

普通高等教育"十一五"国家级规划教材

COLLEGE PRACTICAL ENGLISH INTEGRATED

COURSE

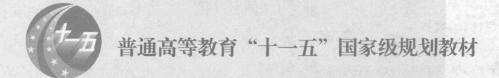
大学 实用英语 综合教程练习册

总主编 于洪颖

主 编 陈望波 黄桂英 楼敏盛

(第一级)

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总主编 于洪颖

主 编 陈望波 黄桂英 楼敏盛

副主编 陈玉霞 牛晓霞

编者鄢文娟雷婧魏薇

洪佳君 胡笑非 闵瑞杰

刘梅雪 吴竟雄 王励杰

张 蕾 杨 欣 段瑞俊

本书编委会

于洪颖 郑淑媛 陈望波

江 峰 丁丽军 曹久平

浙江科学技术出版社

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E - mail: zzj@zkpress.com

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前 言

《大学实用英语》是根据教育部颁布的《高职高专教育英语课程教学基本要求》(以下简称《基本要求》)编写的一套供高职高专学生使用的大学英语教材。2006年被教育部正式批准为"十一五"国家级规划教材,是我国高职高专英语教学的一个重要科研项目。

本套教材共分五级:预备级、第一级、第二级、第三级和提高级,每级包括《综合教程》《听说教程》《教师用书》和《综合教程练习册》四个分册。

其中,《综合教程》包含四大模块: Speaking、Reading、Writing、Grammar。每单元由三篇课文组成,Reading 中 Text A 为精读材料,配有阅读理解、词汇词组、句子结构、英汉翻译等多种练习;Text B 为泛读材料,并配有阅读理解练习题,供学生们课外阅读。 Writing 中的课文突出英语应用能力训练,按照《基本要求》编写,由浅到深,包括日常交际能力训练和业务能力训练,涵盖了《基本要求》中所提到的各种信函、外贸单证、经贸合同等高职高专学生将来就业常用的应用文。这四大模块包括了"说"、"读"、"写",而将"译"融入 Text A 后的练习中。《综合教程》预备级,有 16 个单元,《综合教程》一级至三级和提高级,每册含 10 个单元。

《听说教程》配合《综合教程》使用,力求使学生在"听"、"说"两方面进一步得到训练。每单元设有三大部分,既有单词、句子等基础训练,又有情景会话、短文阅读等能力的提升训练。为保证学习效果,教材配了录音磁带和光盘,同时聘请经验丰富的英美语言专家朗读,使用一流语音设备制作,并派专人监制。

《综合教程练习册》按高等学校英语应用能力 A、B 级考试要求编写。题型相似,但内容又紧扣教材,学生通过本书练习,可熟悉英语应用能力考试题型,有助于学生参加高等学校英语应用能力 A、B 级考试。

《教师用书》为教师提供了每单元的相关背景知识、难句解释、语言点释例、补充材料、课文参考译文和练习答案以及《听说教程》中听力的原文和练习答案。多媒体课件由我们和北京洪恩教育科技有限公司共同制作。

本书为《综合教程练习册》第一级,含有10个单元,主要供各个学制的高职以及高等专科院校的一年级学生使用。习题取材广泛、内容新颖、紧扣教材,配套《综合教程》使用,也可在教师指导下供学生课外自学使用。

《大学实用英语》组织了一批国内知名的专家、教授及部分高校骨干教师参与编写。英籍专家 Andrew Meek 也参加了部分内容的编写和审阅。对他们的辛勤工作,我们表示衷心的感谢。

编 者 2009年4月

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Unit 1 Language

● Part 1 Structure

This part is to test your ability to use words and phrases correctly to construct meaningful and grammatically correct sentences.

Exercise 1 Match the words or phrases in Column A with the ones that have the same					
meaning in Column B.					
	Α	В			
()1. available	a. include as a necessary part; affect			
()2. involve	b. obtainable; accessible			
()3. complicated	c. complex or difficult to deal with			
()4. decline	d. probable; hopeful; promising			
()5. be likely to	e. become smaller, weaker, or less important			
Exercise 2 Fill in the blanks with the words or phrases given in the box, and change the form if necessary.					
		njoy inform hear from natural keep necessary look down upon disappoint			
 How about having a walk and the beautiful scenery around the lake? speaking, living in city is more convenient than in village. 					
3. It is common sense that exercise is the key to healthy.					
4. He hasn't the experience for the job.					
5.	5. The new campus of Nanchang Science and Technology University is still under				
	6 Susan early this morning, I don't need to see her again.				

7.	Those who suffered	from AIDS used	by many healt	thy people.			
8. Jane had a look when she was told not to go to the Christmas party.							
9.	They live in the mou	ıntain area,	about the world by	listening to the radio.			
10.	I'd appreciate	you now and th	nen telling me about	your life in college.			
Ex	ercise 3 There ar	e 10 incomplete senter	nces here. You are rec	quired to complete each			
		ne appropriate answer					
1.	1. Ted knows even about Western cultures than I do.						
		B. less	· ·	D. so much			
2.	His doctor suggested	that he to	oo much fat.				
	A. avoid to eat		B. has avoided eating	ng			
	C. avoid eating		D. avoided to eat				
3.	Scarcelyt	here when it began to	o rain cats and dogs.				
	A. we had got		B. we had to get				
	C. had we got		D. had we to get				
4.	No sooner	gone out than Craig	g came to see me.				
		B. I had		D. had I			
5.	Both Joyce and Ros	e, Jane, an	re studying English a	t Sydney University.			
	A. as well as	B. and as well	C. with	D. besides			
6.	Jim insisted that Jac	ck it.					
	A. does	B. did	C. would do	D. do			
7.	I am going to the pi	icnic this weekend, a	and				
	A. so does Diana		B. so goes Diana				
	C. so is Diana		D. Diana is so				
8.	The young couple	next to our door for	rgot about	them to join us for			
	dinner.						
	A. us to ask	B. our asking	C. asking	D. we asking			
9.	You'd better take a	n umbrella with you	it rains.				
	A. for	B. in spite of	C. in case	D. unless			
10	. "I'm not going to	buy that briefcase."	", it's too ε	expensive."			
	A. Neither am I		B. I don't either				
	C. So am I		D. I am not too				
E	Exercise 4 There are 15 incomplete sentences here. You should fill in each blank with						
the	e proper form of the	word given in the brac	ckets.				
1.	1. I am very tired. We really should stop (study) and have a rest.						
	2. It'll take time for me to(accustomed) myself to the challenge.						
3.	3. They were (success) in fulfilling the plan ahead of time.						



Unit 1 Language

4. Mother needs(add) help in the kitchen on weekends.
5. It is no use(quarrel) with her.
6. She made a few minor(adjust) to the focus of her camera.
7. I hate to see you(leave) so soon.
8. John went to town yesterday and had his computer(repair).
9. The photos of Mars taken by satellites are(clear) than those taken from
the earth.
10. She was(amazement) at how calm she felt after the accident.
11. It is difficult for them to make a final(decide) now.
12. (child) is usually a happy time of life.
13. Please fill your name, address and telephone number in your(apply)
form.
14(see) that nobody was very interested in it, they decided to cancel the
trip.
15. Thank you for your(invite) to your daughter's birthday party.

Part 2 Reading Comprehension

This part is to test your reading ability. There are 5 tasks for you to fulfill. You should read the reading materials carefully and do the tasks as you are instructed.

Exercise 5 Read the passage and choose the best answers.

Every day people drive motorbikes, trucks or cars to get to shopping centers, friends' houses, to work or to school. Driving can be very convenient, but can also cause many problems. Waiting in line at a red light, you may get impatient and decide just to drive right through it. If another car is coming from the other direction, there might be a terrible accident. Cutting another car off can make its driver angry, so that driver cuts off someone else. Very quickly, everybody becomes angry and impatient.

Traffic accidents claim millions of lives every year worldwide. It's reported that over seven people are killed in accidents every day in Taiwan alone. The annual death rate(年死亡率)from traffic accidents in Taiwan is twice that of Japan.

To allow traffic to move smoothly and safely, everybody must follow the rules. Before you drive, learn all the traffic laws. That way of driving is safe, convenient and even fun!

- 1. The word "convenient" in the passage means _____.
 - A. handy, easy to do
 - B. that can be changed

	C. fond of drinking and merry-making	
	D. carriages or other trucks	
2.	. If you cut another car off, its driver may	be
	A. impatient B. terrible	C. angry D. both A and B
3.	. The sentence "Traffic accidents claim mil	llions of lives" means "".
	A. Traffic accidents make some people b	ecome millionaires
	B. Many people die from traffic accident	s
	C. Millions of people say they themselves	s have had traffic accidents
	D. Millions of people remain healthy after	er traffic accidents
4.	. According to the passage, driving car is s	afe if
	A. you are patient	
	B. you obey all the traffic rules	
	C. you don't cut another car off	
	D. you wait in line at a red light	
5.	. Which of the following may be the best t	itle for this passage?
	A. Traffic Safety.	B. A Careful Driver.
	C. How to Drive A Car.	D. A Traffic Accident.
E	Exercise 6 Read the passage and choose th	e best answers.
	Sang Lan, a Chinese gymnast, who c	rushed her spine in a practice accident
tw	welve years ago, is planning an Olympic co	meback-as a TV presenter.
	The former national champion was para	alyzed from the waist down in an accident
th	hat shocked the sporting world at the 1998	Goodwill Games in New York.
	Now 21, she has landed a job hosting a	sports television show and wants to be a
pr	resenter for the 2008 Olympic Games.	
1.	. Sang Lan crushed her in a prac	tice accident.
	A. leg B. arm	C. waist D. backbones
2.	. Sang Lan paralyzed at the	
	A. Olympic Games	B. Goodwill Games held in 1998
	C. car accident	D. fire disaster
3.	. The 1998 Goodwill Games was held in	•
	A. Britain B. Japan	C. United States D. China
4.	. Now 21, Sang Lan has got a job as	
	A. a journalist	B. an editor
	C. a teacher	D. a TV presenter
5.	. Sang Lan wants to the 2008 Oly	mpic Games according to the passage.
		B. watch
	C. support	D. be an anchor woman in

Exercise 7 Read the passage and decide whether the following are true(T) or false(F).

What should you do if a fire starts?

Suppose that it's late at night. The smoke detectors go off. You smell smoke when you wake up. Do you know what to do?

If a fire starts in your home, remember your plan to escape and leave as quickly as possible. Keep the following things in mind to make a safe escape.

- Call "Fire!" to warn everyone in the house.
- If you know where the fire is, close many doors as possible as between you and the fire.
- If you're in bed, roll out of bed and onto the floor. Crawl on the floor next to a wall. Being near the ground makes it easier to breathe. If possible, cover your mouth and nose with a wet cloth.
- Feel the entire surface of a door before you open it. If the door is warm or hot, do not open it. The fire is probably right outside your room. Find another way to leave the room. If the door is cool, open it a little.
- Look out and try to see the fire. If it is safe, leave the room. Remember to stay on the floor.
- If your clothes catch fire, stop immediately. Drop to the ground and roll. Remember: Stop, drop and roll.
 - Call the fire department from outside and wait for help to arrive.
- () 1. According to the text, the first thing you should do if a fire starts in your home is to collect your favorite belongings to save from the burning house.
- () 2. If a fire starts and you are in bed, you should roll out of bed and stand on the floor.
- () 3. If a fire starts in your home, you should open the door as soon as possible and run out.
- () 4. If your clothes catch fire, you should stop moving immediately and try to find some water to stop it.
- () 5. Lying on the floor may help you breath in a fire.

Exercise 8 Read the passage and then use the appropriate forms of words (phrases) given in the box to fill in the blanks.

motivate	pote	ntial	receive	live with	guidance
realize	limit	start	assist	sympathy	

disability is frustrating and challenging. Tony was born with disability; however, he is one of the best students in the class and he has already invented many

useful devices. We know that we should give everybody a chance education						
and we cannot let physical disability a person's life. Today there are more						
opportunities for disabled people to develop their, live a rich life and make						
contribution to society. The best way to help them is to open the door and offer						
They need recognition more than and help. Some healthy students,						
studying together with disabled classmates learn how disabled people and						
learn the importance of cooperating to reach their goals. The magazine Literature of						
Chinese Blind Children in 1986. It has inspired and many blind						
children to overcome difficulties and their dreams.						
Exercise 9 Read the passage and then answer the questions below. You should write as						
briefly as you can.						
Dear Madam,						
I have recently learned from Shanghai Daily that you are looking for a native						
English speaker to teach English on a part-time basis. I have already been teaching						
English for nearly three years here in Shanghai. Nowadays I'm working (part-time) at						
Shanghai Sunflower International School, and tutoring a primary school student and a						
Shanghai businessman on weekends. I have also been at Shanghai Foreign Language						
School for one month during my last summer vacation. This summer I'll be available						
on a full-time basis.						
I would be much grateful to you if you could consider my application for the						
advertised post.						
Thank you for your understanding and utmost cooperation. Hope to hear from						
you soon.						
Yours,						
Jack						
1. What's the purpose of this letter?						
2. What kind of part-time job did Jack have at Shanghai Sunflower International						
School?						
· ·						
3. Which country does Jack most probably come from?						
4. What does the word "available" (paragraph 1) mean?						
5. What position did Jack apply for?						

Part 3 Translation

Exercise 10 This part is to test your ability to translate English into Chinese. Each of the sentences is followed by four choices of suggested translation marked A,B,C,D. Make the best choice.

- 1. Linda is the last woman I want to sit next to at dinner.
 - A. 琳达是我在宴席上最不愿意与之邻座的女人。
 - B. 琳达是我在就餐时愿意坐在其下手的最后一个女人。
 - C. 在就餐时,我最不愿意让琳达坐在我旁边。
 - D. 在宴席上,我愿意与之挨着就座的女人绝对不是琳达。
- 2. After his company was bankrupt, he decided to try his luck in insurance.
 - A. 他的公司失败后,他打算买保险试试运气。
 - B. 他的公司破产后,他决定在保险业方面碰一碰运气。
 - C. 他的公司被银行收购后,他决定买保险试试运气。
 - D. 他的同伴是个破产者,他决定在保险业方面碰一碰运气。
- 3. The Canadian government has always attached great importance to environmental protection.
 - A. 加拿大政府始终认为环境保护工作很重要。
 - B. 加拿大政府历来极为重视环境保护工作。
 - C. 加拿大政府一直对环保工作给予高度重视。
 - D. 加拿大政府总是附着重要性于环境的保护。
- 4. Professor Wang wanted to get to know the students more formally, so he invited them to his house for a party.
 - A. 王教授想以更多的方式来了解自己的学生,因此他邀请这些学生去他家参加聚会。
 - B. 王教授想以更正式一些的方式了解这些学生,所以他邀请他们参加他的家庭 聚会。
 - C. 王教授想邀请这些学生去他屋子里举行一个集会,以便获得对他们进一步的 了解。
 - D. 王教授想逐渐地认识更多的学生,所以他邀请这些学生在他的屋子里举行了 集会。
- 5. I got a new job last month and took to it at once.
 - A. 上个月我得到一份新工作,立刻就开始上班了。
 - B. 上个月我得知有一个新的工作机会,立刻接受了这份工作。
 - C. 上个月我得到一份新工作,并且立刻就喜欢上它了。
 - D. 上个月我得到一份更好的工作机会后,立刻辞职了。

Exercise 11 This part is to test your ability to translate Chinese into English. Each of the sentences is followed by four choices of suggested translation marked A, B, C, D. Make the best choice.

- 1. 如果杰克不在教室,那他就在图书馆了。
 - A. If Jack was not in the classroom, he might be in the library.
 - B. If Jack is not in the classroom, he must be in the library.
 - C. If Jack hasn't been in the classroom, he must have been in the library.
 - D. If Jack hasn't been in the classroom, he might have in the library.
- 2. 律师认为这起交通事故与他喝了啤酒之后开车有关。
 - A. The lawyer considered the traffic accident in connection with his driving after drinking beer.
 - B. The lawyer believed that the traffic accident is relevant to his driving after drinking beer.
 - C. The lawyer thinks that the traffic accident is caused by the driver who drunk too much beer.
 - D. The lawyer considered the traffic accident is connected to the driver who drunk too much beer.
- 3. 你可以把这本书借走,条件是三天内必须归还。
 - A. You can lend this book on condition that you should return it within three days.
 - B. You can lend this book, but you should give it back within three days.
 - C. You may borrow this book on condition that you should return it within three days.
 - D. You may borrow this book, but you must have returned it within three days.
- 4. 不能反映生活的作品不是伟大的作品。
 - A. It is not a great work if it couldn't reflect life.
 - B. It would not be a great work if it couldn't reflect life.
 - C. Works that do not reflect life are not great works.
 - D. Arts that don't reflect life is not great art.
- 5. 这家美容院对常客收费较低。
 - A. This beauty saloon gives lower price to common customers.
 - B. The price of the beauty saloon is cheaper for regular customers.
 - C. This beauty saloon offers lower prices to regular customers.
 - D. Common customers can spend less in this beauty saloon.

• Part 4 Writing

Exercise 12 This part is to test your ability to do practical writing. You are required to address an envelope according to the instructions given in Chinese below.

假定你叫苏明,是一名法学院的学生。现在要写信给一位朋友 Craig Benson,他的地址是佛罗里达州西棕榈滩橄榄北大街 234 号,邮编:91807。

Unit 2

Cultural Differences



● Part 1 Structure

This part is to test your ability to use words and phrases correctly to construct meaningful and grammatically correct sentences.

Exercise M	atch the words or phrases in Column A with the ones that have the same		
meaning in Colum	n B.		
Α	В		
()1. permit	a. unable to find one's way		
()2. lost	b. allow; agree to		
()3. enjoyable	c. look forward to; regard as probable		
()4. expect	d. happy; delighted; pleased		
()5. enjoy one	eself e. have a nice time		
extren			
close	different absence be likely to do sth. go		
1. The serious sr	different absence be likely to do sth. go nowstorm was partly for the terrible car accident. the nutritionist, fatty food is not to one's health.		
 The serious sr According to 	nowstorm was partly for the terrible car accident.		

Unit 2 Cultural Differences

6.	Do you mind	the window?				
7.	It's time you	to sleep, or you n	nay not get up early	tomorrow morning.		
8.	. It rain on May 1st.					
		attend my birth	iday party next Sund	lay evening.		
10	. The train from Tib	oet to Shanghai didn't	arrive yes	sterday.		
E	cercise 3 There ar	e 10 incomplete senten	ices here. You are re	quired to complete each		
sta	tement by choosing the	appropriate answer from	m the 4 choices market	d A,B,C and D.		
1.	There are no tickets	s for Friday	's concert.			
	A. leave	B. possible	C. prepare	D. available		
2.	Many a lucky man	survived in	that battle.			
	A. have	B. has	C. was	D. were		
3.	This room is about	Larry's.				
	A. two times large		B. two times as large	ge as		
	C. twice as large as	i	D. twice large as			
4.	Dr. Deng spent 30	hours in the lab	experiment wit	thout sleep.		
	A. in	B. on	C. in	D. to		
5.	, Tony tra	weled by himself half	of the countries in	the world.		
	A. He is young		B. As young he is			
	C. Young as he is		D. Young he is			
6.	After living in a ho	ouse near the airport f				
	A. used to sleep		B. got used to sleep			
	C. used to sleeping		D. got used to sleep			
7.	The manager said t	hat he was	staff having more	exchanges to promote		
	their relationships.					
	A. in honor of		B. in place of			
	C. in case of		D. in favor of			
8.		he country rather tha				
	A. to live	B. living		D. lived		
9.	I don't know whet	her you happen	but I'm goin	g to study in Japan in		
	April next year.		D : 1 T - Tr			
	A. to be heard		B. to be hearing			
	C. to hear		D. to have heard	-4 decided to anond		
10			tne artist from Lor	ndon decided to spend		
	another two days	there.	D. Attmosted			
	A. Attracting		B. Attracted	ad		
	C. To be attracte	d	D. Having attracte	zu		