



另配磁带



冠军

夺标方案

总主编 刘增利[®]

八年级英语

人教新目标 下

课内知识方法 + 课后拓展深化 + 课时分级训练

一切皆为夺标而来



八年级英语(下)

人教新目标

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在心里我们每个人都会有一个**冠军梦**!

每单元从基础和能力的两方面入手,结合中考要求,设计了题量恰当、难度适宜的全方位训练题,突出知识、能力、创新和综合,帮助学生由浅入深、全面透彻掌握所学内容,并学会科学的解题方法,提高分析解决问题的能力。

通过语篇阅读、交际用语、书面表达等能力型、综合型、应用型的训练题,将重点、难点和旧知识融会贯通,既涵盖语言知识、语言技能的各项要求,又培养学生解决问题的综合能力。

设题紧扣教材和课堂,针对每部分的基础知识,系统、全面、有针对性地各个击破,题型灵活丰富,从不同角度入手,帮助学生突破基础关,掌握基本解题方法。

在应用中学习语法,加深对语法知识的理解,让学生自己构建完整的语法体系,从而实现知识的内化,养成用英语思维的习惯。

Unit 1 Will people have robots?

SECTION A

基础知识积累与应用

一、重点短语

- live to be 150 years old
- lose free time
- study at home on computers
- on the paper
- 一百年后

二、根据表格内所提供的信息,用 fewer, less, more 填空

Now	In 100 Years
600 houses	1 000 houses
a lot of pollution	almost no pollution
more schools	less schools
7 400 people	1 500 people
a lot of space	a little space
no more doctors	two more doctors

语言能力提升与提升

五、补全对话

用方框中合适的选项完成对话,其中有两项是多余的

A: Hi! Nick.

B: Hi! Amy. 1 Is it true?

A: Yes. We'll move there next month.

B: 2

A: We'll live in Wuhan.

B: Oh. I hear that the weather there is very hot.

A: Yeah. But I think we'll enjoy it.

B: 3

A: I'll go to a college. I'd like to be an English teacher there.

And I'll travel around China during my holidays. 4

B: That's great! Maybe I'll go to China in the future.

A: 5

SELF CHECK

基础知识积累与应用

一、重点短语

- 飞到月球
- 穿制服上学
- 回家
- 住在太空
- look smart
- have an interview
- one of the biggest movie companies
- predict the future

语言知识实践与突破

三、单项选择题

- There 1 a football match on TV tonight.
A. is going to have B. will have

语言能力提升与提升

四、短文填空

根据短文内容填入适当的单词,使短文的意思完整。单词的首字母已给出。

Yang Liwei is a famous Chinese 1. He was 2 in an ordinary family in Liaoning Province in 1965. He is 3 a pilot of the Chinese Air Force in 1987. He spent 1 350 hours in the air. It 4 him five years to become a spaceship. Yang Liwei was sent up into space by China's Shenzhou 1 spaceship (载人宇宙飞船) at 9 am on 5 October 15th, 2003. It

冠军智囊团

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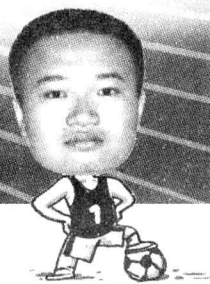
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基础：课内知识巩固检测
迁移：学以致用举一反三
突破：归纳总结提升能力
创新：综合分析灵活解题

我没有注意到其他选手的表现，我只感觉到他们一直在我身后追赶。——刘翔

采用与生活实际紧密联系的开放型、前瞻性、应用型的新题型，强调培养学生的创新探究能力，提高用英语解决实际问题的能力，并形成综合语言素养。

精选各省市中考试题中与本单元知识点相关的内容，让学生提前体验中考难度、深度和考查形式，提高综合素质和应试能力。

Unit 1 Will people have robots?

单元综合与创新

中考真题集结与演练

一、单项选择题

1. (广东中考·2008) In five years, I _____ a doctor.

A. will be B. was C. am

2. (上海中考·2008) There _____ a talk show on CCTV 3 at eight this evening.

A. is going to be B. is going to have C. will have

3. (重庆中考·2007) In our city, _____ middle school students want to work as a teacher in the future.

A. thousand B. thousands of C. thousands of D. two thousand of

4. (重庆中考·2006) This English newspaper is very easy for the students because there are _____ new words in it.

A. little B. a little C. few D. a few

5. (重庆中考·2006) The old woman lives _____, but she never feels _____.

A. alone; alone B. alone; lonely C. lonely; alone

二、完形填空

根据短文内容，在下文空格处填入适当的单词，使短文完整、通顺。

在将来，生活将会更好。家家有可视电话（video phone），出门可以带钱包，买东西，孩子们可以在家通过电视或网络接受教育。有机器人帮你干家务活。有些人可能通过机器人帮助科学家探索太空。

So the future "life will" _____ much better. Maybe there will be robot-phases in many _____ 2. People can have a medical examination without a _____ 3 or nurse in the room and become _____ 4 without leaving their homes. And what _____ 5 education? There will be more educational programs. _____ 6 the radio or TV. So many children who live in far away villages don't need to _____ 7 to school every day. There _____ 8 or home. Each family will have a robot. Robots will help people with their homework.

听力集中训练

Unit 1

一、听句子，选择与所听句子内容相符的图片。

1. Any time is OK.

2. After two years.

3. For two days.

4. In five weeks.

5. A lot will be better.

6. It will be Sunday.

7. It will be much better than now.

8. She didn't come to the party.

9. She had to look after her sick brother.

10. She came to the party late.

11. I will be quite busy.

12. I will be here by Saturday.

13. I will telephone you tomorrow.

二、听句子，选择恰当的答案。

6. A. Sure, there will. B. You were 1 year.

7. A. 6年或更长 B. 6年或更短

选用难度适宜、地道纯真的语言素材作为听力材料，步步为营，循序渐进，让学生逾越听力障碍，成为一个畅听无阻的听力高手。



单元综合测试卷

此部分为本书插页，含各单元测试卷、期中卷、期末卷和全书习题参考答案，提供给教师或学生适时评测的资源。

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Unit 1 Will people have robots?

SECTION A	(1)
SECTION B	(2)
SELF CHECK	(3)
READING	(4)
单元综合与创新	(5)

Unit 2 What should I do?

SECTION A	(6)
SECTION B	(7)
SELF CHECK	(8)
READING	(9)
单元综合与创新	(10)

Unit 3 What were you doing when the UFO arrived?

SECTION A	(12)
SECTION B	(13)
SELF CHECK	(14)
READING	(15)
单元综合与创新	(16)

Unit 4 He said I was hard-working.

SECTION A	(17)
SECTION B	(18)
SELF CHECK	(19)
READING	(20)
单元综合与创新	(21)

Unit 5 If you go to the party, you'll have a great time!

SECTION A	(22)
SECTION B	(23)
SELF CHECK	(24)
单元综合与创新	(26)
Review of units 1~5	(27)

Unit 6 How long have you been collecting shells?

SECTION A	(32)
SECTION B	(33)
SELF CHECK	(34)
READING	(35)
单元综合与创新	(36)

Unit 7 Would you mind turning down the music?

SECTION A	(38)
SECTION B	(39)
SELF CHECK	(40)
READING	(41)
单元综合与创新	(42)

Unit 8 Why don't you get her a scarf?

SECTION A	(44)
SECTION B	(45)
SELF CHECK	(46)
READING	(47)
单元综合与创新	(48)

Unit 9 Have you ever been to an amusement park?

SECTION A	(50)
SECTION B	(51)
SELF CHECK	(52)
READING	(53)
单元综合与创新	(54)

Unit 10 It's a nice day, isn't it?

SECTION A	(56)
SECTION B	(57)
SELF CHECK	(58)
单元综合与创新	(59)
Review of units 6~10	(61)
听力集中训练	(66)



Unit 1 Will people have robots?

SECTION A

● 基础知识积累与应用

一、英汉互译

- live to be 150 years old _____
- less free time _____
- study at home on computers _____
- on the paper _____
- 一百年后 _____
- 更多的污染 _____
- 一张纸 _____
- 一座新教学楼 _____

二、根据表格内所提供的信息,用 fewer, less, more 填空

Now	In 100 Years
600 houses	1 000 houses
a lot of pollution	almost no pollution
seven schools	two schools
2 400 people	3 500 people
a lot of snow	a little snow
six movie theaters	two movie theaters

In 100 years...

- there will be _____ houses.
- there will be _____ pollution.
- there will be _____ schools.
- there will be _____ people.
- there will be _____ snow.
- there will be _____ movie theaters.

三、单项选择

- He is unhappy because he has _____ money to buy that new bicycle.
A. few B. a few C. little D. a little
- Will people live on the moon?
—_____.
A. Yes, they will B. Yes, they are
C. No, they aren't D. Yes, they'll

- My cousin will come back from England by plane _____ four days.
A. after B. behind C. for D. in
- He's lazy. I _____ he _____ pass the English exam the day after tomorrow.
A. think; won't B. don't think; will
C. think; doesn't D. don't think; won't
- Do you think _____ a new TV play tomorrow?
A. there be B. will there be
C. there going to be D. there is going to be

四、用所给词的适当形式填空

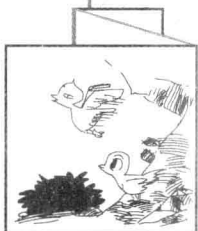
- The new supermarket _____ (be) open to people in a week.
- There are more tall _____ (build) in Shanghai than in Tianjin.
- He has a few friends, but I have _____ (few) friends.
- I think it's very _____ (use) to learn English well.
- People will have _____ (much) free time in the future.

● 语言能力迁移与提升

五、补全对话

用方框中所给的选项完成对话,其中有两项是多余的

- A: Hi! Nick.
B: Hi! Amy. 1 Is it true?
A: Yes. We'll move there next month.
B: 2
A: We'll live in Wuhan.
B: Oh, I hear that the weather there is very hot.
A: Yeah. But I think we'll enjoy it.
B: 3
A: I'll go to a college. I'd like to be an English teacher there. And I'll travel around China during my holidays.
4
B: That's great! Maybe I'll go to China in the future.
A: 5



A slow sparrow should make an early start. 笨鸟先飞。

Unit 1 Will people have robots?

- A. Have a good time.
B. That's a good idea.
C. I'm sure we'll love the country.
D. When will you come back?
E. Which city will you live in?
F. What will you do there?
G. I hear that you and your family will move to China.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

六、阅读理解

John and Bob are good friends. They are talking about the year 2050.

"What will the world be like in the year 2050?" asks John.

"I don't know," says Bob. "What do you think?"

"Well, no one knows. But it is interesting to guess," says John. "In the year 2050 everyone will carry a pocket computer. The computer will give people the answers to all their questions.

We shall have a new kind of telephone. We shall even talk to our friends by it on the moon. Perhaps we will work only two or three days a week, and we will fly to the moon by spaceship and spend holidays there."

"I'm very glad to hear that. I hope to fly to the moon. And I hope to live in the sea," says Bob. "Won't that be interesting? Just like a fish."

根据短文内容,完成下列句子

- John and Bob are talking about _____.
- John guesses that everyone will carry _____ and it will give them _____ to questions.
- John thinks people will fly to the moon _____ and _____ there.
- Bob hopes to live _____.
- People will even talk to friends _____ a _____ on the moon.

SECTION B

基础知识积累与应用

一、根据句意写出空白处所缺单词,使句子完整、意思通顺

- This was my first visit to Dalian and I _____ in love with it at once.
- The old man lives _____, but he doesn't feel lonely.
- Which country do you think will win the next _____ Cup?
- My dream came _____ on July 1st, 2006.
- Many people like to have dogs as their _____.

二、用所给词的适当形式填空

- Who _____ (write) this letter to the headteacher?
—Paul did.
- I _____ (be) able to help my mother with the housework when I'm older.
- Miss Yang likes to dress _____ (casual) than usual on weekends.
- Why not go _____ (boat) on the river with me?
- Look! A girl _____ (fly) a kite in the sky. It's very high.

三、句型转换

- There will be some paper money in ten years. (改为否定句)
There _____ be _____ paper money in ten years.
- Mr Wang flew to London two days ago. (改为同义句)
Mr Wang went to London _____ two days ago.
- They will arrive here in a week. (对画线部分提问)
_____ they arrive here?

- Will he go home in a few days? (作否定回答)
No, _____.

四、根据汉语意思完成句子

- 三年后我将住在一所公寓里。
_____ in three years.
- 我们认为巴西将赢得世界杯足球赛。
We think Brazil _____.
- 我祖父不喜欢一个人住。
My grandfather _____.
- 明年宇航员们将驾驶火箭去往月球。
Next year the astronauts _____.
- 这些孩子由于住得远通常乘火车去上学。
The children usually _____ because they live far away from the school.

语言能力迁移与提升

五、阅读理解(成都中考·2008)

What would the future life be like? I think we will be able to travel faster and safer around the world and into space. Maybe one day we can work in Beijing, sleep in Chengdu and visit the moon for a holiday.

We will have new energy that doesn't make pollution. Possibly, people will find ways to use cleaner things, such as sea water, to make energy without polluting the earth.

We will have machines that can copy everything in the

To Win

It is the most pleasant thing in the world to struggle for a noble ideal. —Socrates
世界上最愉快的事,就是为理想而奋斗。——苏格拉底

future. Put a cake on the machine and it makes a new one. If the machine is like a fax-machine, we can send food and presents to our friends easily.

We will have clever robots that work for us, and the robots can bring us useful things and take away our rubbish. Now we have to press a key or type a word to make a machine work. But in the future, if we think of something, the machine can make it for us. The machine can understand our ideas.

We will be able to go into computer games and films and everything will feel real. We will be able to make our homes like forests or sunny beaches or anything we want. Perhaps, one day

we will be able to collect our dreams and put them on DVDs.

根据短文内容,判断下列句子的正(T)误(F)

1. In the future, we can work in one city and sleep in another. _____
2. In the future, we can make energy by using sea water. _____
3. In the future, we can only copy food by machines. _____
4. In the future, we can make a new machine by pressing a key. _____
5. People can probably make DVDs of their dreams in the future. _____

SELF CHECK

● 基础知识积累与应用

一、英汉互译

1. 飞到月球 _____
2. 穿制服上学 _____
3. 饲养一只宠物猫 _____
4. 住在太空 _____
5. look smart _____
6. have an interview _____
7. one of the biggest movie companies _____
8. predict the future _____

二、用所给词的适当形式填空

1. I can't finish the work _____ (me). I need your help.
2. There are many famous _____ (predict) that never came true.
3. Mr Green had a sore throat last night. He _____ (think) he would go to see a doctor.
4. My cousin works in one of the largest computer _____ (company) in Shanghai.
5. At that time, nobody believed that computers would be _____ (use) by most people.

● 语法知识实践与突破

三、单项选择

1. There _____ a football match on TV tonight.
A. is going to have B. will have
C. is D. will be
2. — _____ kids go to school to study in the future?
— No, they _____.
A. Will; will B. Do; don't
C. Will; won't D. Did; didn't
3. — I think there will be _____ cars and _____ pollution in

100 years.

— I agree with you.

- A. less; less B. fewer; fewer
- C. more; fewer D. fewer; less
4. Yesterday it _____ fine, but today it _____ cloudy and maybe tomorrow it _____ rainy.
A. was; is; is B. was; was; is
C. was; is; will be D. is; is; will be
5. _____ do you think your life _____ in five years?
A. What; will be B. How; be like
C. What; will be like D. How; will be like

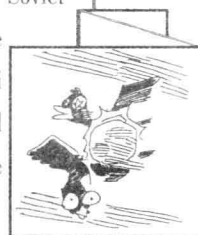
● 语言能力迁移与提升

四、短文填空

根据短文内容在文中空白处填入适当的单词,使短文的意思完整,单词的首字母已给出

Yang Liwei is a famous Chinese a 1. He was b 2 in an ordinary family in Liaoning Province in 1965. He b 3 a pilot of the Chinese Air Force in 1987. He spent 1 350 hours in the air. It t 4 him five years to become a spaceman. Yang Liwei was sent up into space by China's *Shenzhou V* spacecraft (载人宇宙飞船) at 9 am o 5 October 15th, 2003. It moved around the earth fourteen times. He came back safely at 6:23 am the n 6 day, making China the third country to successfully send a person into space after the former Soviet Union(前苏联) and the USA. Yang Liwei r 7 to the earth after a 21-hour trip to space. In space, Yang Liwei not only recorded everything he s 8 but also showed China's national flag and the United Nations' flag to the people w 9 watched on TV at home.

All of the Chinese people are proud of (以……自豪) our f 10 spaceman Yang Liwei.



To kill two birds with one stone. 一箭双雕。

Unit 1 Will people have robots?

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____
6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

五、书面表达

Sally 想度过一个快乐的周末。下面的表格是她制定的计划。请你根据表格中的内容描述她即将去做的事情。开头已给出。

Saturday	morning	play tennis
	afternoon	visit her aunt
	evening	go to see a movie
Sunday	morning	go to the park with Ann
	afternoon	take the guitar lesson

Sally is going to have a happy weekend. _____

READING

基础知识积累与应用

一、根据句意,从方框中选择适当的单词或短语,并用其适当形式填空

anywhere, possible, look for, seem, pleasant

- What a pity! We had an _____ trip last Sunday. Our travel bus broke down on the way.
- It's _____ for such a little girl to play so wonderful music.
- What are you doing?
—I'm _____ a book on robots.
- This type of car can be seen _____ in our city.
- He _____ to be very happy yesterday.

二、单项选择

- Our summer holiday is coming. Two _____ the students in our school will go to the beach.
A. hundred B. hundreds
C. hundred of D. hundreds of
- It's not easy for a child _____ till midnight every day.
A. studies B. studying
C. to study D. studied
- It is _____ fine day today. Why not go for a walk with me?
A. a such B. such a C. so a D. so
- My best friend often helps me _____ my math.
A. on B. with C. for D. in
- Mrs Brown is _____ younger than she is.
A. a lot B. very C. lot D. lots of

语言能力迁移与提升

三、完形填空

Robots seem very _____ 1 _____ to most people. But they have a

long history. The first one was _____ 2 _____ by a Greek. The robots in the films are stronger, faster and cleverer than people. In _____ 3 _____ life, most robots are used in factories. They are used to do dangerous, difficult or boring _____ 4 _____. Some people can't look after _____ 5 _____ and robots are used to help them. _____ 6 _____ example, some people can't see. Many of these people use a dog _____ 7 _____ themselves move around. This dog is called a guide dog. Scientists are making robots help them. In the future, robot dogs might take the place of (代替) these guide dogs.

Robots are also used in American hospitals. At one hospital, a robot takes meals from the kitchen to the _____ 8 _____ people's rooms. It never loses its way _____ 9 _____ it has a map of the hospital in its computer system.

In the future, robots will work in space. But robots will never take the place of humans. They can, _____ 10 _____, help us in a lot of different ways.

- A. interesting B. old C. new D. young
- A. made B. making C. to make D. make
- A. true B. real C. really D. truly
- A. job B. work C. works D. thing
- A. them B. himself C. themselves D. theirs
- A. As B. For C. About D. With
- A. to help B. helping C. helped D. help
- A. ill B. sick C. illness D. sickness
- A. because of B. though C. since D. because
- A. and B. but C. however D. so

四、阅读理解

Mr Green made a robot. He could say only one sentence—There is no doubt (疑问) about it. The robot always repeated the same words when you spoke to him.

One day Mr Green needed lots of money and he took the

robot to the market to sell him. "Who will buy my robot? He is very smart," he shouted. "Twenty thousand dollars for my robot!"

A man was surprised that he was asking for so much money. Instead of asking Mr Green why he wanted so much money, he decided to speak to the robot.

"Are you worth(值) twenty thousand dollars?" he asked the robot. "There is no doubt about it," answered the robot.

The man liked the robot's answer so much that he bought him and carried him home. But very soon he found that the robot could say nothing else. He was sorry he bought the robot. He stood in front of the robot and said, "How foolish(愚蠢的)

I was to throw so much money away!"

"There is no doubt about it," said the robot.

根据短文内容,判断下列句子的正(T)误(F)

1. The robot made by Mr Green could only say one word. _____
2. Mr Green sold the robot because he didn't like it anymore. _____
3. The buyer thought the robot was unusual at first and he decided to buy it. _____
4. The buyer paid twenty thousand dollars for the robot. _____
5. The buyer was very sorry for spending so much money on the robot. _____



To Win

单元综合与创新

中考真题集结与演练

一、单项选择

1. (泸州中考·2008) In five years, I _____ a doctor.
A. will be B. was C. am
2. (三明中考·2008) There _____ a talk show on CCTV-3 at eight this evening.
A. is going to be B. is going to have C. will have
3. (重庆中考·2007) In our city, _____ middle school students want to work as a teacher in the future.
A. thousand B. thousand of
C. thousands of D. two thousand of
4. (重庆中考·2006) This English newspaper is very easy for the students because there are _____ new words in it.
A. little B. a little C. few D. a few
5. (青海中考·经典) The old woman lives _____, but she never feels _____.
A. alone; alone B. alone; lonely C. lonely; alone

二、词汇

A. 用所给词的适当形式填空

1. (泰州中考·2007) Which city has _____ (little) polluted air, Taizhou or Zhenjiang?
2. (泰州中考·2007) There _____ (be) a new bridge over the Changjiang River in several years.
3. (上海中考·2007) It is _____ (possible) to improve our English without enough practice.

B. 根据句意及汉语提示写出单词

1. (河北中考·2007) The glasses he _____ (戴) a moment ago are broken. He needs a new pair.
2. (潍坊中考·2007) The question is not very difficult, you can work it out _____ (容易).

创新能力培养与提高

三、根据对话完成下列各题

—How long will the train stay here?

—From /tu: tu: tu: tu: tu: tu:/.

1. 音标内单词分别是: _____
2. 答语的句意是: _____

四、短文填空

根据汉语提示,在下面这篇展望未来的科技小短文中的空白处填入适当的单词,使短文正确、完整

在将来,生活会更美好。家家有可视电话(vision-phone),不出门就可以看病、买东西。孩子们可以在家通过电视或广播接受教育。有机器人为你干家务活。有些人可能去月球度假,有些科学家可能在海底生活。

In the future, life will 1 much better. Maybe there will be vision-phones in every 2. People can have a medical examination without a 3 or nurse in the room and do some 4 without leaving their homes. And what 5 education? There will be more educational programs 6 the radio or TV. So many children who live in far away village don't need to 7 to school every day. They 8 at home. Each family will have a robot. Robots will help people with their housework.



To fish in the troubled water. 浑水摸鱼。



Unit 2 What should I do?

SECTION A

● 基础知识积累与应用

一、英汉互译

1. 在通话 _____
2. 不时髦的 _____
3. 打电话给某人 _____
4. 付款 _____
5. have a bake sale _____
6. Teen Talk _____
7. argue with sb _____
8. a ticket to a ball game _____

二、根据句意及汉语提示写出单词

1. I think you should get a _____ (家庭教师) to help you with your English.
2. I get angry because my roommate _____ (播放) his CDs too loud.
3. The bad news must _____ (使惊讶) all of us.
4. _____ (或许) you should get a part-time job to make some money.
5. You can park on _____ (任一) side of the street in this city.
6. He doesn't have enough money to buy two _____ (票) to a basketball game.

三、单项选择

1. I don't like to talk about important things _____ the phone.
A. by B. with C. at D. on
2. My sister doesn't like playing the guitar (吉他). I don't like it, _____.
A. too B. also C. either D. already
3. — _____?
— I argued with my parents.
A. How are you B. Can I help you
C. What's wrong D. How was your weekend
4. My mother often _____ when she was away from home.
A. called up me B. calls me up
C. called me up D. call up me
5. Can you _____ your bike to me? I need it at once.
A. lend B. borrow C. buy D. keep

6. The young man is _____ carry that heavy bag.
A. strong enough to B. enough strong to
C. not strong enough D. strong enough

四、同义句转换

1. What's wrong with you, Nick?
What's _____ with you, Nick?
2. You should write your cousin a letter.
You should write _____ your cousin.
3. He borrowed a book from me.
I _____ a book _____ him.
4. Lucy gave me a call half an hour ago.
Lucy _____ half an hour ago.
5. She paid 200 yuan for her new haircut.
Her new haircut _____ 200 yuan.

● 语言能力迁移与提升

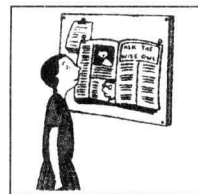
五、补全对话

根据对话内容写出所缺单词,首字母已给出

- A: Hey, Gina. What's w 1 ?
B: I just had an argument with my best friend. What s 2 I do?
A: Well, you could write h 3 a letter.
B: I don't think so. I don't like w 4 letters.
A: Maybe you should c 5 her up.
B: No. I don't want to talk about it on the p 6 .
A: Well, you should at least s 7 you are sorry for what you did.
B: Yes, I know I should, but it is not e 8 for me.
A: Maybe you could buy her a t 9 to a concert.
B: Oh, that's a good i 10 . I think I can have a try.
1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____
6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

六、阅读理解

One of the most popular items in the class newspaper is the advice column. No one knows who writes it. The students think their teacher does, but it might be a student using a false name.



To Win

Don't part with your illusions. When they are gone you may still exist, but you have ceased to live. — Mark Twain

马克·吐温

The students enjoy thinking up problems for the advice column. Here are some of them and their answers.

ASK THE WISE OWL

Q:I'm always late for school. I try not to be, but I can't help it. Please advise me what to do. Tommy.

A:You are probably late for school because you don't really like school. My advice to you is to try and enjoy school more, then you won't be late so often.

Q:I find it difficult to make friends. What do you think I should do? Sara.

A:I can't advise you until I know more about you. Your problem may be that you are shy. On the other hand, it may be the opposite. You may be too bold. Write and tell me more about yourself.

Q:I'm always at the bottom of the class. What do you ad-

vise me to do? Molly.

A:I advise you to concentrate on improving your grades in one subject to start with. If you can do this, you should move a little way up from the bottom. Next, try to improve your grades in another subject, and so on. If you concentrate on one subject at a time, by the end of the year you should be quite a long way up from the bottom in all your classes.

根据短文内容,判断下列句子的正(T)误(F)

1. Nobody likes thinking up problems for the advice column. _____
2. Tommy is always late for school. _____
3. The Wise Owl doesn't know Sara very well. _____
4. The underlined word "bold" means "大胆的;勇敢的" in Chinese. _____
5. Molly is one of the top students in her class. _____

SECTION B

● 基础知识积累与应用

一、根据句意及首字母或汉语提示写出单词

1. We all went boating _____ (把……除外) Julia yesterday, because she was ill.
2. The new sweater is in s _____. I like it very much.
3. After having a fight with my brother, I'm very u _____ and don't know what to do.
4. You don't look smart. You should have a new _____ (发型).
5. Look! Anna is wearing the s _____ dress as mine.

二、用所给词的适当形式填空

1. The clothes in Jason's are so _____ (expensive) that many people can pay for them.
2. My new shoes are the same as _____ (she).
3. Dennis is _____ (friend) to his friends than before.
4. You should tell your deskmate to get _____ (difference) clothes.
5. I think the sofa is very _____ (comfort). I like to lie on it.
6. They are _____ (plan) a birthday party for their teacher.

三、单项选择

1. Does _____ in our class like skiing?
A. else anyone B. anyone else
C. other anyone D. anyone other
2. I _____ my homework at home yesterday and my teacher was angry with me.
A. forgot B. left C. leave D. forget

3. Where's Jim? We're all here _____ him.
A. except B. besides C. but D. with
4. Do you know _____?
A. what did she say B. what she say
C. what she did say D. what she said
5. Her hair is the same color as _____.
A. her mother B. she
C. her D. her mother's
6. It's difficult _____ a good job.
A. to look B. to find
C. find out D. to look up

四、根据句意及汉语提示完成句子

1. My friend has _____ (和……同样的发型) I do.
2. I argued with my brother and I didn't know _____ (怎么办).
3. John wants to find out why his friends didn't invite _____ (他) to the party.
4. I always thought I _____ (受欢迎) with many people.
5. He _____ (很沮丧) because he didn't pass the math exam.

● 语言能力迁移与提升

五、完形填空

Dear Lonely Kid,

I'm happy to get your letter. It isn't easy for me to give you some good advice without knowing more about you. But first, I'm sure you are 1. You said that nobody could look for you if you left home.



Sit on the fence. 脚踩两只船。

Unit 2 What should I do?

What about your parents? It seems that you're very 2.
You'd better see a doctor or talk to your parents. They will 3
to help you.

Second, I'm sure there's someone else in your class like
you, 4. You never know how other people feel. Try 5
friends with your classmates. And you could join a club 6
meet interesting people.

You 7 find happiness by yourself. So my 8
advice is to write a list of all the good things 9 yourself,
learn to like yourself, and then 10 like you, too.

Yours,
Maria

- | | | | |
|-------------|----------|------------|------------|
| 1. A. right | B. wrong | C. excited | D. funny |
| 2. A. happy | B. sad | C. popular | D. worried |
| 3. A. can | B. able | C. could | D. be able |
| 4. A. also | B. too | C. either | D. neither |
| 5. A. make | B. made | C. to make | D. to meet |
| 6. A. to | B. for | C. of | D. on |

- | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| 7. A. can't | B. shouldn't | C. need to | D. mustn't |
| 8. A. finally | B. end | C. first | D. last |
| 9. A. about | B. with | C. from | D. for |
| 10. A. other | B. the other | C. others | D. others' |

六、短文缩写填空

Many people like to play sports. It is a very good way to
have fun and be with your friends. Even if you are not good at a
sport, it is still fun. Many people like to play basketball. To
play basketball, you must run fast, jump high, and pass the
ball. A pass is when one basketball player throws the ball to
another. It is not easy to be a good player, but it is easy and
always good to try. Do you want to play basketball with me on
Friday?

Basketball is a fun 1. It's not easy to be good 2
basketball. Playing basketball is a good way 3 have 4
and be with your friends. When you play basketball, you must
jump 5, run 6 and 7 the ball. A lot of people
like to play it 8 if they are 9 good 10.

SELF CHECK

● 基础知识积累与应用

一、汉译英

- 与某人相处融洽
- 给某人提些建议
- 和某人打架
- 找出;查明
- 与……同样的
- 和某人生气

二、根据句意,从方框中选用适当的单词或词组,并用其适当形式填空

fail, get on, advice, return, the same

- May I borrow your English dictionary?
—Of course, but you must it as quickly as you can.
- My best friend was very upset, because he in English test again.
- I don't know how to practice spoken English. Could you please give me some ?
- Lucy has a cousin, Amy. Amy likes to have clothes as Lucy does.
- My deskmate is very friendly and outgoing(外向的). She can well with all of us.

● 语法知识实战与突破

三、用 should, could, shouldn't 或 couldn't 填空

- you please help me count these books, Emma?
—Certainly. I'd like to do it.
- Your bedroom is quite dirty now, Mike. You clean it every day.
- We are good friends and we fight with each other.
- Give me a hand, Mum. I find my sports socks.

四、单项选择

- She always works hard, she not have failed in the exam.
A. must B. need C. should D. can
- You put on your coat when you go out. It's very cold outside.
A. should B. shall C. must D. can
- I lost my money. What should I ?
A. to do B. did C. do D. doing
- you pass me a pen? I'd like to write down the message.
A. Could B. Should C. Must D. Need
- Could I borrow your bike?
—Yes, of course, you .
A. need B. will C. can D. should

To Win

光勤劳是不够的,蚂蚁也是勤劳的。要看你为什么而勤劳?

H·D·梭罗

It is not enough to be industrious, so are the ants. What are you industrious for? —Henry David Thoreau

五、将 II 栏与 I 栏相匹配

I

1. I can't find my ID card.
2. My parents always argue.
3. I can't do well in math.
4. I have no enough money to buy a birthday present for my friend.
5. My best friend is more popular than I.

II

- A. You could make a card for her.
 - B. You could get a family tutor.
 - C. You should look for it everywhere or ask your mother to help you.
 - D. You could leave them alone.
 - E. You should be more friendly to others.
1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

● 语言能力迁移与提升



六、阅读理解

Everyone knows that exercise is important. It makes your heart and body strong. But you need to know the followings:

Get your body ready!

Before you do any exercise, make sure to warm up for at least five minutes. During warming up you should stretch (伸展) all parts of your body.

Exercise enough, but not too much.

It's best to exercise twice each week. Thirty minutes each

time is enough. Try all kinds of things until you find one, two or even three sports that are right for you.

Exercise at fitness centers.

There is a lot of equipment (设备) at fitness centers. The equipment will help exercise your arms, legs and other parts of your body to make you fit (健康的). Some people buy equipment for their homes. But it is very expensive.

Stop playing when you are hurt!

If you get hurt when you are doing exercises, don't play again until you are well.

Don't get thirsty!

Drink a lot when you are playing sports because it is easy to become thirsty.

根据短文内容, 回答下列问题

1. How often do you think is the best to exercise according to the passage?

2. What should you do before you exercise?

3. Is it right to drink a lot when you are playing sports?

4. Do you need to stop playing sports when you are hurt?

5. What do the underlined words "fitness centers" mean in Chinese?

READING

● 基础知识积累与应用



一、英汉互译

1. 和……比较 _____
2. 抱怨做某事 _____
3. 各种各样的 _____
4. (在) 另一方面 _____
5. as... as possible _____
6. on the one hand _____
7. (be) under too much pressure _____
8. from... to... _____

二、根据句意及首字母或汉语提示写出单词

1. It's not good for parents to _____ (比较) their children with others'.
2. My mother doesn't go to bed u _____ I get home every night.
3. Many children think they need time to do things by t _____.
4. The students' activities _____ (包括) sports, music and language learning.
5. Everyone in the world loves peace and f _____.
6. Parents must _____ (送) their children to school when they're old enough.



Talk of the devil and he comes. 说曹操, 曹操就到。

三、单项选择

- I found it interesting _____ me _____ play with my little dog.
A. for; for B. to; to C. for; to D. to; for
- He _____ go home _____ he finished all his work.
A. doesn't; until B. didn't; until
C. /; until D. not; until
- When we went into the park, we saw a foreigner _____ Chinese kung fu.
A. plays B. played
C. playing D. to play
- Most Chinese students find _____ important and useful to learn English.
A. this B. it C. that D. one
- Are you _____ well with each other?
A. get on B. getting C. get D. getting on
- (衢州中考·2007)—Hurry up! It's time _____ home.
—I'm coming.
A. go B. go to C. going D. to go

四、根据汉语意思完成句子

- 现在许多学生都有太大的压力。
Many students have _____ now.
- 我发现学好日语是困难的。
I find _____ Japanese well.
- 一方面,我们要努力学习;另一方面,我们要多运动。
_____, we should study hard;
_____, we should take more exercise.
- 孩子们需要时间独立思考。
Children need time _____.
- 直到下个月他才能回来。
He _____ come back _____ next month.

语言能力迁移与提升



五、阅读理解

Dear David,

I am very upset and I need some help. You know I will finish my college soon, and I have to decide about my future. I like the computer and I really want to work on it.

Last Sunday I asked my family for some advice. They had quite different ideas about my future. My father said I should go to the university and study computer engineering. My mother thought I should get a job as a computer salesperson(售货员) and I could make a lot of money. My brother wanted to start a website design(设计) company with me. My sister did badly in computer science and she wanted me to teach her in her school. My uncle managed a famous software(软件) company. He hoped I could join his company. As you see, it is very difficult for me to decide which one is the best. What do you think? Write to me soon.

Yours,

Mike

根据信的内容填入适当的词完成句子,使句子符合短文内容

- This is a letter from _____ to _____.
- Mike's father said Mike should study computer _____ in a _____.
- Mike's mother said he should _____ a computer salesperson to _____ lots of money.
- Mike's uncle _____ a famous software company and he hoped Mike could _____ his company.
- We found it _____ for Mike to decide about his _____.

单元综合与创新

中考真题集结与演练



一、单项选择

- (荆州中考·2008)—I'm afraid the meeting has begun.
—Don't worry. It _____ until the bell _____.
A. doesn't begin; rings B. won't begin; will ring
C. won't begin; rings D. doesn't begin; will ring
- (厦门中考·2008) This morning I went to school in such a

hurry(匆忙) that I _____ my notebook at home.

A. left B. forgot C. lost

- (陕西中考·2008) Which of the following pictures means "Please don't make any noise."?



A



B



C



D

4. (烟台中考·2008)—Where can't you see the sign "Business Hours 8:00—18:00"?
—_____.

- A. In a library B. In a shop
C. In a bank D. In a school

5. (宁波中考·2008) There are four _____ and two _____ at the _____.

- A. Johns; Marys; doctors B. Johns; Marys; doctor's
C. John's; Mary's; doctor's D. John; Mary; doctor's

二、根据句意及汉语提示写出单词

1. (盐城中考·2008) In the United States, sixteen is the _____ (年龄) when teenagers can begin driving.

2. (盐城中考·2008) Scientists have found that talking to another person for 10 minutes a day can help you remember things _____ (好) than not to.

3. (宁波中考·2007) To our _____ (惊讶), the factory is still pouring waste water into the river near it.

4. (烟台中考·2008) _____ (千) of visitors will come to Beijing to attend the Olympic Games.

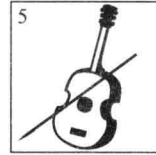
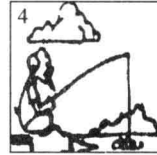
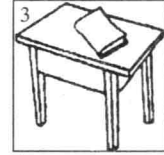
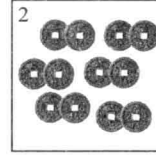
5. (烟台中考·2008) He was lying in bed _____ (安静)

looking at the ceiling.

● 创新能力培养与提高

三、看图写话(莆田中考·2008)

根据所给的图和提示词,按要求各写一句意思完整、语法正确的句子



1. the girl, take part in, the long jump, tomorrow

2. so far, Kangkang, collect

3. there be, book(反意疑问句)

4. the old man, favorite, be, fish

5. Mary, when, free, often, play



Target of public criticism.
众矢之的。