

英语

考试复习指导

清华大学英语考试研究中心和出国英语考试研究中心

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英语考试复习指导

Guide to English Examinations for
Master's Degree Graduate Study Candidates and
Students Going Abroad

(下 册)

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内 容 简 介

本书是供准备报考研究生和出国生的同志使用的英语考试复习指导。内容包括语法、词汇、综合填充、阅读理解、汉译英等部分。书中习题是针对大学生容易犯的错误和不好掌握的语言难点和疑点编选的。本书既便于读者系统地复习巩固已学的语法知识，又有利于扩大词汇，记忆各种词的搭配和掌握各种语言现象。书末附有答案，并对部分语言难点作了详细的注释。本书便于自学，是考生理想的考试复习指导材料，还可供高等院校学生，自学英语者以及大学英语教师参考。

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前 言

近几年来，我们多次辅导过我校准备报考硕士研究生的学生，并对近几届的英语试题及考生答卷作了一些分析研究。针对学生在考试中容易犯的 errors 和不好掌握的语言难点，我们曾选编了“研究生英语考试复习材料习题集”，试图通过大量的练习来帮助学生较熟练地掌握某些重要的语法现象和基本词汇的用法，提高学生的语言综合应用能力。现为了满足更多读者的需要，我们根据目前研究生入学考试和出国生考试的要求，结合我们多年的教学经验，对原习题集作了大量的修改和补充，编写了这本《英语考试复习指导》——供报考研究生和出国生使用（上、下册）。

本书上册包括语法练习题，力图反映各种句型及惯用法，并针对当前学生在词汇方面的弱点，编选了大量词汇练习，尤其是各种词的搭配和同义词辨别等练习。下册编入了大量综合性练习，包括辨认错误、综合填充、阅读理解和汉译英等。

书中的练习题和试题主要选自美国、英国、日本、新加坡、香港等国家和地区以及国内编写的英语试题和书籍。习题力求内容丰富全面，形式多样。对各种语言现象，采取了分类集中编排和综合练习相结合的形式，以便于读者系统复习和总结，达到切实掌握和记忆。

对部分语言现象，特别是对读者不好掌握或容易犯错误的语言难点我们作了较详细的注释，对某些语言现象则作了适当的总结和扩充，希望藉此能加深读者对这些内容的理解，并便

于具有一定英语水平的读者自学。

书末附有四套模拟试题。读者在做了大量习题后可以试作，以检验自己复习的效果。此外，本书还收集了近几年来研究生英语入学考试试题三套。

本书在编写过程中，得到清华大学外语系领导、全体英语教师以及职工同志的大力支持和帮助，在此谨表示衷心的感谢。全书由程慕胜、陆慈两位同志审阅，周静华同志也参加了审阅工作。

由于编者水平有限，经验不足，书中肯定存有不少缺点和错误。衷心希望广大读者和使用本书的英语教师批评指正。

编者于清华大学

一九八四年十月

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II Comprehensive Exercises (综合练习)

(I) Filling in the Blanks (填充)

(1) Fill in the blanks with the appropriate forms of the verbs given in brackets:

- *1521. _____ (arrive) home at daybreak, he felt dead tired. He _____ (work) all night.
- *1522. The factory is said _____ (destroy) in a fire two years ago.
- *1523. She needs the work _____ (do) before tomorrow.
1524. There is something wrong with the table. Yes, I can feel it _____ (move).
- *1525. The questions now _____ (discuss) at the meeting are of great importance.
- *1526. Will you attend the meeting _____ (hold) in Shanghai next month?
- *1527. We are waiting for the resolution _____ (adopt) by the conference.
- *1528. We have built a concert hall which _____ (seat) over 2000 persons.
1529. Had electronic computers not been invented, many _____

* 表示该句有注释

- problems in space flight _____ (not solve).
1530. All machines _____ (repair) by the end of next week.
1531. Supposing he never _____ (come)! What would happen then?
- *1532. I'd rather you _____ (not mention) it to them just yet.
1533. Don't postpone _____ (learn) a foreign language till too late.
1534. We have so much to do, I don't suggest _____ (go) away.
- *1535. _____ (see) from the hill, the town looks magnificent.
- *1536. When I _____ (be) in England as long as you have, shall I be able to speak English as well as you do?
- *1537. Buses usually _____ (run) along this street, but today they _____ (not run) because it is under repair.
1538. You may not borrow another book until you _____ (return) the one you _____ (borrow).
- *1539. The results of these experiments are not accurate enough _____ (use) as reliable data.
- *1540. _____ (cool) to a certain temperature, the gas becomes a liquid.
- *1541. _____ (tell) that bad weather was on the way, they decided to put the game off.

- *1542. Speaking rather poor English, he could hardly make himself _____ (understand).
- *1543. He is working hard for fear that he _____ (fall) behind.
1544. They usually _____ (have) breakfast at seven o'clock, but this week they _____ (have) breakfast at half past six.
- *1545. They _____ (be) on strike since November. The strike _____ (last) for two months.
1546. She explained again and again lest comrades _____ (misunderstand) her.
- *1547. _____ (give) better attention, an early autumn crop could have grown better.
1548. "Did you have trouble with your car this morning?"
"Yes, but I finally managed _____ (get) it _____ (start)."
1549. Now that my mistakes _____ (point) out to me, I hope to do better.
- *1550. Professor Black had us _____ (write) compositions every Friday.
1551. I feel it an honour _____ (ask) to speak here.
- *1552. Can you understand my _____ (want) to climb Mt. Everest?
1553. It would be most unwise to risk _____ (go) down that way.
- *1554. His objections, if _____ (listen to), would wreck

the plan.

*1555. We object to them _____ (give) preferential treatment.

*1556. We _____ no sooner _____ (reach) the station than the train left.

1557. That author doesn't mind _____ (criticize) by his friends.

1558. The whole problem certainly needs _____ (consider) very carefully.

1559. This is the first time that I _____ (feel) really relaxed for months.

1560. _____ (ask) to give a performance, she couldn't very well refuse.

1561. The decision _____ (make), the next problem was how to make a good plan.

1562. _____ (test) many times, the instruments were proved safe in operation.

*1563. I hope you _____ (be) happy while you are here.

*1564. There occurred nothing worthy of _____ (mention).

1565. A foreign language _____ (be) a useful tool in serving the people, we should do our best to have a good command of it.

*1566. These young trees require _____ (look) after carefully.

*1567. I consider him _____ (have) more knowledge of history than his brother.

- *1568. Under no circumstances can we consider _____
(go) to Wuhan for the holidays.
1569. The students, _____ (surprise) at the way the
questions were put, didn't know the answers to
them.
- *1570. Fruit _____ (cost) a lot at this time of the year.
1571. As long as you _____ (return) the book by
Sunday, I'll lend it to you with pleasure.
1572. Before he came to London, he had never heard a
single English word _____ (speak).
1573. I meant _____ (buy) an evening paper but I
didn't see anyone _____ (sell) any.
- *1574. I'll learn how to row even if it means _____
(practise) all day.
1575. The moment I _____ (drink) my beer, we'll go
back to work.
1576. I'd like _____ (take) you round the factory, but
I must go to a meeting.
1577. We regret _____ (inform) you that your sub-
scription is overdue.
1578. The guests _____ (leave), they resumed their
discussion.
1579. Our dean has just come back from abroad. He
seems _____ (enjoy) his trip very much.
- *1580. I have a suit _____ (send) to the cleaners.
- *1581. I prefer to visit an exhibition rather than _____
(go) to a concert.

1582. I need hardly _____ (tell) you how serious the matter is.
- *1583. You look tired. Why not _____ (ask) your classmate for help?
1584. By this time next year George _____ (take) his university degree.
1585. Our professor advised _____ (wait) for a few days before resuming work.
1586. I wouldn't advise you _____ (take) the car — there's nowhere to park.
- *1587. We had anticipated _____ (win) the match but we lost it.
1588. It was ordered that no smoking _____ (allow) in the library.
1589. You should try _____ (use) petrol, if you can't get the stain off.
1590. Just try _____ (be) a little more co-operative.
1591. I came ten minutes late and missed _____ (see) Jack winning the match.
1592. He is said _____ (turn) down the proposal already.
- *1593. He accepted the cut in salary without complaint because he was afraid _____ (complain). He was afraid of _____ (lose) his job.
1594. He resented _____ (ask) to wait. He expected the minister to see him at once.
1595. The test _____ (be) over, we began to discuss

another question.

1596. It is desired that everyone _____ (get) everything ready by tonight.
1597. I don't remember _____ (ever give) a chance to try this method.
1598. Until the aeroplane _____ (take off), we could not hear ourselves speak.
1599. He began to read as soon as he _____ (find) the place in his book.
1600. I'm glad to say the Council are having the road _____ (mend).
1601. I have been learning _____ (skate) for three years and I still fall down all the time.
1602. Although he is only six, he learnt _____ (write) very quickly.
1603. Jack will never forgive _____ (swear) in his presence.
1604. She can't stand _____ (have) nothing to do.
1605. He postponed _____ (make) a decision till he had been given more information.
1606. He wore dark glasses to avoid _____ (recognize).
1607. It's about time I _____ (get) the watchmaker to clean my watch.
1608. It _____ (rain) every day so far this month.
- *1609. Up till 1905 there _____ (be) no railways in China.
1610. He told me that by the end of the year they

- _____ (work) together for thirty years.
1611. He was praised for _____ (make) such a contribution to the country.
1612. I _____ this very minute _____ (receive) a telegram from my brother in England.
- *1613. There is nothing _____ (do) but _____ (wait) till someone comes to let us out.
1614. When _____ (heat), the metal expands, and if _____ (allow) to cool, it will contract.
1615. Don't you recall _____ (tell) about that by Mr. Bruke?
1616. Mr. Anderson wishes _____ (notify) just as soon as possible.
1617. We would appreciate _____ (inform) about the matter promptly.
1618. I asked for help, _____ (doubt), however, whether anyone would volunteer.
1619. The peace talks _____ (hold) in Paris at that time.
1620. The way he talks is simply intolerable. I object to _____ (treat) like a child.
1621. You'll find the topic _____ (discuss) everywhere.
1622. I'm delighted _____ (hear) that you can come on Saturday. We are all looking forward to _____ (see) you. Remember _____ (bring) your rubber boots.
1623. The old miser spent all his time _____ (count)

his money and _____ (think) up new hiding-places. He kept _____ (move) it about because he was terrified of _____ (rob). He used to _____ (get up) at night sometimes _____ (make) sure it was still there.

1624. They don't allow _____ (smoke) in the auditorium; they don't want _____ (risk) _____ (set) it on fire, but you can _____ (smoke) in the foyer during the interval.

*1625. "Did he manage _____ (carry) the trunk upstairs?"

"No, he didn't. He isn't strong enough _____ (move) it, let alone _____ (carry) it upstairs."

1626. "I'm thinking of _____ (go) to Oxford tomorrow on my motorbike. Would you like _____ (come)?"

"No, thanks, I want _____ (go) to Oxford, but I'd rather _____ (go) by train. I loathe _____ (travel) by road".

1627. He took to _____ (follow) me about and _____ (criticize) my work till I threatened _____ (hit) him with my umbrella.

1628. He noticed the helicopter _____ (hover) over the field. Then, to his astonishment, he saw a rope ladder _____ (throw) out and three men _____ (climb) down it. He watched them _____ (run) across the field and out through a gate. Later he saw a car with four men in it _____ (come)