

大学英语六级应试题典

写作200题

赵仕凤

王义静

主编

大连理工

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写作 200 题

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前言

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写作是英语教学中四项基本技能之一,是广大英语学习者必备的一项语言交际技能,也是中国学生的一个难点。突破这一难关,不仅有助于其它单项技能的训练,同时也能够为培养学生的英语交际能力奠定一个良好的基础。为了帮助广大读者尤其是参加全国大学英语六级统考的大学生切切实实地提高写作能力,从而顺利通过六级考试,编写此书。与许多同类书相比,本书除了讲解一些必要的应试技巧外,更重视考生的能力培养。因此,本书也适用于具有一定英语水平欲进一步提高或准备参加其它各类较高层次的英语写作测试(如:全国研究生入学考试、研究生英语学位课程通过考试、全国外语水平考试(WSK)、托福考试(TOEFL)等)人员的需要。另外,此书也可作为教师的教学参考书。

本书是严格按照“大学英语教学大纲”和“大学英语六级考试大纲”的要求编写的。全书分上、下两篇,上篇为英文作文综述篇。共分两章,主要是从理论上并结合针对性强的作文范例介绍英文作文的特点。第一章,重点介绍“大学英语六级考试大纲”、作文题评分原则及标准,并附以大学英语六级考试作文题样题解析,使考生更深、更好、更确切地理解大学英语六级考试大纲、作文题评分原则及评分标准。同时在这一章里,以比较大的篇幅介绍了大学英语六级考试常设作文题型,并针对每一种题型附以作文范例,介绍具体写作方法。这样,通过阅读此书,考生就能在切实提高写作能力的同时,有针对性地做好考前复习,从而在考试中取得好成绩。第二章,理论结合实际,从英文作文的文体、

开篇与结尾、过渡和主体段如何展开四个方面细致而全面地介绍英文作文的写作方法，旨在帮助广大读者切实提高其写作能力。为了使理论上的讲解具体、深刻，也为了使考生能更好地理解，上篇融进了47篇作文范例及解析。

下篇为范文解析与实践操练篇。本着多阅读、多模仿的原则，精选163篇范文作为学习写作的楷模。范文文体包括记叙文、说明文、描写文、议论文和应用文。题材涉及科技、社会热点问题和文化生活等诸方面。本篇还有意收录了几篇主题相似、但写作要求和写作方法不同的范文，旨在说明同一个主题，可以从不同角度进行设题，进而写作方法也要有所不同。作文题目要求包括：根据提纲作文、根据图画或图表作文、根据主题句作文、根据标题作文、根据所给关键词作文、根据所给文章写出摘要或大意和应用文写作。为了帮助广大读者更好地理解和应用范文，范例作文之后的范文解析从文体、具体写作方法及对题目要求的审题等诸方面对范文进行了全方位、多角度细致而深刻的解析，范文解析之后附以与范文主题类似的写作练习，旨在为广大读者提供一个模仿范文进行写作操练的机会，从而更好地消化范文，掌握范文的写作技巧，提高自身的写作技能。

理论讲解与实践操练相结合，注重写作能力的培养是本书的突出特点。

为编写此书，在结合切身教学经验的基础上，我们阅读了大量的国内外有关方面的书籍和资料，博采众家之长。范文的选取，在忠实大纲的基础上，力求内容新颖，富有时代特色，文体规范，模拟性强。

由于编者水平及经验有限，书中难免有疏漏或错误，敬请广大读者批评指正，并由衷地欢迎诸位同仁不吝赐教。

编 者

1997年12月

目 录

上篇 英文作文综述

第一章 大学英语六级考试作文题分析及具体写作指导	1
第一节 “大学英语六级考试大纲”、作文题	
评分原则及标准	1
一、考试大纲(节选)	1
二、作文题评分原则	1
三、评分标准	2
第二节 大学英语六级考试作文题样题解析	3
一、1997年大学英语六级作文题	3
二、1993年6月大学英语六级作文题	6
第三节 大学英语六级考试作文题题型分析	
及具体写作指导	9
一、根据提纲作文	9
二、根据图表作文	11
三、根据主题句作文	14
四、根据题目作文	16
五、根据所给关键词作文	17
六、根据所给文章写出摘要或大意	18
第四节 大学英语六级考试作文题具体写作指导小结	21
第二章 短文写作	22
第一节 文体	22
一、记叙文(Narration)	22

二、描写文(Description)	28
三、说明文(Exposition)	31
四、议论文(Argumentation)	32
五、应用文.....	35
第二节 开篇与结尾	40
一、作文的要素.....	40
二、开篇(Introductory Paragraph)	40
三、结尾(Concluding Paragraph)	43
第三节 过渡	47
第四节 扩展段主要写作方法简介及示例	49
一、列举法(Listing)	49
二、举例说明法(Examples).....	50
三、比较对照法(Comparision and Contrast)	51
四、因果关系法(Cause and Effect).....	53
五、定义法(Definition)	54
六、分类法(Classification)	56
七、时间顺序记叙法(Time)	58
八、空间顺序描述法(Space)	59
九、过程描述法(Process)	61

下篇 范文解析与实践操练

1. An International Pen Pal	63
2. Advertising	64
3. Functions of a Newspaper	66
4. The Importance of Rain	67
5. Failure	69
6. The Problem of Population	70
7. Changes on Leisure Time Activities	72

8. A Survey on Hours of Study and Average Scores	75
9. Should Firecrackers Be Banned?	77
10. Advertising: Good or Bad?	79
11. Capital Punishment: For or Against?	81
12. The Qualities of a Friend	83
13. Youth	84
14. Honesty Is the Best Policy	86
15. The Teacher-Student Relationship	87
16. Our Responsibilities	89
17. Staying Healthy	90
18. A Smile or a Frown	91
19. Stresses of Celebrities	93
20. Stupidity	94
21. The Human Impact on the Environment	96
22. My College Idol	97
23. Mother's Day	99
24. How to Get Rid of an Unwanted Admirer	100
25. How to Complain	102
26. Childhood Fears	103
27. A Violent Night	105
28. A Bad Accident	106
29. A Baseball Fan	108
30. Noise Pollution	109
31. Dealing with Disappointment	111
32. One's Background and His Personality	112
33. Weight Lifting	114
34. Successful Exercise	115
35. Teens and Jobs	116
36. A Vote against Computer in Writing Classroom	118

37. Downward Slide	120
38. Inflation	121
39. Rackets or Tennis?	123
40. One Vote for Cafeteria Lunches	124
41. Race between Education and Catastrophe	126
42. Love	127
43. Harmful Effects of Watching Television	129
44. Problems of My Adolescence	132
45. Protect the Environment from Ourselves	133
46. Reactions to Disappointment	135
47. Separation of Powers; How it Works	136
48. Hope Project	138
49. Liberation of Women	139
50. The Use of a College Library	141
51. Rainy Days at Home	142
52. My Favorite Fishing Place	143
53. The Advantages of Being Fat	144
54. My Twin and I	145
55. How to Make Chili	147
56. My Favorite Place	148
57. My Home	150
58. A Night in the Library	152
59. The Asylum	153
60. The Advantages of Increasing Your Vocabulary	154
61. An Unforgettable Musical Night	155
62. Advertisements	157
63. Travel	159
64. From High School to College	160
65. How to Spend the Weekend	161

66. Hobbies	162
67. Physical Exercises	164
68. Computers	165
69. My Favorite Activities	167
70. If I Were the Director of a Research Program	169
71. More Freedom, Less Interference	170
72. For or Against Building a Big Factory near Our Community	171
73. Comparative Ratings of Four Brands of Bread	173
74. To Live to Be a Hundred	175
75. My Favorite Sports	176
76. Satisfied or Dissatisfied	177
77. College Entrants Earning Degrees at Different Levels	179
78. Preparing to Go Abroad to Study	181
79. The Payroll of L. T. D. INC	183
80. How to Produce Photographs	185
81. Wit and Humor	187
82. Attending College	188
83. Patriotism	189
84. Women's Fashions and Men's Fashions	190
85. Advantages of Typing	192
86. Older and Younger Sisters	193
87. Fate	194
88. To Live a Moral Life	195
89. Route to Success	197
90. The Four Seasons	198
91. Living in the City or in the Country	199
92. Televisions	201
93. The Three Major Influences on My Life	202

94. Trying to Decide Which College to Attend	204
95. How to Make Friends in a Foreign Country	206
96. The Bright Child and the Dull Child	208
97. Changes of People's Diet	210
98. Three Types of Automobiles	211
99. Automobiles	213
100. Living in a Big City	214
101. How to Prepare for a Job Interview	215
102. Preparations for Final Examinations	216
103. Newspapers	218
104. A Description of Tian'anmen Square	219
105. Physical Activities and Intellectual Pastimes	220
106. My Opinion on Examinations	221
107. The Mid-Autumn Festival	223
108. Contact Lenses and Eyeglasses	224
109. How to Build a Wood Fire	225
110. A Typical Day in My Life	227
111. Language for Communication	228
112. Television Is Bad for Children	229
113. A Road Accident	231
114. Sports in Our Country	232
115. Is Intelligence Born or Developed?	234
116. A Wealth of Pleasures	235
117. Cheating at Examinations	236
118. TOEFL Is Hard	237
119. Living at College or at Home	239
120. The Objective Test and the Essay Exam	240
121. The Great Wall	241
122. Our College	242

123. Energy	243
124. My Messy Study	244
125. China's Population in Different Periods	246
126. Making Decision	248
127. Colours and People	250
128. Cigarette Smoking	251
129. Living in the Present	252
130. Bicycles	254
131. Making Dumplings	255
132. Tolerance	256
133. Different Roommates	258
134. Summer Jobs	259
135. Sex: There Is a Difference!	261
136. One-Child Policy Enforce by Taxation	262
137. Advertisements on TV	263
138. Attending College at One's Own Expense	264
139. How Does a Sick Person Feel?	265
140. A Hospital Scene	267
141. Want to Fail in College?	269
142. The Modern Teenage Girl	270
143. For the Worthy Use of Leisure Time	271
144. What Is Language?	273
145. Iceland	275
146. How to Open a Bottle of Wine	277
147. Which Bicycle to Buy	279
148. The Average Family Expenses in the United States	281
149. The Families of Stars	283
150. The Sizes of the United States	285
151. Normal Working Week Should Be	

Reduced to 30 Hours	287
152. Normal Working Week Should NOT Be Reduced to 30 Hours	288
153. On Reducing Working Week to 30 Hours	290
154. Letter Inquiring about (or Applying for) a Job	291
155. Letter Replying to Complaint of Damage	292
156. Letter Applying to Study Abroad	293
157. Letter to a Friend	294
158. A Day off Work	295
159. How to Be Successful in an Interview	297
160. Career Requirements	300
161. Student Newspaper	303
162. My Mother's Hands	306
163. The Sixth Sense	310
参考书目(References)	315

上篇

英文作文综述

第一章 大学英语六级考试作文题 分析及具体写作指导

第一节 “大学英语六级考试大纲”、 作文题评分原则及标准

一、考试大纲(节选)

第五部分:短文写作(Part V Writing): 共 1 题, 考试时间为 30 分钟。要求学生写出一篇不少于 120 词的短文。试卷上可能给出题目, 或要求看图表作文, 或根据所给文章(英语或汉语)写出摘要或大意, 或给出关键词写短文等等。要求切题, 能正确表达思想, 意义连贯, 文理基本通顺, 无重大语言错误。写作内容为科技、社会、文化等方面的一般常识。

短文写作部分的目的是测试学生用英语书面表达思想的一般能力。

二、作文题评分原则

CET 作文题采用总体评分(Global Scoring)方法, 阅卷人员就总的印象给出奖励分(Reward Scores), 而不是按语言的错误数目扣分。从内容和语言两个方面对作文进行综合评判。内容和语言是一个统一体, 作文应表达题目所规定的内容, 而内容要通过语言来表

达。要考虑作文是否切题，是否充分表达思想，也要考虑是否用英语清楚而确切地表达思想，也就是考虑语言上的错误是否造成理解上的障碍。

三、评分标准

短文写作满分为 15 分，分五个等级作为评分的标准，即 2 分、5 分、8 分、11 分和 14 分。阅卷人员根据所定标准进行评分。若认为某一篇接近于 8 分，该篇即定为 8 分，若认为稍优或稍劣于 8 分，则可加 1 分为 9 分或减 1 分为 7 分，不加减半分。

各段评分具体标准如下：

2 分——条理不清，思路紊乱，语言支离破碎或大部分句子有错误，且多数为严重错误。

5 分——基本切题。表达思想不清楚，连贯性差。有较多的严重语言错误。

8 分——基本切题。有些地方表达思想不够清楚，文字勉强连贯；语言错误相当多，其中有一些是严重错误。

11 分——切题。表达思想清楚，文字连贯，但有少量语言错误。

14 分——切题。表达思想清楚，文字通顺，连续性较好。基本上无语言错误，仅有个别小错。

注：白卷，作文与题目毫无相关，或只有几个孤立的词而无法表达思想则给 0 分。

字数不足应酌情扣分。

累计字数	CET4	90~99	80~89	70~79	60~69	50~59	<49
累计字数	CET6	110~119	100~109	90~99	80~89	70~79	<69
扣分		1	2	3	5	7	9

注：1. 如题目给出主题句、起始句、结束句，均不得计入所写字数。

2. 只写一段者得 0 分~4 分；只写两段得 0 分~9 分（指规定三段的作文）。

第二节 大学英语六级考试作文题样题解析

一、1997年6月大学英语六级作文题

Part V Writing

Directions: For this part, you're allowed thirty minutes to write a composition on the topic **My View on Job-Hopping**. You should write at least 120 words and you should base your composition on the outline (given in Chinese) below:

1. 有些人喜欢始终从事一种工作,因为……
2. 有些人喜欢经常更换工作,因为……
3. 我的看法

My View on Job-Hopping

【14分作文】切题。表达思想清楚，文字通顺，连续性较好。基本上无语言错误，仅有个别小错。

“You resigned again?! What's your new job?...” Job-hopping has become a hot topic among people, especially the young, and heated debates focus on it, as a result.

Many people are inclined to do one job in their lives. In their opinions, people who change their job frequently are superficial and tactless. They believe that the only way to success is to stick to one job, for constant practice in a professional field helps make an expert.

But there are still many people who won't agree. They argue that change means progress. If you're not satisfied with your present job, of course you have the right to replace it with a more challenging and better paid one. Every change is a step to further success. This idea may be the reason why they change their jobs so often.

For my part, I think it reasonable to change your job if you have

a better opportunity. But once you have found a position where you can fully display your ability, you'd better settle down and put your whole heart into it. Only in this way, can you get the true joy of achieving your goals.

【11分作文】切题。表达思想清楚，文字连贯，但有少量语言错误。

Everyone's attitude towards job is different. Some people think they will do one job until retirement. They often say like this: Take up one thing, like it and be good at it. They think only when they are absorbed in one work can they do it well.

On the contrary, some other people like to change their jobs at times. In their opinions, the aim of doing a job is only to get more money. So, when they have a chance to get a more well-paid job, certainly they ought to get hold of the chance.

My view on Job-Hopping is in the middle of the two points above. I think if I have a job that really fits me, I'll do it all my life. Any other job can't attract me no matter what the benefit it is. But if I can't have a proper job, I'll change it until I find a satisfactory job.

In a word, I want to find a job that fits me, money and other things are out of thought.

【8分作文】基本切题。有些地方表达思想不够清楚，文字勉强连贯；语言错误相当多，其中有一些是严重错误。

Today somebody likes to do a job for ever, because they think they can do it better and better. They don't like to change their job, and fear they would not be fit it. Those persons usually try their best to do their jobs well, so that they can not out of job.

On the contrary, Somebody likes to change their jobs constantly because they unlike to work in the same way. In fact, they are not satisfied with the job they do, and they want to get a better one.

On my opinion, I think we must do the job which we like. Thus