

大学英语教学与考试命题研究工作室 组织编写

# 大学英语 六级词汇 考点突破

王建国 马建军 张国海 主编



大连理工大学出版社

\* 英语词汇考点突破 \*

# 大学英语六级词汇 考点突破

大学英语教学与考试命题研究工作室组织编写

主 编 王建国

马建军

张国海

编 委 刘 宇 王晓红

朱红军 宋继军

李云志 郝运长

杜保伟 ~~马盛世~~

大连理工大学出版社

策划:王佳玉

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

大学英语六级词汇考点突破/王建国等编. —大连:大连理工大学出版社,1999.1

(英语词汇考点突破)

ISBN 7-5611-1525-3

I. 大… II. 王… III. 英语-词汇-高等学校-习题 IV. H313-44

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(98)第 21600 号

大连理工大学出版社出版发行  
(大连市泉水街 邮政编码 116024)  
大连业发印刷厂印刷

开本:787×960 毫米 1/32 字数:333 千字 印张:10.25  
印数:1—10000 册

1999 年 1 月第 1 版

1999 年 1 月第 1 次印刷

责任编辑:房 磊  
封面设计:金 中

责任校对:习 文  
版式设计:长方柘

定价:10.00 元

# 前 言

为了帮助参加大学英语六级考试的考生系统地理解、掌握考试的重点词汇及考点,我们精心编写了这本融“自测、考点、过关”于一体的新型参考书。全书共分为 50 个单元,每个单元由三个相互关联而又彼此独立的部分组成:

“自测”部分有 10 道考题,它是对考生原有知识的回顾和检验。通过做这个练习,考生可以找出自己的薄弱环节,从而确定自己下一步学习的主攻词汇。

“考点”词汇是本书的核心部分。我们根据多年的教学经验和历届考题,从《大学英语教学大纲通用词汇表(5~6 级)》中精选出 1296 个重点词汇,并对其进行了比较全面、系统的讲解。为帮助读者准确地理解掌握词汇的意义和习惯搭配,我们给所有的词汇均加了例句。所选例句规范地道、搭配典型、内容新颖,充分体现了常用题型中的考点。此外,为了便于读者记忆,凡是在例句中出现的考点词汇及其相关词组,我们均以斜体对其进行标识。考生在“自测”部分中遇到的各种问题,在这一部分都可以找到令人满意的解答。

“过关”部分是对考生学习情况的验收和巩固,也是对“自测”题的补充和完善。这一部分习题可进一步帮助考生全面复习“考点”中所出现的词汇,以

巩固所学内容,加深印象。

本书的显著特点是:

①选词实用。编者去粗取精,精选常考词汇,取舍合理。②分块记忆。把 1296 个词分成 50 个单元,每天一个单元,考生在不到两个月的时间内便可掌握这些词汇,极大地方便了自学。③重视理解和运用。融“自测、考点、过关”于一体,通过反复练习,帮助考生强化记忆。

书中大部分习题选自全真试题和模拟试题,少数为编者新编写的。这些习题体现了六级考试的特点和动态,能帮助考生熟悉考试要求,掌握做题技巧,全面复习巩固考试中常用的词汇、短语和语法结构。

由于编写时间仓促等原因,书中不足之处,恳请读者批评指正。

编 者

1999 年 1 月

# Contents



前言		Unit 14	81
Unit 1	1	Unit 15	87
Unit 2	7	Unit 16	93
Unit 3	13	Unit 17	100
Unit 4	19	Unit 18	106
Unit 5	25	Unit 19	112
Unit 6	30	Unit 20	119
Unit 7	37	Unit 21	126
Unit 8	44	Unit 22	132
Unit 9	50	Unit 23	138
Unit 10	56	Unit 24	144
Unit 11	62	Unit 25	150
Unit 12	69	Unit 26	156
Unit 13	75	Unit 27	162

Unit 28 .....	168	Unit 40 .....	239
Unit 29 .....	174	Unit 41 .....	245
Unit 30 .....	180	Unit 42 .....	250
Unit 31 .....	185	Unit 43 .....	256
Unit 32 .....	191	Unit 44 .....	262
Unit 33 .....	197	Unit 45 .....	268
Unit 34 .....	203	Unit 46 .....	274
Unit 35 .....	209	Unit 47 .....	280
Unit 36 .....	215	Unit 48 .....	286
Unit 37 .....	221	Unit 49 .....	292
Unit 38 .....	227	Unit 50 .....	299
Unit 39 .....	233	Index .....	305

# Unit 1

## 【自测】

1. He was elected by a \_\_\_\_ vote.  
A. unanimous                      B. complete  
C. partial                            D. divided
2. He felt rather faint, but the fresh air soon \_\_\_\_ him.  
A. transformed                      B. survived  
C. revived                            D. overwhelmed
3. The man told the manager he would get his \_\_\_\_ on the company for dismissing him.  
A. revenge    B. wrath    C. indignation    D. punishment
4. Pollution \_\_\_\_ threat to the continued existence of this species.  
A. brings    B. takes    C. causes    D. poses
5. The writer \_\_\_\_ life in a refugee camp very vividly.  
A. portrays    B. observes    C. recollects    D. recalls
6. He is carrying a carpenter's \_\_\_\_.  
A. kick            B. kit            C. knee            D. knit
7. We read \_\_\_\_ of the story in the newspaper every day.  
A. installment                      B. adjustment  
C. circulation                        D. issues
8. The sculptor completed his work on a sudden \_\_\_\_.  
A. inspection                        B. admiration  
C. contradiction                    D. inspiration
9. The dancers \_\_\_\_ over the floor of the room.  
A. glided    B. descended    C. skied    D. fluttered
10. The development of oil fields \_\_\_\_ the Arab nations.  
A. enforced    B. escorted    C. enriched    D. enhanced

★Key: ACADA    BADAC

## 【考点】

autonomy [ɔ:'tɒnəmi] *n.* ①自治, 自治权 ②人身自由, 自由权  
After World War II, Britain granted many of its colonies



*autonomy*. 第二次世界大战后,英国允许其许多殖民地自治。

They fought for their *autonomy*. 他们为自己的人身自由而战。

**avail** [ə'veil] *n.* [一般用于否定句或疑问句中]效用,利益,帮助

Crying is of no *avail*. 哭也没有用。

*v.* [多用于否定句]有用于,有助于

Their efforts *availed* them nothing. 他们的努力毫无用处。

**aviation** [eiv'eifən] *n.* 航空,飞行

His father works as a pilot in a civil *aviation* company. 他父亲在一家民航公司当飞行员。

**boycott** ['bɔikət] *n. / v.* (联合)抵制,拒绝参加

They *boycotted* imported goods. 他们抵制洋货。

They instituted a *boycott* of Japanese goods in the thirties. 他们在 30 年代发起过抵制日货的运动。

**catholic** ['kæθəlik] *n.* 天主教徒

Is he a *Catholic* or Christian? 他是天主教徒还是基督教徒?

*a.* 天主教的

The priest favoured sending *Catholic* children to *Catholic* schools. 这位神父喜欢让信天主教的小孩到天主教学校去上学。

**caution** ['kɔ:ʃən] *n.* ①小心,谨慎②注意(事项),警告

He did his work with great *caution*. 他工作时极为谨慎。

The judge gave the prisoner a *caution* and set him free. 法官警告那犯人一番就把他释放了。

*v.* 警告,劝……小心

They *cautioned* him against danger. 他们警告他谨防危险。

**cautious** ['kɔ:ʃəs] *a.* 十分小心的,谨慎的

He urged doctors to *be cautious* in ordering X-rays for patients. 他力劝医生对病人要慎用 X 光。

**discern** [di'sə:n] *v.* ①看出,察觉出②认识,了解

I *discerned* her figure in the dark. 我在黑暗中辨认出了她的身影。

It's often difficult to *discern* the truth of an event from a newspaper report. 要从报纸上的报导去了解一个事件的

真相往往是困难的。

**disclose** [dis'kləuz] *v.* 揭露, 泄露, 透露

Daylight *disclosed* a chain of mountains in the distance. 天亮了, 远方的群山显露出来了。

**enlighten** [in'laɪtn] *v.* 启发, 开导

Listen to both sides and you will be *enlightened*. 兼听则明。

**enrich** [in'ritʃ] *v.* ①充实, 使丰富②使富裕, 使富有

An education *enriches* the mind. 教育可以充实心智。

The cereal is *enriched with* vitamins and minerals. 麦片中富含多种维生素及矿物质。

**glide** [glaid] *n. / v.* ①滑行, 滑移②滑翔

The skier *glided* skillfully down the snow-covered slope. 那个滑雪者熟练地从积雪覆盖的斜坡上滑了下去。

The pilot shut off the motors and *glided down* to the landing field. 驾驶员关了发动机, 滑行降落到机场上。

The new dance consists of a series of *glides*.

这套新舞中有一连串的滑步。

**inspiration** [ɪnspə'reɪʃən] *n.* ①灵感②鼓舞人心的人(或事物)③妙计, 好办法

Many poets and artists have *drawn their inspirations from* the nature. 许多诗人和艺术家从大自然中获得灵感。

Such a life is an *inspiration* to all of us. 这种生活对于我们所有人来说都是鼓舞人心的。

The boy always had the *inspiration* of dealing with some trouble. 那个男孩总能想出一些妙主意来处理某些麻烦。

**instal(l)ment** [in'stɔ:lment] *n.* ①分期付款, 分期交付②(分期连载的)部分

He borrowed a great amount of money to buy a house. Now he has to keep up *installments*. 他借了一大笔钱买房子, 现在则不得不分期偿付借款。

We read *installments* of the story in the newspaper last year. 去年, 我们在报上读了这个故事的连载。

**kit** [kit] *n.* ①成套工具, (适应特定需要的)成套用品②工具包, 用品箱

Mary gave her husband a golfing *kit* as a Christmas gift. 玛丽送给她丈夫一套高尔夫球用具作为圣诞礼物。

The plumber came to my house with a *kit*. 水管工带着工

具包来到我家。

*v.* 装备

The men were *kitted out* with the latest gear for climbing.

这些人配置了最新式的登山装备。

**mortal** ['mɔ:tl] *a.* ①终有一死的②致命的③不共戴天的

All men are *mortal*. 人终有一死。

He was struck down by a *mortal* blow upon the head. 他因头上受到致命的一击而倒了下去。

That was a *mortal* battle. 那是一场你死我活的战斗。

The monks didn't think they were *mortal*. 僧侣们自认为他们不是凡人。

**portray** [pɔ:'trei] *v.* ①扮演, 饰演②描写, 描绘

Who *portrayed* King Lear? 谁扮演李尔王?

The book *portrayed* the life of Lei Feng. 那本书描写了雷锋的生活经历。

**pose** [pəuz] *v.* ①造成(困难等)②提出(问题等), 陈述(观点等)③摆姿势(供摄影、作画等)④假装, 冒充

Bandits sometimes *pose* difficulties for the police. 匪徒有时给警方带来种种麻烦。

Here you will find the answer to the question *posed* by the inquisitive child who wants to know how a vacuum cleaner of a refrigerator works. 对于那个好奇的孩子提出的冰箱真空净化装置如何工作的问题, 你可以在这里找到答案。

The model *posed* for photographers. 那位模特为摄影师摆好姿势。

He was talking with such a strange laughter, *posing* very straight. 他说话时笑得特别奇怪, 装出十分坦率的样子。

**revenge** [ri'vendʒ] *n.* 报复, 报仇

Tom *took revenge* on the boss. 汤姆向老板报仇。

*vt.* 为……报仇, 报……之仇

Tom *revenged* his wife's murder. 汤姆报了杀妻之仇。

**revenue** ['revɪnju:] *n.* 财政收入, 税收

The government's *revenue* is made up chiefly of the money we pay in taxes. 政府的财政收入主要来自于我们缴纳的税款。

**revive** [ri'vaɪv] *v.* ①恢复②(使)复苏

A cup of tea *revived* me. 一杯茶使我恢复了精神。

The woman had fainted from the heat, but she soon

*revived*. 这位妇女由于太热而昏了过去,但很快就苏醒了。

**stall** [stɔ:l] *n.* ①货摊②[*pl.*](剧场的)正厅前座区

There are several fruit *stalls* in the market. 市场上有几个水果摊。

We have booked ten seats *in the stalls*. 我们已预订了十张前排的票。

*v.* ①(使)(发动机)熄火②拖延,推迟

The car *stalled* on a hill. 汽车在小山上熄火了。

Stop *stalling* and answer my questions. 别拖延,回答我的问题。

**stitch** [stɪtʃ] *v.* 缝,绣

She *stitched* the buttons on the coat. 她在外衣上钉钮扣。

*n.* ①(缝、绣、编结等的)一针,线迹②缝法,针法,编结法③(肋部的)突然剧痛

He had three *stitches* put in his head. 他头上缝了三针。

Recently, the feather *stitch* in sewing is very popular. 如今,羽状花纹缝法很受人们欢迎。

She felt a *stitch* in her side. 她感到肋部一阵剧痛。

**strategic** [strə'ti:dʒɪk] *a.* ①对全局有重要意义的,关键的②战略(上)的

Wait for the *strategic* moment, and then strike. 等到关键时刻再出击。

The *strategic* defence of the country depends on a powerful air force. 这个国家的战略防御依赖于强大的空军力量。

**toss** [tɒs] *v.* ①扔,抛,掷②猛抬(头)③拌(食品)④(打赌等时)掷(钱币)⑤使摇动,使颠簸⑥掷钱币决定⑦翻来覆去

The children are *tossing* the ball to each other. 孩子们互相抛球玩。

He *tossed* his head back. 他把头往上抬。

My mother is expert at *tossing* salads. 我母亲善于拌色拉。

Two sides had to *toss* coin to decide who to start first. 双方不得不掷硬币决定谁先开始。

The wave *tossed* the boat. 波涛使小船摇摇晃晃。

Let's *toss* to see who goes first. 我们掷硬币来决定谁先走。

She *tossed* all night long thinking over her own future. 她

整夜辗转不眠,思量着自己的未来。

**unanimous** [ju:'næniməs] a. 全体一致的,一致同意的

The country is *unanimous* in support of the Government's policy. 举国上下一致支持政府的决策。

## 【过关】

1. Please \_\_\_\_ me on that subject.  
A. enlighten B. acquaint C. inform D. instruct
2. We are paying for the car in 24 monthly \_\_\_\_ of £60.  
A. fragments B. installments C. refunds D. credits
3. He could \_\_\_\_ the shadowy figure of a man standing among the trees.  
A. detect B. see C. peek D. discern
4. While crossing a busy street, we must proceed with extreme \_\_\_\_.  
A. minds B. caution C. attention D. eyes
5. I am afraid my help \_\_\_\_ you much.  
A. availed B. didn't avail  
C. was not available D. was a available
6. Because of the shortage of water there is a \_\_\_\_ on the use of hosepipes.  
A. ban B. victim C. taboo D. boycott
7. I was suggested that all government Ministers should be forced to \_\_\_\_ information on their financial interests.  
A. uncover B. disclose C. admit D. unfold
8. She is very \_\_\_\_, but she is honest and will not use unfair means to gain her ends.  
A. ambitious B. advantageous  
C. cautious D. humorous
9. \_\_\_\_ industry is the industry concerned with aircraft manufacture, design etc.  
A. Bank B. Aviation C. Astronomy D. Circus
10. The authors of the United States Constitution attempted to establish an effective national government while preserving \_\_\_\_ for the states and liberty for individuals.  
A. autonomy B. prosperity C. dignity D. stability

★Key: ABDBB ABABA

# Unit 2

## 【自测】

1. I'm a \_\_\_\_ man, but your behaviour is more than I can bear.  
A. tolerant B. responsible  
C. generous D. enthusiastic
2. A \_\_\_\_ target is the easiest to aim at.  
A. permanent B. stationary C. isolated D. movable
3. We were \_\_\_\_ by the news that they were getting divorced; they got married just a month ago and were considered such a perfect match.  
A. relieved B. dismayed  
C. startled D. disillusioned
4. "Are you ready?" "Why should I be ready when you're not?" She \_\_\_\_.  
A. answered B. retorted C. replied D. responded
5. You have \_\_\_\_ long enough; it is time to decide.  
A. stayed B. wondered C. asked D. pondered
6. Getting up at four o'clock was a(n) \_\_\_\_ to the children and they enjoyed it.  
A. inertia B. novelty C. hobby D. sport
7. The car lost \_\_\_\_ as it tried to ascend the steep hill.  
A. tendency B. momentum C. vigor D. morale
8. He was \_\_\_\_ in his attempt to escape by a guard.  
A. embarrassed B. canceled C. foiled D. perplexed
9. I never saw such a(n) \_\_\_\_ child; he is screaming and kicking all the time.  
A. energetic B. efficient  
C. diligent D. hardworking
10. In this war, both sides incurred heavy \_\_\_\_.  
A. death B. injury C. casualness D. casualties

★Key: ABCBD BBCAD

## 【考点】

**attendant** [ə'tendənt] *n.* 服务员,侍者

The room *attendant* can speak a little English. 那个房间的服务员会说几句英语。

*a.* 伴随的,随之而产生的

One of the *attendant* difficulties during the war was the lack of medicine. 战争带来的困难之一就是药品缺乏。

**attorney** [ə'tə:ni] *n.* 律师

He was too poor to hire an *attorney*. 他太穷了请不起律师。

**augment** [ɔ:g'ment] *v.* 扩大,增加,提高

He *augmented* his income by working in his spare time. 他在业余时间干活以增加收入。

**cartoon** [kɑ:'tu:n] *n.* ①漫画,幽默画②动画片

There are many *cartoons* in this magazine. 这本杂志里有许多幽默画。

Not only children but also some adults like *cartoons*. 不仅孩子们喜欢动画片,一些成年人也喜欢。

**casualty** ['kæʒuəlti] *n.* ①伤亡人员,死伤者②受害人,损失的东西

No *casualties* were reported in the bomb explosion. 据报道,无人在这次炸弹爆炸中伤亡。

We can't make an estimate for the *casualties* in this earthquake. 我们无法估计这次地震所造成的损失。

**diplomatic** [diplə'mætik] *a.* ①外交的,从事外交的②策略的,有手腕的 *n.* diplomacy

Our nation has established *diplomatic* relations at the ambassadorial rank with more than one hundred nations in the world. 我国已与世界上100多个国家建立了大使级外交关系。

Our boss is *diplomatic* in dealing with people. 我们老板在与人交往方面很有手腕。

**directory** [di'rektəri] *n.* 人名地址录,工商号名录,(电话)号码簿

Peter found the address of Mr Harris in the telephone *directory*. 彼得在电话号码簿上找到了哈里斯先生的地址。

**energetic** [ˌenə'dʒetɪk] *a.* ①精力充沛的, 充满活力的 ②有力的, 积极的 *n.* energy

My father is always *energetic* though he is fifty. 尽管我父亲已 50 多岁了, 可他总是那么精力充沛。

He took *energetic* steps to fulfil his plan. 他采取有力措施以实现其计划。

**engagement** [ɪn'ɡeɪdʒmənt] *n.* ①约会, 预约 ②(演员等的)约请, 受聘(期) ③订婚, 婚约

On account of a previous *engagement* I couldn't have the pleasure of taking part in the party. 由于有约在先, 我无法参加此次聚会。

The employee's *engagement* expires in a month. 那个雇员的聘约再有一个月就到期了。

I hear that she has also broken off her *engagement* to Wright. 我听说她已解除了与赖特的婚约。

**foil** [fɔɪl] *n.* ①箔, 金属薄片 ②陪衬物, 陪衬者

This kind of candy is sometimes wrapped in tin *foil* to keep it fresh. 这种糖果常用锡箔包装以保鲜。

A plain old woman serves as a *foil* to a beautiful young woman. 一相貌平常的老妇充当一美丽少妇的陪衬。

*v.* 挫败, 使受挫折

He was *foiled* in his attempt to deceive the girl. 他企图欺骗那个女孩子的计划失败了。

**heighten** ['haɪtn] *v.* ①提高, 加强 ②升高, 变强

The man is so tall that he has to *heighten* the door. 此人太高, 不得不把门加高。

I couldn't recognize him for he *heightened* a lot. 他长高了, 我都认不出来了。

**innumerable** [ɪ'nju:mərəbl] *a.* 无数的, 数不清的

*Innumerable* wild animals live in the woods. 森林里生活着无数的野兽。

**kidney** ['kɪdni] *n.* 肾, 肾脏

The patient needs a *kidney* transplant. 这位患者需要换肾。

**momentum** [məʊ'mentəm] *n.* ①冲力, 势头 ②动量

The movement was gaining *momentum*. 那场运动越来越猛烈。

Do falling objects gain *momentum*? 下落物体的动量增加吗?



**novelty** ['nɒvəlti] *n.* ①新奇,新奇感,新奇性 ②新奇事物  
③新颖小巧而廉价的商品

Having been here for many times, there is no *novelty* for me any more. 来过许多次了,我对这里不再有新奇感了。

It was a *novelty* for me to buy such an expensive watch. 买这么贵的表,对我来说还是第一次。

The shop sells *novelties* to tourists. 这家商店向游客出售各种小玩意。

**ponder** ['pɒndə] *v.* 思考,考虑,沉思

She *pondered* her next words. 她考虑下一句话该如何说。

**pope** [pəʊp] *n.* [常用 the P.] 教皇,罗马主教

Why ask the bishop when the *Pope's* around? 教皇就在眼前,何必去求主教?

**retort** [ri'tɔ:t] *n. / v.* 反驳,回嘴

He *retorted* that it was all my fault. 他反驳说那都是我的错。

Her *retort* left me with nothing more to say. 她的反驳让我无话可说。

**retrieve** [ri'tri:v] *v.* ①重新得到,取回,收回 ②挽回,补救  
③检索

Frank *retrieved* his spirits. 弗兰克的精神恢复了。

He went to great lengths to *retrieve* his honor. 他竭尽全力挽回名誉。

The researchers are *retrieving* the information they need on the computer. 研究人员正在计算机上检索他们所需的资料。

**startle** ['stɑ:tl] *v.* 使惊吓,使吃惊

The sudden explosion *startled* us. 突然的爆炸声吓了我们一跳。

**stationary** ['steɪʃənəri] *a.* 固定的,静止不动的

It is easier to aim at a *stationary* target than at a moving target. 瞄准一个静止不动的靶子要比瞄准一个移动的靶子容易得多。

**statistics** [stə'tistiks] *n.* ①统计,统计资料[用做复数名词]  
②统计学[用做单数名词]

*Statistics* tell part of the story. 统计资料说明了部分问题。

*Statistics* is a branch of mathematics. 统计学是数学的一个分支。