

# 英语 港配大词典

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# 序言

苏州大学王文昌同志让我阅读了他和他的同事们合力编写的《英语搭配大词典》,很感兴趣,写了下面几段话。

英语词语的搭配,是英语学习中的一个重要项目,英语教学专家如帕尔默 (H.E. Palmer)、霍恩比(A.S.Hornby)、韦斯特 (Michael West) 等人,早就注意到了。道理可以说得极其简单。一个人学习英语,总在学习词语,或扩大词语量。阅读时,要认识词语;造句或写作时,要运用词语。词语是有生命的,是活动的,不是孤立的。因此,要正确地认识词语,或正确地运用词语,最好能在词语与词语的联合活动上多多用力,以便取得良好的效果。在这方面,搭配词典可以给我们帮助。我们不但可以通过它来查找某些词语的搭配关系,而且在适当场合,也可以把它的某些部分,例如有关常用词语的搭配关系,作为教材,使学生具体认识英语搭配的实际情况,从而养成正确认识词语和正确运用词语的习惯。帕尔默当年曾经有过这样的主张,值得重视。

苏州大学的同志们,针对目前英语教学的情况,收采大量材料,包括最近出现的搭配句语,斟酌损益,编成这部大型词典,以备查证、学习或进行研究之用,这是辛勤劳动的成果,是应当庆贺的。是为序。

**范存忠** 南京大学 1986 年 8 月

# 前言

《英语搭配大词典》(A Dictionary of English Collocations)是一部介绍英语词与词之间搭配关系的工具书。

英语中的词语组合浩如烟海,可以将它们粗分成为封闭性(closed)和开放性(open)两大类。封闭性搭配是在长期使用过程中逐渐形成的习惯固定词组,开放性搭配是在千变万化的语言环境(linguistic context)中按照一定语法结构和语义联系造就的灵活词语组合,可以无限生成。

《英语搭配大词典》兼收封闭性与开放性搭配,以 15,000 个常用词为词目,从语法结构和语义联系两个方面,向读者介绍用这些词作为搭配中心的词语组合,共 30 余万条。

本词典的语言材料选自享有较高声誉的中外英语词典以及当今出版的英美书籍报刊。掌握符合习惯的英语词语搭配有助于非英语民族的人克服由于受本民族语言和文化的影响而产生的错误,避免不合习惯的类推,从而提高运用地道英语 (idiomatic English) 进行交际的能力。例如,英语中说 strong coffee (浓咖啡),但一般不用thick 修饰 coffee;英语里有 weak coffee (淡咖啡)的搭配,但通常不说 thin coffee。然而,说明 soup (汤)的浓稠或稀薄时,却只能用 thick 或 thin,而不用 strong 或 weak。又如我们完全可以用 wide, narrow, thick, thin 等词修饰 book, board 或 a piece of cloth 等名词或名词短语,但在说到 head (头)的形状时,就只能用 wide 或 narrow,而不用 thick 或 thin (虽然 thick head 可以表示"傻瓜"的意思)。big 和 large 是同义词,但它们的搭配能力也受到习惯用法的制约,英语中可以说 a big mountain 或 a large mountain,但只能说 a big rain, a big event,在正常情况下不说 a large rain, a large event。

本词典从中国人学习英语的角度出发,选收常见常用的词语搭配,对具体语言现象进行描述,提供丰富多彩的表达方法,以尽量满足读者在复杂的生活中进行思想交流的需要。例如,若要表达"取得成功"的概念,读者可以从 success 词目下的动宾搭配项中找到 achieve / attain / earn / gain / get / make / obtain / reach / score / win success 等许多意义相同或相近的词语组合;而该词目下提供的 academic, amazing, brilliant, economic, ephemeral, fugitive, great, ill, lasting, marvellous, military, outstanding, political, prodigious, pronounced, temporary, unparalleled, well-merited 等词,又能使读者从中选择在某种特定情景中修饰 success 的恰当词语。如果再从名词和介词的搭配项中看到 a remarkable success against malaria, his success in business 等组合,读者又能知道如何表达"在某方面取得成功或成就"。

《英语搭配大词典》是我国编纂出版的第一部介绍英语词语搭配的专门性大型工具书。今天这部词典终于与读者见面了,这是编写组全体同志长期团结协作,废寝忘食,不避寒暑,辛勤劳动的成果。南京大学已故英文教授陈嘉先生、梁上纯先生,我校美籍文教专家卡林(Robert Carling)、克劳斯(James Kraus)、埃丝德芙丝(Carmen Esteves)和加拿大籍文教专家芬克(Herta Funk)对词典编写提供了许多宝贵的意见和有益的帮助,江苏教育出版社为词典的出版作出巨大努力;另外,王怀念、吴敏苏、徐素蓉、赵尔平等同志协助我词典编写组承担了部分读稿、校对和誊写工作,我们在此一并表示衷心的感谢。让这部词典在我国四个现代化建设中发挥积极作用是编写组全体成员的最大心愿。由于我们水平有限,经验不足,疏漏之处在所难免,希望读者不吝批评指正。

《英语搭配大词典》编写组 1988年3月

### 用法说明

#### 一、词目

本词典所收词目大多为名词、动词和形容词,并酌收少量副词、介词及代词等。每一词目下列有词性、释义、搭配和例证。词目按英语字母顺序排列。词目的汉语释义以本词目下各项搭配关系中的主要意义为限。

如果一个词有几种词性,一般按不同词性分别处理。例如 answer, n. 列为一个词目; answer, v. 列为另一个词目。也有少数词语, 虽具有两种或三种词性, 但搭配关系比较简单, 则列入同一词目, 不分开处理。例如: alone, adj., adv.

在每个词目下, 先给词性和释义, 然后列举搭配关系和例证。例如:

commute, v. 变换; 兑换; 减轻 (刑罚等); 经常来往; (美) 使用月季票乘车

P commute between London and New York 经常往返于伦敦和纽约之间 || commute pain for pleasure 变痛苦为欢乐 || She commutes from Cambridge to London every day. 她每天来往于剑桥和伦敦之间。/ His punishment was commuted from death to life imprisonment by the judge. 他的死刑由法官减为无期徒刑。 || commute stone into gold 点石成金 / commute imprisonment into a fine 以罚款代监禁 / commute an annuity into [for] a lump sum 将年金折算为一总数一次付清 || commute foreign currency to domestic 将外币兑换成本国货币 / He commutes to work on a half-hour bus ride each morning. 他每天早晨使用月季票乘半小时公共汽车去上班。

有些释义多、搭配关系繁复的词目,则先对词义进行分类,然后分别列举搭配方法和例证。例如:

**answer**, v (1) 回答, 答复; 应答; 抗辩; 报复

- M answer back 回嘴; 为自己辩护
- P answer the question by saying that ... 回答这个问题说…
- M This tool best answers (to) the purpose. 这把工具最顶用。

#### 二、中心词

本词典里的词目在搭配关系中称为中心词。在例证中,中心词用斜体排印,搭配词用黑斜体排印。例如:

create a fashion; follow the new fashion

Fashions change quickly.

exotic fashion

after a fashion

fashion of the moment

I was called away.

call across a river

extremely beautiful

good at English

He was leaning right against the wall.

#### 三、搭配例证的编排

每个词目下的搭配例证,先按中心词与搭配词的语法关系进行分类,然后再按搭配词的字母顺序排列。 语法分类用下列大写字母表示:

V(verbs 动词)

Q(qualifiers 定语性修饰语)

M(modifiers 状语性修饰语)

P(prepositions 介词)

O(others 其他)

现分别举例说明如下:

1. 名词为中心词:

success, n. 成功; 成就; 胜利; 取得成功的人

- V approach success 接近胜利
- V<sup>2</sup> Success has crowned his efforts. 他的努力终于获得成功。
- Q a brilliant success 辉煌的成就
- P I tried to persuade him, but without success. 我试图说服他,但没有成功。
- P<sup>2</sup> his success in business 他在商业方面的成功
- 说明: V 表示该名词中心词用作宾语时常用来与之搭配,构成动宾结构的动词。有的动词后面跟有副词或介词,构成一个短语动词,这个短语动词与该名词中心词的动宾搭配也归入本项,例如: meet with success。
  - V<sup>2</sup> 表示该名词中心词用作主语时,它的后面常可以跟哪些动词构成主谓结构。
  - Q 表示该名词中心词常可以和哪些定语修饰语搭配使用。起修饰作用的可以是形容词、名词, 也可以是其它词类 (作定语用的介词短语不包括在内)。构成主表搭配关系的形容词也归入修饰语这一类。例如: Success is now certain.
  - P 表示该名词中心词前面常可以用哪些介词。
  - P<sup>2</sup> 表示该名词中心词后面常可以跟哪些介词。
- 2. 动词为中心词:

think, v. 想, 思索; 想起; 认为; 料想

M Great minds think alike. (谚) 英雄所见略同。 think out a plan 想出一个计划

P What do you think of the idea? 你认为这个主意怎样?

I will think more seriously upon the matter. 我要更认真地考虑这件事。

说明: M 表示常可用以修饰该动词中心词的副词和词组。例如: I thought as much. 果然不出我所料。

P 表示该动词中心词后常可以跟哪些介词。

3. 形容词为中心词:

difficult, adj. 困难的, 艰难的; (人) 难弄的

- M become increasingly difficult 变得日益困难
- P a man difficult of access 难以接近的人
- 说明: M 表示常可以用来修饰该形容词中心词的状语修饰语。
  - P 表示该形容词中心词后常可以跟哪些介词(少数形容词中心词前面带介词的用法也收入本项)。
- 4. 代词、副词、介词等为中心词时,其分类排列体例与名词、动词、形容词同。现一并举例如下:

another, pron. 另一个; 类似的一个

- P risk one's life for another 舍己为人
- P<sup>2</sup> another of his letters to her 他写给她的又一封信
- O one way or another 设法, 无论如何

immediately, adv. 立即; 直接地; 紧密地

P the period immediately before the festival 节日前夕那段时间

beneath, prep. 低于; 不值得

- M They are far beneath the average in intelligence. 他们的智力远不如一般人。
- P He took a knife from beneath his coat. 他从外衣下面拿出一把刀来。

在某些词目的 P 项中, 有一些介词与中心词并无固定的搭配关系, 把它们也归入该词目的 P 项是从实用的角度出发, 扩大例证的收集范围, 以供读者参考和选用。例如:

I disliked him for his arrogance. 我讨厌他的傲慢。

He succeeded to admiration. 他圆满地成功了。

#### 四. 符号说明

- 1. 圆括号"( )"用于:
  - (1)表示语体、学科等,如(口)、(文)、(俚)、(谚)、(军)、(商)等。例如: All things are difficult before they are easy. (谚)凡事都是先难后易。
  - (2)表示可以省略的词语。例如: We were *afraid* lest we (should) hurt his feelings. 我们担心会伤害他的感情。 The ten *days passed* (*by*) rapidly. 这 10 天很快就过去了。
  - (3)表示补充说明。例如: think away a toothache 思考 (某事) 而忘了牙疼。
- 2. 方括号"[]"用于:

- (1)表示可替代例证中某一词语的同义词语。例如: a green [new] hand 生手[新手]。
- (2)表示在某一搭配中还可使用的别的词语。例如: think up a new argument [excuse, plan] 想出一个新论点 [借口、计划]。
- 3. 斜线号"/"用来分开包含同一搭配关系的不同例证。例如: The book doesn't *commend* itself **to** me. 我对 这本书不感兴趣。/ I commend it **to** your notice. 我提请你注意它。
- 4. 平行号"||"用来分开不同的搭配关系。例如: I do not grudge his success. 我不妒忌他的成功。|| guarantee its success 保证它的成功。

# 缩 略 语 表

adj. adjective adv. adverb art. article conj. conjunction int. interjection modifiers n. noun others prepositions 介词(搭頁	副词       F         副词       F         短词       C         接回       S         ************************************	orep. preporon.  Q qualisb. some sing. singuate.  sth. some verb.	bosition
(复) 口(文) 书国国 ((文) 英) ((文) 英) ((文) ((文) 英) ((x) ((x) 英) ((x) (x) (x) (x) (x) (x) (x) (x) (x) (	(印)····································	生物学机…空纺、生物动地械。间生物动地械。间外的化音电物理工交技军农林医体冶印《阳学学乐讯学学程通术事业业学育金染	(物)

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abacus, n. 算盘

- V use an abacus 使用[打] 算盘 || work an abacus 打
- P beads on an abacus 算盘珠 / reckon on the abacus 用 算盘计算 / set figures on the abacus 把数字打在算盘上

abandon, n. 放肆; 任性

- Q dissolute abandon 放荡 || The students cheered with passionate abandon. 学生们热烈地尽情欢呼。|| reckless abandon 恣意放纵 || sensual abandon 肉欲放纵
- P with abandon 尽情地; 放肆地 / scream and guffaw with abandon in dancing balls and restaurants 在舞会上和饭店里恣意尖叫哄笑 / The child cried with abandon. 这孩子任性地哭闹。 / dance with gay abandon 纵情地跳舞 / The cheerleader waved his arms with wild abandon. 啦啦队长疯狂地挥动着双臂。

abandon, v. 放弃; 遗弃; 抛弃

- M definitely abandon their attempt 明确地放弃他们的企图 || despairingly abandon 绝望地放弃 || I would never abandon my friends. 我永远不会抛弃朋友。 || The plan will most probably be abandoned. 这项计划很可能被放弃。 || abandon recklessly 轻率地放弃 || abandon regretfully 遗憾地放弃 || The man shamelessly abandoned his wife and child for another woman. 那个男人无耻地遗弃了妻儿,另寻新欢。 || abandon temporarily 暂时放弃
- P abandon it as unnecessary 因不需要而抛弃它 || The burning oil tanker was abandoned by the crew. 着火的油轮被船员放弃了。|| In his early days he abandoned medicine for literature. 他早年弃医从文。|| abandon sb. to the mercy of ... 听任某人受…的摆布 / abandon oneself to pleasures 恣意享乐 / Don't abandon yourself to despair. 别自暴自弃。/ The sailors abandoned themselves to drinking. 水手们恣意酗酒。/ abandon oneself to excessive grief 陷入过度的哀伤之中 / abandon oneself to the pursuit of pleasures 恣意寻欢作乐

abandonment, n. 放弃; 抛弃; 遗弃

- Q a complete abandonment of secular duties and cares 彻底抛弃世俗的责任和牵挂 || cowardly abandonment 懦怯的放弃 || inglorious abandonment 可耻的放弃 || prudent abandonment 慎重的放弃 || reluctant abandonment 勉强放弃
- P a notice of abandonment (保险) 委付通知
- P<sup>2</sup> the abandonment of an action 放弃诉讼 / spontaneous abandonment of a right 自动弃权

abase, v. 贬抑; 使谦卑; 使降低(地位、职务、身份等)。

- M calumniously abase 中伤地贬低 || The old gossip who is in the habit of spreading slanderous rumors about his colleagues disgracefully abases himself. 那个习惯于造谣中伤同事的老饶舌实乃可耻地自贬身份。|| dishonorably abase others 无耻地贬抑他人 || slanderously abase 诽谤地贬低
- P abase oneself **before** a superior 在上司 [强者] 面前感到自卑 | He was abased by misfortune. 他因遭到不幸而自卑。

#### abash, v. 使羞愧;使窘迫

M When the little child saw all the room filled with strangers, she was much abashed. 那个小女孩看到房间里都是

- 陌生人, 感到很难为情。 || Your kindness quite abashed me. 你的好意令我十分不安。
- P He is not abashed at detection. 他不以事情败露为耻。/ He is abashed at discovery. 他因事情暴露而感到羞愧。/ He was abashed at forgetting his wife's birthday. 他因忘了妻子的生日而感到惭愧。/ be abashed at a sight 看到某一景象而感到窘迫/standing abashed at the display of wealth 在财富的炫耀面前感到羞愧。| He was quite abashed before the king. 他在国王面前感到很困窘。 | feel abashed in the presence of superior goodness and wisdom 在卓越的美德和超群的智慧面前感到自愧弗如
- O Nothing can abash him. 他寡廉鲜耻。

abate, v. 减少,减轻;废除

M Demand has considerably abated. 需求已大大减少了。 P abate by law 依法废除/His pride was not abated by his many mistakes. 他的诸多错误并未使他变得谦虚些。 || abate 5 cents from [out of] the price 降价 5 分 || The wind abated in fury. 风势减弱了。/ The storm abated in violence. 暴风雨减势了。

abatement, n. 减少,减轻,消除;废除

- V The prices admit no abatement. 这些价格不容削减。 || effect an abatement 实行减价; 使之无效 || be obliged to make abatements 被迫削减
- O noise abatement 噪音的消除
- P plea in abatement (律) 妨诉抗辩
- P<sup>2</sup> abatement from the price asked 降低原要价 || There is no abatement in his temperature. 他的热度不退。|| abatement of action 撤消诉讼 / abatement of debts 债务减少 / abatement of the fever 热度减退 / abatement of a nuisance 排除妨碍行为 / abatement of weight 减重

abbreviate, v. 缩写; 缩短; 节略

P The ceremony was abbreviated by rain. 因为下雨,仪式从筒。‖"Sweets" is abbreviated from "sweetmeats." "sweets" 是 "sweetmeats" 的缩写。‖"Mathematics" is sometimes abbreviated to "math." "mathematics" 有时缩写成 "math"。/ Young Men's Christian Association is commonly abbreviated to Y.M.C.A. Young Men's Christian Association (基督教青年会)通常缩写成 Y.M.C.A.。/"Weight" is abbreviated to "wt." "weight" 缩写为 "wt."。

abbreviation, n. 缩写(词);缩短;节略

- Q colloquial abbreviation 通俗口语体的缩略 || inelegant abbreviation 粗俗的缩略 || a recognizable abbreviation 一个可以看出其指代的缩写 || an unintelligible abbreviation 一个莫名其妙的缩写
- P<sup>2</sup> "Can't" is an abbreviation for "cannot." "can't" 是 "cannot" 的缩写。‖ "Mr" is the abbreviation of "Mister." "Mr" 是 "Mister" 的缩写。

ABC, n. 字母表; 基础知识; 人门

- V know the ABC of a subject 了解一门学科的基础知识 || learn one's ABC 学字母[基础知识]
- P They are only **at** the ABC of their studies. 他们的学习 才刚刚人门。! begin **with** the ABC of a subject 从一门课程的基础知识开始
- P<sup>2</sup> the ABC of English grammar 英语语法人门/He does not know even the ABC of philosophy. 他连哲学的基础知识也不懂。/the ABC of finance 财政学人门 || ABC to

speculation in stock exchange 证券交易所里投机买卖的基本知识!

O as easy as ABC 极为容易 || as plain as ABC 极其明白 abdicate, v. 退位; 放弃(职位、权利等)

M abdicate dramatically 戏剧性地放弃:He ignominiously abdicated his responsibilities and fled. 他可耻地放弃了职责而逃走了。 || passively abdicate the office 不得已辞职 || submissively abdicate a right 顺从地放弃一项权利 || abdicate voluntarily 自动放弃 || abdicate willingly 心甘情愿地放弃

P abdicate from the throne 退位

O King Edward VIII abdicated to marry a commoner. 英王 爱德华八世放弃王位去和一个平民结婚。

#### abdomen, n. 腹部

- V Abdomen is composed of.... 腹部由…组成。 || exercise the flaccid abdomen 锻炼松弛的腹部 || flatten the protruding abdomen 使突出的腹部变平 || relax the abdomen 放松腹部(肌肉) || slash the abdomen horizontally 将腹部 横向切开 || slim the abdomen (用运动、减食等方法) 减少腹部脂肪 || tap the abdomen 抽腹水
- Q a heavy, pendulous abdomen during later weeks of pregnancy 怀孕最后几周期间沉甸的腹部 || lean abdomen 无脂肪的瘦腹部
- P rest [sleep] on the abdomen 俯卧

#### abduct, v. 诱拐,绑架

P The police caught the man who tried to *abduct* the boy *for* ransom. 警察抓住了那个企图拐走这男孩以便勒索赎金的家伙。 || *abduct* a person *from* his home 把某人从家中劫走

abeam, adv. 正横(与船的龙骨或飞机机身成直角)

M right abeam 正横,正对着船舷

- P Fire a broadside when their ship comes abeam of ours. 等他们的船对着我们的船舷时就用舷炮射击。/ The lighthouse was right abeam of our ship. 灯塔正对着我们的船舷。/ The enemy ship was abeam of ours. 敌船正对着我们的船舷。
- O We had the wind abeam. 我们的船舷受风。
- aberration, n. 偏差,越轨;错乱;(天文) 光行差
- V The *aberrations* of his youth had long been *forgotten*. 他年轻时的荒唐事早就被遗忘了。
- Q His peculiarities are no more than harmless aberrations. 他的怪诞不过是无害的越轨行为罢了。|| mental aberration 精神失常
- P He stole money in a moment of aberration. 他一时糊涂 偷 了 钱。 / She made the mistake in a moment of aberration. 她一念之差犯了个错误。
- P<sup>2</sup> A lie is an aberration **from** the truth. 谎言是对真理的歪曲。 The delay was caused by an aberration **in** the computer. 那次耽误是由电脑的差错造成的。 || an aberration **of** the mind 精神失常 / the aberration **of** a star 星的光行差

#### abet, v 教唆;煽动; (律)帮助 (某人作坏事)

- P abet sb. against his master 唆使某人反对他的主人 | One man did the actual stealing, but two others abetted him by attracting the attention of the storekeeper. 一个人动手行窗,另外两人则帮他把店主的注意力转移开。 | He abetted the thief in robbing the bank. 他唆使那个窃贼抢劫银行, / The jewel thieves were abetted in the robbery by some of the servants at the great house. 偷珠宝的贼作案时由那座大宅里的一些仆人作内应。 / abet a man in a crime 教唆某人犯罪 / She abetted him in his folly. 她怂恿他做蠢事。
- O aid and abet (律) 教唆/He is said to have aided and

abetted the murderer. 据说他曾教唆那个杀人犯。

abeyance, n. 中止,暂缓; (律)(所有权等的)未定

- P The matter is kept in abeyance. 这件事被搁置起来 了。 / An inheritance is **in** abeyance when the rightful owner has not been determined. 在合法所有人未定的情 况下,继承权暂缓决定。 / The judge held the question in abeyance until he had the information necessary to make a decision. 法官在取得可供判决的必要资料之前暂时搁置 此案。/Let's hold that question in abevance until we know more about it. 在了解到更多有关情况之前, 让我们 把那个问题暂搁置 下。 / an estate in abeyance 所有权 未定的地产/The question of Mary's marriage is in abeyance till her mother comes home. 玛丽的婚事暂时 被搁置起来,等她母亲回来再说。/The land was in abeyance for several years. 这块土地的所有权好几年没 有确定。|| statutes fallen into abeyance 失效的法令/The law fell *into abeyance*. 这法律停止生效。 It is a state *of* abeyance. 这是一种中止状态。
- P<sup>2</sup> The custom was revived after an abeyance of several centuries. 这风俗中断了几个世纪之后又流行起来了。

#### abhorrence, n. 厌恶,痛恨;被憎恶的事物

- V He has an abhorrence of sin [evil]. 他嫉恶如仇。 || show abhorrence of snakes 显示出对蛇的憎恶
- Q He has a great abhorrence of medicine. 他非常厌恶药物。 || uncontrollable abhorrence 控制不住的憎恶
- P hold sb. *in abhorrence* 痛恨某人 || be struck *with abhorrence* 感到厌恶
- P<sup>2</sup> abhorrence of ingratitude [gambling] 对于忘恩负义行为 [赌赙] 的憎恶 / his abhorrence of flattery 他对于谄媚的憎恶 || It is an abhorrence to his feeling. 这是他深恶痛绝的事。

#### abhorrent, adj. 可恶的, 讨厌的; 不相容的, 悖逆的

- P The procedure is abhorrent from the principles of law. 该程序违反法律原则。 || He is abhorrent of excess. 他厌恶过分的行为。 / abhorrent of violence 憎恨暴力 || Such an act is detestably abhorrent to my feeling. 这种行为是我极其痛恨的。 / Cruelty is abhorrent to him. 他憎恶残暴行径。 / a suggestion abhorrent to their principles 与他们的原则相悖的建议 / a theory abhorrent to reason 与理性相悖的理论
- abide, v. 遵守; 坚持; 忠于; 承担; 容忍; (文) 居住, 逗留
- M abide faithfully by one's promise 忠实地遵守诺言 || abide staunchly by one's first love 忠诚于初恋 || Let us abide temporarily by the majority. 让我们暂时服从多数人的意见吧。
- P abide at a place [house] 住在一个地方 [一所房子里] || abide by 遵守, 信守; 坚持 (原来的意见); 承担 (后果等); 忍 受 / abide by an agreement 遵守一项协议 / abide by the condition of... 遵守…的条件 / You'll have to abide by the consequences. 你必须承担后果。/ Both sides should trustworthily abide by the contract. 双方均应恪守本合 同。 / take their disputes before the committee and abide by its decisions 把他们的争端提交委员会,并服从它的裁决 / abide by school discipline 遵守校纪 / abide by one's friends 忠于朋友 / We agreed to abide by your judgement. 我们同意服从你的裁决。 / abide by the law 遵守法律 / You must abide by the results of your mistakes. 你必须承担由你的错误所造成的后果。/If you join the club you have to abide by its rules. 如果你参加 俱乐部, 你就得遵守它的规章。 || He abode [abided] in Boston almost all his life. 他在波士顿几乎住了一辈子。/ abide in the wooded hills 住在树林茂密的山里 || Abide with me a while longer. 和我在一起多呆一会。/abide

with sb. 与某人住在一起 ability, n. 能力, 本领; 才干

- V analyze sb.'s organizing ability 分析某人的组织能力 || appreciate sb.'s literary ability 赏识某人的文学才能 || His condition baffles the diagnostic abilities of medical men. 他的病状使医生们迷惑不解,无法诊断。 || conceal one's ability 不显露自己的才能 | cultivate one's ability 培养才能 | demonstrate [display] one's ability 显露自 己的才能 | depreciate sb.'s leadership ability 贬低某人的 领导才能 || develop special ability in ... 发挥在…方面的特 殊才能 || I do not *doubt* your *ability* to do the work. 我 不怀疑你从事这项工作的能力。 || estimate sb.'s executive ability 评价某人的行政能力 || exhibit considerable ability 表现出相当的能力 || She has the ability to swim like a fish. 她有象鱼一样游泳的本领。 || improve sb.'s conversational abilities 提高某人的会话能力 || lack ability in science 缺乏科学才能 || make use of sb.'s ability 利用某 人的才能 || measure sb.'s ability 衡量某人的才干 || It outruns the human ability to control it. 这非人力所能控 制。 || prostitute one's ability 滥用自己的才能 || show ability in the dispatch of business 表现出处理事情的才干 V<sup>2</sup> ability **falls short** (of) 能力不足,能力达不到
- Q administrative ability 行政管理能力 | all-round ability 多方面的才能 || He has the artist ability to endow the people of whom he writes with flesh and blood. 他有 把自己笔下的人物刻划得有血有肉的艺术才华。|| He shows more than average ability in this direction. 他在这方面 有高于一般水平的才能。||a lady of brilliant literary ability 文学才华横溢的女士 || business ability 商业才干 || diplomatic ability 外交才干 || a woman of distinguished intellectual ability 智力出众的妇女 || a man of exceptional ability 具有非凡才干的人 || financial [pecuniary] ability 财力 || innate ability 天赋 || The Americans are celebrated for their inventive ability. 美国人以发明创造 才能著称。 || language [linguistic] ability 语言能力 || leadership ability 领导能力, 领导才干 || listening, speaking, reading and writing abilities 听、说、读、写的能力 || manifold abilities 多方面的才能 ||a man of mediocre ability 才能平庸的人 Musical ability often shows itself early in life. 音乐才华往往在幼年时期就显示出来。 || a man of no ability 无能的人 | oratorical ability 口才,演 讲才能 His organizing ability is very great. 他的组织 才能真了不起。 || He shows rare ability in this direction. 他在这方面表现出罕见的才能。 || reading ability in English 英语阅读能力 || his reasoning ability 他的推理能 力 || a scholar of recognized ability 一位才能得到公认的 学者 || remarkable ability 杰出的才能 || By sheer ability he has acquired the present position. 他获得目前的职位 全靠他的才能。 || He speaks English with some ability. 他英语讲得不错。 | develop one's speaking ability 提高 自己的讲话能力 || striking abilities in diplomacy 惊人的外 交才能 | men of substantial ability 有真本事的人 || superior ability 卓越的才能 || She experimented with her teaching ability on those pupils. 她在那些小学生身上实 验她的教学能力。 || Professor Smith was a scholar of undoubted ability. 史密斯教授无疑是一位很有才能的学者。 || unique ability 独特的才能 || His ability is unquestionable. 他的才能不容置疑。 || end Germany's war-making ability 摧毀德国发动战争的能力 | restore working ability 恢复工作能力 One's writing ability grows by practice. 一个人的写作能力靠实践来提高。
- P From each *according to* his *abilities*, to each according to his work. 各尽所能,按劳分配。 || beyond his ability

- 他力所不及 || His appointment is **from** sheer ability. 他被任命全凭才干。|| He is wanting **in** ability. 他缺乏才能。|| He is not behind the other students **in** ability. 他的才能不亚于其他学生。|| a man **of** ability 有本事的人 || I will do it to the best **of** my ability. 我将尽力而为。/ to the utmost **of** one's ability 竭尽全力 || **Thanks to** his ability, he has obtained great success. 由于有才能,他获得了很大成功。 || rise in the world **through** ability 由于才干而飞黄腾达 || do **to** one's best ability 尽力而为
- P<sup>2</sup> Washington has great *ability as* a general. 华盛顿具有将军的雄才大略。 || The boy shows remarkable *ability at* mathematics. 这男孩显示出非凡的数学才能。 || *ability for [in]* some work 做某事的能力 || *ability in* music 音乐天才
- O the ability to express oneself on paper 书面表达能力 **ablaze**, adj., adv. 燃烧; 闪耀; 激昂
- M The wooden house was *quickly [soon]* ablaze. 木房子很快就烧起来了。
- P a monster emporium ablaze with lights 一家灯火辉煌的大商场/The sky is ablaze with flame. 天空被火光映得通红。/She was ablaze with jewels. 她满身珠光宝气。/The streets are ablaze with decorations. 街道装饰得五彩缤纷。/I was ablaze with anger when he kicked my dog. 他踢我的狗时我勃然大怒。/The Peace Hotel was ablaze with lights. 和平饭店灯火辉煌。/The mountain-sides are ablaze with azalea, wistaria, and many other beautiful flowers. 山麓开满了杜鹃花、紫藤花和其它许多美丽花朵,一片绚丽灿烂。
- O set the flames of revolution *ablaze* 燃起革命烈火 **able**, *adj*. 能; 会; 有能力的; 有才干的
- M You are better able to do it than I am. 你比我更有能力做这工作。 || He is financially able to establish a home. 他在经济上有能力建立一个家庭。 || a marvelously able author 一位才华出众的作者 || particularly able 特别能于 || The patient was but poorly able to sit up. 病人仅能勉强坐起来。 || He is quite able to teach. 他相当会教书。 || be not so able in... as expected 并不象所期望的那样善于… || He made a very able speech. 他作了一次很漂亮的演说。
- O Most little children are *able* to walk before they are *able* to talk. 大多数小孩先会走路后会说话。
- **ablution**, *n*. (常用复) 沐浴, 洗净; (宗) 沐浴仪式, 洗手(仪式)
- V **do [perform]** the ablutions on the hands and the feet 洗手洗脚
- Q the morning ablutions and toilet 早晨的沐浴和梳妆事 personal ablutions 沐浴 || sacred ablution 洗礼,斋戒沐浴 abnormality, n. 反常,变态;畸形
- V She has **shown** no **abnormality** in intelligence or in disposition. 她在智力或性情上都未显示出任何反常。
- Q distressing abnormality 令人痛苦的畸形 || emotional abnormality 感情变态 || hideous abnormality 可憎的变态 || noticeable abnormality 显而易见的变态
- $P^2$  abnormalities of cattle and hens 家畜和母鸡的反常现象
- **aboard**, *adv.*, *prep.* 上船 [飞机、车]; <sup>靠</sup>船边; 在船 [飞机、车] 上
- M All aboard! 请各位上船 [车、飞机]! [都上来了!] / "All aboard!" shouted the conductor, and everyone rushed for the train. "请各位上车!"列车员叫道, 人们都向火车奔去。 / He and his bride boarded the train, and the conductor announced, "All aboard." 他和他的新婚妻子刚登上火车, 列车员就喊道: "请各位上车!" | close [hard] aboard 紧

靠船边

P go [come] aboard of a ship 乘船/He came aboard of my ship [car]. 他乘我的船[车]。/fall aboard of another ship 与他船相撞

#### abode, n. 住所;居住

- V They established their permanent abode here. 他们在这里建立了永久住所。 || make one's abode 居住 || He took his abode in the ruined castle. 他住在倾圮的城堡里。 || take up one's abode 居住 / She took up her abode with her parents-in-law. 她和公婆住在一起。 / He took up his abode in a cave. 他在岩洞里栖身。 / She believed that the souls of her dead relations have taken up their abode in those parrots. 她相信她亲人的阴魂附在这些鹦鹉身上。
- P place of abode (律) 住所 / a man of [with] no fixed abode (律) 无固定住所的人
- P<sup>2</sup> his abode at the monastery 他在寺院里的住处 || one's abode in the suburbs 某人在郊外的住所 || the abodes of famous men 名人的住所

#### abolition, n. 废除,取消

- V They *demanded abolition* of the privileges of the nobility. 他们要求取消贵族的特权。
- Q They work for the *complete abolition* of capitalist exploitation of man by man. 他们为彻底废除人剥削人的资本主义制度而奋斗。 || *forcible abolition* 强行废除 || *gradual abolition* 逐步取消 || These laws are contradictory to each other, and their *abolition* or revision is quite *necessary*. 这些法律相互抵触,很有必要将它们废除或修订。 || *total abolition* 彻底 [完全] 废除
- P a book on the abolition of the feudal system 一本关于 废除封建制度的论著
- P<sup>2</sup> abolition **of** the privileges enjoyed by... 取消…所享有的 特权 / the abolition **of** slavery 奴隶制的废除 / Abolition **of** war is one purpose of the United Nations. 消灭战争是 联合国的一项宗旨。

#### **A-bomb**, n. 原子弹

- V *explode* an *A-bomb* by way of experiment 进行一次原子弹爆炸试验
- P a ban on the testing of A-bomb 禁止试验原子弹 || bomb with an A-bomb 用原子弹轰炸

#### abominable, adj. 讨厌的,可恶的,可鄙的;极坏的

- M His behavior towards me is *intolerably abominable*. 他对我的态度可恶得简直不能容忍。 || Murder is the *most abominable* crime. 谋杀是最可鄙的罪行。
- P Any food that savors of onions is abominable to him. 他对任何有洋葱味道的食物都感到厌恶。/Spiders are abominable to her. 她非常讨厌蜘蛛。

#### abomination, n. 厌恶,憎恶;可憎的事物

- V They *have* an *abomination* for hypocrites. 他们憎恶伪君子。
- Q hideous abomination 丑恶可憎的事物
- P hold snobberies *in abomination* 厌恶势利行为 || regard smoking *with abomination* 讨厌吸烟
- P<sup>2</sup> Arrogance is an abomination to us. 我们厌恶妄自尊大。/Lying lips are abominations to the Lord. 上帝憎恶说谎的嘴巴。

#### **abortion**, *n*. 流产, 小产; 堕胎; (计划等的)失败, 夭折

V bring on an abortion 导致流产 || cause abortion 引起流产 || have an abortion 流产; 堕胎 || artificially induce abortion 人工流产 || perform || practise || abortion on eugenic grounds 由于优生学的原因进行流产 || It will produce || procure || abortion. 这将引起流产。 || His attempt proved an abortion. 他的企图结果失败了。

- V<sup>2</sup> abortion arising from grief and excessive drinking 由 悲伤和纵酒而引起的流产
- Q criminal abortion 堕胎罪 || habitual abortion 习惯性流产|| illegal abortion 非法堕胎;堕胎罪 || induced abortion 人工流产 || A number of considerations have led her to have a wilful abortion. 多种考虑使她执意堕胎。
- P She was weakened by an abortion. 她因流产而变得虚弱。

#### abound, v. 大量存在;充满,富有

- P abound in [with] 盛产, 富于; 充满, 多 / He abounds in courage. 他浑身是胆。 / This garden abounds in flowers. 满园鲜花。 / This forest abounds in game. 这森林里猎物 很多。 / The Chinese language abounds in idioms. 汉语 里成语丰富。 / The place abounds in legendary lore. 这 个地方有许多神奇的传说。 / abound in natural resources 自然资源丰富 / Modern industry abounds in opportunities for young men with imagination. 现代工业为有想象力的 年轻人提供了众多机会。 / His poems abound in passages of great beauty. 他的诗歌里充满瑰丽的诗节。/The book abounds in printing mistakes. 这本书里印刷错误很 多。/The district abounds in scenic and natural wonders. 这个地区有许多秀丽美景和自然奇观。/a lecture abounding in wise counsel 充满真知灼见的讲座 || This country abounds with fruit. 这个国家盛产水果。 Italian literature abounds with good stories. 意大利文学 中有许多优美的故事。 / English is a language abounding with idiomatic turns of expression. 英语是一种习惯表达 方法丰富的语言。/Japan abounds with rain. 日本雨量 充沛。 / The ship abounds with rats. 这条船上老鼠多。/ The Italian tongue abounds with smooth and liquid sounds. 意大利语有很多不送气音和流音。/ This river abounds with trout. 这条河里有许多鳟鱼。
- about-face, n. 向后转; 大改变 (观点、立场、主意等)
  - V make a 180° about-face 来一个 180 度的大转变
- P<sup>2</sup> an about-lace of his stand 他立场的 180 度转变

#### abrasion, n. 擦除;擦伤;剥蚀

- V the abrasions left by glacial action 冰川流动造成的剥蚀
- P<sup>2</sup> an abrasion of the skin 皮肤上的一块擦伤

#### abreast, adv. 并肩;与…并列

- M They walked *two or three abreast*. 他们三三两两地并 肩行走。
- P keep abreast of [with] ... 与…并进, 跟上, 不落后于/keep abreast of progress in science 跟上科学的前进步伐/keep abreast of the times in science 在科学上跟上时代/keep abreast of the thought of the age 思想上不落伍/Read the newspapers to keep abreast of what is going on. 阅读报纸以跟上时势。 || keep abreast with [of] the times 跟上时代的步伐
- O march four abreast 四人并排前进

#### **abridge**, v. 节略; 缩减, 削减; 剥夺

P It was abridged from the original work. 它由原著缩节 而成。 || abridge him of his rights [liberty] 剥夺他的权力 [自由] || The book was abridged to a readable length. 这本书被删节到易读的篇幅。

#### abroad, adv. 在[到]国外;

- P letters for abroad 寄往国外的信件 | letters from abroad 国外来信/return from abroad 从国外回来/a watch brought from abroad 从国外带间的手表/a teacher engaged from abroad 从国外聘请来的教师/after his return from abroad 他从国外回来以后
- O at home and abroad 国内外
- abrogation, n. 废除,取消

P the abrogation of the leases 废除租约 / The abrogation of these treaties has been advocated by many. 很多人主张废除这些条约。

#### abscond, v. 潜逃

M abscond faithlessly 叛逃 || abscond lawlessly 非法潜逃

P abscond from his creditors 避债 / abscond from a place 逃离 某地 / abscond from his jail 越狱 || He absconded with another youth. 他和另一名青年一起逃走了。 / abscond with the money 携款潜逃 / abscond with valuables 挟卷贵重物品潜逃

#### absence, n. 不在,缺席;缺乏

- V He made up a story to *explain* his *absence*. 他编造谎言为他的缺席开脱。 || We *lamented* his *absence*. 我们对他的缺席甚感遗憾。 || *mark* the *absence* of students 记录学生的缺席情况 || Your *absence* is very much *missed* by everybody. 你不在令大家十分惦念。 || Professor Carter did not *notice* your *absence*. 卡特教授没有发现你缺席。 / Its *absence* will never be *noticed*. 人们永远不会注意到它不存在。 || It is not his intention to *take advantage of* your *absence*. 他不想趁你不在时搞什么名堂。
- V<sup>2</sup> Absence diminished as the new regulations are enforced. 由于执行了新规章, 缺席情况减少了。 || Absence increased as a result of the snow. 缺席人数由于下雪而增加了。 || Absence makes the heart grow fonder. (谚) 别久情深。
- Q There was a *complete* absence of information as to how the little fellow met his death. 关于这个小家伙是怎么死的,一点消息也没有。‖He presided in the *enforced* absence of the president. 会长被迫离开期间由他主持工作。‖the *entire* absence of reason 毫无理由‖His *long* absence from work delayed his promotion. 他长期不上班延误了提升。‖*momentary* absence 短暂的离开‖She fusses too much about his *occasional* absence. 她对他的偶尔缺席过于大惊小怪。‖return to one's birthplace after a *seven-year* absence 离开7年之后重返故乡‖an *un-excused* absence in a class 无故旷课‖There was an *ut-ter* absence of honest intention. 毫无诚意。
- P After a long absence her son was coming home. 她儿 子在长期离家之后就要回来了。/ after an absence of several months in America 离开 (某地) 到美国去呆了几个 月之后 / return to one's seat after a short absence 离席片 刻后又回到自己的座位上去 || be conspicuous by one's absence 因缺席而引入注目 || during the absence of his parents 在他父母离开期间 / Please take care of my house during my absence. 我不在时,请照看一下我的房子。 /during his temporary absence from Suzhou 在他暂时离 开苏州期间 || in absence of... 缺乏…时, 当…不在时 / A good many of the degrees were conferred in absence. 很 多学位都是缺席授予的。/ Speak no ill of one in one's absence. 别在人家背后说坏话。/ In the absence of exact data, these discussions are bootless. 在缺乏精确资料 的情况下, 这些讨论是徒劳的。 / I was obliged to accept it as true in the absence of other evidence. 我在缺乏其它 证据的情况下只好把它看成真的。/In the absence of the president, vice president occupied the chair. 由于会长缺 席,副会长主持了会议。/in the absence of a special contract 在没有专门合同的情况下/in the absence of such notification 在没有这种通知的情况下 / He called in your absence. 你不在时,他曾来访。 || He granted me leave of absence. 他准我休假。 || Owing to your absence from lecture we lost the debate. 因为你没有出席讲演,我 们在辩论中失败了。

P<sup>2</sup> a teacher's absence from classes 教师的缺课 / Business made my absence necessary from home. 公事使我必须离家外出。‖His absence of mind during driving nearly caused an accident. 他驾驶时心不在焉,几乎出事故。/ His absence of mind is proverbial. 他的心不在焉是出了名的。/ The class is characterized by the absence of order. 这个班级秩序混乱。/ absence of vulgarity 脱俗‖absence without leave (军) 擅离职守; 开小差 / absence without notice [due notification] 不告而缺席; 不告而离开

#### absent, adj. 不在的; 缺席的; 缺乏的

- M conspicuously absent from the meeting 惹人注目地缺席会议 || inexcusably absent 不可原谅地缺席 || Long absent, soon forgotten. (谚) 别久情疏。 || His opponent was purposely absent. 他的对手故意缺席。 || be unavoidably absent 不得已缺席
- P He is absent at Nagoya. 他去名古屋了。 || At times he would be absent for a couple of days. 他有时会离开几天。 || absent from 缺席, 不在 / She is absent from duty today. 她今天没上班。 / I am to be absent from England till June. 我 6 月份以前将不在英国。 / He was absent from home yesterday. 他昨天不在家。 / Be entirely absent from one's mind 全然不考虑; 丝毫没想到 / be absent from roll-call 点名时缺席 / He was absent from school without due notice 没有请假就不到校 || He is absent in Europe. 他外出在欧洲。 / Snow is absent in some countries. 有些国家终年无雪。 || be absent on a tour 外出旅行 || absent with leave 请假缺席 || absent without leave 擅自缺席

#### absent, v. 缺席;不到

P absent oneself **from** 离开, 缺席 / He frequently absents himself **from** home. 他经常离家外出。/ He absented himself **from** the meeting. 他没有到会。/ Why did you absent yourself **from** school yesterday? 你昨天为何没到学校?

#### absentee, n. 不在者,缺席者

- Q a long-term absentee 长期缺席者
- P<sup>2</sup> absentees **from** class 缺 课 者/There were many absentees **from** the meeting. 会上有很多人缺席。|| an absentee **without** leave 擅自缺席者

#### absenteeism, n. 旷工; 旷课

- V<sup>2</sup> Absenteeism **constitutes** grounds for dismissal. (无故) 缺勤 [缺课] 构成被开除的理由。
- Q mass absenteeism 大批旷工 [旷课]
- P<sup>2</sup> absenteeism from classes 旷课

#### absolution, n. 免除; 赦免; (宗) 赦罪文

- V give [grant] absolution 赦罪 / The priest gave him absolution. 神父赦免了他的罪。 || pronounce the absolution 宣读赦罪文
- P<sup>2</sup> absolution from [of] all sins (宗) 一切原罪的赦免

#### absolve, n. 免除;解除;赦免,宽恕

- M absolve leniently'宽大地赦免 || partly absolve 部分解除 || absolve wholly 全部解除
- P absolve a person from blame 对某人不加以责备/He must be absolved from the charge of....必须解除对他…的指控。/It absolves me from the contract. 它解除了合同对我的约束。/He absolved me from a promise. 他解除了我的承诺。/State education does not absolve a parent from his responsibilities to his child. 国家教育并未免除父母对子女的责任。/absolve sb. from sin (宗)赦免某人的罪过
- absorb, v. 吸收;使贯注;吞并

M absorb incessantly 持续不断地吸收∥absorb intelligently 聪明地吸收 absorb passively 消极地吸收 P absorb moisture from the air 吸收空气中的水分/ Plants absorb energy from the sun. 植物吸取太阳的能 量。 | (be) absorbed in 专心于, 全神贯注于 / The boy was absorbed in building a dam in the brook. 那个男孩 聚精会神地在小溪里筑坝。/be absorbed in the reading of Hamlet 人神地阅读《哈姆雷特》/ His whole soul is absorbed in saving his country. 他一心扑在拯救他祖国的 事业上。 / become completely absorbed in scientific work 心思完全集中在科学工作上 / He is absorbed in study. 他专心学习。/become absorbed in technical innovations 专心致志地从事技术革新/absorbed in thought 在沉思 || absorb the small states into her empire 把诸小国并入她帝国的版图 / Most little shops have been absorbed into big businesses. 大多数小店已被并入大公 司。/ be absorbed into the flood 被洪水吞没/absorb it into the system through the skin 通过皮肤把它吸收到身 体里 He had been so absorbed with watching the building that he hadn't heard footsteps on the gravel path. 他 如此全神贯注地观察那栋建筑,以至没有听见砾石路上的脚 步声。

#### **absorption**, n. 吸收 (作用); 专注; 合并

- Q Complete absorption of light makes a thing appear black. 光完全被吸收会使物体呈现黑色。 || gradual absorption 逐渐吸收 || mental absorption 全神贯注,思想集中 omnivorous absorption 兼收并蓄 || He sat in silent absorption. 他默不作声全神贯注地坐着。
- P<sup>2</sup> absorption in one's work 埋头工作 | absorption of a body in a whirlpool 身体被卷进漩涡 / absorption of heat 吸收热量 / absorption of nourishment 吸收营养/the absorption of small farms into a big one 把小农场合并成一个大农场 / absorption of water by the earth 土地对水的吸收

#### abstain, v. 戒除;避免,避开;弃权

- M cautiously abstain 小心地避开 || abstain prudently 谨慎地避开 || abstain religiously from flesh and fish 虔诚地成食宅腥 || voluntarily abstain from drinking 主动戒酒
- P His doctor ordered him to abstain from beer and wine. 他的B 生嘱他戒酒。 / abstain from criticism 回避批评 / If you abstain from eating candy and rich food, you will not be so fat. 如果你不吃糖果和油腻食物,你就不会这样胖。 / abstain from luxuries 避免奢侈 / abstain from quarreling 避免争吵 / abstain from smoking in restaurants 不在餐馆里抽料 / abstain from speaking ill of others 不讲别人的坏话 / Several MPs abstained from voting at the end of the debate. 辩论结束投票时,有几个议员弃权。

#### abstainer, n. 戒…的人(尤指戒酒者)

- Q a total abstainer 绝对戒酒的人/He is a total abstainer from liquors and tobacco. 他烟酒不沾。
- P<sup>2</sup> an abstainer from alcoholic liquors 一个戒酒的人

#### abstinence, n 节制; 禁欲; 禁酒

- V Abstinence from all alcoholic beverages should be vigorously enforced. 应该厉行禁止一切酒精饮料。 practise abstinence from meat 吃斋,吃素
- Q a complete abstinence from salty foods 绝对不吃咸的 食物 excessive abstinence 过度的节制 | sexual abstinence 禁欲 strict abstinence 严格的节制
- P<sup>2</sup> total abstinence from alcohol 滴酒不洁 / self-enforced abstinence from all sorts of comfort in life 自行节制生活中的各种舒适享受 / abstinence from food 禁食

#### abstract, n. 摘要;抽象概念

V a quarterly containing abstracts of doctoral disserta-

tions in progress 载有正在撰写中的博士论文摘要的季刊 || make an abstract 作摘要 || Please write an abstract of this scientific article. 请写一份这篇科学论文的摘要。

#### Q a condensed abstract 一份压缩的摘要

- P in the abstract 抽象地,观念上,理论上,一般地说(不具体指某一事物) / I like dogs in the abstract, but I can't bear this one. 一般地说我喜欢狗,但是我却不能容忍这条狗。 / consider a subject in the abstract 从理论上考虑一个问题 / The advice, however sound in the abstract, is always dangerous when applied to practice. 这个意见不管理论上多么合理,用于实践时却总是危险的。
- P<sup>2</sup> an abstract **from** a magazine [newspaper] 一份杂志 [报纸] 摘录 || an abstract **of** contract 合同的摘要 / an abstract **of** a log book 航海 [飞行] 日志摘要 / an abstract **of** official reports 公报的摘要

#### abstract, adj. 抽象的; 难解的; 理论上的

M Your ideas on this subject seem a little abstract. 你对这个问题的想法似乎有点玄乎。 || conceptually abstract 概念上抽象的 || ideologically abstract 意识形态上深奥的 || His plans were too abstract to be put into operation. 他的计划太不具体, 无法付诸实施。

#### **abstract**, v 提取; 摘录; 转移 (注意等); (婉) 偷窃

P abstract metal **from** ore 从矿石中提炼金属/Scientists can abstract precious medicines **from** ordinary substances. 科学家能从普通的物质中提炼出珍贵药品。/The pick-pocket abstracted a purse **from** my father's right-hand hip-pocket. 扒手从我父亲裤子的右臀口袋里偷走了一只钱包。/abstract sb.'s attention **from** his work 转移某人对其工作的注意力

#### **abstraction**, n. 抽象; 提取; 出神, 发呆

- Q meaningless abstraction 无意义的抽象 | mysterious abstraction 神秘的抽象 || scientific abstraction 科学的抽象
- P In utter abstraction he almost forgot my presence. 他 完全出神了,几乎忘记了我在他跟前。 || in a moment of abstraction 心不在焉的时刻 / an air of abstraction 发呆的神态 / He wore a look of abstraction and I knew his thoughts were far away. 他一副出神的样子,我明白他的心思不在这里。
- P<sup>2</sup> the abstraction of the juice **from** an orange 从桔子里提取液汁

#### absurd, adj. 不合理的; 荒诞的, 荒唐可笑的; 愚蠢的

- M detestably absurd 荒唐得令人厌恶 || highly absurd 极不合理的,极其荒唐的 || It is manifestly absurd to call him a fanatic. 称他为狂热者显然是荒谬的。 || palpably absurd 明显地荒唐 || Your claim is quite absurd. 你的要求很荒唐。 || It is ridiculously absurd to predict that the sun will not rise tomorrow. 预言明天太阳将不升起是荒唐可笑的。 || too absurd to repeat 荒唐得无法重说 || tragically absurd 愚蠢得可悲 || utterly absurd 荒谬透顶
- P It was absurd of you to suggest such a thing. 你提出这样的建议是愚蠢的。

#### **absurdity**, *n*. 荒谬; 谬论; 荒唐 [愚蠢] 的行为

- V condone absurdity 宽恕荒唐的行为 | declare the absurdity of... 宣布 ··· 的荒谬性 | expose assorted absurdities 揭露形形色色的谬论 [蠢事] | sink into absurdity 做荒唐的事;陷入荒谬的境地 || utter an absurdity 讲蠢话
- V<sup>2</sup> moral absurdity destroys... 道德上的荒唐行为破坏…
- Q amusing absurdity 引人发笑的荒唐言论[行为] || glaring absurdity 荒谬绝伦的言论[行为] || smile at manifest absurdities 对明显荒谬的言论[行为] 付之一笑 || a

quixotic absurdity 唐吉诃德式的荒唐行为 || a rank absurdity 极端荒谬 || sheer absurdity 十足的荒谬

P the height of absurdity 荒谬绝伦

P<sup>2</sup> The *absurdity* **of** the thing is still more apparent when we consider that.... 当我们考虑到…时, 这件事情的荒谬性就更加明显了。

#### abundance, n. 丰富, 充裕

- Q There is a great abundance of sunshine here. 这里阳 光充足。 || in immense abundance 极多, 极丰裕 || Maiden-hair trees grow in rich abundance in the area. 这个地区长着许多银杏树。 || unbelievable abundance 令人难以置信的丰富
- P At the feast there was food and drink in abundance. 宴会上有丰盛的食品和饮料。/ Coal is found in abundance here. 这里发现大量的煤。/ live in abundance 过丰衣足食的生活/They have money in great abundance. 他们非常有钱。 || a year of abundance 丰年 || be blessed with abundance 享有富裕的幸福
- P<sup>2</sup> He had abundance of blessings. 他福气很大。/An abundance of daylight is secured. 获得充足的日光。/The apple-tree yields an abundance of fruit. 这棵苹果树结果多。/abundance of the heart 感情丰富/An abundance of instances is cited. 列举了大量例证。

abundant, adj. 丰富的, 充裕的; 充分的; 多的

M Mosquitoes are extremely abundant in these dark wet places. 这些阴暗潮湿的地方蚊子成群。 || particularly abundant 特别丰富 || uncommonly abundant 罕见地丰富 || abundant in 富于…; … 很丰富 / be abundant in marine products 海产丰富 / abundant in mineral resources 矿物资源丰富 / China is abundant in [with] natural resources. 中国自然资源丰富。 / abundant in petroleum deposits 石油蕴藏量丰富 || The rivers and forests of the New World were abundant with fish and game. 美洲大陆的河流和森林里有大量的鱼类和兽禽。

abuse, n. 滥用; 陋习, 弊病; 孱骂

- V check abuses 制止弊端/Such abuse can only be checked by the force of public opinion. 这种弊端只能靠舆论的力量来制止。 || direct slanderous abuse against... 诽谤性地辱骂… || expose and correct contemporary social abuses 揭露和匡正社会时弊 | heap abuse on sb. 肆意谩骂某人 || hurl abuse at... 对…破口大骂 || prevent the abuse of privileges 防止滥用特权 || reform social abuses 革除社会弊端 || remedy an abuse 纠正陋习 || root up abuses 根除弊端 || shower abuse on sb. 把某人痛骂一顿 || wipe out political abuse 根除政治弊端
- V<sup>2</sup> A stream of filthy abuse came from his lips. 一连串污言秽语从他嘴里吐出来。 || Abuses multiply when citizens are indifferent. 国民冷漠则弊端百出。
- Q an exposure of civic abuse 市政弊病的暴露 || a crying abuse 亟待革除的习弊 || existing abuse 现存的弊端 || a gross abuse 粗野的恶习; 严重的弊病 || a long existing abuse 积弊 || shameful abuse of the confidence they have put in him 可耻地滥用他们对他的信任 || trade abuses 商业上的弊端 || vicious personal abuse 恶毒的人身攻击
- P Hailstones of abuse were pelting him. 阵阵辱骂冰雹般 地向他袭来。/a term [word] of abuse 骂人话 || The word can be so used without abuse. 这个词这样用不会错。
- P<sup>2</sup> abuses of the age 时弊 / the abuses of government 行 政管理的弊病 / the abuse of one's authority 滥用职权 / an abuse of one's power 滥用权力 / an abuse of trust 滥用信任

**abut**, v. 邻接, 毗连, 紧靠

P Our stable abuts against his dwelling. 我们的马厩和他的住所毗连。 / abut a timber against a post 将横木支靠在柱子上 || abut (up)on 跟…毗连,紧靠 / The building abuts on the highway. 这座大楼紧靠着公路。 / Our school abuts on a hospital. 我们学校和一所医院毗连。 / the streets abutting on the park 紧靠公园的街道 || The house abuts upon the church. 这所房子紧靠教堂。

#### abyss, n. 深渊

- P in the abyss of his mind 在他的心灵深处 / The sad man was in an abyss of hopelessness. 那位忧伤者陷入了绝望的深渊。 || One slip on this mountain and you will fall into the abyss. 在这座山上偶一失足就会掉进深渊。 || the horror of an abyss 身临深渊时引起的恐怖感觉 / The People of the Abyss by Jack London 杰克·伦敦的《深渊里的人们》
- P<sup>2</sup> the abyss of despair 绝望的深渊 / an abyss of disgrace 奇耻大辱 / an abyss of time 无限之时, 永远

academy, n. 学会,研究院;专科院校

- Q a fencing academy 击 剑 学 校 || a state-aid literary academy 国家资助的文学研究院 || a military academy 陆军军官学校;军事学院;(英)陆军炮工兵军官学校 / The Royal Military Academy 英国陆军军官学校 || a naval academy 海军军官学校 || a riding academy 骑术学校
- P<sup>2</sup> the Royal Academy of Arts 英国皇家美术学校/an academy of fine arts 美术学院/an academy of music 音乐学院/the Academy of Sciences of China 中国科学院

accede, v. 答应, 同意; 就职, 就位; 加入; 继承

- M grudgingly accede to the terms 勉强同意这些条件 || He heartily acceded to my proposal. 他完全同意我的提议。 || accede unconditionally 无条件同意|| accede willingly 心甘情愿地同意
- P accede to 同意, 答应; 继承; 加入 / accede to a convention 加入公约 / accede to an estate 继承一份产业 / speedily accede to his request 迅速答应他的请求 / The committee regrets that it cannot accede to your request for a month's unpaid leave. 很抱歉, 委员会无法同意你停薪休假一月的请求。 / The prince acceded to the throne when the king died. 国王死后, 王子继承了王位。 / Our government acceded to the treaty. 我国政府加入了该条约。

#### acceleration, n. 加速

Q breath-taking acceleration 惊人的加速 || The new car has good acceleration. 这辆新汽车加速性能良好。 || lightning acceleration (汽车的)瞬间加速 || negative acceleration 负加速度 || positive acceleration 正加速度 || uniform acceleration 等加速度 || variable acceleration 不等加速度

#### accent, n. 重音 (符号); 音调, 口音; 着重

- V He has a strong American accent. 他有很重的美国口音。 || indicate the accent 标出重音 || keep the accent (up) on air power in the defence program 把防卫计划的重点放在空军上 || place an accent on the second syllable 把重音符号标在第二音节上 || throw the accent upon... 强调…; 把重点放在…上
- V² His accent betrayed his nationality. 从他的口音可以 知道他的国籍。 || The accent weakens here. 重音在这里 弱化。
- Q acute accent 重音符号 || affected accent 做作的音调 || He speaks in his broad accent. 他说话地方口音很重。 || circumflex accent 音调符号 || grave accent 抑音符号 || hesitating accent 犹豫不决的语调 || His accent is London. 他操伦敦口音。 || melancholy accent 忧郁的语调 || pleasant accent 悦耳的口音 || primary accent 主重