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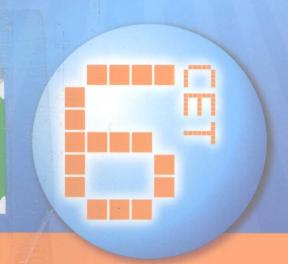
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六级巧思妙写

- > 精研大纲要求
- 磨练遣词造句真功夫
- 指点构思运笔
- 预测热点话题
- 提供经典背诵篇章
- 六级必备写作"真经"



外语教学与研究出版社
FOREIGN LANGUAGE TEACHING AND RESEARCH PRESS

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有问有答话六级巧思妙写

? 六级备考时间有限,我该怎样复习写作?

写作重在基础,重在练习。首先,在复习准备其他题型的过程中,考生已经为写作打下一定的语法、词汇基础;其次,在备考阶段,要适当地阅读并摹写一些优秀的篇章,这些优秀篇章如果能够全文背诵,那是最好不过;如果没能背诵下来,则可以选取其中自己认为比较好的表达和词汇进行写作练习。只有在练习当中,才能找到适合自己的构思、写作方法,也才能在考试的时候驾轻就熟地把模板、所谓的"万能句型"应用起来;此外,尽量在每次练习之后,找同学、老师帮忙挑出其中的错误,并进行修改,总结其中的优缺点,在下一次练习时改进。如果能够坚持这种训练,相信你在写作部分能够取得好成绩。

准备六级写作时,是词汇语法重要,还是模板、范文重要?

上一问题中提到过,词汇语法是写作的基础,如果一篇作文中满篇都是拼写错误和简单低级的语法错误,就是套用了模板中的句型或者穿插了范文中的漂亮语句,也还是会给阅卷老师留下不好的印象。因此,写作中要避免出现时态、拼写、单复数等低级错误。虽然模板、范文对于提高成绩是很有好处的,但模板、范文都要与科学的练习结合起来,才能最终为我所用,帮助我们提高作文成绩。这种科学的练习,就包括构思、谋篇、遣词造句等一系列的训练。具体的训练方法请参考本书中的相关内容。

六级考试中,看到写作题目后,该如何开始?

六级考试作文主要是考查考生的语言输出能力,也就是英语的表达能力,在有限的时间和字数范围内,可以发挥的空间并不大,也就是说,在立意方面不需要标新立异。结构上按照提纲来安排就可以了,叙述上只要把提纲中的要点表达清楚,再辅以一些支持观点的句子,基本上也就达到要求了。因此,审题的环节非常重要。读懂题目、看清提纲内容、看清写作要求是关键的环节,审题审得好,等于布局谋篇成功了一半。抓住提纲要点,再加上一定的语言基础,就可以写出一篇不错的短文。本书提供了"贵在巧思"栏目,就是希望读者能够通过这种对范文的分析,加上自己的练习,学会如何审题。

? 备考写作时,是否需要进行真题演练?

如上所述,六级写作的训练,应该注重实践,单纯地看解析、读范文是无法提高写作水平的。备考过程中,最好能够限定时间,认认真真地完成命题作文,甚至可以对同一命题用不同的思路写出二至三篇作文进行比较,拓宽思路,强化表达方法的运用。在练习中可以有意识地选取几种惯用的结构和表达,保证在考试中能够较快地上手写作。写好的文章可以与范文进行对比,选取更好的思路和表达,反复修改并请老师校阅。

在英语写作练习时,经常不自觉地先用汉语构思,再翻译成英语,这样好吗?

实际上,很多六级考生都可能有这样的经历,因为六级考生受语言基础所限,实际上很难达到有些语言专家所说的"用英语思维"的境界;作为母语是汉语的英语学习者,在没有语言环境的情况下也不可能完全抛开母语;况且,六级考试中,作文的提纲经常是用汉语给出的,这也说明,对于六级考生来讲,适当地用汉语思维是可以的。关键问题在于,不要用汉语的表达习惯来干扰英语的表达,一旦下笔,就要尽量使用英语的表达方式。问题的实质就是一个"语感"问题。培养语感的好办法就是多读、多听、多背,特别是多读多背一些经典的、优美的英语文章。

? 有人提倡考试作文中使用一些复杂的句式和单词,也有人说应该尽量使用短句、小词,到底哪种更可取呢?

可以这么说,长句、难词用来获得高分,而短句、小词用来保证质量。无论使用长句短句、难词易词,前提都是要准确使用,如果出了错误,特别是低级错误,还是会被扣分的。因此,考试中的写作,第一要务是保证语言正确,其次是写得精彩。实际上,一篇文章中不宜全是复杂句,也不宜全是几个词的短句,穿插起来效果更好;如果能用简单的词表达复杂的意思,那更见语言的功力。



本书有哪些特点?包含哪些部分?各自是什么内容?

本书是外语教学与研究出版社"大学英语高分向导"系列考试辅导丛书的六级 写作分册。专门针对广大六级备考考生的特点和需求量身打造,完全体现六级考试 大纲中对写作的要求,内容阐述准确、精炼、重点突出,是一本打造真功夫的"妙 写"真经。

全书分为:"引人入胜——大纲要求析重点"、"滴水穿石——篇段句词讲要点"、 "有的放矢——题型分类显特点"和"登高望远——话题预测练热点"四个章节, 编排特点如下:

1) 内容全面,素材丰富

本书除介绍大纲要求、详解篇段句词、细分题型特点并翔实精解外,也兼顾了 其可读性和实用性。书中每单元结尾处的"名篇经典",既是背诵的良篇,又是摹仿 的佳作。而页脚处的"格言谚语"或"名人名言",可以帮助考生积累更丰富的素材、 加强对英语文化的了解;更可供考生在临场考试时信手拈来,为文章添彩。

2) 分类明确, 步步深入

"滴水穿石"一章中的"句型剖析"、"词汇运用"部分,从常见错误入手,审视并剖析每一个语言点,以便考生迅速领悟考试的重点和难点,走出备考的误区。"有的放矢"一章提供了议论文、说明文和应用文的写作方法。根据议论文的写作类型,又细分为问题解决型、现象解释型、观点对立型、观点论证型等。分类明确而详细,讲解细致而深入。"登高望远"一章涉及环境、健康、教育等社会热点话题及多角度的范文。在给出热点话题、引导读者罗列观点的前提下,给出参考观点和精心挑选的经典时文,有讲有练,全面提高,兼顾实用性和前瞻性,并囊括可用于写作中的亮点词汇和常用句型,为高效写作打下基础,同时积累词汇、提升阅读技能、增广见闻。

3) 讲解细致,结构合理

本书提供的每一篇优秀范文都配备了【妙手点评】、【贵在巧思】、【酷词点拨】、【点睛之句】和【巧手模板】等小栏目,针对字、词、句和谋篇布局、文章结构进行了详尽的解析,并摘出亮点句型,提供万能句型,颇具实用性和可读性。



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第一章 引入入胜——大纲要求 析 重点

想在写作中拿到一个让自己满意的分数,在开始学习如何巧思妙写前,首先要对大学英语 六级考试的大纲要求和评分标准了然于胸,这样,你才能根据自己的实际水平确定跳起来 能够得着的那个"苹果"!

一、大学英语六级考试写作考核技能及要求

写作测试考核学生用英语进行书面表达的能力,要求考生用英语进行短文写作,做到思想表达准确、意义连贯、无重大语法错误。具体考核技能包括:思想表达方面要求考生能够表达中心思想、观点态度及重要信息;篇章组织方面要求考生能够围绕所给的题目叙述、议论或描述,突出重点并能够连贯地组句成段、组段成篇,语言运用方面要求考生能够运用恰当的词汇、正确的语法、合适的句子结构以及表示对比、原因、结果、程度、目的等的衔接手段表达句子间和段落间的关系。

大学英语六级考试写作部分要求考生达到《大学英语课程教学要求》(以下简称《教学要求》)中的较高要求,即"能就一般性的主题表达个人观点,能写所学专业论文的英文摘要,能写所学专业的英语小论文,能描述各种图表,能在半小时内写出不少于160词的短文,内容完整,观点明确,条理清楚,语句通顺。"

二、大学英语六级考试写作评分原则和评分标准

评分原则

- 1. 大学英语六级考试检查考生是否能够达到《教学要求》和《大学英语六级考试大纲》(以下简称《六级大纲》)所提出的要求,对作文的评判也应以此为准则。
- 2. 大学英语六级考试作文题采用总体评分(Global Scoring)的方法。阅卷人员就总的印象给出奖励分(Reward Scores),而不是按语言点的错误数目扣分。
- 3. 对作文的评判从内容和语言两个方面综合进行。内容和语言是一个统一体。作文应表达题目所规定的内容,而内容要通过语言来表达。对作文的评判要考虑作文是否切题,是否充分表达思想,也要考虑是否用英语清楚而确切地表达思想,也就是要考虑语言上的错误是否造成理解上的障碍。
- 4. 避免趋中倾向。该给高分的给高分,包括满分,该给低分的给低分,包括 0 分。一名阅卷人员在所评阅的全部作文卷中不应只给中间的几种分数。

评分标准

- - 2. 评分标准分五等: 2分、5分、8分、11分及14分。各有标准样卷一至两份。
- 3. 阅卷人员根据评分标准,对照样卷评分,若认为与某一分数(如8分)相似,即定为该分数(即8分),若认为稍优或稍劣于该分数则可加一分(即9分)或减一分(即7分)。但不得加或减半分。
 - 4. 评分标准

3

- ★2分——条理不清,思路紊乱,语言支离破碎或大部分句子均有错误,且多数为严重错误。
- ★5分——基本切题。表达思想不清楚,连贯性差。有较多的严重语言错误。
- ★8分──基本切题。有些地方表达思想不够清楚,文字勉强连贯,语言错误相当多,其 中有一些是严重错误。
- ★ 11 分——切题。表达思想清楚,文字连贯,但有少量语言错误。
- ★ 14 分——切题。表达思想清楚,文字通顺、连贯,基本上无语言错误,仅有个别小错。
- 注:白卷,作文与题目毫不相关,或只有几个孤立的词,无法表达思想,则给0分。
- 5. 字数不足应酌情扣分:

| 累计字数 | 140-149 | 130-139 | 120-129 | 110-119 | 100-109 | 90-99 | 80-89 | <79 | |
|------|---------|---------|---------|------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|-----|--|
| 扣 分 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 14 451 ₈₆ 3 | / h 5 . ods | 6 | 7 | 9 | |

- 注: (1) 题目中所给出的主题句、起始句、结束句、均不得计入所写字数。
- (2) 规定的内容未写全者,按比例扣分。
 - (3) 如果扣分为 0分,要慎重处理。
- 6. 各等级作文分值相当于百分制的得分, 称为得分率。其中 9 分的得分率为 60 分 (即相当于百分制的 60 分), 如下表所示:

| | 作文分 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|---|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|
| L | 得分率 | 100 | 94 | 87 | 80 | 74 | 67 | 60 | 54 | 47 | 40 | 34 | 27 | 20 | 14 | 7 |

明白了大纲要求、评分原则和评分标准后,你需要了解写作的考试特点和自己的真实水平。 就用 2007 年 12 月大学英语六级考试的作文题来练练手吧,以便自己在接下来的备考过程中做 到"心中有数"。Nothing is difficult to the man who will try!

2007年12月六级作文真题

The Digital Age

- 1. 如今数字化产品得到越来越广泛的使用, 例如……
- 2. 数字化产品的使用对人们的工作、学习和生活产生的影响

【原稿】

Nowadays the application of digital devices or technology has **covered** almost every aspect of people's daily life, **from** international conferences **to** small meetings, **from** communication **to** original thinking. It's hard to imagine what the world would be like without digital technology.

The progress that **human** have made in the digital world can be called revolution, for it has a huge influence on the way people think, communicate and live. The digital products **enable** humans **to do** the things they have dreamed for years. Significant amount of innovations and discoveries has been made with the **help of** computer and artificial intelligence. The pace of life has been **accelerated**. **Thanks to** the convenience brought by telecommunications, **instead of** using a big pile of manuscript scripts, scientists do their calculation on **the computer**. **Instead of** drawing their designs on the draft, engineers work with the aid of programming language. **Instead of** staring at their textbooks, students **are involved in** multimedia learning, which gives them more fun and helps to cultivate their curiosity as well.

In short, nothing can separate human beings from digital life.

【妙手点评】

14 分样卷的要求是:"······仅有个别小错。" 》用词准确地道。

用 from...to...这一惯用语引出数字化 产品广泛应用的各个方面,构成行文 整齐的平行结构,但若改用 ranging from...to...则可使表达方式更加丰富。

human 作名词时是可数名词,此处应用 复数形式。

连续三个 instead of 词组引出的句子构成平行结构。

应改为 computers。

贵在巧思

本文行文流畅,结构清晰,堪称佳作。开篇指明数字化产品已渗入生活的方方面面,第二段紧扣提纲,不惜笔墨,描述了数字化产品给人们带来的影响,层次清晰,过渡自然,令人印象深刻,结尾简明有力。

He that thinks his business below him will always be above his business.



- 1. **cover** v. 隐瞒; 包含, 涉及; (记者) 采访……, 报道 Do not try to **cover** a mistake. 不要试图隐瞒错误。 The book **covers** feminist movement. 这本书涉及女权运动。 I'm **covering** the election campaign. 我在报道选举活动。
- 2. **original** *adj*. 最初的,原来的;创新的;原版的 I prefer your **original** plan to this one. 与这个计划相比,我更喜欢你原来的计划。 Her design is highly **original**. 她的设计非常具有创新性。 This is a copy manuscript; the **original** one has been lost. 这是副本,原件已丢失。
- 3. digital adj. 数字的;数码的 digital watch 数字显示式电子手表 digital recording 数字记录
- 4. **significant** *adj.* 有意义的;重要的,重大的;可观的
 It is not **significant** to change the plan. 改变计划没有什么意义。
 Share prices showed **significant** advances today. 股票价格今天有很大上扬。
- 5. **innovation** n. 创新, 革新; 新方法, 新技术 Everyone of us is active in technical **innovation**. 我们每个人都积极参加技术革新。
- 6. **artificial** *adj*. 人造的,人工的;做作的,虚假的
 This brand of tinned beans contains no **artificial** coloring. 这个牌子的罐装豆类不含人工色素。
 Her **artificial** gaiety disguised an inner sadness. 她以强颜欢笑掩饰了内心的悲痛。
- 7. **accelerate** v 增加; 加速
 He decided to **accelerate** his advertising. 他决定增加广告投入。
 The driver **accelerated** to pass the other car. 司机为超另一辆车而加快了车速。
- 8. **involve** ν 牵涉 **involve** sb./sth. in (doing) sth. 使某人 / 某物参与某活动 Don't **involve** me in your business. 不要把我牵涉到你的事情中。
- 9 multimedia n. 多媒体 multi- (前缀) 多于一的; 多的 multicolored 多色的 multilateral talks 多边谈判
- 10. **curiosity** n. 好奇心;稀奇或罕见的事物或人 He has burning **curiosity** about this letter. 他对这封信有极大的好奇心。 She is regarded as a **curiosity** by all the neighbors. 她被所有的邻居视为异类。



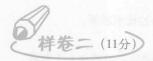
Nowadays the application of digital devices or technology has covered almost every aspect of

people's daily life, from international conferences to small meetings, from communication to original thinking.

25 手模板

(说明: 句中的 xxx 可根据内容需要进行替换。下同。)

- (1) In recent years, xxx has brought us into a whole new world where we can easily see the changes in our life. Firstly, ... Besides, ...
- (2) Nowadays, we are living in an era when xxx is developing at a great speed. With the development of xxx, ...
- (3) If we take a look around us, we'll find out how closely our life is connected with xxx, for instance, ... It is no exaggeration to say that we cannot live without xxx.
- (4) Since xxx is so significant in our daily life, we should endeavor to make as much contribution as possible to the development of it. As college students, we must...
- (5) It is high time that we placed great emphasis on the improvement of xxx.
- (6) Based on the above discussions, I can easily forecast that more and more people will...



【原稿】

With the development of our society and high technology, digital products have developed faster and faster. They have been applied in many fields. For instance, in recent years, many people prefer using computers to send e-mails, search information and hand in homework. Undoubtedly, computers have become one of our daily necessary; the increasing popularity of using them has helped us save a lot of time. For another, due to the rise of the digital age, it makes our life more colorful. We often see all sorts of people bring different kinds of digital products to go sightseeing and traveling. As to music, with an MP3 player, we can download whatever we like from the boundless music files on the Internet.

【妙手点评】

11 分样卷的要求是:"……有少量语言错误。"

此处应改为 daily necessities。

for another, as to 等连接词使用得合理且 恰当。

此处代词指 digital products, 所以不可用 it makes, 而要用 they make。

0000000

However, some students are addicted to computer be addicted to 用法准确。 games, which brings a bad impact on their studies. Some people commit crimes by using digital products, I commit crimes 用词地道。 which is harmful to our society.

All in all, digital products act as a double-edged sword; whether it's good or bad for us decide how we use it. In a word, we'd better take advantage of digital products as well as try to avoid the possible side effects.

has become into it our early hence hies, howeven

19本句 decide 使用不当,应改为 is decided by 或 depends on。



本文层次清楚, 开篇点出数字产品的广泛应用, 然后用实例强调了数字产品的积极作用, 举例有层次,其中过渡性的词汇使用恰当,第二段指出了数字产品的消极作用,最后总结,呼 应前文, 强调数字产品是把双刃剑, 人类才是其主宰。

司点拨

1. apply v. 申请, 请求; 应用, 运用

You'd better apply for a passport immediately. 你最好马上申请护照。

This product has been applied in many fields. 这个产品已被应用在很多领域。

2. prefer v. 更喜欢

I prefer cycling to walking. 与步行相比我更愿意骑车。 He prefers to be alone. 他宁愿独自一人。

3. undoubtedly adv. 无疑地, 肯定地

This painting is undoubtedly genuine. 这幅画无疑是真品。

4. due to 由于……, 由……引起的

Our team's success was largely due to his efforts. 我们队的胜利主要归功于他的努力。

5. as to 至于, 提到

There is no special rules as to what clothes you should wear.

至于应该穿什么衣服,并没有特别的规定。则是是是一种的人,但是是是一种的人,但是是一种的人,但是是一种的人,但是是一种的人,但是是一种的人,但是是一种的人,但这种人,但是一种的人,但是一种人,但是一种的人,但是一种的人,但是一种的人,但是一种,他们也是一种,但是一种,他们也是一种,他们也是一种,他们也是一种,他们也是一种,他们也是一种,他们也是一种,他们也是一种,他们也是一种,他们也是一种,他们也是一种,他们也是一种,他们也是一种,他们也是一种,他们也是一种,他们也是一种,他们也是一种,他们也是一种,他们就是一种,他们也是一种,他们是一种,他们是一种,他们就是一种,他们也可能是一种,他们也可能是一种,这这是一种,那么是一种的,他就是一种,他们也可能是一种,他们也可能是一种,他们也是一种

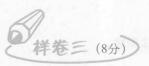
6. double-edged sword 双刃剑 management and a superior and a superio

Technology is a double-edged sword. 技术是把双刃剑。

They took full advantage of the hotel's facilities. 他们充分利用了旅馆的设备。

All in all, digital products act as a double-edged sword; whether it's good or bad for us depends on how we use it.

- (1) xxx has caused substantial impact on society and our daily life, which can be reflected in the following aspects. ...however, just like anything else, xxx also brings us some problems, for instance, ...
- (2) xxx has become one of our daily necessities, however, it has also brought some negative effects, ...and a dozen of measures are supposed to be taken to prevent xxx from bringing us more harm.
- (3) All in all, what I am concerned is how to change the worse into the better.
- (4) It is high time that we put an end to the unhealthy situation (tendency/phenomenon) of...
- (5) A natural conclusion from the above discussion is that...
- (6) As a college student, I am supposed to...



【原稿】

Recently the digital products have been used widely. They are used in our education, business and daily life.

Digital products are developed quickly and quickly, which has been attracted our attention. They appear in every corner of our city and have changed people's life and way of studying. Digital camera also brings us a lot of convenient, for example, we use it to take photos which we can keep or delete at any time. We use MP3 to listen to music, and we can enjoy ourselves and have relaxed. In addition, we also use 中放为 have some relaxation。 computers to study and work, no matter we are old or young, male or female. Example are all over the place.

【妙手点评】

本文基本切题, 但是有些地方表达思想 不够清楚, 文字勉强连贯, 语言错误相 当多。典型错误有:

more and more 结构误用。

被动语态误用,应删掉 been。

应用名词 convenience。

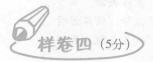
应为 MP3 players。 Manager marking and manager marking and manager manag

·应为 Examples。

Everybody's business is nobody's business.

9

In the all, it is necessary for the government to set ,拼写错误,应为 government。 rules and regulations to control the negative affects and encourage the positive affects. I suggest that we should learn more and more knowledge to use digital products correct and serve our country in the future.



【原稿】

Today, more and more people are using digital **products**. Such as color TV sets, mobile phones, computers and so on. Digital products are considered to be popular things. We humans cannot leave the digital **products**; we use them safely and fast. When used wrongly they can harm us.

As is known to us, it saves time, money and energy. With the help of digital products, we can study and work effectionly: we can watch TV, we can connect with others by mobile phones, and what's more, we can use digital computers to calculate and to find messages. There are so many things use digital technology. We have to say that we are in a digital age. We can't image what life would to be without them. Digital age come.

As far as I am concern, I think its advantages outweigh its disadvantages. Therefore, we should more and more use it make our life color and interesting.

【妙手点评】

本文基本切題。但是表达思想不清楚, 连贯性差。有较多的严重语言错误。典 型的有:

应为 We humans cannot live without digital products $_{\circ}$

应为 more effectively。

建议改为 communicate。

应为 search information。

there be 结构误用, 应为 There are so many things digital technology can do.

应为 As far as I am concerned。

● 应为 we should use it in more ways to make our life colorful and interesting.

书篇经典

对于母语不是英语的人,要想写出地道的英文,最有效的途径之一就是研读、背诵一些经典英语文章。从这些经典中去体味英语,学习英语。鉴于此,我们精心挑选了一些经典英语美文,并对这些文章作了注释,供读者背诵、模仿。相信这些文章不仅会使你的英语作文锦上添花,而且在做人做事方面也会给你有益的启发。译文也同样经典,耐人寻味!

Youth

Samuel Ullman

Youth is not a time of life. It is a state of mind. It is not a matter of rosy cheeks, red lips and supple knees. It is a matter of the will, a quality of the imagination, vigor of the emotions; it is the freshness of the deep spring of life.

Youth means a temperamental predominance of courage over timidity, of the appetite for adventure over the love of ease. This often exists in a man of 60, more than a boy of 20. Nobody grows merely by the number of years; we grow old by deserting our ideals. Years may wrinkle the skin, but to give up enthusiasm wrinkles the soul. Worry, fear, self-distrust bows the heart and turns the spirit back to dust.

Whether 60 or 16, there is in every human being's heart the lure of wonders, the unfailing childlike appetite of what's next and the joy of the game of living. In the center of your heart and my heart there is a wireless station; so long as it receives messages of beauty, hope, cheer, courage and power from men and from infinite, so long as you are young.

When the aerials are down, and your spirit is covered with the snows of cynicism and the ice of pessimism, then you've grown old, even at 20, but as long as your aerials are up, to catch waves of optimism, there's hope you may die young at 80.