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中考必备

2009年全国中考试卷精选

中考试题研究室 编

英语

辽宁师范大学出版社

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• 大连 •

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广东省

(考试时间 90 分钟, 满分 120 分)

I. 听力理解(共 25 分, 略)

II. 单项填空(本大题共 20 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 20 分)

在每小题的四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

26. There are _____ months in a year. October is the _____ month.
A. twelve; ten B. twelfth; tenth
C. twelve; tenth D. twelfth; ten
27. —We have five kinds of schoolbags. Do you like this one?
—No. Can you show me _____?
A. another B. each other
C. the other D. others
28. The film “Kung Fu Panda” is _____ interesting _____. I would like to see it again.
A. such; that B. too; to C. as; as D. so; that
29. _____ old man behind Mary is _____ university teacher.
A. An; an B. A; the C. The; a D. The; an
30. E-mail is very popular today. People seldom write letters now, _____.
A. did they B. do they
C. didn't they D. don't they
31. The Changjiang River is the _____ river in China.
A. long B. longest C. short D. shortest
32. Mike didn't get wet because his teacher _____ him an umbrella.
A. lent B. discovered
C. borrowed D. taught
33. “It's really very kind _____ you to help me with the housework on Sundays.” said Grandma Huang.
A. of B. with C. for D. from
34. Sam _____ Chinese since he came to China. He speaks good Chinese now.
A. learns B. learned
C. has learned D. will learn
35. We have to get up at 7:15 tomorrow morning, _____ we will be late for the 7:40 train.
A. before B. or C. if D. so
36. Don't _____ others. Sometimes you make mistakes too.
A. knock at B. laugh at C. look at D. arrive at
37. Tom's mother asked him _____ some washing after dinner.
A. to do B. does C. do D. did
38. If it _____ tomorrow, we will stay at home. We won't go to the museum.
A. rain B. rains C. will rain D. rained
39. —Shush, be quiet! The baby _____ in the next room.
—OK. Sorry.
A. sleep B. slept C. sleeps D. is sleeping

40. Lily's mother looked for her for half an hour, but could not find _____.
A. what Lily was B. what was Lily
C. where Lily was D. where was Lily

41. _____ terrible weather we had last Sunday.
A. What B. What a C. Such D. How

42. —_____
—I have a headache.
A. How do you do B. What do you do
C. What's wrong with you D. How do you like it

43. —Mr Wang, must I come again on Sunday morning to clean the windows?
—No, you _____. I have asked others to do it.

- A. don't have to B. mustn't
C. can't D. shouldn't

44. —It's really hot today. What drinks do we have in the fridge?
—We have some _____.
A. noodle B. cheese C. sausages D. lemonade

45. The new library building _____ last week.
A. was completed B. is completed
C. completed D. has completed

III. 完形填空(本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择一个最佳选项。

Sunday was going to be the birthday for me and my other two classmates. As we were born in the 46 month, we decided to have a big party to 47 it.

On that evening, we invited all of our classmates. We prepared a lot of food and drinks. After singing the birthday song, we 48 the delicious cake together. We sang more songs and played games. Then someone told funny stories, and 49 laughed. Three hours flew by quickly. Because we had to 50 before 11:00, we ended our party at 10:00. Before we left, our classmates gave 51 of us a birthday card with their best wishes. 52 we took some pictures together. What a great time we had! At that moment, I felt love, happiness and friendship.

Before the party, only my 53 could remember my birthday, and I had never had such a big party and so many friends' wishes. 54 I wanted to say to my classmates, “Thank you, and I will 55 forget this evening, especially each of you!”

46. A. different B. best C. same D. some
47. A. cost B. celebrate C. laugh D. love
48. A. sent B. remembered
C. prepared D. shared
49. A. Everyone B. Someone C. Anyone D. No one

50. A. go to the party B. go to bed
C. go to school D. go to work
51. A. both B. some C. each D. most
52. A. Finally B. Firstly C. However D. Anyway
53. A. teachers B. classmates C. parents D. friends
54. A. Since B. So C. Though D. After
55. A. already B. yet C. ever D. never

IV. 阅读理解(本大题共 15 小题,每小题 2 分,共 30 分)

阅读下列短文,并做每篇短文后的题目。从每小题所给的四个选项中,选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案。

A

WELCOME TO TONGJIANG ZOO

Do you want to see the animals from nearly every part of the world in just one place in one day? Come to Tongjiang Zoo. The zoo has more than 2,000 animals of 400 kinds. Big elephants from Yunnan, tigers from the south and the northeast of China, and the African lions, giraffes, and zebras, are all waiting for you. Lovely pandas and clever monkeys are going to make you laugh. A lot of other animals which you have never seen are waiting to meet you. It's home to a collection of animals.

Tongjiang Zoo was built in 1985 and is about 20,000 square metres. There is basic information of each kind of animals about their living habits and birth places. You can certainly learn a lot.

You are welcome to take photos with some animals.

Ticket Price

Grown-up: ¥30.00

Children: ¥15.00

Children under Six: Free

Opening Time

From Monday to Friday: 9:00—16:30

Saturday and Sunday: 8:00—17:30

Keep the zoo clean. Do not feed or go near the dangerous animals.

56. The animals in Tongjiang Zoo are from _____.
A. Yunnan B. South China
C. Northeast China D. different places
57. Mr and Mrs Green are going to the zoo with their five-year-old son. They have to pay _____ for the tickets.
A. fifteen yuan B. thirty yuan
C. forty-five yuan D. sixty yuan
58. The zoo closes at _____ on weekends.
A. 5:30 pm B. 4:30 pm
C. 9:00 am D. 8:00 am
59. Visitors _____ in the zoo.
A. mustn't take photos with all animals
B. mustn't go close to the dangerous animals
C. can give food to the animals
D. can throw your things around
60. Which of the following is NOT true?
A. The zoo has a history of more than twenty years.
B. You can see many rare(珍贵的) animals in the zoo.
C. You can see 2,000 kinds of different animals in the zoo.
D. You can get some basic knowledge of the animals in the zoo.

B

The first robots were invented in the 1920s. Robots have appeared in many American films. In some films, they are stronger, faster and cleverer than people.

In real life, robots are mainly used in factories. They do some dangerous and difficult jobs for humans.

Robots also help disabled people, for example, blind people. Today many blind people have a guide (向导) dog to help them. In the future, guide dogs might be robot dogs.

One kind of robot guide dog has wheels. It moves in front of the owner. It is very clever. It knows the speed of its owner's walk. The owner wears a special belt (带子). This belt sends instructions to the owner from the dog, such as "Stop here", "Turn left" or "Turn right".

In the United States, another kind of robot helps disabled people to take care of themselves in their daily life. The robot hears the sound of its owner's voice. It follows instructions such as "Turn the page" or "Make a cup of coffee".

Robots are also used in American hospitals. They can do simple jobs. At one hospital, for example, a robot takes meals from the kitchen to patients' rooms. It never gets lost because this robot has a map of the hospital in its computer memory.

Though robots can help people in many different ways, they will never take the place of humans.

61. From the passage, we know robots cannot be _____.

- A. dangerous animals B. factory workers
C. guide dogs D. hospital helpers

62. A robot guide dog _____.

- A. goes in front of blind people
B. walks side by side with blind people
C. has a map in its head
D. helps patients with their meals

63. The underlined word "disabled" means _____.

- A. 不能的 B. 有害的 C. 失灵的 D. 残疾的

64. Some disabled people need robots' help to _____.

- A. take care of themselves
B. talk to other people
C. become scientists
D. do dangerous jobs

65. In the passage, the writer wants to tell us that _____.

- A. robots are stronger and cleverer than humans
B. disabled people cannot look after themselves without the robots
C. robots will take the place of humans some day in the future
D. robots can help humans in many different ways

C

请阅读 66~70 人员的相关信息,然后与 A~G 的广告相匹配。

66. **Liang and Wang**, both teachers, are going to take their summer holidays at some beautiful seaside. They like good wine and shopping.
67. **Chen Hui and Li Hong**, university students, want to travel on very little money, and would like to get to know the country

by working with the local(当地的) people for two weeks.

68. **Mr Zhang**, a young and busy manager, needs a holiday to relax. He would like to go somewhere warm and sunny, where he can swim in the sea, and he enjoys sports and dancing.

69. **Mr Lee and his wife**, who have recently retired(退休), want to see places of cultural and historic interest, but Mrs Lee hates flying.

70. **Ling Xia**, a nurse in a hospital in Guangzhou, hopes to spend her 21st birthday in the north and skate on real ice.

A. Seven Days on Jinsha Island

Seven-day holidays on Jinsha Island, lovely beach with golden sands and deep blue sea. Sailing and some other water sports as well as dancing to local music.

B. East China in Comfort

Comfortable coach tours around five cities in East China. Six days out of normal holiday season, seeing local culture.

C. A Four-day Holidays in Guilin

Relax yourselves for a four-day holidays in Guilin. Stay in Lijiang Hotel. Taste delicious Guilin rice noodle. A tour on Lijiang River by boat.

D. Holiday Homes in Sanya

Holiday flats in Sanya in summer season by the sea, yet near shops and restaurants.

E. One Day Travel in Guangzhou

Climb Mt. Baiyun in the morning, visit Yuexiu Park and other sceneries after lunch. A night time boat trip on Pearl River at 8:00.

F. One Week on Sun Island, Harbin

One-week holidays in the Full Moon Hotel. Beautiful flats with sights of Sun Lake. Skating, skiing and other winter sports.

G. Farm Holidays in Guizhou

Working holidays on a farm in Guizhou for one to three months, if prepared to work with the farmers. Rooms, food and trips all provided free—you only pay for the low cost traffic.

V. 看图短文填空(本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 并借助上下文和插图, 补充所缺信息。每空只能填写一个形式正确、意义相符的单词。



Joe, a 15-year-old boy, wanted to have a 71. _____ of his own. He asked his parents for the money and they said he must get it by 72. _____. But how did he get it? On his way home one day, he was 73. _____ about this. Not many people wanted to ask children to work for them. Maybe he could sweep away snow for the neighbours. But it was not 74. _____. He had to wait a long time for that. He couldn't cut grass for their gardens, 75. _____ he was too young to do such work.

Just at that moment, he saw Dick, one of his classmates, delivering(派送) 76. _____.

"I could do that," he thought. He asked Dick a lot of

questions. He learned that it 77. _____ Dick about three hours a day to do the job and he could get twenty-five dollars each week. He asked Dick to 78. _____ him the phone number of the newspaper manager.

Joe almost flew home. After he had told his mother what he thought, she said, "I think it is a 79. _____ idea!"

"I'll 80. _____ the newspaper manager," said Joe, "After all, I'm going to be a businessman." Joe's mother smiled happily.

VI. 读写综合(本大题分为 A、B 两部分, 共 20 分)

A. 信息归纳(共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分)

下面是一篇学生评述老师的短文。请阅读下面短文, 按信息表中项目要求, 填写信息卡, 每小题填写不得超过 3 个词。

Memories about Teachers

Recently we made a survey(调查) and asked a large number of people to tell us about their teachers. Here is what they remembered about their teachers:

"What teachers do I remember? Well, I remember my first teacher. She was so kind and pretty, and she told us many interesting stories."

"I remember an English teacher—he always had coloured socks; red, green, even orange."

"I remember a math teacher. She was always dressed very well. I couldn't stop looking at her. I wanted to be like her."

"Our chemistry teacher. He was so strict. We were afraid of him. I don't think he liked us."

"The physics teacher was so boring. He could make us fall asleep very quickly."

"One year we had a really good Chinese language teacher. He was very patient and told very funny stories. He was popular with all the class. We always worked hard for him. We are his friends."

"The P. E. teacher always said I was stupid. I thought teachers should give us encouragement. I am not interested in sports because of him."

"I had one history teacher who always wore clothes of the same colour. In three years I never saw him change."

"I remember two teachers well. One was my music teacher who was very active, and usually had a loud voice. The other was my computer teacher, who was very serious, but he really helped me when I had problems at any time."

Information Card

81.	Number of all the teachers that are mentioned	
82.	Reason why the students were afraid of the chemistry teacher	
83.	Personality(性格) of the Chinese language teacher	
84.	Expectation(期待) of the students for the P. E. teacher	
85.	The teacher who had a loud voice	

B. 书面表达(本题 15 分)

阅读完以上短文, 你想起了哪些老师? 初中阶段你印象最深的又是哪位老师? 请结合以上短文内容, 用英语写一篇题为 "The Teacher I Never Forget" 的作文。

内容包括:

33. A. exciting B. excitedly C. excitement D. excited
 34. A. make B. makes C. is making D. is made
 35. A. So B. But C. When D. Though

III. 完形填空(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文,掌握其大意,然后从 36~45 各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中,选出最佳选项。

Years ago a farmer owned land near the sea. He always needed workers to help him, but most people did not want to work on farms near the sea. They were 36 of the terrible storms that often hit and destroyed(毁坏) buildings and plants.

Finally, a short man came to the farmer. "Are you a good worker?" the farmer asked him. "Well, I can sleep when the wind blows," answered the little man. Although surprised by this answer, the farmer, who really needed 37, gave him the job. The little man 38 very hard on the farm, and the farmer felt 39 with his work.

Then one night the wind blew loudly in from the sea. Jumping out of bed, the farmer 40 to the short man's room. The farmer shouted, "Get up! A 41 is coming! Tie(系) things down before they blow away!" But the little man lay in bed 42 and said, "No sir. I told you, I can sleep when the wind blows."

Hearing the words, the farmer hurried outside to 43 the storm on his own. To his surprise, he found that everything was tied down and nothing could blow away. The farmer then 44 what the short man meant, so he returned to his bed to sleep while the wind blew.

When you're prepared, you have nothing to worry about. Can you 45 when the wind blows through your life?

36. A. afraid B. sure C. careful D. glad
 37. A. money B. experience C. help D. time
 38. A. stayed B. worked C. moved D. slept
 39. A. worried B. angry C. sorry D. pleased
 40. A. rushed B. fell C. left D. returned
 41. A. man B. storm C. snake D. boat
 42. A. lazily B. quickly C. badly D. hardly
 43. A. wait for B. call for C. look for D. prepare for
 44. A. asked B. understood C. heard D. wondered
 45. A. work B. stand C. sleep D. live

IV. 阅读理解(共 20 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 40 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中,选出最佳选项。

A

A Country Mouse once invited his city cousin to visit him on the farm. He planned to show the City Mouse how happy life in the countryside could be. But there had been no rain that summer and the earth was very dry. Nothing would grow. As the two mice sat eating some rice they had been able to find, and looked over the dead fields, the City Mouse said, "Dear cousin, your life seems so hard here. Why don't you come to the city with me where I can give you anything you want?"

The Country Mouse loved his home and had never left it before. Although life was sometimes difficult, he could always

find enough to eat. But the City Mouse would not give up. He told the Country Mouse of the big dinners he would enjoy every evening and the bright lights that made the night in the city seem like day. Finally the Country Mouse agreed to go to the city with him. When they arrived, true to his word, the City Mouse prepared a big dinner of fresh bread, fruit, cheese and chocolate cake.

Just as they were about to eat, the door flew open and in came a woman, the home's owner, who ran angrily at the mice. They quickly ran away through a small hole in the wall, but things went from bad to worse. They found themselves on a busy street, facing hundreds of human feet and worst of all, dozens of fast travelling cars. The Country Mouse was scared, hungry and did not know what to do. When he turned to his cousin for help, he saw the City Mouse was already far away, running into a dark, quiet street.

After his cousin had gone, the Country Mouse thought to himself, "Oh, why did I leave my simple life for the city? Although it was hard, at least I lived in safety and without fear."

46. The City Mouse didn't like the countryside because _____.

- A. the weather was wet B. there was no food to eat
 C. life was too difficult D. there was nothing to do

47. Why did the mice rush out of the house?

- A. They wanted to run away from the angry woman.
 B. There were too many people inside.
 C. They wanted to see the cars outside.
 D. They were feeling very hungry.

48. What scared the Country Mouse most in the city?

- A. The dark and quiet street.
 B. The owner of the house.
 C. The bright lights on the street.
 D. The many fast travelling cars.

49. Which of the following is TRUE according to the story?

- A. The Country Mouse had never been to the city before.
 B. The City Mouse helped his cousin a lot.
 C. There were many dark and quiet streets in the city.
 D. The Country Mouse had a lot of friends in the city.

50. Where did the Country Mouse most probably go at the end of the story?

- A. Into a hole in the wall.
 B. Into the woman's house.
 C. To a car on a street.
 D. To his home in the countryside.

B

Americans buy more bottled water than any other nation in the world. 29 billion bottles of water are drunk each year. It takes 17 million barrels of crude oil to make these bottles. That's enough oil to keep a million cars going for twelve months.

So why don't more people drink water from the tap(水龙头) in the kitchen? Some people drink bottled water because they think it is better for them than water out of the tap, but that's not true. In the United States, the government makes sure water from the tap is safe.

People love bottled water because it is convenient(便利的) to

take with them. But maybe if they understand the problems it makes, they will try drinking from a glass at home or carrying water in a reusable bottle instead of a plastic one. Although plastic water bottles can be turned into some other useful things, only a small number of them are reused. The rest are taken away in rubbish trucks, or even worse, they end up as rubbish on the land and in rivers, lakes, and the ocean. Plastic bottles take hundreds of years to break down.

Water is good for you, so keep drinking it. But think about how often you use plastic water bottles, and see if you can make a change. If you take one to school, don't throw it away—bring it home and put tap water in it for the next day.

51. How many plastic water bottles do Americans use every year?

- A. 1 million.
- B. 17 million.
- C. 12 billion.
- D. 29 billion.

52. Why do Americans love bottled water?

- A. It's good for the environment.
- B. It is easy to carry.
- C. It is cheap.
- D. It is good for their health.

53. The underlined word "they" (Paragraph 3) refers to "_____".

- A. the problems
- B. the bottles
- C. the rubbish trucks
- D. the glasses

54. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. It takes a long time to make plastic water bottles.
- B. Only a few plastic water bottles are reused.
- C. Plastic water bottles are made from useless things.
- D. People who drink tap water are healthier.

55. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. It is important to save water.
- B. We should use less oil.
- C. We should use fewer plastic water bottles.
- D. It is good to drink a lot of bottled water.

C

This summer holiday, if you want to learn something new, make new friends or just have some fun, come and join one or more of our exciting new courses.

Course A: Improve Your Swimming

Swimming is not only healthy for you but it can be a lot of fun too. But many people have never had the chance to learn or know only one stroke(式样). This course will teach you all five basic swimming strokes and help you feel safe as you move through the water. If you want an enjoyable course, this is for you. The course will run for two hours each morning. Students should already have basic swimming skills and be able to swim 50 metres without stopping.

Trainer: Sports Centre Team

Cost: £79

Course B: Sing Your Heart Out

Singing is a healthy and enjoyable activity and something we can all do. You will learn how to bring out your voice and how to stand so you can sing clearly and loudly. But the main focus is on the pleasure and joy that singing can bring. Don't worry if you've never sung with others, or don't think you have a voice.

This is about singing in a group of friends. Jude believes everyone can sing. The course will run each Monday morning.

Trainer: Jude Glendinning

Cost: £39

Course C: Spanish for Beginners

In this course you will learn the basics of Spanish. Spanish is one of the easiest languages to learn and the third most spoken language in the world. After the course, you can look forward to practising your skills on your next visit to Spain. To make sure you can get the most out of the week, teaching will be mostly in Spanish. The course will be held every afternoon from Monday to Friday.

Trainer: Cristina Lopez Serrano

Cost: £153

Course D: Summer Read

Summer Read is for those who do not wish to join a taught course. In this course, you can spend every day doing your own study or research or enjoying the library's books and magazines. At the start of the course a librarian will take you on a tour of the library and, during the rest of the course, librarians will always be ready to help you if needed.

Cost: £75

56. Where can you probably read this course information?

- A. On the Internet.
- B. In a dictionary.
- C. In a diary.
- D. In a story book.

57. Which of the following is TRUE about Course A?

- A. The course is only for beginners.
- B. The course will run for the whole morning.
- C. You will learn different swimming strokes.
- D. You will learn to swim 50 metres without stopping.

58. Susan is interested in sports and music but she doesn't have much money. Which course will she choose?

- A. Course A.
- B. Course B.
- C. Course C.
- D. Course D.

59. The underlined words "have a voice" mean "_____".

- A. can be heard
- B. have a sore throat
- C. can sing well
- D. like singing

60. What do we know about these courses?

- A. All the courses will be held on weekdays.
- B. Each course gives you a lot of practice.

- C. There are one or more trainers for each course.
D. Experience isn't needed for some courses.

D

The world may be a big place but when it comes to teenagers' reading habits(习惯), the differences are quite small.

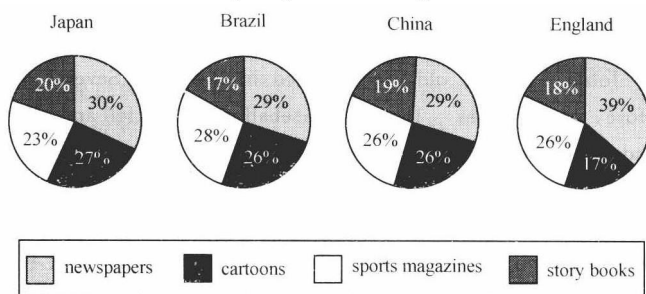
Recently young people from Japan, Brazil, China and England were asked questions about what, why and how often they read. The study, done by London University, wanted to find out if there were any important differences in teenagers' reading habits.

In the study, 200 teenagers from each of the four countries were asked to make a list of what they read in a week. They were then asked to write down why they read each thing on their lists. Finally the teenagers said how much time they spent reading each thing in a week.

Here is some of what was found out. On average(平均) teenagers read for 17.5 hours per week. Japanese teenagers read for 18.5 hours per week, a little more than those from China (18 hours), Brazil (17 hours) and England (16.5 hours). Teenagers mainly read for two different reasons: "for study" and "for fun". In each country, they spent 60% of their reading time "for study" and 40% "for fun". Reading "for study" took so much of teenagers' time as most of them are still at school.

The study also found what teenagers read was almost the same. Course books were the only thing they read "for study", but when it came to reading "for fun", teenagers most often mentioned newspapers, cartoons, sports magazines and story books (for more information, see the picture).

Time teenagers spent on reading "for fun"



61. How many teenagers took part in the study?
A. 200 B. 400
C. 600 D. 800
62. What is the third paragraph(段落) about?
A. Who did the study.
B. When the study was done.
C. How the study was done.
D. Why the study was done.
63. Who spent the most time reading according to the study?
A. Japanese teenagers.
B. Chinese teenagers.
C. Brazilian teenagers.
D. English teenagers.
64. Why did teenagers spend more time reading "for study" than reading "for fun"?
A. Because most teenagers are still at school.

- B. Because teenagers think reading "for study" is more interesting.
C. Because teenagers feel happier when reading "for study".
D. Because there are fewer things for them to read "for fun".

65. According to the picture, what is the most popular thing to read "for fun"?

- A. Story books.
B. Sports magazines.
C. Newspapers.
D. Cartoons.

V. 写作(满分 30 分)

第一节 单词拼写(共 5 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 5 分)

根据下列句子及所给单词的首字母写出所缺单词。在填写答案时,要求写出完整的单词。(每空只写一词)

66. Where is your mum, Ben?
She is busy cooking d _____ in the kitchen.
67. Sorry, it's noisy here and I can't h _____ what you said.
Could you please say it again?
68. Your new school bag looks very nice. How much did you p _____ for it?
69. Can you give me a hand, please? The cupboard is too h _____ to move by myself.
70. Hurry up, or you'll be l _____ for school.

第二节 完成句子(共 5 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

根据所给的汉语内容,用英语完成下列句子。(每空只写一词)

71. 每天晚餐后我通常和妈妈去散步。
I usually _____ with my mum after supper every day.
72. 瞧! 我们的新教室多么干净和明亮。
Look! _____ and bright our new classroom is.
73. 为了听早间新闻, 怀特先生经常很早起床。
Mr White often gets up very early _____ he can listen to the morning news.
74. 去年我们学校建了一个新的游泳池。
A new swimming pool _____ in our school last year.
75. 迈克还没有决定在哪买新房。
Mike hasn't decided _____ a new house yet.

第三节 书面表达(共 1 小题,满分 15 分)

假如你叫李华,你校将开展一个题为"All about me"的英文写作活动。请按要求写一篇英语短文。内容包括:

1. 你的爱好;
2. 你的优点和缺点;
3. 用具体事例说明你的某个优点或缺点。

注意:

1. 词数 80 左右(文章的开头已给出,不计入总词数);
2. 不得透露学校、姓名等任何个人信息,否则不予评分。

All about me

My name is Li Hua and I'm from Class 2 Junior 3. _____

深 圳 市

(考试时间 90 分钟, 满分 85 分)

第 I 部分 选择题 (60 分)

I. 选择填空 (15 分)

从下面每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。
(共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分)

1. —How do you go to _____ work?
—I usually take _____ bus.
A. the; a B. /; a C. a; a D. the; /
2. —Two _____ died in the accident.
—_____ terrible it is!
A. policemen; How B. policeman; What
C. police; What D. policemen; How
3. —Which would you like, tea or coffee?
—Either _____ OK, but I prefer coffee _____ milk.
A. is; has B. are; with
C. is; with D. are; has
4. —Arthur is responsible _____ the newspaper, isn't he?
—_____, but Joyce is. She's the chief editor.
A. of; Yes, he isn't B. for; Yes, he is
C. of; No, he is D. for; No, he isn't
5. —The cake looks _____.
—Yes, and it tastes even _____.
A. well; good B. nice; better
C. good; worse D. better; best
6. —Do you know the boy _____ is sitting next to Peter?
—Yes. He is Peter's friend. They are celebrating his _____ birthday.
A. who; ninth B. that; ninth
C. /; ninth D. which; ninth
7. —_____ late for school again, Tim!
—Sorry, I promise that I _____.
A. Don't; won't B. Don't be; won't
C. Don't be; don't D. Don't; will
8. —_____ is the library from our school?
—It's quite near. Just go _____ the road.
A. How far; cross B. How long; across
C. How far; across D. How long; cross
9. —Dad, why should I stop _____ computer games?
—For your health, my boy, I'm afraid you _____.
A. to play; must B. playing; have to
C. to play; can D. playing; may
10. —I phoned you at six last night, but _____ answered.
—I _____ a walk in the park at that time.
A. no one; was having B. anyone; was having
C. nobody; had D. somebody; had
11. —Could you tell me _____? He is wanted by the head teacher.

- Sorry, I've no idea. But he _____ here just now.
A. where Tim was; was B. where is Tim; was
C. where Tim is; was D. where Tim is; is
12. —It's raining, Daisy. Please _____ an umbrella with you.
—Thanks. I'll return it to you when I _____ next week.
A. take; come B. take; will come
C. bring; come D. bring; will come
13. —_____ that new bike over there?
—I think it's _____.
A. Who's; Sam B. Who's; Sam's
C. Whose is; Sam D. Whose is; Sam's
14. —How about _____ in the river with us?
—Sorry, I can't. My parents often tell me _____ that.
A. swim; don't do B. swim; to do
C. swimming; not do D. swimming; not to do
15. —David, turn off the TV _____ no one is watching it.
—But it _____ off already! The music is from the radio.
A. so that; has been turned
B. when; has turned
C. if; has been turned
D. because; has turned

II. 完形填空 (10 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。(共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分)

John, 11 years old, was in bed in hospital. Several days before, while he was 16 in a baseball game, he fell and hit his head. The doctors believed that he might 17 get well.

"He seems to have given up hope. So medicines alone won't 18. Perhaps he needs something else," said a doctor. "When I visit him, all he ever says is that he would like to meet Babe Ruth."

To meet Babe Ruth, of course, was not 19. In America, Babe Ruth was as 20 a man as the president himself, and he was the most famous baseball player.

The next day John's father managed to tell Babe Ruth about the story of his son on the phone. Twenty-four hours later, as the boy 21 in his hospital room, in walked 22. Young John could hardly believe his own eyes!

The great baseball player sat down at John's bedside, saying, "Now, listen, kid, you've got to get well. I've brought you a new American League baseball, 23 you must start throwing it."

For John this was the beginning of a new life. 24 his doctors' surprise, the boy walked out of the hospital on his own a few weeks later. He was able to live a healthy life—all because of the 25 of Babe Ruth.

16. A. looking B. playing C. taking D. sitting

17. A. never B. ever C. always D. certainly
 18. A. fit B. make C. go D. do
 19. A. easy B. lucky C. difficult D. successful
 20. A. strong B. important C. kind D. clever
 21. A. waited B. lied C. prepared D. lay
 22. A. his father B. his doctor
 C. Babe Ruth D. the president
 23. A. though B. because C. or D. so
 24. A. In B. To C. At D. For
 25. A. story B. basketball C. present D. life

III. 阅读理解(35分)

i. 阅读下列短文,从下面每小題的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选择最佳选项。(共 25 小題,每小題 1 分)

A

A professor from New York University once went to a remote area to do some science research. One day, he ate something wrong and became sick, but it was too far to go back to the city. "I have to see a doctor," he said to a local. "How can I be sure of getting a good one?"

"It's easy," was the reply. "Every time a doctor loses a patient, it's our law that he must fly a balloon above his office."

So he began his search. One doctor flew 20 balloons, another 30. Then the professor found an office that was flying only five, and went in.

"You'll have to wait. I've been very busy," the young doctor told him. "I started my business only yesterday."

26. The professor was from _____.
 A. Australia B. Britain
 C. Japan D. America
27. The word "remote" in the first sentence means _____.
 A. 遥远的 B. 繁华的
 C. 附近的 D. 城市的
28. He wanted to find a doctor because _____.
 A. he wanted to do science research
 B. he wanted to fly a balloon
 C. he wanted to speak to a local
 D. he became sick
29. The young doctor was the _____ doctor the professor found.
 A. first B. second C. third D. fourth
30. Which of the following statements is true according to the passage?
 A. The professor went to the remote area to see a doctor.
 B. The doctor who had five balloons was the best one.
 C. The doctor had five balloons because he had lost five patients.
 D. The local told the professor to see the doctor with five balloons.

B

At the shopping mall, you probably think about spending, not saving. Think about all the lights that keep the mall bright. Think about all the water faucets(水龙头) in the toilet. Think about all the air conditioning in summer. Saving energy is a hot

topic for such a big place!

Many things at the mall use energy. Electric lights, infrared(红外感应) faucets and air-conditioners need electricity to work. One way to save energy is by keeping lights clean. More and more dust and dirt make the lights less bright. When malls keep lights clean, they can use fewer lights and keep the area just as bright. Using fewer lights means using less energy.

You step up to the water faucet. The water starts to flow. You don't have to touch a thing. Why do malls have such fancy faucets? The answer is simple. They save water. Sometimes people forget to turn the water off after they wash. Infrared faucets turn themselves off.

The ...

31. _____ is a hot topic for a big mall.
 A. To spend money B. To save energy
 C. To keep the mall bright D. To buy things
32. Malls use infrared faucets mainly because _____.
 A. they save water B. they are fancy
 C. they are simple D. they turn themselves off
33. Which of the following **cannot** save energy?
 A. Using fewer lights. B. Using infrared faucets.
 C. Using air-conditioners. D. Keeping lights clean.
34. What will the fourth paragraph probably talk about?
 A. How to save water when using infrared faucets in the mall.
 B. How to save energy when using air-conditioners in the mall.
 C. How to save money when shopping in the mall.
 D. How to spend money when shopping in the mall.
35. The best title for the passage is _____.
 A. Lights, faucets and air-conditioners
 B. Spending less money
 C. Energy saving at the mall
 D. A hot topic

C

One of the most famous scientists to study adaptations(适应能力) was Charles Darwin(达尔文). He was born in England in 1809. He wasn't the best student in his school, but when he was 16, his father sent him to a medical school. Charles liked spending time outdoors observing(观察) nature more than attending medical classes. He dropped out without graduating.

Next, Charles's father sent him to school to become a minister(牧师). This time he made it to graduation. But he didn't want to do the work of a minister. His friends encouraged him to follow his interest in science.

After graduation, Charles was invited to sail on the *Beagle* as an unpaid scientist. He wasn't the first choice, but he was the lucky one to go. The *Beagle* was to travel to South America and then around the world. The crew's task was to make maps of the places they visited.

On December 27th, 1831, Charles Darwin sailed from England on the *Beagle*. The trip was planned to last two years. In fact, it lasted five. During this time, he saw many amazing

things. He collected lots of plants and animals and took them back to England to study.

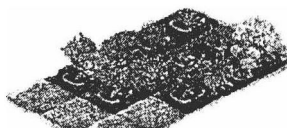
Twenty-three years later, Darwin published an important scientific paper with another man named Wallace. Darwin described how some animals have adaptations that help them survive. They are passed on to offspring(后代). Darwin's ideas about adaptations are still very important to the study of living things.

36. Darwin was very interested in _____.
 A. attending medical classes
 B. the work of a minister
 C. sailing around the world
 D. science
37. The *Beagle* was a(an) _____.
 A. ship B. plane C. plant D. animal
38. When Darwin published the scientific paper, he was _____ years old.
 A. twenty-three B. twenty-two
 C. forty-five D. fifty
39. The underlined word "they" in the last paragraph refers to(指的是) _____.
 A. adaptations B. Darwin and Wallace
 C. animals D. Darwin's ideas
40. Which of the following is true?
 A. Darwin graduated from a medical school.
 B. Some animals have adaptations so that they can survive.
 C. Darwin published a scientific paper by himself.
 D. Darwin was first chosen to sail on the *Beagle*.

D

Having Fun "Growing" and "Stealing"?

Recently, an Internet game has become a new fashion among young office workers and students. People can "farm" on a piece of "land" and "grow", "sell" or even "steal", "vegetables", "flowers", and "fruits" on the Net. They can earn some e-money and buy more "seeds", "pets", and even "houses".



- Joyce interviewed some young people. Here are their opinions.
- Harold: I don't quite understand why they are so mad about the childish game. Maybe they are just not confident enough to face the real world.
- Allan: I enjoy putting some "bugs" in my friends' gardens and we've become closer because of the game. Having fun together is the most exciting thing about it.
- Laura: You know, people in the city are longing for(渴望) the life in the countryside. It reduces my work pressure(压力); besides, it gives me the exciting experience of being a "thief".
- Ivy: Well, it's just a waste of time. Teenagers playing the game spend so many hours on it that they can not focus on(专注于) their study.
41. According to the passage, people can't _____ things in this game.

A. grow B. borrow C. steal D. sell

42. Among the people Joyce interviewed, _____ likes the game while _____ dislikes the game.
 A. Laura; Allan B. Allan; Harold
 C. Harold; Ivy D. Ivy; Allan
43. From Laura's words, we can guess that she's most probably _____.
 A. a student B. an office worker
 C. a farmer D. a thief
44. Which is **NOT** the reason why people like the game?
 A. They are longing for country life.
 B. They can have fun with friends.
 C. The game can relax people and give them a new experience.
 D. They are confident enough to face the real world.
45. Where can you find this passage?
 A. In a car magazine. B. In an advertisement.
 C. In a newspaper. D. In a science book.

E

	<p>Xiao Shenyang will present a comedy in mid-May. You'll enjoy <i>Errenzhuan</i>, a local folk dance from Northeast China.</p> <p>Time: 8 pm May 10</p> <p>Tickets: 280~800 yuan</p> <p>Venue: Shenzhen Sports Centre</p> <p>Booking: 11185</p>
	<p>Rubina Ali, the young actress who played Lakita in "Slumdog Millionaire" (《贫民窟的百万富翁》), is performing in a musical named "Sleeping Beauty".</p> <p>Time: 7:30 pm June 1</p> <p>Tickets: 280 yuan</p> <p>Venue: Shenzhen Poly Theatre</p> <p>Booking: 86371698</p>
	<p>Liu Qian, a well-known magician(魔术师) from Taiwan, is performing wonderful magic tricks.</p> <p>Time: 3 pm June 20</p> <p>Tickets: 500 yuan(5% off if you buy online)</p> <p>Venue: Shenzhen Children's Palace</p> <p>Booking: 89812344</p>
	<p>Britain's singing sensation Susan Boyle is coming! You may enjoy her angelic voice in her concert.</p> <p>Time: 8 pm July 25</p> <p>Tickets: 380~700 yuan</p> <p>Venue: Shenzhen Grand Theatre</p> <p>Booking: 82337625</p>

46. According to the advertisement, you can dial _____ to book a concert ticket.
 A. 82337625 B. 86371698
 C. 89812344 D. 11185

47. If you want to go to a musical, you should go to _____.

- A. Shenzhen Grand Theatre
- B. Shenzhen Sports Centre
- C. Shenzhen Poly Theatre
- D. Shenzhen Children's Palace

48. Xiao Shenyang will present _____.

- A. a musical
- B. a concert
- C. a magic show
- D. a local folk dance

49. How much can you save if you buy two tickets to Liu Qian's magic show online?

- A. 950 yuan.
- B. 10 yuan.
- C. 25 yuan.
- D. 50 yuan.

50. You can go to _____ in your summer holiday.

- A. Xiao Shenyang's folk dance
- B. Rubina Ali's musical
- C. Susan Boyle's concert
- D. Liu Qian's magic show

ii. 选择下列词汇或短语完成下面对话。(共5小题)

- | | | |
|----------------|-------------|-----------|
| A. go shopping | B. received | C. attend |
| D. idea | E. sooner | F. miss |

Nina: Are you going to Jane's birthday party, Wendy?

Wendy: Yes. I 51. _____ her invitation yesterday. Are you going tomorrow, Nina?

Nina: Yes, of course. I wouldn't 52. _____ her birthday party for anything.

Wendy: Could you tell me what I should take as a birthday present?

Nina: I was going to ask the same question.

Wendy: We must hurry. The 53. _____, the better.

Nina: I can't agree more. Well, I'll tell you what. Let's 54. _____ together right now and pick out what she may like.

Wendy: Good 55. _____!

iii. 选择下列句子完成下面对话。(共5小题)

- | |
|---|
| A. I'll watch it. |
| B. What are you doing? |
| C. I'd rather watch some other programmes. |
| D. Don't worry. |
| E. How was your science exam? |
| F. Which teams are playing? |
| G. Is there a football match on TV tonight? |

Richard: Hi, Simon. 56. _____

Simon: Not too good.

Richard: Well, the term exam is always more difficult. 57. _____ You'll certainly do better next time.

Simon: But unluckily, I've never done well in the science exam.

Richard: Come on, Simon! Let's talk about the football match tonight. It is much more interesting.

Simon: 58. _____

Richard: Yes. It's between the Chinese team and the Japanese team.

Simon: Er... 59. _____

Richard: Why? Everybody knows you are a football fan.

Simon: The Chinese team has always played badly in the important matches, just as I have done in the important exams.

Richard: Well, I think the team is making good progress.

60. _____

第II部分 非选择题(25分)

IV. 解释句子(10分)

根据自己的理解,用已学过的英语解释下列句子。(共5小题,每小题2分)

要求:对画线部分做重点解释,写出的句子必须是对原句的全部解释,必须是完整的句子。

61. Long time no see.

62. People make fun of others on April Fool's Day.

63. This book is less interesting than that one.

64. How do you like the song?

65. The meeting came to an end at 7 o'clock.

V. 书面表达(15分)

请你根据某学校的一个广播通知,填写下面的海报。(共5小题,每小题1分)

May I have your attention, please? I have an announcement to make.

Since the A/H1N1 flu is around us, we should pay great attention to our health and get some knowledge about the terrible disease. Our school has invited Doctor Li to give us a talk about how to prevent(预防) the flu. It will start at 4:00 on Friday afternoon in our school lecture hall. Students in Grade Seven are required to attend the talk. Please be there on time.

That's all. Thank you.

An Important Talk

Topic: How to prevent the 66. _____

Time: At 67. _____ on Friday afternoon

Place: School lecture 68. _____

Speaker: 69. _____

70. _____ Seven students must be present.

71. 假设你是 Doctor Li, 请你用英文写一篇发言稿,从作息、饮食、运动、卫生习惯等方面谈谈如何预防甲型 H1N1 流感。(共1题,10分)

要求:(1)包含至少3点建议。

(2)条理清楚,意思连贯,语句通顺,标点正确。

(3)发言稿中不得出现真实的校名和姓名。

(4)60~80词。

佛山市

(考试时间 90 分钟, 满分 120 分)

I. 听力(共两节, 满分 20 分, 略)

II. 语言知识及应用(共两节, 满分 25 分)

第一节 单项选择(共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下列各题, 从各题所给的 A、B、C 项中, 选出最佳选项。

21. — Which film do you prefer, *Harry Potter* or *The Lord of the Rings*?

— _____. They are really wonderful.

A. Neither B. Both C. Either

22. He took the MP3 player with him _____ he could enjoy music during the trip.

A. because B. so that C. when

23. After Lucy and Lily, Tony is now _____ student to win the game in our class.

A. the third B. a third C. the second

24. — Do you like the song *You and Me*?

— Yes, very much. I've never heard _____.

A. a better one B. a good one C. the best one

25. — My sister didn't go to school yesterday because she didn't feel well.

— _____ What was the matter?

A. That's bad news.

B. Poor her!

C. I'm sorry to hear that.

26. People often saw him walking _____ the river on Sunday mornings.

A. in B. with C. along

27. Your idea _____ like a good one. You are really a clever man!

A. looks B. sounds C. feels

28. Jack didn't pass the exam, but I believe he _____ pass it next time if he works harder.

A. must B. may C. can

29. You'd better stay inside. The radio says there _____ heavy rain and strong wind.

A. have B. will have C. will be

30. Yesterday I was working in my office when suddenly the door _____ and Jim came in.

A. was open B. was opened C. had opened

31. — _____ does Mr Lee look when he wears Jeans?

— Very smart.

A. What B. How C. Where

32. This is a small table and it won't _____ too much space.

A. take up B. fill in C. add to

33. When I asked _____ I should go for lunch, he suggested several restaurants.

A. whether B. when C. where

34. It has rained more than a month here. _____ terrible

weather it is!

A. What

B. How

C. How a

35. Yesterday I interviewed the farmer _____ daughter went to college at the age of 14.

A. his

B. who

C. whose

第二节 完形填空(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的 A、B、C 项中, 选出最佳选项。

When I was a child, I liked to watch my friends play. I would _____ 36 _____ them sometimes, but I preferred watching most of the time.

Every day, we would see an old man walking by our playground and _____ 37 _____ an umbrella. He had big ears but had no hair. No matter when my friends saw him pass by, they would _____ 38 _____, "Hey, deaf(聋子) and dumb(哑巴), what's the time?" They told me that he could neither hear nor _____ 39 _____.

It was _____ 40 _____ evening of the day. I was standing at the gate of my _____ 41 _____ when I saw the old man coming. I was _____ 42 _____. There were no friends around to shout the _____ 43 _____ words of "greeting".

But how could I let this man walk by without _____ 44 _____ anything? So for the first time, I asked, "Hey, deaf and dumb, what's the time?"

The old man looked at me. Then he looked at his _____ 45 _____ and replied, "It's 5:30."

I ran inside the house and never shouted at the old man after that day.

36. A. watch B. join C. ask

37. A. carrying B. selling C. seeing

38. A. sing B. run C. shout

39. A. speak B. see C. answer

40. A. late B. deep C. early

41. A. room B. house C. school

42. A. afraid B. alone C. cold

43. A. usual B. ordinary C. normal

44. A. saying B. taking C. getting

45. A. umbrella B. home C. watch

III. 阅读理解(共 20 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 40 分)

阅读下列短文, 从各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中, 选出最佳选项。

A

A Manchester teenager has received a phone bill(账单) for over £450 after sending 3,500 text messages in just one month.

Tony Russell has had his new mobile phone for only three months, but now his father, Lionel, has taken it away.

"He's been asking me for a mobile for years because all his friends have got one," explained Lionel. "I finally bought one for

his birthday because he's been doing so well at school, but he and his friends are crazy(疯狂的) about sending text messages. They do it all the time. They even text each other from different sides of the school playground."

Tony said, "I thought texting was much cheaper than phoning, so I've been texting my friends all day long and even into the early hours of the morning. I've been going to bed at 2:00 most nights. Sometimes my hand hurt because I pressed the buttons so much, but I was having such good fun that I couldn't stop!"

His father said, "I have forgiven him, but I am angry with the phone company as they are encouraging this crazy behaviour." He has made his son promise to pay back the money, so Tony has been working on Saturdays. He has found a job in a shoe shop. "I think it will take me about a year to clear this debt(债务)," he said.

46. What does the passage mainly talk about?

- A. A father who worries about his son.
- B. A teenager who sent too many text messages.
- C. Young students' problems at school.
- D. A young man and his friends.

47. Tony got the mobile phone because _____.

- A. he's been asking for it for years
- B. all his friends have got one
- C. he needs a birthday present
- D. he's been doing well at school

48. The underlined (画线的) word "text" probably means _____.

- A. make a phone to
- B. send messages to
- C. write a letter to
- D. read textbooks to

49. When he sent text messages, Tony _____.

- A. made friends at school
- B. hurt himself
- C. felt quite happy
- D. got help from his friends

50. How much money does Tony get for his job every month?

- A. About £40.
- B. About £80.
- C. About £350.
- D. About £450.

B

Sam and Danny cannot believe that they have to move away from Florida. Florida is so wonderful! They can play outside all day long—every day. It is almost always warm and sunny, and all of their friends live there. What will they do without Brendan, Bailey, John, Alexis, and Brian? They will never have great days without these boys. Never!

However, Sam and Danny are very excited for their dad. He has a great new job. The only problem is that the job is in New Hampshire. Danny was not even sure where this state was. After learning that it is quite close to Canada, both boys did get a little excited about playing in the snow. Danny has always wanted to learn to ski, and Sam thinks playing ice hockey will be fun.

Sam and Danny also like the location(位置) of New Hampshire. It is between Maine and Vermont. Neither of the boys has ever visited this part of the country, so they are now looking forward to exploring a new area. They only wished their

friends could come with them! Their parents have promised that they can visit their old friends during spring holiday and even go to Disney World. The boys think that moving to New Hampshire will not be so bad after all.

51. How do Sam and Danny feel at first when they have to leave Florida?

- A. They are happy.
- B. They are excited.
- C. They think it's great.
- D. They don't want to leave.

52. Which is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. They won't be happy after they leave Florida.
- B. John and Alexis are Sam and Danny's friends.
- C. Danny knows New Hampshire well.
- D. Florida is near Canada.

53. Sam and Danny are excited for their dad because _____.

- A. he has a great new job
- B. his new job is in New Hampshire
- C. New Hampshire is close to Canada
- D. they will play in the snow in the future

54. Maine and Vermont are probably two _____.

- A. cities
- B. countries
- C. states
- D. towns

55. What will Sam and Danny most probably do during next spring vacation?

- A. Visit Canada.
- B. Explore a new area.
- C. Stay in New Hampshire.
- D. Go to Florida.

C

Forbes

It belongs to an American publishing and media(媒体) company. It is published every two weeks. It is famous for its lists, including its lists of the richest people in America and the other countries.

National Geographic

It belongs to a famous American society. It was first published in 1888, nine months after the society was founded. Now, it is published once every month and includes articles about geography, science, history, culture, big events, and photography.

Entertainment

This magazine tells all about movies, television, music, theatre, books, and popular culture. It pays attention on entertainment media and tries to attract ordinary readers. The magazine offers information about TV programmes, movies, concert tickets, and so on.

PC World

It's published once a month by IDG, and it offers advice on different aspects(方面) of computers. In each publication(出版), it reviews and tests hardware and software products from different makers. It also tests cameras and televisions.

56. The writer wrote the four texts in order to _____.

- A. make magazines easier to read
- B. show the importance of magazines
- C. introduce some magazines
- D. sell as many magazines as possible

57. If you want to know who the richest person is in China, you can read _____.