

中国农业出版社

EPT 词汇突破

欧阳旭 罗扬 编著

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(京)新登字 060 号

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责任编辑 刘洋河 冯常虎

中国农业出版社出版(北京市朝阳区农展馆北路2号)新华书店北京发行所发行 三河宏达印刷厂印刷

850×1168 mm 32 开本 10.25 印张 250 千字 1994年9月第1版 1994年9月北京第1次印刷 印数 1--3,000 册 定价 13.30 元 ISBN 7--109-02606-X /G・183

内容 提 要

本书立足于实用,力求体现优化设计思想,重点突出,涉猎 广泛,详细列出各词的音标、释义、同义词或反义词、例句及中文 翻译,并对一些关键词作详细的比较分析,使背记单词不再是一 种令人望而却步的苦差事。

本书除了列出 EPT 各部分常考的关键性名词、动词、形容词与副词外,还收集常用的介词与动词惯用法。书后还附录英语常见词根词缀、英语同形异义词,以帮助英语学习者和应试者速记更多的词汇。此书可使读者扩大词汇量二十倍,且适合于参加 TOEFL、大学四级和六级考试的应读者使用。

EPT(英语水平考试)是专门为我国英语学习者设计的一种考试。它是在参考国外英语水平考试的基础上结合我国的实际国情和需要而设计的,因而它不同于TOEFL和第一证书考试,但在形式上和难易程度上又和上述两类考试有着极其相同的成份,所以我们不能把EPT看成是一种孤立的考试模式,它的适用范围是广泛的:EPT适合于报考国内外学校的非英语专业的研究生、出国进修生、在职教师、干部、科技人员及大学高年级学生。

在我们和考生的接触中,往往听到这样一些问题:"听力跟不上速度,或者是听懂了,就是来不及做题目",也有人常问"阅读时间不够,好象四个答案都对,或者是题目理解了,就是答案中四个选择词一个不认识,因而就只好猜,再就是选择看上去最不象的词去碰运气。"更有人说"语法结构部分不知从何下笔。"所有问题的疑难结症恐怕就是应试者对词汇和惯用法的理解不深,掌握的不透彻。应试者往往还有一种不正常的心态,或者说是"考试心理障碍",即一碰到生词时,就"两眼一抹黑",茫然不知所措,信心随之丧失殆尽。

因此,在加强听力和阅读速度训练的同时,还需要尽可能地扩大词汇量。词汇对听力、阅读和写作均有不可估量的作用。本书就是带着这一目的,旨在帮助广大的应试者扩大和掌握更多的英语词汇。

本书承刘纯豹教授、王和珍副教授,杨礼虎,张禺等同志的鼎力相助,并为本书提出了许多具体的建议,特在此一并表示衷心的感谢。

由于编者水平有限,不当之处在所难免,恳切希望读者批评指正。

编 者 1991.12.20

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缩略表

			·
n.	名词	[同]	同义词
٧.	动词	[反]	反义词
adj.	形容词	[形]	形容词
adv.	副词·	[动]	动词
prep.	介词	[副]	副词
pron.	代词	[美]	美国英语
num.	数词	[英]	英国英语
pi.	名词复数	[比较]	词义比较
int.	感叹词	[日]	口语
		[方]	方言
	•	[俚]	俚语
		[俗]	俗语

※ 星号为 EPT, TOEFL 及部分大学四、六级必考词。

写在前面	ī的话	
缩略表		
第一部分	名词	(1)
第二部分	→ 动词	80)
第三部分	▶ 形容词与副词	48)
第四部分	· 介词惯用法与动词惯用法 ······(2	15)
附录一	英语常见词根词缀 •••••• (2	62)
附录二	英语同形异义词 •••••• (2	81)
附录三	词汇索引(2	88)
附录四	惯用法短语索引 ••••••• (3	12)

第一部分 名 词

employee [,emploi'i:] n. 雇员,职员 [同] worker, clerk, wage-earner [反] employer, boss

Mary is an employee in the Grand Hotel.

玛丽是豪华大酒店的一名雇员。

sideboard ['saidbo:d] n. 餐具柜, 餐具桌 [同] cupboard

Please pass me the empty glass in the sideboard.

请把餐具柜里的空玻璃杯递给我。

[比较] wardrobe n. 衣橱,衣柜 chest of drawers 五斗橱,抽屉柜

valley ['væli] n. 山谷, 河谷 [比较] gorge 峡 canyon 峡,峡谷

This is a photograph of our village in the valley.

这是我们座落在山谷里的村庄的照片。

glue [glu:] n. 胶水

I want some black ink and a bottle of glue.

我想要些黑墨水和一瓶胶水。

hostel ['hostel] n. 学生宿舍; 旅店 [同] inn, motel, hostelry, ta-vern

Sally is a member of the Youth Hostels Association(Y.H.A). 莎利是青年招待所协会成员。

instalment [in'sto:lment] n. 分期付款 [同] hire purchase Can we buy it on instalments?

我们可以按分期付款买这东西吗?

* deposit [di'pozit] n. 定金,存款 [同] deposition, bank savings You can pay a deposit of ten pounds, and then one pound a week for six weeks.

你可以先付十英镑定金,以后每星期付一英镑,六星期付清。 tramp[træmp]n. 流浪者 [同] vagrant

There's a tramp at the door begging for food.

有一个流浪汉在门口乞食。

pool [pu:l] n. 赌注 [同] stake (常用复数) [比较] the (football) pools 以足球比赛之输赢赌博

Mike is hoping to win a fortune on the pools.

迈克希望在足球比赛的赌博中赢一大笔钱。

litter-basket ['litə,ba:skit] n. 废物篮 [同] ash can, dustbin, garbage can

Litter-baskets have been placed under the trees, but people still throw their rubbish everywhere.

大树底下有废物篮,可是人们依然随地扔垃圾。

* temptation [temp'tei∫ən] n. 引诱,诱惑(物) [同] lure, seduce, enticement, allure

The sight of the purse on the table was a strong temptation to the poor child.

桌上的那个钱包对贫苦的孩子是一个很大的诱惑。

Clever advertisements are temptations to spend money. 巧妙的广告诱人花钱。

* possession [pəˈze∫ən] n. 占据, 占有 [同] occupation, tenure;
ownership [反] loss

You can't take possession of the house until all the papers have been signed.

在各项证件签字以前,你不能住进那房屋。

conscience ['konsəns] n. 良心,天良,道德心 for~sake 为求心之 所安 [同] ethics, morality

He paid back the money; he bought himself a clear conscience.

他把钱还了回去,买回了一颗无罪的良知。

excursion [iks kə:ʃən] n. 远足,旅行 [比较] tour, journey, voyage, travel, pilgrimage, junket, jaunt

I went on an excursion recently, but my trip took me longer than I expected.

最近我旅行了一次,但这次旅行所花的时间比我预料的要 长。

* virtue ['və:tju:] n. 善,德,优点;效力 [同] goodness, uprightness, integrity, chastity; efficacy

Is patriotism always a virtue?

爱国永远是一种美德吗?

Our climate has the virtues of never being too hot or too cold.

我们这里的气候有不太热亦不太冷的好处。

pirate [paierit] n. 海盗 [同] plunderer, corsair, freebooter, picaroon, buccaneer

At the end of the 19th century, there were many pirates on the sea robbing treasure.

十九世纪末期,在海上有许多海盗抢劫他人财宝。

The pirates buried their treasure.

海盗埋藏他们的财宝。

* rival ['raivəl] n. 对手,匹敌者 [同] competitor, antagonist, opponent

Carl runs much faster than any of his rivals in men's 100 meter dash.

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卡尔在男子100米短跑中比他的任何一个对手跑得都快。

* reputation [,repju'teifən] n. 名誉,声望,体面 [同] credit, esteem, fame, celebrity [反] disrepute 声名狼藉, dishonor 不光彩, infamy 臭名昭著

Eliot makes a reputation for herself.

艾略特为自己博得好名声。

* victim ['viktim] n. 牺牲者, 受害者; 受骗者 [同] prey, sufferer; be fooled, cheated

Thousands were victims of the plague in the Middle Ages. 中世纪时无数的人死于瘟疫。

He is the victim of his own foolishness.

他因自己的愚昧而自食其果。

truant [truənt] n. 逃学 [同] cut class

Little boys who play truant from school are unimaginative. 逃学的孩子是缺乏想象力的。

precaution [pri'ko:∫ən] n. 预防(措施); 谨慎 [同] foresight; prudence, wariness

Londoners always take an umbrella as a precaution.

。伦敦人总是带把伞以为防备。

bulletin ['bulitin] n. 公报, 公告, 新闻简报 [同] communique, proclamation; news summary

Today's special news bulletin will last 45 minutes.

今天的专题新闻节目将持续45分钟。

blaze [bleiz] n. 火焰; 闪耀; (感情的)迸发 [同] fire, flame; glow, gleam; outburst

It took the firemen two hours to put the blaze out.

消防队花了两小时才把火扑灭。

The red tulips made a blaze of colour in the garden. 红色郁金香花在花园中发出一片红光。

monster ['monsto] n. 怪物,巨兽 [同] monstrosity, demon [形] monstrous

A five-legged dog is a monster.

五条腿的狗是一只怪物。

alibi [ˈælibai] n. (不在犯罪现场的)证明; [俗] 借口, 托词 [同] excuse

The accused man was able to prove an alibi.

该被告能够证明他当时不在现场。

* trap [træp] n. 陷井, 诡计, 埋伏 [同] pitfall, snare, ambush
The employer set a trap for the man by putting marked
money in the till.

雇主把有记号的钱放入柜中作为圈套,来诱捕那个人。

queue [kju:] n. 行列 [同] a line

A queue of cars held by the traffic lights.

被交通灯拦住的一长列汽车。

liberty ['libəti] n. 自由; 特权 [同] freedom, independence; permission, franchise

They fought to defend their liberty.

他们为保卫自由而战。

framework ['freimwə:k] n. 骨架,框架 [同] skeleton
The table is supported by a metal framework.
这张桌子是由金属架支撑的。

* fantasy ['fæntəsi] n. 幻想, 想入非非 [同] fancy; illusion
Pat lives in a world of fantasy.
帕特生活在幻想世界中。

spectacle ['spektakl] n. 场面, 奇观, 景象 [同] grand sight, scene, wonder

The ceremonial opening of Parliament was a fine spectacle. 英国国会的开幕式是一个很壮观的场面。

The sunrise as seen from the top of the mountain was a tremendous spectacle.

从山顶所见的日出景象,蔚为奇观。

- aborigine [ˌæbəˈridʒini] n. 土著居民 [同] native, aboriginal The New Zealand aborigines still hunt with spears. 新西兰人仍然用长矛捕猎。
- * arbiter ['a:bitə:] n. 裁决者 [同] judge, referee More is one arbiter of good manners.
 莫尔是一位举止风雅的仲裁人。
- beneficiary [,beni'fiʃəri] n. 受益人 [同] inheritor, legatee

 Fill in the name of your beneficiary on the insurence policy.
 请在保险单上填上受益人的姓名。
- commentator ['komenteitə] n. 实况转播记者 [同] newscaster, columnist

The TV sports commentator said our team won fairly. 电视体育转播员说我们队赢得很精彩。

- confederate [kənˈfedərit] n. 同谋者 [同] partner, cohort

 Tom Sawyer was Huck's confederate in various adventures.

 汤姆·索亚在很多次冒险中都是哈克的同行者。
- * connoisseur [.koni'sə:] n. 鉴赏家,行家 [同] expert, judge
 The old gentleman is a connoisseur of painting.
 这位老者是位名画鉴赏家。
- * counterpart ['kauntapa:t] n. 相对的(人、职) [同] correspondent Canada's Prime Minister is the counterpart of the U.S. President.

加拿大总理和美国总统具有同等的职能。

* tenant ['tenant] n. 房客 [同] renter, lessee

The landlord collects the tenants' rent monthly.

房东每月一次收房客们的租金。

showoff ['souo:f] n. 卖弄者 [同] flaunter, swaggerer He's an irritating showoff.
他是个讨人嫌的喜欢卖弄之人。

* skeptic ['skeptik] n. 怀疑者 [同] doubter, questioner

He's too much of a skeptic to make anything simply on faith.

他是个对一切事情都持怀疑态度的人。

- acumen [əˈk ju:men] n. 敏锐力,机灵 [同] keeness, cleverness His business acumen will help the company.
 他的生意眼将对公司有帮助。
- ardor ['a:də] n. 热情, 热心 [同] passion, fervor

 Malan has the ardor for studying English.

 马伦有学习英语的热情。
- bias ['baiəs] n. 偏见, 偏爱 [同] prejuduce, pronenss
 He has a bias towards the plan.
 他对此计划有偏爱。
- bounty ['baunti] n. 奖赏 [同] reward, bonus

 Every member of the football team was promised ten thousand dollars as a bounty.

每个足球队员被许诺一万美元作为奖赏。

aspersion [əsˈpə:ʃən] n. 诽谤 [同] libel, slander

He likes to cast asperions on his rival's character.

他喜欢诽谤对手的人品。

fortitude ['fo:titju:d] n. 毅力 [同] endurance

It takes a lot of fortitude to ride bike around the world alone.

单独一人骑车环游世界是得要点毅力。

* deceit [di'si:t] n. 欺诈 [同] cheating, trickery

She is incapable of deceit.

她是绝不会欺骗人的。

- * conceit [kon'si:t] n. 自负 [同] self-importance, boastfulness
 No one admires a man who is full of conceit.
 没有人喜欢一个十分自负的人。
- * fraud [fro:d] n. 冒牌货 [同] fake, imposter

 This hair-restorer is a fraud, I am as bald as ever.

 这生发剂是骗人的玩意儿,我还是和从前一样的秃顶。
- glee [gli:] n. 喜悦 [同] gaiety, fulness

 She was in high glee when she learnt the news.

 她得悉此消息高兴之至。
- hallucination [həˌluːsiˈneiʃən] n. 幻觉 [同] delusion, fantasy Drunken men are sometimes subject to hallucinations. 酒醉者有时易生幻觉。
- * tantrum ['tæntrəm] n. 发怒 [同] get angry, burst of temper He is in one of his tantrums again.
 他又在发脾气了。
- * wit [wit] n. 才智,智能 [同] intelligence, understanding A fall into the pit, a gain in your wit. 吃一堑,长一智。

She showed a great deal of wit in dealing the delicate situation.

在处理这桩棘手的场面时她显示出了卓越的才智。

- * misgiving [mis'givin] n. 担忧,害怕 [同] anxiety, fear`
 We started off through the storm with misgivings.
 我们满怀焦虑地在风暴中出发。
- * agenda [əˈdʒendə] n. 程序表 [同] schedule, docket

 The first item on the agenda was how to cut down the cost in manufacture.

议程中第一款为如何降低制造成本。

gist [dʒist] n. 要点,要旨 [同] essence, main idea
Tell me the gist of what he said.
告诉我他所说的要点。

excerpt ['eksə:pt] n. 摘录 [同] selection, extract

The doctor read excerpts from several medical books.
该医生阅读数本医药书藉之摘录。

dominion [dəˈminjən] n. 统治权 [同] rule, sovereignty

The government's claim of dominion over the resources of the marginal sea.

政府对于领海资源的管辖权。

* invasion [in veizon] n. 侵入,侵犯 [同] aggression, instrusion overstepping

I object to these invasions of my privacy. 我反对这样侵犯我的私人生活。

option ['ɔp∫ən] n. 选择 [同] alternative, choice

He was given imprisonment without the option of a fine.

他被判禁锢而无代以罚金的选择权。

penury ['penjuri] n. 贫困 [同] poverty, privation
She lived in penury during her last years.
在过去的几年里,她生活得很贫困。

* tariff ['tærif] n. 税率; 收费 [同] duty, tax; fare, charge
There is a very high tariff on jewelry.
宝石类的税率很高。

The tariff at the hotel ranges from \$ 20 to \$ 40 a day for a single room.

那旅馆的收费是一个单人房每天从二十元到四十元不等。

* vogue [vaug] n. 时髦,流行 [同] fashion, popularity

Are blue jeans still the vogue?
蓝色牛仔裤还流行吗?