

柯应中 主编

# 大学英语 六级考试习题集



上海交通大学出版社

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## 内 容 提 要

大学英语六级考试(CET-6)是根据国家教委的规定而组织的全国统一的标准化考试。本书依照《大学英语六级考试大纲》的目的和要求,分析近年来CET-6进行的情况,收集了大量的原版材料,编写了内容和水平相当的大量习题和两套模拟试题,供参加CET-6的考生复习、训练和模拟自测。

全书按标准试题分五大部份:听力理解,阅读理解,词语和结构,改错,写作。本书从CET考生必备的基本语言知识和语言技能出发,联系实际,有的放矢,力图最大限度地提高考生的英语水平。为便于考生自学自测,书末还附有全部答案。本书的听力部份由外籍英语专家录制。全书目标明确,针对性强,编排合理,是各高校参加CET-6考生必备的学习和复习资料。

### 大学英语六级考试习题集

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# 前 言

本书是根据《大学英语教学大纲》和《大学英语六级考试大纲及样题》的规定和要求,根据我们多年从事大学英语教学和辅导工作的体会编写的。目的在于给学生提供合适的材料,帮助他们复习和巩固已掌握的知识,并在此基础上得到进一步的提高。

本书内容共分六个部分。第一部分:听力理解;第二部分:阅读理解;第三部分:词语和结构;第四部分:改错;第五部分:写作;第六部分:六级模拟题两套。本书附有答案,供读者使用本书时参考。

本书有以下特点:

1. 内容丰富。选材注意了知识性和科学性。所选材料语言规范,涉及的词语尽量控制在《大学英语教学大纲》词汇表范围之内,因此具有较强的针对性。

2. 实用性强。本书是针对上述考试大纲和样题编写的,希望读者通过使用本书,熟悉大学英语六级考试的要求和方法,掌握应试技巧,提高应试能力。

3. 录音清晰。本书的录音磁带特邀美籍教师按纯正英式、美式英语的语音、语调和六级考试的语速灌注的,因此读者可以切实提高自己对音响信息的概括、分析、综合和记忆四术并用能力。

本书的编写工作分工如下:听力理解——王同顺,阅读理解——笪骏,词语和结构——潘萌,改错——笪骏,写作——李爱华和笪骏,模拟题——晓黎。并由晓黎负责全书审校。编写过程中得到了卢国樑副教授的大力支持,在此致以真诚的感谢。

限于编者的水平,难免有许多不足之处,敬请广大读者批评指正。

编 者

1990年9月

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## Part I LISTENING COMPREHENSION

### Part A

**Directions:** In this part of the exercise you will have 100 conversations and 10 mini-talks to listen to.

After hearing each conversation or passage, try to make the one best answer for each of the questions that follow.

1. a. She's a little tired                      b. She wants to listen to music  
c. She is going to study                      d. She's going to make a reservation
2. a. He wants the woman to fix his watch  
b. He will call her when the watch is fixed  
c. He wants her to fix the watch within one week  
d. He doesn't want to go home
3. a. Please sit down  
b. She doesn't want him to sit down  
c. She'll mind if he sits down  
d. She doesn't want the man to sit with her
4. a. She should be careful about her money  
b. She should buy the brown suit  
c. She should find another job to make more money  
d. She shouldn't buy the brown suit
5. a. He just had his new car come in  
b. He's taking his time getting the car ready  
c. He hasn't got his driver's licence  
d. he wants to ride in the car himself
6. a. One hour                                      b. Two hours  
c. Three hours                                      d. Four hours
7. a. 10:00    b. 10:30  
c. 10:45    d. 10:15
8. a. Living in New York                      b. Staying in New Mexico  
c. Going home to New York                      d. In school
9. a. Sue hit a dog                                  b. The dog hid in a car  
c. Her dog was hurt                                  d. Mary went to the Veterinarian
10. a. He enjoys playing chess                      b. He hates playing chess  
c. He cannot play chess                      d. He was not a good student
11. a. Husband and wife                      b. They are dating each other  
c. Teacher and student                      d. Manager and his secretary

12. a. 6 hours      b. 10 hours      c. 4 hours      d. 1 hour
13. a. Buying a new typewriter  
b. Finding a new place for the typewriter  
c. Finding a better typist      d. Questioning the typist
14. a. Barry no longer lives in New York  
b. Barry doesn't know how to economize  
c. The woman called Barry in California  
d. The woman didn't ever meet Barry
15. a. Richard is hard to find  
b. Richard speaks with difficulty  
c. Richard's roommate doesn't talk to him  
d. Richard doesn't work very hard
16. a. She was understanding      b. She was apologetic  
c. She was annoyed      d. She was careless
17. a. He was tired      b. His appointment was changed  
c. He had a flat tire      d. His bicycle was stolen
18. a. To see the dean      b. To watch the team  
c. To weigh herself      d. To give a demonstration
19. a. She's afraid of going out at night  
b. She had to do some baking  
c. She wanted to get ready for a plane trip  
d. She was moving to a new apartment
20. a. Take his typewriter to the repair shop  
b. Soundproof his room  
c. Work in the basement      d. Listen for his roommate
21. a. He's better      b. He's complaining  
c. He's sick in bed      d. He's cold
22. a. He isn't feeling well      b. His apartment isn't warm enough  
c. His travel plans were changed by the weather  
d. He wants to know who called him
23. a. Bill has a lot of cats      b. Bill was brave  
c. Bill enjoys climbing      d. Bill took the right equipment
24. a. Go across the bridge      b. Repeat the experiment  
c. Come to the bridge game      d. Wait and see what happens
25. a. Joan will give out the assignments  
b. Joan will speak in the seminar  
c. Joan won't be present at the seminar  
d. Joan won't sign the petitions
26. a. Fell asleep early      b. Watched television  
c. Discussed inflation      d. Attended a special program



27. a. He would like to see the new stamps  
b. He agrees that the price is too high  
c. He wants to know what the price will be  
d. He needs to mail some letters now
28. a. It is too late for the man to go to the concert  
b. The man must wait for two hours to buy a ticket  
c. People have already been standing in line for two hours  
d. The man can buy a standingroom ticket tomorrow
29. a. He has arranged to take the exam next year  
b. He is pleased since the woman offered to help him  
c. He has reason to be happy, despite the exam  
d. He actually did very well on the exam
30. a. She'd like to come along  
b. She knows her way around the harbor  
c. The warm weather is quite pleasant  
d. The ride will take all day
31. a. He put the information on top of his desk  
b. The top of his head hurts  
c. He doesn't know the answer right now  
d. He's afraid that very few people are registered
32. a. She doesn't want to ask Mr. Jones herself  
b. She doesn't want to work for Mr. Jones  
c. Mr. Jones may have broken the radio  
d. Mr. Jones might fix the radio
33. a. They don't have to go to the concert  
b. His brother should let them use the car  
c. The subway is fine with her  
d. A car wouldn't be any faster
34. a. Lending something to a student  
b. Asking for some financial aid  
c. Reading a student's application  
d. Borrowing money for the business
35. a. She knows where it is  
b. She wants to go to the park  
c. He should get help in finding the way  
d. He can't see the map very well
36. a. He doesn't know why she wants to swim  
b. He thinks the lake is very wide, too  
c. He wants to swim across the lake  
d. He doesn't think she can see very well, either
37. a. She must begin writing a paper for her history class  
b. She must start writing up her laboratory assignments for her chemistry class  
c. She must begin studying for her English examination

- d. She must begin studying for her French examination
38. a. In New York                                      b. In Boston  
c. In Michigan                                        d. In Washington
39. a. He relaxes    b. He goes fishing  
c. He goes to work                                    d. He works at home
40. a. Spanish     b. Arabic  
c. Japanese    d. Chinese
41. a. She decided to buy a gold necklace  
b. She decided to buy a pair of gold earrings and a gold necklace to match them  
c. She decided to buy a pair of gold earrings to match a gold necklace that she already had  
d. She decided to buy a pair of silver earrings because they were cheaper than the gold ones
42. a. She has not bought him a gift yet  
b. She bought him a book  
c. She bought him a case for his coin collection  
d. She bought him a watch
43. a. To a dance    b. To a party  
c. To a play    d. To a concert
44. a. Because she does not like it  
b. Because it does not fit her very well  
c. Because it is too formal for the occasion  
d. Because the man likes the other dress better
45. a. Five minutes                                        b. An hour  
c. Fifty minutes                                         d. Half an hour
46. a. The man's mileage is half that of the woman  
b. The woman's mileage is the same as that of the man  
c. The woman's mileage is twice that of the man  
d. The man's mileage is twice that of the woman
47. a. At 10:00    b. At 9:00  
c. At 9:15     d. At 9:30
48. a. The man will pay ten dollars  
b. The man will pay twenty dollars  
c. The man will pay thirty dollars  
d. The man will pay forty dollars
49. a. Twenty dollars                                      b. Twenty-five dollars  
c. Forty dollars                                         d. Fifty dollars
50. a. They cost \$3                                        b. They cost \$3.15  
c. They cost \$3.50                                    d. They cost \$2.50

51. a. In a bakery  
c. In a bank
52. a. In a dentist's office  
c. In a dress shop
53. a. At a bookstore  
c. At a club
54. a. At the beach  
c. In the mountains
55. a. To make an appointment for Tuesday and Wednesday  
b. To see him again next year  
c. To call him Thursday
56. a. At the department store  
c. At the drugstore
57. a. At the department store  
c. In the garden
58. a. He doesn't have any money to buy the lamp  
b. He has a lot of money to buy the lamp  
c. If he borrows some money from his brother, he will buy the lamp  
d. If she lends him money, he can buy the lamp
59. a. He is satisfied with driving from his home to work  
b. The distance is about 20 miles  
c. The road is good but there's a lot of traffic  
d. He lives very far from his work
60. a. John was not able to go skiing  
b. John will go skiing next week  
c. John broke his leg and caught a cold  
d. It was too cold for John to go skiing
61. a. The woman and man were in a store  
b. The couple were riding in a car  
c. The man was visiting his wife in the hospital  
d. The couple were watching a movie
62. a. They will eat lunch at the diner  
b. They will eat their lunch in the park  
c. Neither wishes to eat lunch  
d. They want to eat lunch at the diner
63. a. Something happened to her car  
b. She was broke and couldn't afford the bus  
c. She got up too late to catch the bus  
d. Her car got stuck in the driveway
64. a. She doesn't like other people brushing her clothes

- b. She doesn't like to drink
  - c. She doesn't like to knit
  - d. She doesn't like being snubbed at a party
65. a. She had to fly out of town      b. She is sick  
c. She said that she'd come later      d. She decided to stay home
66. a. 15      b. 50      c. 85      d. 100
67. a. The man doesn't have to study a foreign language  
b. The man just received an 'A' on his test  
c. The man's adviser gave him some good advice  
d. The man doesn't have to take the final exam
68. a. Nobody answered the number he called  
b. He needs help making a long-distance call  
c. He doesn't know the area code  
d. He was disconnected
69. a. Oscar pays his bills ahead of time  
b. Oscar has decided to get a loan to pay his bills  
c. Oscar has too many expenses and can't save any money  
d. Oscar's wife will have to go to work
70. a. The teacher reviewed a previous lesson  
b. The teacher presented new material  
c. The teacher tested the students  
d. The teacher made the students write in class
71. a. They are pleased      b. They dread it  
c. They are undecided      d. They are frustrated
72. a. Louie is at school      b. Louie is playing baseball  
c. Louie is bowling      d. Louie doesn't like sports
73. a. Jack didn't visit them  
b. Jack will not visit them because it's not on his way  
c. They hope Jack will visit them  
d. They are sure that Jack will visit them if he doesn't run out of time
74. a. She will count the votes on the proposal  
b. She will support the man's proposal  
c. She will make the proposal herself  
d. She will back out of the proposal
75. a. Playing the piano      b. Making a photocopy  
c. Typing      d. Taking a picture
76. a. At the jewelry store      b. From the purchaser  
c. From the waitress      d. Down the hall
77. a. To the beach      b. To a play  
c. To a movie      d. To a dance



- c. That the woman was in class Friday but the man was not  
d. That neither the man nor the woman was in class Friday
92. a. He does not believe what the announcer says  
b. He thinks that the announcer is very good at his work  
c. He does not have an opinion of the announcer  
d. He thinks that they should do what the announcer says
93. a. At a gas station  
b. At a bank  
c. At a hospital  
d. At a school
94. a. At a laundry  
b. At a car wash  
c. At a beauty shop  
d. At a garage
95. a. Philadelphia  
b. Chapmans  
c. California  
d. Arizona
96. a. Ray will have a class at 1:00  
b. Ray will go to the library at 2:00  
c. Ray will go home immediately after his class  
d. Ray will go home around 3:00
97. a. Jason Daniels isn't home right now  
b. The caller dialed the wrong number  
c. Jason Daniels can't come to the phone right now  
d. Jason Daniels doesn't want to speak to the caller
98. a. better  
b. sick  
c. fine  
d. tired
99. a. Europe  
b. Here  
c. Canada  
d. California
100. a. The bus has broken down and will not arrive  
b. The bus was in a terrible accident  
c. The bus will probably arrive at 9:15  
d. The bus may arrive tonight, but the man isn't sure

## Longer Conversations and Mini-talks

1. a. The care and proper selection of dogs for family pets  
b. Different breeds of dogs  
c. Responsibility for seeing that dogs are properly cared for  
d. Different kinds of books about dogs
2. a. Children  
b. Family  
c. Parents  
d. ASPCA
3. a. From the ASPCA  
b. From the library  
c. By buying a dog from a pet store  
d. By reading books about various kinds of dogs including puppy training
4. a. They are big and aggressive

- b. They provide companionship as well as protection
- c. Most people are afraid of them
- d. They are easy to train
- 5. a. When you have small children
- b. When you live in an apartment
- c. When space is limited
- d. When you live in the city

#### Passage 2

- 6. a. The high cost of gasoline
- b. Overcongestion of university areas
- c. Roller skating in the streets
- d. Police roadblocks
- 7. a. State law only
- b. City law only
- c. Natural law
- d. City and state law
- 8. a. Roller skating in the streets is only a local problem
- b. Skaters are creating problems for motorists
- c. Police will ticket violations
- d. The problem is most common in college and university areas

#### Passage 3

- 9. a. Expensive machines
- b. Adequate protection from dust
- c. Continuous maintenance
- d. More delicate components
- 10. a. 17 by 8
- b. 7 by 5
- c. 17 by 5
- d. 70 by 17
- 11. a. Their small size
- b. Their lack of reliability
- c. Their delicateness
- d. Their maintenance problem

#### Passage 4

- 12. (A) Count money.
- (C) Draw moving objects.
- (B) Read and write.
- (D) Hunt and farm.
- 13. (A) Teachers came to children's homes.
- (B) Children acquired the information they needed by direct experience.
- (C) Children taught one another in small supervised groups.
- (D) Parents instructed their children in the "three R's."
- 14. (A) A new dependence on people far away and the use of money.
- (B) The introduction of a new alphabet and numerical system.
- (C) Outmoded methods of farming and ineffective means of transportation.
- (D) Larger family units and greater financial hardships.

#### Passage 5

- 15. a. He was struck by lightning
- b. He was very old
- c. He was in a car accident
- d. He fell down in his yard
- 16. a. His wife
- b. A tree

- c. A clock
- d. Lightning
- 17. a. Edwards had been blind for nine years
- b. Edwards was unconscious for twenty minutes after the lightning had struck him
- c. Doctors believe that Edwards was never really blind or deaf
- d. Edwards awoke with his face in a puddle of water
- 18. a. Hiding from the storm under a tree
- b. Climbing a tree
- c. Driving a car
- d. Lying on the ground
- 19. a. He regained his sight from a head injury when he fell from a tree
- b. He was happy after his wife entered his room for the first time in nine years
- c. The lightning took the feeling from his legs and gave feeling in his eyes
- d. Because the blow that blinded him was very severe, it took another very severe blow to restore his sight

#### Passage 6

- 20. a. Two                      b. Five                      c. Three                      d. Seven
- 21. a. A driver's license                      b. A permission slip
- c. A registration card                      d. Nothing
- 22. a. Next quarter                      b. Friday at nine o'clock
- c. Friday afternoon                      d. Later the same day
- 23. a. That he is majoring in mathematics
- b. That he has never taken a chemistry course
- c. That he is a freshman
- d. That he does not like his advisor

#### Passage 7

- 24. a. After five o'clock in the morning
- b. After eleven o'clock in the morning
- c. After five o'clock in the evening
- d. After eleven o'clock at night
- 25. a. \$2.16                      b. \$2.60                      c. \$2.05                      d. \$2.66
- 26. a. A collect call                      b. A direct dial call
- c. A person-to-person call                      d. A call from a pay phone
- 27. a. Dial the operator
- b. Check the phone book for the overseas operator's number so that he can help you
- c. Check the phone book for overseas area codes so that you can dial direct



d. Call the Southern Bell Telephone Company

**Passage 8**

28. a. Average tuition costs increased by 9 percent  
b. Average tuition costs increased by 15 percent  
c. Average tuition costs increased by 90 percent  
d. Average tuition costs increased by 150 percent
29. a. By \$150  
b. By \$2,150  
c. By \$6,750  
d. By \$5,300
30. a. That they must pay more than out-of-state students  
b. That only a few are accepted  
c. That they are not eligible for scholarships at state universities  
d. That their scholarships are very small
31. a. Better than it was last year  
b. Not as good as it was in 1960  
c. Especially good for graduates in liberal arts  
d. Not very good for recent graduates

**Passage 9**

32. a. To introduce the concept of inflation  
b. To discuss the causes of inflation  
c. To review yesterday's lecture on inflation  
d. To argue in favor of inflation
33. a. Rising prices  
b. Fixed income  
c. Real income  
d. Cost of living
34. a. Persons who have salaries agreed to in long-term contracts  
b. Persons who own businesses  
c. Persons with pensions  
d. Persons with slow-rising incomes
35. a. Inflation is controlled  
b. Real income decreases  
c. Purchasing power stays the same  
d. Dollar income increases

**Passage 10**

36. a. The scientist exploited the laws of nature  
b. The engineer was more practical  
c. The engineer was an intellectual  
d. The scientist was deeply involved in the practical application of his or her work