迎考热身系列丛书

一学英语 [题型考试指导(二)

主编 吴永麟

编者 张为民 古秀玲 杨芳

审阅 李相崇

理考果·阿银考证。 理考果身。 四银考证

迎考热身系列丛书

大学獎语四級新題型 考试指导(二)

主编 吴永麟 编者 张为民 古秀玲 杨芳 审阅 李相崇

清华大学出版社

(京)新登字 158 号

内容提要

本书是根据国家教委关于英语四级考试采用新题型的通知精神, 针对学生的实际问题,由经验丰富的英语教师总结多年的教学经验编 写而成。

本书内容包括语法结构、词汇、完形填空和篇章改错四个部分,共有习题近 3000 道,其中四级保留题型和预测新题型各占全书内容的50%。书中各个部分都有解题指导,全部习题附参考答案,重点、难点均有注释。

本书适合四级考生及相应水平的英语学习者使用。

书 名:大学英语四级新题型考试指导(二)

作 者: 吳永麟 主编

出版者: 清华大学出版社(北京清华大学校内,邮编100084)

印刷者:北京丰华印刷厂

发行者:新华书店总店北京科技发行所

开 本: 787×1092 1/32 印张: 11 3/8 字数: 255 千字

版 次: 1997年2月第1版 1997年2月第1次印刷

书 号: ISBN 7-302-02428-6/H • 170

印 数:0001-8000

定价:11.50元

前言

全国大学英语四、六级考试委员会于 1995 年 7 月 15 日 通知:为了提高考试效度,使考试对教学有很好的反拨作用,经过近二年的实验研究,并经国家教委高教局批准,决定于 1996 年 1 月的全国大学英语四级考试开始,陆续采用各种新题型。"为了使各校在教学中更重视培养学生的英语能力,在某次考试中采用什么试题形式事先不公布。"

本书根据通知精神,编写了各种经我校和兄弟院校试验过的新题型:听力、阅读、结构、词汇、完形填空、翻译和作文。各项目都贯彻了主观题和客观题相结合的原则:

- 1. 听力分五类:对话、篇章、长篇对话、填空听写、综合听写和全篇听写:
- 2. 阅读有多项选择、回答问题、小段总结和划线部分翻译四种:
 - 3. 结构有多项选择、辨错、改错三项;
- 4. 词汇不仅含多项选择、词汇置换和词形变化,还尽量 把四级中所遇到的难词、短语、配搭和辨异包括在内,使学生 边做题,边巩固单词,提高应用能力;
- 5. 完形填空分多项选择、无选项填空、字母提示填空三种:
- 6. 翻译分英译中和中译英两类。英译中分单句和整篇划线句翻译两种;中译英有单句译和段落译两种;

7. 作文,除保留提纲式外,另立提示式,并给出四类范文:说明、论说、叙事和描写,以论说文为主。

全书题型共达 23 种,其中新题型为 18 种,占 70%,主观题为全部题型的 60%。各项都附有难点注释和学习提示、译文、范文,便于学生自学和落实通知要求:培养学生的英语能力,避免应试教学,巩固四级英语课堂所学知识,纠正考前突击,考后一无所获的不良倾向。

由于内容多,本书分为三册。第一册,听力和模拟试题。这 里不仅给出了 1996 年 1 月和 1997 年采用的新题型,还推出 两套预测题型。

第二册,结构词汇、完形填空和篇章改错。结构涉及命题方式的各个方面;词汇 550 套,包括了 2000 多词汇和各种应用句型,比任何词汇书更具实用性,几乎囊括了四级大纲的难词、短语、搭配和辨异。

第三册,阅读、翻译(汉译英和英译汉)、作文。这是一册主观题型占70%以上的实习书,是全面考察学生语言水平及其应用能力的试题教科书。

有关详情见各分册编写说明。

尽管本套书内容丰富,涉及面广,题型多而新颖,具有针对性、实用性,是参加四级统考的学生及其他相应水平英语学习者的最佳选择书,但由于主编及编译著者的英语水平,错误和缺点在所难免,在此恳请读者能不吝赐教,以备本书修订时改进。

吴永麟 1995. 10. 18 **于清华园**

编写说明

本书是《大学英语四级新题型考试指导》(共三册)的第二分册。内容包括语法结构(张为民)、词汇(杨芳、吴永麟)、完 形填空和篇章改错(古秀玲)四个部分。其中四级保留题型和 预测新题型各占全书内容的 50%。

语法结构部分 300 道题,涉及语法十大类。除保留题型 "Multiple Choices"外,还新设题型"Mistake Detection",以 巩固和提高学生语法应用的能力。

词汇部分 550 道题,涉及词汇五大类。分三种题型给出:保留"Multiple Choices",新设"Replacement of Words or Phrases"和"Word Form"。本部分涉及词汇量高达 2500 以上,几乎覆盖了四级考生应掌握的全部重点和难点词汇;同时,由于精心选出的每道题本身就提供了一个或两个词的应用的句型和语境,从而使学生可以在做题的过程中,复习和巩固已学词汇,掌握单词的多种词形和不同变化,起到举一反三,事半功倍的作用。

完形填空部分除保留题型"Multiple Choices"外,新设"Limitative Cloze"和"Cloze"两种题型,要求学生从语境(context)、语篇(discourse)以及语言本身的要求出发,分别在给和不给单词首字母的情况下填写最佳的符合逻辑意义和语法结构的单词。三种题型难度递增,目的是为了在提高学生的通篇理解、语法、选择词汇、获取信息、判断等能力的基础

上,着重训练学生对语言的实际应用能力。

篇章改错是预测新题型,它全面考查学生综合应用语言的能力。

全书四个部分都有解题指导,是我们总结多年的教学经验,针对学生的实际问题编写而成。为方便读者自学,书中的重点、难点均有注释,所有习题附参考答案。

本书适合四级考生及相应水平的英语学习者使用,是帮助读者复习巩固四级所学内容,提高语言应用能力,向英语高层次进军的一本重要参考书。

目 录

第一部分	》 语法结构	••• 1
解是	题指导	••• 1
Ι.	Multiple Choices	••• 3
	参考答案	•• 31
	注释与说明	• 32
I.	Mistake Detection	•• 52
	参考答案	• 77
	注释与说明	·· 78
第二部分	》 词汇	•• 98
解是	题指导	• 98
Ι.	Multiple Choices ······	99
	参考答案	153
	注释与说明	156
I.	Replacement of Words or Phrases	211
	参考答案	· 231
	注释与说明	232
I.	Word Form	244
	答案及注释	253
第三部分	> 完形填空	257

解题指导	257
I . Multiple Choices	258
答案及注释	279
I. Limitative Cloze	293
答案及注释	299
II. Cloze	302
答案及注释	307
第四部分 篇章改错	311
解题指导	311
Mistake Detection	312
答案及注释	334

第一部分 语法结构

解题指导

本部分内容测试学生掌握和应用语法基本知识的能力, 主要涉及以下 10 个方面:

- 1. 时态语态:
- 2. 虚拟语气,条件句,情态动词;
- 3. 主谓一致;
- 4. 非限定动词(包括:动名词,不定式和分词);
- 5. 形容词和副词;
- 6. 代词;
- 7. 连词;
- 8. 介词;
- 9. 冠词;
- 10. 词序,倒装,并列等结构

总结近年来四级考试中学生经常出错的地方后发现,这 10 个方面分别有以下问题应引起特别重视:

- 1. 时态语态中的过去式时态呼应,完成时的动态特点。
- 2. 虚拟语气中的错综条件句以及情态动词的词义和特点。

	如:If	he	had	studied	harder,	he	 about	the	com-
ing	exam.								

- A. wouldn't have worried B. wouldn't worry
- C. couldn't worry
- D. shouldn't have worry

应选 C。这句话的意思是说如果他以前学习更用功一些的话,他对即将来临的考试就不会担忧了。时间交叉要用错综条件句来表示,但它不能表示心情,所以用 could 来表达。

- 3. 考试中主谓一致的内容较多,量词、短语、限定词十名词、集合名词,以及一些固定惯用法都是考生应该掌握的重点。
- 4. 非限定动词,或称非谓语动词,除牢记哪些动词后面 应跟不定式,哪些应跟动名词外,还需留意两者皆可用时的 意义上的区别。如:
 - a. The child deserves punishing. (主动)
 The child deserves to be punished. (被动)
 - b. He regrets doing such a foolish job.

他后悔干了那么一件蠢事。

He regrets to do such a foolish job.

他对要去干那么一件蠢事而感到遗憾。

- a 是两者用法不一, b 是两者含义不同。
- 5. 形容词和副词的词序,以及 more than, less than 的惯用型。如:
 - a. He is no more stupid than John. 他和约翰一样笨。
 - b. Application for a job is difficult for a woman, still more promotion.

妇女申请工作尚且困难, 更不用说提升了。

6. 代词中关系代词 that,以及一些合成代词。

• 2 •

- .7. 连词中合成连接代词及副词, and 的一些特殊用法:如可作"兼"讲,可作虚拟语气用等,以及 and 和 or 的差别;还有 because, as, since 等和 for 的差异。
 - 8. 介词,结合词汇谈。
- 9. 冠词方面,学生常出错的地方在惯用型上。如: society 前不用冠词;短语 in trouble, in difficulty 中无冠词,而 in the wrong 中有冠词等等。
- 10. 对于考试中出现的强调句,复合句,并列句,倒装句等各种句型,考生应将所选答案放入句中,仔细阅读全句,从句子意思上和形式上加以核对,以提高解题正确性。

本部分的题型有两种:一种是四级保留题型——多项选择;另一种是预测的四级新题型——辨错。两种题型都是根据上述十个方面综合给出,目的是使学生在做题的过程中掌握语法结构的基本要领。

I. Multiple Choices

Directions:

There are 150 incomplete sentences in this part. For each sentence there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the ONE answer that best completes the sentence. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Robert final	ly found	his	watch,	 that	it	had
stopped.						

	A. to discover	B. discovered
	C. only to discover	D. had discovered
2.	He will probably have a dozen	
	being able to help you,	he tells you he would
	like to.	
	A. despite	B. regardless
	C. much as	D. in spite
3.4	The great radical changes	have caused international
	lawyers to redefine internatio	nal law as the institutions
	and processes matte	ers of international concern
	and the norms or rules they p	produce.
	A governing	B. govern
	C. are governing	D. have governed
4.	he's in hospital, he	can't attend the important
	meeting on birth control of thi	s city.
	A. Giving that	B. Only
	C. Where	(D) Granting that
5.	In what circumstances would y	you accept his invitation to
	his party?	
	A. If I would be free	
	B. Unless he will invite me ag	ain
	C. If my sister would go with	me .
	D. If my mother agreed	
6.	On how to improve our working	ng conditions, the sugges-
	tions he raised at the meeting	were as good as yours, I
	suppose,	
	• 4 •	

	A. and better than this B if not better	
	C. or better than D. even better	
7.	It is difficult to detect errors in these kinds of statistic	s,
	since the raw	
	A. data is unavailable	
	B, data was unavailable	
•	C. data will be unavailable	
1	(D) data are unavailable	
8.	that she had been elected Dean of the depart	rt-
	ment.	
	A. Little did she know	
	B. So little did she know	
	C. Little as she knows	
	D. Little she knew	
9.	, the manager lay down on the floor to take	a
	rest.	
	A. Exhausting his work	
(B Exhausted by his work	
	C. Having exhausted his work	
	D. Exhausting by his work	
10.	. You should never lose your heart when wi	th
	temporary difficulties.	
	A. confronting B. you confronted	
	C. having confronted B. confronted	
11.	. A series of debates between the lecturers f	or
	the next weekend.	

A. were scheduled	B. have been scheduled				
C. was scheduled	D. schedule				
12. The train left prior	_ their arrival although they				
were in a hurry.					
(A.) to	B. by				
C. at	Ď. of				
13. They are indifferent	dangers and hardships.				
A. in	B. at				
C. of	(D) to				
14. Do you know who is the	girl?				
A. Japanese little beautiful					
B. Japanese beautiful little	·				
C. little beautiful Japanese					
D. beautiful little Japanese					
15. It was so noisy in the audit	corium that only by shoutin-				
gat the top of his voice	•				
A. the speaker was able to	make himself hear				
B. the speaker could make	B. the speaker could make himself heard				
Could the speaker make	himself hear				
D. was the speaker able to	make himself heard				
16, Robert is now in	n charge of a very large cor-				
poration.					
A. As a one-time farmer					
B. Whoever was a one-time	e farmer				
C. A one-time farmer who	is				
D. A one-time farmer	. ************************************				
• 6 •					

17. Buyers and sellers should	be aware of new developments
in technology, for the s	simple reason that technology
affect marketin	g activities.
(A). can and does	B. can it do
C. can do	D. does what it can
18. When the opening day of	the convention arrived, the old
lady uttered a silent pra	yer that each member of the
huge staff his a	ssignment.
A. knows	B. has known
(C) know	D. have known
19. With the guide	the way, the students set off
on foot into the forest.	•
A. who lead	B. led
C. leading	D. having led
20. If it for your h	elp, I really don't know what
I'd have done.	
A. weren't	B. hasn't been
C. wasn't	D. hadn't been
21. You'll have to take a ro	undabout course, for the road
•	
A. is repaired	B. repairs
C. is being repaired	D. repaired
22/It is the uses to which it	is put its value to so-
ciety.	
A. that determines	
B. which has determined	

		C. which determines	
	~>	D. that determine	
منع معر	23.	The basketball match will	be televised from
	and the second s	New York next week.	
		A. live	B. alive
		-C. living	D. lively
	24.	Of all his outdoor activiti	es, Bob likes jogging
		•	
		A. most of all	B. best of all
	`	C. the most of all It is much appreciated	D the best
	25.	It is much appreciated	you have given not only
		a visiting scholar position,	but financial aid as well.
		A. so that	B. so
	7	E. that	D. in that
	26.	We walked slowly through	the woods, under the great
		trees, the beautiful autur	nn leaves clinging to our
		clothes as they on	us.
		A. falling	B fell
		C. had fallen	D. are falling
	27.	an assignment	to make a business tour
		abroad, the engineer gladly	accepted it.
		A. When giving	
		B. On presenting	
		C) Upon being given	
		Q. With being presented	
	28.	My friend off his r	aincoat than it began to rain