使用说明

本书为高等学校文科(非英语专业)英语教材第四册的教学参考书。内容包括课文、补充读物等的参考译文以及练习答案。

本书提供的翻译练习答案,并不是唯一正确的答案,仅供教师教学时参考。有些练习,如问答题和造句等,灵活多变,可有多种答案,但本书一般只提供一个答案。个别练习要求学生视实际情况回答,本书仅提供提示性答案,并在答案前加注△符号。至于练习的难易多寡,教师可在教学过程中视具体情况灵活处理。

限于我们的水平和经验,本书的缺点和不妥之处在所难免,欢迎同志们 批评指正。

> 复旦大学外文系文科英语教材编写组 一九八二年八月

目 录

第一课	1
第二课	6
第三课	11
第四课	18
第五课	23
第六课	29
第七课	38
第八课	43
第九课	49
第十课	53
第十一课	58
第十二课	63
补充读物·····	75

第一课

课 文

八十年回顾

我在漫长的一生中,目睹了我们的风俗习惯以及周围环境的许多变化。 我想要是把其中的一些变化讲给你们听听,你们也许会感兴趣的。

我十八岁成了一个医科学生,踏上了我的生活道路,那时的世界对飞机、电影、收音机或电话这类先进的东西还一无所知,样样东西都很便宜、物价稳定。我进圣托马斯医院时,在文森特广场租了一套公寓,房租为每周十八个先令。在我去医院以前,房东太太供给我一顿丰盛的早餐,六点半回来后,又供给我一顿"正式茶点",这两顿饭每周花去我大约十二个先令。午餐我在圣托马斯医院里吃,有黄油面包和一杯牛奶,共四个便士。我每月花十四镑就能过得很舒服,支付各种费用,购买我所需要的仪器,衣服,还能痛快地玩乐一番。而且我可以随时把我的显微镜套去当三镑钱。

我在圣托马斯医院呆了五年。我是个不能令人满意的学生,因为正象你们可能已经猜到的那样,我的心思不在这上头。我当时希望,我一直都在希望当一个作家,晚上吃过正式茶点之后,我就写呀读呀。不久以后,我便写好一部长篇小说,叫作《兰贝思的莉莎》,我把它寄给一个出版商,被接受了。我在医院的最后一年期间,这本书出版了,获得了相当的成功。这当然是件偶然的事,但我当时并不这么看,这也是很自然的。我觉得我完全可以弃医从文,以写作为职业;所以我从医学院毕业三天后,就出发去西班牙写另外一本书了。如今回首往事,并且象我现在这样,懂得了以写作为生的艰难困苦,我认识到当时我是冒着极大的风险的。这一点我过去从来没有想到过。

以后的十年十分艰苦,我每年平均挣一百镑。后来我交了点好运。宫廷戏院的经理上演了一出戏,很不卖座;他原先安排好上演的下一出戏又没有准备好,因此弄得他一筹莫展。他读了我的一个剧本,尽管不是很喜欢,但觉得它也许正好可以上演六个星期,到那时候他原来考虑接下去上演的那出戏就能够上演了。结果我那个剧本连续演了十五个月。在一个短时间内,我有四个剧本同时在伦敦连续上演。这种事过去还从来没有过。于是

我成了众人谈论的话题。圣托马斯医院的一个学生问那位我曾经跟他一起 工作过的著名外科医生,他是否记得我。"记得,记得很清楚,"他说。"他恐 怕是我们学生中很差的一个吧。"

Key to the Exercises (L. 1)

- She can be quite forgetful sometimes.
 - 2. Holidays in Qingdao can be quite cheap.
 - 3. He could occasionally be quite merry.
 - October can be quite a wonderful month for sightseeing in Nanjing.
 - The English method of numbering houses can be very puzzling for a stranger.
 - 6. Chinese cooking can sometimes be easy to do.
 - 7. It can often be quite hot in this room when the sun shines.
 - 8. Smoking too much can often be bad for health.
- II. 1. 1) You may find you have made a mistake.
 - 2) Accept his offer now. He might change his mind later.
 - Parents may find that they cannot understand the new teaching methods being introduced in the university.
 - Ask him for help. He may/might be able to offer you better advice.
 - Let's not wait any longer. He may/might not come at all.
 - Getting the two sides to agree may/might not be so easy as some people imagine.
 - The method may not be good enough, but it's certainly effective.
 - 2) He may be old, but he is not at all weak.
 - He may not be well paid, but he has his heart in the work he is doing.
 - (... but his heart is in the work he is doing.)
 - The restaurant may be expensive, but the cooking is good.
 - 5) The book may be long, but you can hardly call it unin-

teresting.

- It may be a long way, but we should be able to reach there in time.
- He told me I might leave work early that evening if I had something important to do.
 - The teacher asked the student if he might ask him a rather personal question.
 - His interviewer told him he could take a week to make a decision, but no longer.
 - The notice said that cars might be parked at the back of the building.
 - 5) The clerk asked me if he could see my credit card.
 - I told my friend he could borrow my notebooks, only he should take care of them.
- III. 1. You won't know my name, of course, but I was a friend of your father's.
 - My younger sister loves watching television. She will sit for hours without saying a word.
 - He's very forgetful. He will often buy things and then leave the shop without taking them along.
 - 4. The boy would never listen! He would go out and leave the doors open!
 - Unless you explained it very carefully, he wouldn't understand properly.
- △IV. 1. You should get up earlier.
 - 2. You must hurry up.
 - 3. I must inform the police.
 - 4. We should think of some way to stop it.
 - 5. You should eat more.
 - 6. I ought to see a doctor.
 - 7. He ought to change his job instead of complaining.
 - You should try his number again, maybe you can reach him now.
 - V. 1. D 2. C 3. B 4. D 5. C 6. A 7. C 8. D
 - VI. 1. It never even occurred to her
 - 2. It suddenly occurred to him

ŝ

- 3. Did it ever occur to you / Has it ever occurred to you
- 4. It never occurred to me
- 5. Didn't it occur to you
- △VII. 1. Ten days after he was requested, he started on a voyage.
 - 2. One week after he left hospital, he went to work.
 - Two years after she was born, the Second World War broke out
 - 4. Two hours after they arrived at the town, they put on a show.
 - 5. Five minutes after they rode off, it began to rain.
 - VIII. 1. provide, for

他们已同意为我们的试验提供一切必要的仪器。

2. provides, with

农村为轻工业提供原料和市场。

3. provides, for

本书为环境保护工作提供宝贵的资料。

4. provided, with

他们所需要的东西样样都有。

5. provide, for

小学一般都不为学生供应伙食。

- IX. 1. at his wits' end
- 2. put on, have arranged
- 3. looked back on, excellent 4. arranged
 - 6. graduated from

told, of
excellent

8. knew nothing of

X.

(A)

- When he was a student, he used to spend half an hour reading aloud in the morning.
- 2. He reads a story to his little son every evening.
- She likes singing and dancing but she doesn't like swimming or mountain-climbing.
- 4. I would like our teachers to be present at our meeting.
- I know she can help, but I don't like to ask her when she's. so busy.

- Maugham was a failure as a medical student, for his heart was not in it.
- 2. Boys in general like sports more than girls do.
- 3. He used to make a living by selling fruit.
- For the sake of our modernization program, we are ready to take greater risks than this.
- Every week George spends a good deal of his time watching TV.
- The book you have in mind is very cheap. It will cost you only sixpence.
- 7. His new novel will be published before long.
- Tom can earn an average of 20 pounds a month (by) selling newspapers in the streets.

XI.

这时,爱迪生作为一个发明家已遐迩闻名,人们竟然认为他无所不能。他们开始称他为"魔术家",好象他能象变魔术一样地搞出发明来。很少有人知道爱迪生工作有多么勤奋,他常常一天工作二十个小时,而他的大多数发明都是数百次试验的结果。

在六十年中爱迪生一直是世界上最主要的发明家。他取得专利权 的发明有一千多种,这些发明改变了我们的生活方式。

尽管他名气很大,爱迪生始终是个谦虚的人。他从不认为自己是天才,他曾说过天才是"百分之二的灵感加上百分之九十八的汗水。"

第二课

课 文

我的第一个工作

在等着进大学的时候,我在伦敦的一家地方报纸上看到,在离我的住处 大约十英里的伦敦某郊区,有所学校要招聘一名教师。我因为手头很拮据, 同时也想干点有用的事,便提出了申请,不过我也担心,自己一无学位,二无 教学经验,得到这份工作的机会是微乎其微的。

然而,三天以后,却来了一封回信,叫我到克罗伊顿去面谈一次。这一路去那儿原来还真麻烦: 先乘火车到克罗伊顿车站,再乘十分钟的公共汽车,然后还要步行至少四分之一英里。结果,在一个炎热的六月的上午我到了那儿,人已经筋疲力尽,就连紧张不安也感觉不到了。

学校是一座阴沉沉的、装着大窗户的红砖房子。前花园只是一个正方 形的院子,四个角上各有一丛冬青灌木,它们经受住了从繁忙的大街上吹来 的尘烟,挣扎着活下去。

开门的显然是校长本人。他又矮又胖,留着淡茶色的小胡子,头发差不多已经秃光。他以一种吃惊而又不赞同的神气看着我,就象一个上校看着一名鞋带松开的士兵一样。"哦,"他咕哝着说。"你最好还是到里面来吧。"那狭窄的、不见阳光的走廊里散发出一股腐烂的蔬菜味,闻上去很不舒服;墙上墨迹斑疵,显得很脏;周围一片静寂。从写字台上残存的面包周来判断,他的书房也就是他的餐室。"你最好坐下,"他说,然后便开始问了我许多问题:为了得到普通中学毕业证书我学过哪些课程,我年纪多大了,我会做些什么游戏。接着,他突然用他那双布满血丝的眼睛盯住我,问我是否认为游戏是儿童教育的一个重要组成部分。我说了一些我不太重视游戏之类的话。他咕哝了几句,显然,这位校长和我很少有共同语言。早知如此,我就不那么回答了。

他说,学校只有一个班,二十四个男生,年龄从七岁到十三岁不等。除 美术课由他亲自教以外,其余所有的课都得由我来教。星期三和星期六下 午,要到一荚里以外的公园里踢足球,打板球。 整个教学计划使我很害怕。我得把全班分成三个组,按三种不同的程度轮流给他们上课。我对自己的数学知识很不放心,这门功课我在读书时就学得很差。更叫人泄气的也许是星期六下午打板球的这种安排,因为这时候,我的朋友大多都会在高高兴兴地玩耍。我可不喜欢这样的安排。我心想,"如果我年纪大几岁,我就不在乎了。"

但我需要钱。我胆怯地问: "我的薪水是多少?""每周十二英镑外加中饭。" 我还没来得及提出异议,他已经站了起来。"好了,"他说,"你最好见见我的妻子。实际上她才是这所学校的主管人。"

我当时很年轻。想到要在一个女人手下工作,我几乎无法忍受。这是 最丢脸的事了。

Key to the Exercises (L. 2)

- 1. 1-f, 2-h, 3-a, 4-j, 5-b, 6-i, 7-c, 8-g, 9-d, 10-e
- △II. 1. ... would be able to advise you much better than I can.
 - 2. ... would take a different view, ...
 - 3. ... would know earlier whether it is serious or not.
 - 4. ... would show them round.
 - 5. ... would change them for you.
 - 6. ... would begin to appreciate what the writer is trying to say.
 - 7. ... I had a watch.
 - 8. ... would ask him to join us.
 - 9. ... would have to look it up in the dictionary.
 - 10. ... would be able to give the correct answer.
 - III. 1. 1) Should you not meet me again,
 - 2) Were it not for the fact that his first play had been accepted,
 - 3) Had he come earlier,
 - 4) Were Shakespeare still alive now,
 - 5) Were it not for the expense,
 - 6) Should the weather be fine,
 - 2. 1) If it had not been for your laziness,
 - If I were to hear his voice again,

- 3) If it were to rain tomorrow,
- 4) If the theatre had not been full,
- 5) ... if you should ask him nicely.
- 6) If the job should be too difficult,
- △IV. 1. If I should hear someone crying for help, I would rush to his help.
 - If I were to have a long vacation, I would like to visit Australia.
 - If I should see a house on fire, I would do what I could to put it out.
 - If my bicycle should be stolen, I would immediately inform the police.
 - If I should have some more money, I would like to buy some more bookshelves for my study.
 - If I should go and live on an island, I would take all the necessary things with me.
 - If I should cut my finger, I would try as hard as I could to stop the bleeding first.
 - 8. If gas should escape from the pipe, I would turn it off.
 - asked/should ask
- 2. would serve, spoke
- 3. would never have understood 4. had known
- 5. were to/should arrive 6. would never have done
- tried, could easily win/had really tried, could have easily won
 could have telephoned
- 9. had looked, would have seen 10. caught
- 11. Had, known 12. could have been avoided
- VI. 1. He applied for the teaching post because he was very short of money and he wanted to do something useful.
 - It was in a suburb of London about ten miles from where the author lived.
 - It was because he did not have a degree and he had not any teaching experience, either.
 - No, he didn't. It was because he was too worn out after the awkward journey from London to the school.
 - No, he didn't. He thought it unnecessary to pay too much attention to games.

- It was because the headmaster thought games were an important part of a boy's education.
- There were twenty-four pupils in the school. No, they were not. They were from seven to thirteen.
- He was expected to divide the class into three groups and teach them in turn at three different levels.
- 9. It was because he had been quite poor at mathematics at school.
- No, he didn't. It was because most of his friends would be enjoying themselves at that time.
- 11. It was because his wife was the one that really ran the school.
- He felt almost defeated. It was because he thought it the greatest indignity for a young man to work under a woman.
- VII. 1. They have classes every day except (on) Sunday.
 - 2. We all passed the examination except John.
 - Newton took no exercise except sometimes a short walk up and down in the garden.
 - 4. The little boy won't eat anything except bananas.
 - 5. I have been to all the suburbs of the city except that one.
 - He answered all the questions except the last one, which was too difficult.
- VIII. 1. he was short of teaching experience
 - 2. we were short of money
 - 3. they were short of teachers
 - 4. it was short of man power
 - 5. We are short of nothing
 - IX. 1. As time went on, the story proved untrue.
 - 2. English has proved a very useful tool in his work.
 - 3. In that battle he proved a brave fighter.
 - 4. His method proved better than mine.
 - 5. She proved a cleverer girl than we had thought.
 - Perhaps this dictionary will prove of some help to you in your studies.
 - X. 1. got to their feet
- 2. had very little in common

3. Judging by

4. poor at

5. worn out

- 6, in turn
- 7. ranging, from, to
- 8. As a result

9

- 1. He ran out to see what was happening in the street.
- Soon after he came back from Japan, he ran a primary school in his home town.
- The film Carve Her Name with Pride is very popular in China. It ran for 10 weeks in Shanghai in 1978.
- George was teaching in a middle school when World War I broke out.
- 5. We must teach our children to love the Party and the people.

(B)

- 1. He ran out of the room before I could stop him.
- 2. The/A year is divided into four seasons.
- He has no chance of passing the examination because he never reviews his lessons.
- 4. He felt a bit nervous when it was his turn to speak.
- 5. He asked with an air of doubt, "Will they come to my help?"/ "Will they come to help me?"
- 6. Her face became pale with fear.
- 7. Her bedroom smells sweetly/pleasantly of roses.
- To tell you the truth, I have great doubts about his ability as a teacher.
- XII. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T

第三课

课 文

一个福尔赛的诞生

医生已经走了。刚才他究竟说了些什么呢?

"情况是这样的,福尔赛先生。如果开刀,我差不多完全有把握保全产妇,但是小孩保不了。如果不开刀,孩子很可能活得了,可是产妇要冒很大的危险——非常大的危险。不管开刀不开刀,我想她都不会再生孩子了。你自己拿主意吧,我现在去取必需的器械。一个钟点之内就回来。"

多难拿的主意噢! 象这样还没有足月就要分娩,什么都无法预见,连把她母亲从巴黎接来都来不及! 如果他能弄懂医生的话就好了。然而非要他拿主意不可! 一种可能是保全他年轻的妻子,这还是有相当把握的,可是孩子肯定保全不了,而且——以后也不会再有孩子了! 另一种可能是他的妻子也许保全不了,可是保全孩子还是有相当把握的,而且——以后也不会再有孩子了! 到底选择哪一个呢! 要对生死作出决定! 而且没有人能帮他参谋一下。生命是一去不复返的。能保得住的切莫放手。

"我知道她要这个孩子,"他心里想。"如果生下来就是死的,而且以后也不会再生了——这会使她非常伤心的。再也不会生了!全落得个一场空!一年年跟她过着夫妻生活,膝下却没个孩子。什么指望也没有,她没有——我没有!我没有!他双手捶胸!为什么他不能在思考的时候不把自己牵进去呢!不可能不牵进去!这种想法本身就是徒劳的!索姆斯探到了现实的根本原则,也就是福尔赛精神的核心,他便让脑子休息了一下。

他看看表。再过半小时医生就要回来了。他非决定不可!如果他反对 开刀,结果她死了,那他以后还有什么险见她母亲,还有什么险见医生呢! 自己良心上又怎么说得过去呢!她要生的毕竟是他的孩子啊。如果赞成开 刀——那无疑是宣判他俩断子绝孙。可他娶她还不就是为了要生一个合法 的继承人吗!医生说过可能性还是有的。"安丽特不会死的;不可能死的。 她身体很强壮!"

医生回来了。

- "你决定了么?"
- "决定了,"索姆斯说,"不要开刀!"
- "不开刀"这危险很大——你知道吗?"
- "你不是说可能性还是有的吗?"
- "有是有,但是不大。"

素姆斯板着脸,只有嘴唇在动。

- "你说开刀孩子一定保不了吗?"
- "是的。"
- "你仍然认为不管在什么情况下她都不可能再生孩子了吗?"
- "要说绝对不会生也不是的,不过可能性不大。"
- "她很强壮,"索姆斯说;"我们愿意担这个风险。"

医生极其严肃地看着他。"你要负责的,"他说,"换了我的妻子,我就不 会这么做。"

索姆斯的下巴猛地朝上一抬,就象挨了什么人一拳似的。

- "我在上面有什么用吗?"他问。
- "没有。你不要去。"
- "那么我在楼上画廊里等着;你知道那个地方。"

医生点点头。

"明天这个时候,"素姆斯想,"她也许就已死在我手里了。"不,这不公平! 如果是他自己的生命,他肯冒这样的风险吗。"可是她宁可冒失去我的风险,"他想,"也不肯失去孩子! 她并不真正爱我啊!"对他俩来说,对他们的婚姻、他们的前途来说,最最要紧的就是一个孩子! "我为这件事情已经吃尽了苦头,"他想,"我决不放手——决不放手。有可能两个都保得了——有可能的!"在手中的东西被夺走之前,人总是不肯放手的——人天生就是不肯放手的!

等到他开门,站在那里倾听的时候,天已经快黑了。一点动静也没有; 一个女佣人走过来,气喘吁吁地说:

"医生要见您,老爷。"

他飞步下楼,在阴暗的过道里猛地和医生撞了个满怀。

- "怎么样?"他说:"快!"
- "大人和小孩都活着;我想,已经没有事儿了。"

索姆斯站着不动,手掌着眼睛。

"恭喜你,"他听见医生说;"真是千钧一发啊!"

素姆斯把捂着脸的那只手放了下来。

- "多谢,"他说;"多谢多谢。男的还是女的?"
- "女的——真算幸运;要是个儿子,就会断送了她——头出不来啊!" 一个女儿!

说不出的欣慰,然而——是个女儿! 他觉得太不公平了。冒了这么大的危险——经受了这样的折磨——多么痛苦的折磨啊!——却只得了个女儿!

Key to the Exercises (L. 3)

I. workman 工人 n.

bedtime 就寝时间 n.

easy-going 随和的 a.

heart-breaking 令人心碎的 a.

homemade 家里做的 a.

risk-free 没有危险的 a.

goldfish 会鱼 n.

Frenchman 法国人 n.

earth-shaking 震撼世界的 a.

handbag 手提包 n.

forearm 前臂 n.

goodwill 友好 n.

newmade 新做的 a.

pocketbook 袖珍本;钱夹 n.

forecast 预报 v., n.

countryside 农村 n.

foreshow 预示 v.

healthy-looking 看上去健康的 a.

II. 1.

- 1) they knew each other very well
- 2) they were old friends
- 3) they had met before
- 4) they had worked in the same office before

- 2.
- 1) it would turn cloudy
- 2) it was going to snow
- 3) a storm would come soon
- 4) we were going to have a wet day
- 3.
- 1) he had been ill for some time
- 2) he was/were very much worn out
- 3) he had not had enough sleep
- 4) he had lost all his strength
- III. 1. He spoke in a low voice for fear that / lest people in the room should hear him.
 - 2. He waved his arms to the car for fear / lest it should speed off.
 - He read the text with great care for fear that / lest there should be some mistakes in printing.
 - I answer the question over and over again for fear that / lest you should have any misunderstanding about it.
 - She did not tell him how difficult it was to make a living by writing for fear that / lest he should give it up.
 - He set the alarm clock for six for fear that / lest he should not wake up in time to go to work.
 - He put away all these photos, for fear that / lest they should bring back his memory of the past sufferings.
 - They had to drive very fast, for fear that / lest they should be too late for the play.
 - Mother has hidden the candy for fear that / lest Tom should cat too much.
 - He makes a note of the assignment for fear that / lest he should forget it.
- IV. 1. D 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. C 6. B
- △V. I. ... the doctor (should) fail to operate on her.
 - children (should) be taken good care of and be well-educated.
 - 3. ... the weather (should) have been dry for so long.
 - ... quite a number of intellectuals (should) have been so ill-treated during that period.
 - 5. ... they should have met in the very same place.

- 6. ... the question (should) be discussed.
- 7. ... every one (should) get to his post before the attack
- 8. ... everything (should) be well-prepared before we start to
- 9. ... you (should) keep regular hours.
- 10. ... the mental burden (should) be immediately removed.
- VI. 1. had checked
 - 3. were / was
 - 5. were / was
 - 7. gave up 9. knew

- 4. would be 6. (should) finish
- 8. would, stay, go

2. didn't have to

- 10. could have achieved
- VII. 1. B 2. A 3. D 4. D 5. C 6. B 7. C
- VIII. 1. On the one hand they wanted very much to visit their teacher in hospital; on the other (hand), they didn't want to disturb his rest.
 - 他们一方面很想去看望住院的老师,一方面又怕妨碍他休息。
 - 2. On the one hand Anne must study hard in order to get the certificate; on the other (hand), she must work all day to support herself.
 - 安妮一方面必须努力学习以取得证书,一方面又必须全天工作 来养活自己。
 - 3. On the one hand we have made great progress; on the other (hand), we still have many difficulties.
 - 我们一方面取得了很大进步,另一方面我们还有许多困难。
 - 4. On the one hand he wanted very much to be successful; on the other (hand), he did not like to do any hard work,
 - 他一方面很想成功,一方面又不肯苦干。
 - 5. On the one hand we must have revolutionary enthusiasm; on the other (hand), we must take a scientific attitude.
 - 我们一方面要有革命热情,一方面要有科学态度。
 - IX. 1. It's for them to decide
 - 2. It's for you to guess
 - 3. It's for the teacher to judge
 - 4. Is it for me to explain
 - 5. It's for you

15