

阶梯作业

J I E T I Z U O Y E

浙江教育出版社

英语

九年级全一册



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责任校对 余晓克

装帧设计 曾国兴

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联系电话: 0571-85170300-80928

e-mail: zjyy@zjcb.com

网 址: www.zjeph.com



为了帮助广大师生更好地理解教科书内容，为教学提供适当的课时作业，我们组织部分一线骨干教师和教研员编写了这套《阶梯作业》丛书。丛书编写严格以学科课程标准和杭州市现行初中教科书为依据，以《杭州市初中教学基本要求说明》和《杭州市各类高中招生文化考试命题实施细则》为编制练习题的范围和要求，充分体现新课程的教学理念，坚持面向全体学生，充分考虑学生的学习量，以课内及校内完成作业为主，同时设定不同难度梯度的练习块，供不同层次的学生选做，体现新课程背景下“减负增效”的新要求。

初中《阶梯作业》共分四门学科，分别为语文、数学、英语和科学。每册按课时编写，并按教科书内容的先后顺序编排题目，便于师生按课时进度安排教学和练习。每单元后设“单元自测”，多为基础题，体现从易到难的梯度，绝大多数学生完成自测题不会有太大的困难，利于增强学生的学习信心。

参与本册《阶梯作业》编写的有：赵百令、吕勇民、祝小华、顾华燕、汤丽萍、章音、俞月华、陈莉萍、金航。希望本丛书能为广大师生提供有益的帮助，并恳请广大师生在使用过程中提出宝贵的意见。

《阶梯作业》丛书编委会

2009年8月

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Unit 1 How do you study for a test?

Period 1 (Section A 1a ~ 2c)

I. 汉译英

1. 听磁带_____
2. 口语技能_____
3. 朗读_____
4. 制作词汇表_____
5. 请某人帮助_____
6. 查找_____
7. 制作抽认卡_____
8. 参加小组学习_____

II. 单项填空

- () 1. — How can a little child learn a language well?
— _____ imitating (模仿) others.
A. Using B. By C. With D. At
- () 2. The problem is _____ difficult for him to work out. Give him some clues (提示).
A. too B. enough C. very D. much
- () 3. — When shall we meet? — _____ a quarter past two?
A. What about B. Which about C. Who about D. Where about
- () 4. — His English mark is very high.
— Oh, really? How does he learn _____ a test?
A. with B. to C. for D. from
- () 5. — My one-year-old brother _____ never _____ Sanlu milk powder (粉).
— How lucky he is!
A. has; had B. does; have C. did; have D. is; had

III. 从方框中选择适当的句子补全对话

Laura: Hello, Tim! You look quite happy today. Do you have any good news?

Tim: _____

Laura: Did you do well in it?

Tim: _____

Laura: Great. How can you learn English so well?

Tim: _____

Laura: How about listening and writing?

Tim: _____

Laura: That sounds difficult. Can you tell me the easiest but best way?

Tim: _____

- A. I learn it by practicing conversations with friends. Often we study in groups.
B. It's hard to say. Just remember to use English as much as possible.
C. Yeah. We had an English exam yesterday afternoon.
D. Yes, I've got 99 marks.
E. Always I watch the English programs on CCTV 9, and I keep writing English diaries.

Period 2 (Section A 3a ~ 4)

I. 单词拼写

1. "Write" and "right" have the same pronunciation, but they are spelt d_____.
2. Light travels more q_____ than sound.
3. We all felt f_____ when we knew Liu Xiang couldn't be in the Olympic Games.
4. The names of most people have their s_____ meanings.
5. A middle school student should m_____ about 2,500 English words.
6. Mother agreed us to go, but then she a_____ that we must get back soon.

II. 汉译英

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. 做……的最佳方式_____ | 2. 特别的建议_____ |
| 3. 流行歌曲的歌词_____ | 4. 学习语法_____ |
| 5. 发现……令人沮丧_____ | 6. 对……感到兴奋_____ |
| 7. 结束_____ | 8. 一点也不_____ |
| 9. 有兴趣做某事_____ | 10. 看英语杂志_____ |

III. 单项填空

- () 1. — I love to learn English by watching English movies.
— But I find it helps _____.
A. a few B. a lot C. little D. many
- () 2. — Ted, the long "sentences" in your compositions are hard to understand.
— Sorry, Mr Black. I don't know _____ use the commas.
A. what to B. who to C. how to D. which to
- () 3. — Jay Chou is going to give a concert in our town next Sunday.
— The students in our class have got tog _____ the news to study well.
A. exciting at B. excited C. excited about D. exciting about
- () 4. — What do you think is good for people to relax?
— It differs. To me, _____ way to relax is just sleeping.
A. the surprising B. the interesting C. the scary D. the best
- () 5. — My mother wouldn't like to listen to me _____.
— It's a problem. Then write an email to tell her your real feelings.
A. at night B. at all C. very much D. at school
- () 6. — Shall we read books or watch TV?
— Reading books _____ better than watching TV, I think.
A. is B. are C. was D. do
- () 7. We _____ at the party last night. Which of the following is NOT right?
A. had much fun B. had great fun
C. had a good time D. had a great fun
- () 8. Zhang Yining often watched her uncle _____ table tennis before she was six.
A. to play B. played C. play D. playing

Period 3 (Section B 1a ~ 4)

I. 单词拼写

- I should say sorry because I made such big m_____.
- Joy is a shy girl. She is a_____ to speak in front of the class.
- He has t_____ communicating with his parents.
- Please speak s_____. I can't follow you.
- Teens dislike parents to know all about them. They have their own s_____.
- Students are usually excited on the first day of a new t_____.
- The book is not c_____; many pages are missing.
- Only after you lose your health, will you r_____ the importance of health.
- The dog called Geli can run 70 km an hour. It runs f_____ of all the dogs.
- Mr Smith said that t_____ notes in class was good for learning history.

II. 汉译英

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| 1. 英语口语_____ | 2. 犯错误_____ |
| 3. 首先_____ | 4. 起初_____ |
| 5. 害怕做某事_____ | 6. 嘲笑某人_____ |
| 7. 造句_____ | 8. 做笔记_____ |
| 9. 后来_____ | 10. 听力练习_____ |

III. 单项填空

- () 1. — Tom, if you _____ so many mistakes again, you'll lose your job.
— Sorry, sir.
A. will make B. made C. make D. making
- () 2. — This article is too difficult to read.
— _____ read something easier?
A. Why not B. Why don't C. Why not to D. Why not you
- () 3. — How much does your boss pay you for your monthly work?
— Oh, it's _____.
A. secret B. a secret C. an secret D. secrets
- () 4. — Could you tell me what these new words mean?
— I don't know, either. Let's _____ in a dictionary.
A. look out them B. look them out
C. look up them D. look them up
- () 5. I _____ the sea. I can't swim.
A. like B. am afraid C. am afraid to D. am afraid of



Period 4 (Self Check ~ Reading)

I. 单词拼写

1. The headmaster has so many problems to d _____ with.
2. *To Alice* is a s _____ and beautiful piece of music.
3. Scientists say listening to beautiful music has a good i _____ on the plants.
4. The old man r _____ this dog as his only friend.
5. I sleep with the window open u _____ it's really cold.
6. It's the d _____ of doctors to help the sick people.
7. Chen Xiexia got the first gold medal e _____ in the 29th Olympic Games.
8. As time g _____ by, the people from Wenchuan will forget all the sadness.
9. Everyone needs f _____, the love of friends.
10. If you want to get something, first you have to l _____ something.
11. Children need parents' guide in their d _____.
12. Edison hardly thought of what to wear, to him, that was u _____ at all.
13. He must f _____ the fact that he has lost both his legs.
14. He b _____ off in the middle of the talk when he saw the teacher come up.
15. The s _____ were ready to lay down their lives for their country.

II. 汉译英

1. 以英语为母语的人 _____
2. 编造 _____
3. 处理 _____
4. (指时间)过去 _____
5. 生某人的气 _____
5. 把……变成…… _____
7. 尽力做某事 _____
8. 把……与……相比 _____
9. 抱怨…… _____
10. 把……当做…… _____

III. 阅读短文并完成下列表格

Deng Yaping is famous as "Queen of Table Tennis", and she speaks English well. Do you know how she learned English well? In 1997, she entered Tsinghua University to learn English and management, before that, she even couldn't write down the 26 letters. Deng Yaping said, "I have done a lot of pain in those days. I almost daily closed myself in the house, in addition to learning, not saying anything. Because I feel that since we set a goal, we must strive to achieve it." Now she has achieved a doctorate degree in the University of Cambridge. She is an example to all young people.

Words	queen	enter	in addition to	strive	doctorate
The meanings from guessing					
The right meanings from the dictionary					
Tick the words that you guessed right					

Test for Unit 1

听力部分(20分)

I. 听小对话,回答问题(10分)

- () 1. A. Chinese. B. German. C. Both Chinese and German.
- () 2. A. He spoke English as much as possible.
B. He read English as much as possible.
C. He wrote English as much as possible.
- () 3. A. He understood everything.
B. He could understand something.
C. He couldn't understand anything.
- () 4. A. By listening to tapes.
B. By making vocabulary lists.
C. By making flashcards.
- () 5. A. 7 years ago. B. 6 years ago. C. 6 years old.

II. 听独白,完成信息表(10分)

Sit near the front of the classroom. Clear your 1. Look at your 2. It's easier for you to follow him / her. If you can't 3 anything, ask a question. Don't talk to others or 4 with anything. Keep these in mind. After class you can tell 5 of what your teachers have said.

- () 1. A. desk B. mind C. body
- () 2. A. friend B. teacher C. classmate
- () 3. A. watch B. remember C. understand
- () 4. A. make B. play C. learn
- () 5. A. most B. little C. all

笔试部分(80分)

I. 单项填空(15分)

- () 1. — You did best in this English exam. How can you learn English so well?
— _____.
A. I learn it for the people B. By working with my classmates
C. I don't like English D. I also like English
- () 2. — _____ you ever _____ with a group? — Yes, I have.



- A. Have; study B. Did; study C. Do; study D. Have; studied
- () 3. We find it _____ to talk with each other because our ideas are always the opposite.
- A. exciting B. frustrating C. easy D. interested
- () 4. — _____ is bad for your eyes. — Thank you. I'll stop it.
- A. Playing computer games B. Watch TV too much
C. Eating junk food D. Read
- () 5. — What about _____ English-language videos?
— That sounds wonderful.
- A. looking B. buy C. renting D. watch
- () 6. — Mary, did you do well in the English test yesterday?
— Sorry, Mom. I failed. But don't worry, I'll try to _____ my English.
- A. better B. mind C. improve D. stop
- () 7. Some students think that studying grammar is not helpful _____.
- A. at all B. much C. very D. too
- () 8. Lots of practice is _____ to improve our English.
- A. the best way B. the best answer
C. the right problem D. the right skill
- () 9. I have _____ the English club for three terms.
- A. joined B. been in
C. taken part in D. become a member of
- () 10. — On a summer night, it is often too hot to sleep.
— Yes, so I often go to sleep _____ the window _____ in summer.
- A. let; open B. have; closed
C. with; closed D. with; open
- () 11. — Mr Wang, I have trouble _____ the text.
— Remember _____ it three times at least.
- A. to understand; reading B. understanding; reading
C. understanding; to read D. to understand; to read
- () 12. — Why did you argue with your Mom?
— She was always _____ a little guy.
- A. regarding me as B. thinking me as
C. meeting me like D. thinking of me like
- () 13. — Boy, you will never win the match _____ you put all your heart into it.
— OK, Mr Green, I will.
- A. when B. if C. while D. unless
- () 14. — I don't know _____ to buy for my father's birthday.

— Why not ask your mother for help?

A. what B. how C. why D. who

() 15. — Why don't you ask your head teacher about it?

— Thanks, I _____.

A. do B. can C. must D. will

II. 完形填空 (10 分)

Maybe you are always worried about your English listening, but it is not so difficult. You should have a right pronunciation, 1 listen more. There are a few ways of 2 your listening.

Listen to the radio. News reports are good materials because they are almost about 3 life and work. You could get up five minutes 4 and listen to the news in English. Maybe it's difficult 5 understand at the beginning. But if you listen every day, some days later you will find that you can 6 some of it. And try to learn from the announcer (播音员). Watch English programs on 7. Watching TV programs is better than listening to the radio, because when you watch TV, you can see some 8 or other things. They can help you understand. Some may say, "I 9 understand every word when I listen." Don't worry! You needn't understand every word. Even though (即使) good listeners may not get 10 word they hear. Just catch the main idea.

- () 1. A. but B. because C. however D. and
- () 2. A. improving B. helping C. interesting D. changing
- () 3. A. his B. her C. our D. you
- () 4. A. late B. later C. early D. earlier
- () 5. A. in B. to C. about D. with
- () 6. A. speak B. write C. understand D. listen
- () 7. A. computer B. TV C. phone D. Internet
- () 8. A. dictionaries B. development C. pictures D. disagreement
- () 9. A. can B. can't C. have to D. mustn't
- () 10. A. every B. all C. no D. any

III. 阅读理解 (20 分)

A

Reading newspapers and magazines is very popular in the world today. It is one of the best ways to learn English well. As a high school student, you should choose a suitable (合适的) newspaper and magazine to improve your English. For example, *Learning English* is a good newspaper for high school students. You can get lots of information about sports, culture and so on. It can help you a lot. *Crazy English* is a monthly magazine with tapes or a CD. It can also help you with reading. You can not only learn a lot but also practice your listening. You can know the world well at the same time.

There are also other newspapers and magazines, such as *21st Century Teens* and *China Daily*. English is around us. Try to read the articles in these newspapers and magazines. Your English will be better and better.

- () 1. This article is written for _____.
A. middle school students B. college students
C. teachers D. parents
- () 2. The underlined words "*Learning English*" is a _____.
A. subject B. magazine
C. newspaper D. TV program
- () 3. If you order *Crazy English*, you will get _____ each month.
A. only a magazine B. a magazine and tapes
C. a magazine and a CD D. either B or C
- () 4. How many kinds of newspapers and magazines are talked about in this article?
A. Two. B. Three. C. Four. D. Five.
- () 5. This article is probably from a _____.
A. diary B. newspaper C. novel D. story

B

Teenagers can have problems with their minds. Some become worried because they have to study very hard. Others have trouble getting on well with people.

Liu Wei, a Junior 2 student from Hefei, could not understand his teachers and was doing badly in his lessons. He became so worried about it that he started to cut his finger (手指) with a knife. Yan Fang from Guangzhou was afraid of exams. When she looked at the exam paper, she couldn't think of anything to write.

A recent report from *Jiefang Daily* says that many teenagers who have problems won't go for advice or help. Some think they will look stupid if they go to see a doctor. Others don't want to talk about their secrets.

Liang Yuezhu, an expert on teenagers has the following advice for teenagers:

- ◆Talk to your parents or teachers often.
- ◆Take part in group activities.
- ◆Go to see a doctor if you feel unhappy.

- () 6. The underlined part in the first sentence means _____.
A. mental (心理的) problems B. a headache
C. body problems D. study problems
- () 7. Liu Wei cut his finger with a knife because _____.
A. he had six fingers in that hand B. he was so worried about his study
C. he didn't like his parents D. he was afraid of his teachers
- () 8. Yan Fang's problems happened whenever _____.

- A. she studied very hard B. she had exams
C. she talked with her parents D. she thought of something
- () 9. Teenagers won't ask others for help because _____.
A. they won't let others think they are stupid
B. they don't want to tell their secrets to others
C. they are afraid of doctors
D. either A or B
- () 10. Liang Yuezu's advice tells us that _____.
A. it's not useful for teenagers to stay with others
B. teachers and parents can do nothing about teenagers' mental problems
C. it's better for teenagers with mental problems to join others
D. teenagers should see a doctor if feeling happy

IV. 选词填空 (10 分)

make there help afraid good for all he a problem

Chen Gang did very badly in his last English test. He was _____ to tell his classmates the result. He didn't want to speak with anybody at _____. So after school, his English teacher, Miss Huang, had _____ conversation with him. Chen Gang told her that he was having _____ with grammar and vocabulary. Miss Huang told Chen Gang that it was common _____ students to make mistakes in exams, and he should never lose heart. She said _____ were lots of ways to help learners of English to improve their grammar and vocabulary. Taking notes, _____ up conversations, looking up words in the dictionary could help a lot. Chen Gang felt much _____ after the conversation and he told his mother about his exam result. To _____ surprise, his mother wasn't angry with him and _____ him make a plan about his English studies.

V. 单词拼写 (10 分)

- The best way to d_____ with the problem is "Never give up".
- Don't be so soft; there's nothing to be a_____ of.
- Mozart could write his own music e_____ when he was only five.
- He is on a diet to l_____ weight.
- Red has its s_____ meaning in China.
- My e-friend has no s_____ from me. He tells me everything.
- If you are more careful, you will not make so many m_____.
- She r_____ looking after the homeless children as her duty.
- The whole world will m_____ the success of the Beijing Olympic Games.
- The rabbit ran so q_____ that it hit on the stump (树桩) and died.



VI. 书面表达(15分)

下面是一个署名为“Looking for Help”的同学在留言板中的留言。假设你是 Li Zhen, 请针对该同学的困难, 回复留言并提出建议。(80 词左右, 所给开头不计入总词数)

Dear friend,

I am a high school student in Canada. Now learning Chinese is very popular in our school. I also want to learn Chinese well and I have worked hard at it for over one year, but I can't understand what the Chinese teacher says, I am afraid of talking with classmates in Chinese and I can't read Chinese books and magazines at all. I feel frustrated and can't sleep on the nights before Chinese exams. Could you help me?

Yours,

Looking for Help

Dear Looking for Help,

Glad to hear Chinese is popular in your school. As you know, learning a foreign language well isn't easy.

Unit 2 I used to be afraid of the dark.

Period 1 (Section A 1a ~ 2c)

I. 根据提示给词汇归类

tall, thin, humorous, funny, quiet, height, shy, ugly, build, friendly, short, serious, kind, outgoing, curly, good-looking

外貌用词:

性格用词:

II. 汉译英

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. 过去常常_____ | 2. 在游泳队里_____ |
| 3. 一个美好的记忆_____ | 4. 对……感兴趣_____ |
| 5. 弹钢琴_____ | 6. 戴眼镜_____ |
| 7. 几天_____ | 8. 隐形眼镜_____ |

III. 单项填空

- () 1. — Maria _____.
— Yeah. But now she has made lots of friends.
A. was used to be tall B. used to be athletic
C. was used to be serious D. used to be shy
- () 2. Yao Ming is _____ the Houston Rockets now.
A. on B. to C. under D. in
- () 3. — Lang Lang and Li Yundi are well-known all over the world.
— How I wish to play _____ as well as them!
A. guitar B. music C. the piano D. sports
- () 4. — My little sister likes *Kungfu Panda*. — _____.
A. So do I B. I do so C. So I do D. So does I
- () 5. — _____ you use to dream to live abroad?
— Right. But later I found no other place was better than my motherland.
A. Are B. Do C. Did D. Will
- () 6. — What are you _____ in?
— Reading stories. It's the most _____ thing in life, I think.
A. interesting; interesting B. interested; interesting
C. interested; interested D. interesting; interested



Period 2 (Section A 3a ~ Section B 2c)

I. 单词拼写

- Eating too much c_____ is bad for your teeth because they taste so sweet.
- Cats can see things clearly in the d_____.
- Drinking warm milk before going to bed helps me go to s_____ easily at night.
- A_____ make man's dream to fly in the sky come true.
- We must c_____ the food well before swallowing it.
- Unlike other mice, Jerry isn't t_____ of Tom. He has ways to beat the cat.

II. 汉译英

- | | |
|----------|-------------|
| 1. 害怕…… | 2. 极度恐惧…… |
| 3. 乘飞机飞行 | 4. 在一群人面前发言 |
| 5. 让……开着 | 6. 入睡 |
| 7. 单独的 | 8. 为……担心 |
| 9. 一直 | 10. 嚼口香糖 |

III. 单项填空

- It's so noisy outside. I can't put my mind into learning.
— I think so. You'd better study _____ all the windows _____.
A. let; open B. have; closed C. with; closed D. with; open
- Why are most things for the Spring Festival red?
— It is said that the monster (怪兽) called Nian _____ red.
A. terrified B. is afraid of C. is angry with D. likes
- Which of the following is a kind of insects?
A. The spider. B. The snake. C. The monkey. D. The fish.
- Why didn't Mr Brown come to the parents' meeting last night?
— Because he broke his leg and had to lie in bed _____.
A. all the time B. from time to time
C. sometimes D. from now on

IV. 根据问题提示写句子

Who is your best friend? What did he / she use to be like? What did he / she use to do?
What is he / she like now? What does he / she often do now?

My best friend _____ has changed

- He / She _____
But now _____
- He / She _____
But now _____
- He / She _____
But now _____

Period 3 (Section B 3a ~ Self Check)

I. 单词拼写

- Pierre often c_____ on QQ till midnight, so he feels sleepy in class.
- Children like to read c_____ because of interesting pictures with the stories.
- China D*_____ is a popular English newspaper in China.
- I s_____ the whole evening sending and getting messages last New Year's Eve.
- It s_____ that the writer of this book has written about his own story.

II. 汉译英

- 不再_____
- 和……聊天_____
- 直接回家_____
- 在过去几年里_____
- 我的日常生活_____
- 好像……_____
- 花费……(时间/钱)做……_____
- 把它养长_____

III. 单项填空

- () 1. — Phelps was born to swim.
— Sure. He _____ 14 gold medals in the last two Olympic Games.
A. gets B. get C. has got D. is getting
- () 2. — How does Lin Miaoke learn to sing so wonderfully?
— I don't know much. A reporter says her mother used to take her to _____.
A. museum B. amusement park
C. concerts D. hospital
- () 3. — I got more than 2,000 *yuan* lucky money this Spring Festival.
— You're lucky, but _____ it doing something meaningful.
A. take B. spend C. cost D. pay
- () 4. Time lost will never return _____.
A. no more B. some more C. anymore D. no longer
- () 5. — Why do you look unhappy?
— Well, my mother is on business in Beijing. I _____ her.
A. leave B. think C. see D. miss

IV. 根据问题提示写句子

- Has your life changed a lot? What are the changes?
- Do the changes bring any problems? Why?
