--語言與文化 D. Paproski **國海**濟 C. Lemay

Modern North American English Dialogues

----A Cultural Perspective

当代北美英语会话

——语言与文化

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内容简介

本书作者用简明地道的英语写成会话,讲解语言与文化的关系,并说明中西 文化之差异;书中有问有答,有讲解有实例;既有知识性,又有趣味性;图文并 茂:不但容易上口,而且便于记忆。这些便是本书的主要特点。它是目前国内唯 一的一本将语言与文化结合的会话教材。

全书共15个单元,每一单元有5个会话,各自侧重一个方面,贯穿全书,自 成系统。学习各个对话,可以达到以下目的:(1)练习使用日常会话用语、常用 词语和特殊表达方式;(2)了解西方文化、风俗习惯,更深刻地理解西方入说话 时的含义;(3)加强中西文化差异的意识,培养文化敏感性;(4)学习用英语介 绍中国文化的某些特点。总之,本书使读者可以学习地道的英语会话,又能初步 了解西方文化,深刻认识中国文化,更好地用英语与西方人进行交际。。

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--语言与文化

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前言

本书不同于一般的英语会话手册。它不着重教授日常英语中的客套话,也不着重示范各种场合下的典型话语,而是重点介绍中西两种文化的差异。

我们在英语教学中和与西方人的接触中,深深感到文化因素在语言运用中的重要。D·Paproski(白达仁)先生和 C·Lemay (丽梅)女士是两位加拿大专家。他们在中国教书过程中和在台湾工作中,对中国文化有所了解,也深感中西两种文化的区别,以及因文化不同会造成的误解。于是,我们决定编写这样一本小书,用会话的方式来讲解语言与文化的关

系。我们认为,把最基本、最常见的文化差异收集起来,用简单的英语编成会话,有问有答,有讲解有实例,比长篇大论讲述,更有趣味性,更容易记忆,更容易上口,同时又学了英语。打下这样一个基础,对进一步了解西方文化,深刻认识中国文化,更好地用英语与西方人交际,都会有所裨益。

书中的会话是这样安排的:共15个单元,每个单元有5个会话。这5个会话各自侧重一个方面,贯穿全书,自成系统。这5个系统的内容,大致如下:

会话1:中国留学生与外国学生的日常接触。加拿大学生达夫与台湾女士梅林在加拿大一所大学相遇,在学习和生活中产生了感情。由于文化差别,出现过误会和矛盾,是经周折,又言归于好,到中国、美国旅游之后,最后在台湾结成终身伴侣。

会话2:关于中西两种文化的差异,涉及到的题目有:交男、女朋友,言谈举止,如何才算有礼貌,说话应直爽还是委婉,偏见问题,家庭问题,身势语的差别,以及在公共场合表露感情的问题。

会话 3: 中国留学生感兴趣的西方生活习惯问题。如父母对子女的婚姻持何态度,离婚问题,大学生的生活,如何找工作,如何租房子,西方人听什么音乐,对孩子的教育,迷信问题,加拿大人与美国人的区别等。

会话 4: 西方的风俗习惯,如名字和昵称,宗教问题,宗教节日,圣诞节,过生日,新年庆祝活动,感恩节,结婚仪式,体育运动,财产继承权等。

会话5:日常生活会话:乘公共汽车,逛商店,超级市场,看医生,下餐馆,付房租,上班的路上,下班后的活动,招

待客人,野营等。

学习以上会话,大致可以达到以下目的:

- 1. 练习使用日常会话用语。
- 2. 练习使用常用的词、短语、成语或特殊表达方式。
- 3. 了解西方文化、风俗习惯,更深刻地理解西方人说话时的含义。
- 4. 加强文化中西差异的意识,培养文化敏感性。
- 5. 学习用英语介绍中国文化的某些特点。

本书适合大学本科二年级水平以上的英语学习者,对英语教师,外事工作者,出国进修人员,以及在中国工作或学习的西方人,都有参考价值。准备去讲英语国家留学的同志和在国内讲英语的公关小姐们,读一读此书,不会没有好处。

在编写过程中,曾在北京外国语学院英语系任教的 Herbert Gamberg 夫妇阅读过全书,并提出宝贵意见。台湾的何美君女士也曾给予很大帮助。我们在此向他们表示诚挚的谢意。

编者 1991 年 8 月 20 日 于北京外国语学院

INTRODUCTION

The special feature of this book is that it is designed to not only improve the spoken English of students within a North American context but should also improve the student's understanding of Western culture generally, and North American culture specifically.

The cultural dialogues are centred around the interaction of native Chinese with native North Americans. The dialogues are generally set up in such a way that the conversations reflect or explain various cultrual dilemmas, misunderstandings, or novelties to the other person. Most of the dialogues involving a cultural difference are an explanation of the North American way of life given that the reader is most likely to be a native Chinese.

In addition, the authors have tried to maintain a realistic dialogue scenario. Scenarios such as those illustrated, are ones that would likely to be heard if a Chinese person was in fact confronted with a Westerner. As is well known, a textbook or written English often bears little similarity to spoken English. As you will see, while much of the conversation may not be grammatically correct, it is acceptable in spoken form. Textbook English in fact often sounds forced or "funny" when spoken.

It is hoped that by studying these dialogues the student will be able to learn useful, enduring idioms, in context, which are most commonly heard in modern spoken English whether it be in North American, Britain, or Australia. Students of this book will therefore not only be able to converse in more fluid spoken English but will have a sound base from which to draw suitable conversations when talking to North American people. As such the book has multiple purposes:

- 1. to give practical sample dialogues in common use in North America.
- 2. to illustrate the use of common, enduring English idioms used in the English language,
- 3. to improve Chinese speakers' ability to use commonly used words and phrases,
- 4. to increase Chinese people's understanding of Western culture in general, and North America in particular,
- 5. and to show Chinese students how to notice cultural differences and how to explain Chinese customs and traditions to a Westerner.

The book itself is designed for intermediate or advanced students who have studied English in high school and/or have completed English courses in a post-secondary institution. The book is of especial, practical significance for students who wish to travel or study in an English-speaking country, or whose job requires dealing with foreign English speakers in their day-to-day work environment. The book will provide a solid foundation for integrating successfully with native English speakers both in terms of speaking with them and of understanding their cultural context. This ability is critically important in being able to function efficiently with

Western people and to appreciate their finer, sometimes subtle, points.

The organization of the book is such that each of the 15 units will be composed of five sections.

- 1. The first section of each unit will be a conversation between a Chinese girl and a Canadian boy who meet as classmates at a university in Canada. Their on-going relationship will take them from various points in Canada to America, mainland China, and finally to Taiwan province as their burgeoning relationship develops;
- 2. The second section of each unit will include some discussion specifically relating to cultural differences;
- 3. The third section will include dialogues between native speakers (and may at times include non-native speakers) which relate to topics of interest to Chinese students such as student life, work life, and North American views on love, sex, marriage, raising children, and divorce;
- 4. The fourth section will contain dialogues expressly related to North American customs and traditions;
- 5. The fifth section will include conversations regarding habits as they relate to daily life. This would include such things as shopping, going to a doctor, weekend activity, and meeting new people.

It is also sincerely hoped that this book can serve to enhance mutual understanding between the Western and Chinese cultures leading to greater and fuller communication.

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UNIT ONE



Dialogue 1 The First Meeting

(Xu Meilin, A Chinese girl, meets Dave and Steven, two Canadian boys, at McGill University on orientation day⁽¹⁾)

Dave: Hi! How do you do?

Mei: Fine. Thank you.

Dave: My name is Dave Smith. What's yours?

Mei: Xu Meilin. My surname is Xu. It's nice to meet

you.

Dave: It's nice to meet you too! If you don't mind my ask-

ing, where are you from?

Mei: I'm from Taiwan.

Dave: When did you arrive in Montreal?

Mei: Just yesterday. I arrived in Vancouver on afflight from Taipei and cleared customs² there. We had a

five hour stopover before leaving for Montreal.

Dave: You must be tired. It is 2:00 p. m. Montrealitime.

What time is it now in Taipei?

Mei: 3:00 a. m. tomorrow morning!

Dave: Gee, it is surprising you look so fresh! Why don't I

get you a hot dog from the grill and a cold beer to

cool off.

Mei: You're very kind, but make it a coke. By the way

what is a hot dog——it's a funny name.

Dave: Well, it can't be translated literally of course. It con-

sists of a beef or pork sausage called a wierner which

is put inside a bun. We usually eat it with mustard,

relish, and onions. It's a common snack food.

Mei: I see. But what is mustard and relish?

Dave: Mustard is a yellow sauce with a tangy taste. It's used

commonly on sandwiches. Relish is a sweet sauce

made from green peppers and other spices. It's almost

exclusively eaten with hot dogs and hamburgers.

Mei: O. K. I'll try one.

Dave: I'll be right back.

(Meanwhile)

Steve: Hi. How do you do? My name is Steven.

Mei: I'm very well, thank you. It's nice to meet you. My

name is Meilin.

Steve: You must be Chinese. Where are you from?

Mei: I'm from Taiwan.

Steve: Is this your first trip to Canada?

Mei: Yes. I've never been to a Western country. It's very

exciting.

Steve: I felt the same way when I went to Europe. Even

though I'm originally from Norway I have lived in

Canada since I was 3 years old. Can I get you some-

thing from the barbecue? It's free today—our de-

partment is footing the bill. ®

Mei: Thank you, but someone else is getting me some-

thing. Here he is now.

Dave: Here you go. One hot dog and one coke.

Mei: Thank you. Dave, I'd like you to meet Steven.

Dave: (Shaking hands) Hi! How do you do, Steven?

Steve: Fine, but please call me Steve.

Dave: Sure. Where are you from, Steve?

Steve: Calgary—home of the 1988 Winter Olympics.

Dave: Well, I'm from Edmonton—Calgary's old sports ri-

val. So what were you doing before you came to

Montreal?

Steve: I was working for an engineering company in Calga-

ry. How about you two?

Mei: I was working in Taipei at Tamkang University's for-

eign affairs office.

Dave: I was working in a bank in Edmonton. Steve, by the

way, I hear there's a harbour cruise tonight. Will

you both be going?

Mei: Yes. I don't have any other plans.

Dave: Same here. Maybe we'll meet there again later.

Mei: That sounds great.

Steve: O. K. I'll see you guys later then.

All: Bye.

Dialogue 2 On Being Direct

(Yang and his friend Lin have just arrived in America from Beijing to study. They have been invited to the home of their friends John Johnson and Kathy Johnson.)

(The doorbell rings)

John: Hi! Yang and Lin. Come on in.

Yang: Thanks. Should we take off our shoes?

John: Yes. It'll be more comfortable. Since nearly every

room in our apartment has a carpet, we usually just

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