确选项是 B。所给 4 个选项中只有 stimulate 才能和 curiosity 和 creativity 同现,表示“激励,激发”的意思。

3. Remember that customers don't            about prices in that city.

A. debate      B. consult      C. dispute      D. bargain

正确选项是 D。本句中 customers, prices 和选项中的 bargain 可以出现在同一语义场中。bargain about 短语意思是:就……讨价还价。

以上所有方法都是基于对题干和选项的基本理解才能有效的,所以,考生们必须平时多积累,才能真正做好词汇题。本书精选了 150 道有代表性的词汇题,并做了精讲,供考生们练习巩固。通过这些词汇题可以更好地了解命题方式,熟悉词汇考点,提高解题技能。

## 二、词汇题经典荟萃

[ ] 001. Between 1974 and 1997, the number of overseas visitors expanded            27%.

A. by      B. for      C. to      D. in

[ ] 002. The director was critical            the way we were doing the work.

A. at      B. in      C. of      D. with

[ ] 003. We take our skin for granted until it is burned            repair.

- A. beyond      B. for      C. without      D. under
- [ ] 004. The British constitution is \_\_\_\_\_ a large extent a product of the historical events described above.  
A. within      B. to      C. by      D. at
- [ ] 005. I suggested he should \_\_\_\_\_ himself to his new conditions.  
A. adopt      B. regulate      C. suit      D. adapt
- [ ] 006. Everything we eat and drink contains some salt; we can meet the body's need for it from natural sources without turning \_\_\_\_\_ the salt bottle.  
A. to      B. over      C. on      D. up
- [ ] 007. In Disneyland, every year, some 800, 000 plants are replaced because Disney refused to \_\_\_\_\_ signs asking his "guests" not to step on them.  
A. put off      B. put down      C. put out      D. put up
- [ ] 008. Agriculture was a step in human progress \_\_\_\_\_ which subsequently there was not anything comparable until our own machine age.  
A. to      B. for      C. in      D. from
- [ ] 009. The bed has been \_\_\_\_\_ in the family. It was my great-grandmother's originally.  
A. handed out      B. handed round  
C. handed over      D. handed down
- [ ] 010. In recent years much more emphasis has been put \_\_\_\_\_ developing the students' productive skills.  
A. over      B. onto      C. in      D. on
- [ ] 011. We hadn't met for 20 years, but I recognized her \_\_\_\_\_ I saw her.  
A. for the moment      B. the moment when  
C. at the moment when      D. the moment
- [ ] 012. There was a big hole in the road which \_\_\_\_\_ the traffic.  
A. set back      B. held up      C. stood back      D. kept down
- [ ] 013. Reading \_\_\_\_\_ the lines, I would say that the government is actually quite worried.  
A. behind      B. between      C. along      D. among
- [ ] 014. None of us expected the chairman to \_\_\_\_\_ at the party. We thought he was still in hospital.  
A. turn in      B. turn over      C. turn up      D. turn down
- [ ] 015. In my opinion, he's \_\_\_\_\_ the most imaginative of all the contemporary poets.  
A. in all      B. at best      C. for all      D. by far
- [ ] 016. I would never have \_\_\_\_\_ a court of law if I hadn't been so desperate.  
A. sought for      B. accounted for  
C. turned up      D. resorted to

- [ ] 017. The doctor had almost lost hope at one point, but the patient finally \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. pulled out                      B. pulled up  
C. pulled through                  D. pulled over
- [ ] 018. I waited for him half an hour, but he never \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. turned in                         B. turned down  
C. turned off                         D. turned up
- [ ] 019. Whenever a big company \_\_\_\_\_ a small one, the product almost always gets worse.
- A. gets on with    B. cuts down    C. takes over    D. puts up with
- [ ] 020. Color and sex are not relevant \_\_\_\_\_ whether a person is suitable for the job.
- A. on                                  B. for                                  C. to                                  D. with
- [ ] 021. \_\_\_\_\_ the enormous flow of food from the entire globe, these countries have for many years not felt any population pressure.
- A. Thanks to    B. By means of    C. In line with    D. With regard to
- [ ] 022. The continuous rain \_\_\_\_\_ the harvesting of the wheat crop by two weeks.
- A. set back    B. set off                                  C. set out    D. set aside
- [ ] 023. Computer technology will \_\_\_\_\_ a revolution in business administration.
- A. bring around                      B. bring about  
C. bring out                             D. bring up
- [ ] 024. When I go out in the evening I use the bike \_\_\_\_\_ the car if I can.
- A. rather than                         B. regardless of  
C. in spite of                            D. other than
- [ ] 025. I went along thinking of nothing, only looking at things \_\_\_\_\_ around me.
- A. in particular                         B. in harmony  
C. in doubt                                D. in brief
- [ ] 026. I must congratulate you \_\_\_\_\_ the excellent design of the new bridge.
- A. with                                  B. of                                  C. at                                  D. on
- [ ] 027. This is not an economical way to get more water; \_\_\_\_\_, it is very expensive.
- A. on the other hand                      B. on the contrary  
C. in short                                 D. or else
- [ ] 028. Now that spring is here, you can \_\_\_\_\_ these fur coats till you need them again next winter.
- A. put over    B. put away                              C. put off    D. put down

- [ ] 029. Considering your salary, you should be able to \_\_\_\_\_ at least twenty dollars a week.  
A. put forward B. put up C. put out D. put aside
- [ ] 030. Most people agree that the present role of women has already affected U. S. society. \_\_\_\_\_, it has affected the traditional role of men.  
A. Above all B. In all C. At most D. At last
- [ ] 031. This is what you should bear in mind: Don't \_\_\_\_\_ a salary increase before you actually get it.  
A. hang on B. draw on C. wait on D. count on
- [ ] 032. The hopes, goals, fears and desires \_\_\_\_\_ widely between men and women, between the rich and the poor.  
A. alter B. shift C. transfer D. vary
- [ ] 033. It is our \_\_\_\_\_ policy that we will achieve unity through peaceful means.  
A. consistent B. continuous C. considerate D. continual
- [ ] 034. He is \_\_\_\_\_ about his chances of winning a gold medal in the Olympics next year.  
A. optimistic B. optional C. outstanding D. obvious
- [ ] 035. In Britain people \_\_\_\_\_ four million tons of potatoes every year.  
A. swallow B. dispose C. consume D. exhaust
- [ ] 036. The computer revolution may well change society as \_\_\_\_\_ as did the Industrial Revolution.  
A. certainly B. insignificantly  
C. fundamentally D. comparatively
- [ ] 037. As we can no longer wait for the delivery of our order, we have to \_\_\_\_\_ it.  
A. postpone B. refuse C. delay D. cancel
- [ ] 038. Most broadcasters maintain that TV has been unfairly criticized and argue that the power of the medium is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. granted B. implied C. exaggerated D. remedied
- [ ] 039. By law, when one makes a large purchase, he should have \_\_\_\_\_ opportunity to change his mind.  
A. accurate B. urgent C. excessive D. adequate
- [ ] 040. Everybody \_\_\_\_\_ in the hall where they were welcomed by the secretary.  
A. assembled B. accumulated C. piled D. joined
- [ ] 041. In the \_\_\_\_\_ of the project not being a success, the investors stand to lose up to \$ 30 million.  
A. face B. time C. event D. course



- [ ] 042. American football and baseball are becoming known to the British public through televised \_\_\_\_\_ from the United States.
- A. deliveries      B. transmissions  
C. transfer      D. transportation
- [ ] 043. If this kind of fish becomes \_\_\_\_\_, future generations may never taste it at all.
- A. scarce      B. minimum      C. short      D. seldom
- [ ] 044. The same factors push wages and prices up together, the one \_\_\_\_\_ the other.
- A. increasing      B. emphasizing      C. reinforcing      D. multiplying
- [ ] 045. Operations which left patients \_\_\_\_\_ and in need of long periods of recovery time now leave them feeling relaxed and comfortable.
- A. injured      B. exhausted      C. deserted      D. abandoned
- [ ] 046. Purchasing the new production line will be a \_\_\_\_\_ deal for the company.
- A. profitable      B. tremendous      C. forceful      D. favorite
- [ ] 047. Though he was born and brought up in America, he can speak \_\_\_\_\_ Chinese.
- A. smooth      B. fluent      C. fluid      D. flowing
- [ ] 048. He wrote an article criticizing the Greek poet and won \_\_\_\_\_ and a scholarship.
- A. status      B. fame      C. faith      D. courage
- [ ] 049. The older New England villages have changed relatively little \_\_\_\_\_ a gas station or two in recent decades.
- A. except      B. besides  
C. in addition to      D. except for
- [ ] 050. The Car Club couldn't \_\_\_\_\_ to meet the demands of all its members.
- A. ensure      B. guarantee      C. assume      D. confirm
- [ ] 051. Extensive reporting on television has helped to \_\_\_\_\_ interest in a wide variety of sports and activities.
- A. gather      B. generate      C. assemble      D. yield
- [ ] 052. Petrol is refined from the \_\_\_\_\_ oil we take out of the ground.
- A. fresh      B. original      C. rude      D. crude
- [ ] 053. The lawyer advised him to drop the \_\_\_\_\_, since he stands little chance to win.
- A. event      B. incident      C. case      D. affair
- [ ] 054. He is quite sure that it's \_\_\_\_\_ impossible for him to fulfill the task within two days.
- A. absolutely      B. exclusively      C. fully      D. roughly