

大学英语四级统考 模拟试题集

于仁柏 孟祥林 王颂 主编

黑龙江科学技术出版社

A Guide to CET 4



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前 言

本书主要是为准备参加国家英语四级统一考试的大专院校学生而编写的。同时，也适用于大学其他本科生、研究生以及出国预备人员学习，旨在全面提高他们的英语水平和应试能力。

本书包括英语四级考试模拟试题共十套，每套试题的内容及难易程度都尽量符合“大学英语教学大纲”的要求，试题的编排设计都与1987、1988两年全国正式试题的标准模式一致，所采用的材料大都选自新近出版的英美书刊，既注意到内容丰富，又照顾到选材典型。在阅读理解部分的某些短文中，对于个别词汇加了汉语释义，以期帮助读者理解短文的内容。

为了便于读者进行独立测试训练，在本书每套题后均附有标准答题纸以及试题的参考答案、听力题原文和参考作文。书中的听力题备有外教录制的录音材料。

此外，本书还收进了五套北京、上海、哈尔滨等地的四级考试样题，以便使读者开阔眼界，增强适应能力。

本书由哈尔滨船舶工程学院外语系和吉林工业大学外语部联合编写而成。在编写过程中，得到两校许多同志的大力帮助，在哈尔滨船舶工程学院工作的美籍教师参加了部分试题的审稿工作。在此，谨向他们表示衷心的感谢。

限于我们的水平和经验，书中疏漏欠妥之处在所难免，敬请广大读者予以批评指正。

编 者

注 意 事 项

一、仔细阅读题目的说明，严格按照规定时间答完全部试题。答案一定要写在答题纸上，写在试卷上的答案作废。

二、多项选择题只能选一个答案，多选作废。要将选定的答案用HB 铅笔通过中心划水平线。假定你选定的答案是A，正确的作法是：

[A] [B] [C] [D]

使用其他符号答题者不给分。

三、如果要改动答案，必须先用橡皮擦去原来选定的答案，然后再按上面的规定重新答题。

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Model Test One

Part I Listening Comprehension

(20 minutes)

Section A

Directions: In this section, you will hear ten short conversations between two speakers. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. The conversation and the questions will be spoken only once. After each question, there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four suggested answers marked (A), (B), (C) and (D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

1. A) It was lost.
B) It was used up.
C) The woman misplaced it yesterday.
D) The woman broke the ink bottle yesterday.
2. A) She has quit her job.
B) She is sick.
C) She is on vacation.

- D) No reason is given.
3. A) She wants him to open the window.
B) She doesn't want him to open the window.
C) She won't mind if the man opens the window.
D) She doesn't want the man to open the window for her.
4. A) He will take a summer course.
B) He will stay at home.
C) He will remain at school.
D) He will visit some places.
5. A) At 9:00. B) At 2:00.
C) At 12:00. D) At 10:00.
6. A) Guilty. B) Unconcerned.
C) Upset. D) Confused.
7. A) He is the third child.
B) He has no brothers or sisters.
C) He is the youngest of many children.
D) He already has children of his own.
8. A) \$2.00. B) \$6.00.
C) \$4.00. D) \$5.00.
9. A) The wind has stopped, but it's still snowing.
B) The snow has stopped.
C) It's still snowing and the wind is blowing.
D) Both the snow and the wind have stopped.
10. A) Sunday. B) Tuesday.
C) Wednesday. D) Thursday.

Section B

Directions: In this section, you will hear three short passages. At the end of each passage, you will be asked some questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear one question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

11. A) Over the city.
B) Two thousand meters away from the city.
C) Two thousand meters over the city.
D) Six thousand meters near London.
12. A) It was shot down.
B) It burst.
C) It landed on London Bridge.
D) It was picked up by a helicopter.
13. A) People are interested in balloons.
B) The sky over the city is visited by a UFO.
C) The pop group is not very popular in London.
D) The pop group wanted to attract people's attention.
14. A) The important function of human brains.
B) The acquisition of language by children.
C) The organization and development of human brains.

- D) The way adults learn foreign languages.
15. A) To help children learn languages more effectively.
B) To help develop children's brains.
C) To help adults develop their brains.
D) To help adults find out a better way to learn foreign languages.
16. A) European football game.
B) American soccer game.
C) Car-soccer.
D) All of the above.
17. A) Dangerous. B) Exciting.
C) Protective. D) Popular.
18. A) France. B) West Germany.
C) Sweden. D) Switzerland.
19. A) Positive. B) Negative.
C) Objective. D) Doubtful.
20. A) Americans are only interested in new things.
B) The game is popular both in America and Europe.
C) Football is no longer very popular in America.
D) The game can be dangerous for both players and spectators.

Part II Reading Comprehension

(35 minutes)

Directions: There are 4 reading passages in this part. Each passage is followed by some questions or unfinished statements. For each of them there are four choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should decide on the best choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Questions 21 to 25 are based on the following passage,

Britain is not just one country and one people, even if some of its inhabitants think so. Britain is, in fact, a nation which can be divided into several separate parts, each part being an individual country with its own language, character and cultural traditions. Thus Scotland, Northern Ireland, Wales (and even Cornwall perhaps) do not claim to belong to "England" because their inhabitants are not strictly "English". They are Scottish, Irish, Welsh (or Cornish) and many of them prefer to speak their own native tongue which in turn is incomprehensible to the others.

These cultural minorities have been Britain's

original inhabitants. In varying degrees they have managed to preserve their national identity, their particular customs and way of life. This is probably even more true of the remoter areas where traditional life has not been so affected by the growth of industrialism as the border areas have been. The Celtic races are said to be more emotional by nature than the English. An Irish temper is legendary (传奇的)! The Scots would rather forget about their reputation for excessive thrift and prefer to be remembered for their ballads and dances, while the Welsh are famous for their singing. The Celtic temperament as a whole produces numerous writers and artists, such as the Irish Bernard Shaw, the Scottish Robert Burns, and the Welsh Dylan Thomas, to mention but a few.

21. Some British people regard Britain as _____.
- A) a single, unified country
 - B) a country of foreign cultures
 - C) a wholly Celtic country
 - D) an individualistic unit
22. "Their own native tongue" means _____.
- A) the language of a foreign country
 - B) the language of their own country
 - C) the British way of speaking
 - D) a secret language
23. "A cultural minority" could be described as _____.