博士乐

ACTIVE GRAMMAR BOOK

# 英语活用语法

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た 吉林科学技术出版社 (香港)有限公司

# 博士乐英语活用语法 5

(英) E. F. O'Neill J. Benson 著 朱相彬 牛铁荚 译

吉林科学技术出版社 伟文出版社(香港)有限公司

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#### 内容提要

本书是伟文出版社(香港)有限公司出版的一套教材,在香港地区选作学校教材使用多年,每年都再版重印。全套共五册,每册分若干章。每章由讲解、例句和练习三部分组成。书后附有练习答案。

本书构思新颖独特,编排形式生动活泼。语法的讲解采用了问答、表格、对比和归纳等多种方法。在练习的安排上,作者严格遵循由易到难、由浅入深、循序渐进的科学原则,通过大量的句子、对话、图片和短文等训练方式,达到了语法和语言融会贯通,语法真正为语言服务,使读者能比较容易地掌握语法的灵活运用。

译者在翻译过程中,在保持原貌的基础上,依据初、高中教学大纲,对少数超纲词汇做了调整,使之更符合祖国大陆初、高中学生学习的需要。因此,本书是一本非常实用的学习用书和教学参考书,适用于初、高中学生和英语教师,同时也适合于具有初、中级英语水平的读者使用。

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# Chapter 1 第一章



#### A, AN, SOME 和THE 的用法



#### 1. 不定冠词 a 和 an 的用法

不定冠词 a 用在以辅音字母开头或在发音上以辅音音素开头的单数可数名词前 例如:

— This is a banana and that is a mango.

不定冠词 an 用在以元音字母(a,e,i,o,u)开头或在发音上以元音音素开头的单数可数名词前。例如:

— This is an egg and that is an orange.

#### ▲ 练习一 用不定冠词 a 或 an 填空。第一个句子已完成。

1.	Helen hasa	sandwich and	<i>an</i> ap	ple for lunch every day.
2.	Have you got	stamp, Fred?	want to send	letter.
3.	There is	exit at the back of t	his building.	
4.	Mary went to visit _	ill friend	in the hospital	yesterday.
5.	Willie has	aunt and	cousin	in New York.
5.	Shirley has	picture of	eleph	ant in her room.
7.	Have you got	empty box? I	want to put	toy in it.
3.	This is	_ old watch. It's also _		very valuable watch.
€.	It's raining outside.	Can you lend me	um	brella or
	raincoat?			
10.	Ruby is	_ active girl. She is	mer	mber of four or five clubs.
l 1.	My father gave me_	English o	dictionary and	walkman
	for Christmas			

### 2.

## Some exceptions to the use of 'a' and 'an' 不定冠词 a 和 an 的几种特殊用法

不定冠词 a 用在元音字母前:

- (a)在单词 one 中的 o 不发元音音素, 所以 one 前面用不定冠词 a。例如:
  - Jack has a one-eyed dog.
- (b) 当元音字母 u 发[ju:] 音时,用不定冠词 a。例如:
  - Mary wears a uniform to girl guide meetings.
- (c) 当元音字母 e 后面接元音字母 u(即:eu)发[ju:]音时,用不定冠词 a。例如:
- Helen is a Eurasian.
- (d) 当 h 后面接元音字母, 而且 h 不发音时, 在 h 前面用不定冠词 an。例如:
  - Jack studies for an hour every evening.

A.	
	1
	,

练习二 用不定冠词 a 或 an 填空。第一个句子已完成。

1.	Alan collects	a used and	an unuse	ed copy of every Hong
	Kong stamp.			
2.	That's	useful book. It con	tains more than _	hundred
	pages of informati	on.		
3.	You have to put	one-dolla	ur coin in the slot	t if you want to make
	tele	ephone call.		
4.	There is	university in Shatin	n. It's on	high hill.
5.	Jeff is	honest boy. He's also	oh	appy boy.
6.	That's	ugly poster. Besides,	, there's	hole in it. I think
	you should throw i	t away.		

# 3.

Nouns that are never used with 'a' or 'an'

从不与不定冠词 a 或 an 连用的名词

抽象名词像 love, friendship, kindness, intelligence, honesty 等从不与 a 或 an 连用。例如:

- Friendship is more important than money.
- He lacks sincerity.



(a)some 用在不可数名词前,表示"某些"。例如:
— I want some salt and some sugar.
(b) some 用在可数名词前,表示"若干"或"几个"。例如: — Mary has some very good CDs.
(但我不想知道她有多少)
— I bought some eggs from the supermarket this mornin
(但我不想告诉我买了多少)

£	<b>练习三</b> 用 a 完成		me填空。如	果不需要	这些词,就在横约	<b>是上划</b> ×。	第一个句子已
1.	Phil has	an	apple,	a	banana and	some	milk when
	he gets hon	ne from s	chool every	day.			
2.	Would you	like		orange ju	ice? There's		glass on the
	table. Help	yourself.					
3.	Monitor, p	lease go	down to the	office to	get	chalk.	Oh, and bring
		duste	er back with	you, too.			
4.		nurse	e wears		_ uniform when s	he is work	ing.
5.	Jack has spi	lt	tea	on the floo	or. If you give me		cloth, I'll
	wipe it up.						
6.	Can you le	nd me		one-doll	ar coin? I need _	<del></del>	change to
	make		_ telephone o	all.	<b>3</b>		
7.	That was _		interest	ing short	story and it only	took me _	
	hour to fini	sh readin	g it.				
8.	This coffee	is very s	trong. Could	i you add	S	ugar to it?	Could I have
		spoo	n, too?				
0	This is		old maga	rina Hair	en't vou got		newer one?

10.	Mary :	Can you lend meumbrella?
	You :	What's wrong with yours?
	Mary :	It's got hole in it.
	You :	That's no problem. Put tape over the hole.
11.	Paul :	What do you dislike most in a person?
	You :	I dislike selfishness and greed most.
12.	Tom's Mo	m: I've never seen such untidy room, Tom! Clean it if
		you have time tomorrow morning.
	Tom	: I'll have hour before going to swimming lessons.
	Tom's Mo	m:hour? That won't be enough time. You'll need at least
		whole day to clean up this mess.
13.	Mary :	What do you need to make lemon tea?
	Helen :	You need lemon, tea and
		sugar.
14.	Jack :	We're having our Chinese dictation exam tomorrow.
	Paul :	Be sure to bring brush, ink and
		paper to school.
15.	Ray :	Have you got egg, bread,
		butter and salt?
	Maggie:	What do you want them for?
	Ray :	I want to make myself sandwich.
16.	Walter:	I'm going to the supermarket. Do you need anything?
	Daisy :	Yes, could you buy me soap, toothpaste
	*	andtoothbrush, please?
17.	Charlie:	What's the novel about?
	Agnes :	It's about a young man's search forlove,
		success and happiness.

18. Phil : Mom, could you give	/e me	writing paper,
envelo	ope and	fifty-cent stamp?
Mom : You'll find what you	need in the top d	rawer of my desk. Help yourself.
_		
多字 第四 用 a, an 或 some 填空。第一	个已完成。	
Freddy Wong is (1) a	Form 4 stud	ent in (2) an Anglo-
Chinese school in Causeway Bay. He's	(3)	active and clever boy; he's also
(4) honest boy.		
One day when Freddy was on his	way to the store t	to buy (5) mulk and
(6)newspaper for his mo	other, he saw (7)_	old, worn out purse
in the street. He immediately picked it	up and opened	it. Wow! What (8)
surprise! There was (9)	five-hundred-do	ollar note and (10)
one-thousand-dollar note inside the pu	rse. Freddy had	never held so much money in his
hands before.	,	
I can buy (11) bicy	ycle and (12)	walkman, he thought.
and I'll still have (13) m	oney left over to	buy something for my parents and
(14) doll for my younge	er sister.	
Then as Freddy continued walkir	ng along the stree	et, he saw (15) old
woman. She was looking through (16)_	lit	ter bin for empty soft drink tins to
sell.		
On the other side of the street he	e saw (17)	younger woman buying
some vegetables from (18)	hawker. She h	ad (19) baby on her
back and two small children by her sid	e. They all looke	d very poor.
I wonder what they would do wit	th \$1,500, Freddy	y thought. Maybe the person who
dropped this money is (20)	poor person	like them. Maybe he or she needs
this money to buy (21)	food or (22)	pair of shoes or

	(23)		clothing for his or her children. Or maybe the owner is old and needs
	the	money to	buy (24) medicine. Today must be (25)
	unha	appy day	for him or her! I wish I could find the owner, Freddy thought.
		Just the	Freddy remembered (26) . JPC programme he had seen on
	telev	vision. Ye	es, that's what I'll do, he thought. I'll take the money to (27)
	poli	ce station	. Maybe they'll be able to find the owner.
<b>L</b> D	绮	· <b>习五</b> 用	目a,an或 some填空。如果不需用这些词,就在横线上划义。
	1.	Someon	e: Mary loves pets. She has dog, cat and
			elephant.
		You	: elephant? Where does it sleep?
		Someon	e: It doesn't sleep! It's toy, silly.
	2.	Henry	: What do your parents do, Tom?
		Tom	: My father is engineer and my mother is dentist.
		Henry	: You have brother and sister, haven't you?
		Tom	: Yes. My brother iselectrician and my sister is
			nurse.
	3.	Fred	: Have you had your breakfast yet, Jill?
		Jill	: Yes, I hadegg,ham,toast,
			tea andorange abouthour ago.
	4.	Peter	: What qualities do you hope to find in your friends?
		You	: Well, kindness, sincerity and
			thoughtfulness.
	5.	Post-off	ice clerk: What's in this parcel, sir?
		Mr Won	g : Well, there's undershirt, jacket,
			sweater,camera and
			film in it. Oh. and there's also perfume and

			scarf for my wife.
6.	Helen	:	Would you liketea or coffee, Alice?
	Alice	:	Coffee, please.
	Helen	:	Shall I put milk and sugar in it for you? And would you
			like apple too?
	Alice	:	Yes, please, if it's not too much trouble.
7.	Ian	:	What did you do after dinner last night?
	Jack	:	I did my homework for hour. Then I took
			shower and watched programme on television.
8.	Adrian	:	What do you need to fry egg, Jack?
	David	:	Well, first of all, you needegg. You also need
			salt,cooking-oil,pan and
			fuel like gas, kerosene or electricity.
9.	This con	mp	any is looking for dedication, motivation
	and		creativity in its employees.
10.	You	:	heir and heiress both inherit money.
	Someon	ie:	What's the difference between them, then?
	You	:	Well, heir is male and
			heiress is female.
11.	Henry	:	heiress is female.  I've got headache, Mom. Have you got
11.	Henry	:	
11.	Henry		I've got headache, Mom. Have you got
11.	•		I've got headache, Mom. Have you got pill for headaches?
	•	:	I've got headache, Mom. Have you got pill for headaches?  Yes, take this with water. I'm sure you'll feel better in
	Mom Fred	:	I've got headache, Mom. Have you got pill for headaches?  Yes, take this with water. I'm sure you'll feel better in hour or so.

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#### 定冠词 the 的用法

当确切知道名词所指的是哪一个人、地点或物时,在这个名词前用定冠词 the。例如:

— The girl near the door speaks English well.

(哪一个女孩英语讲得好?门口附近的那个女孩讲得好。)

比较下面例句:

泛 指 (不确切知道名词所指的 是哪一个人、地方或物)	特 指 (确切知道名词所指的 是哪一个人、地点或物)
I need a key.	I need the key to this door.
I want an apple.	I want the apple in the basket.
Pleașe hand me some writing paper.	Please hand me the writing paper on the desk.
Helen bought a blue dress.	Helen bought <i>the</i> blue dress in the shop window.
Helen bought a blue dress.	

练习六 用括号里所给出的词完成下列对话。第一个已完成。

1.	A:	What do you want: (milk/in that bottle)	
	B:	I want some milk	
	A:	Which milk do you want	<u> </u>
	B:	I want the milk in that bottle	
2.	A:	What do you want? (English newspaper/on that chair)	
	B:	I want	
	A:	Which	?
	B:	I want	
3.	A:	What do you want? (stamp/on that envelope)	
	B:	I want	
	A:	Which	?
	B:	I want	

4.	A:	What do you want? (fruit/in that basket)	
	B:	I want	
	A:	Which	
	B:	I want	
5.	A:	What do you want? (model/on the top shelf)	
	B:	I want	
	A:	Which	
	B:	I want	
6.	A:	What do you want? (soap/in that plastic box)	
	B:	I want	
	A:	Which	
	B:	I want	
7.	A:	What do you want? (empty box/under the table)	
	В:	I want	
	A:	Which	
	<b>B</b> :	I want	
8.	A:	What do you want? (lemon tea/in the refrigerator)	
	B:	I want	
	A:	Which	:
	B:	I want	
9.	A:	What do you want? (blue shirt/in the bottom drawer)	
	B:	I want	
	A:	Which	
		I want	
10.	A:	What do you want? (poster/on the left side of the door)	
	B:	I want	
	A:	Which	
	B:	I want	

	11.	A: What do you want? (paper/with blue lines on it)			
		B: Iwant			
		A: Which?			
		B: Iwant			
	练	习七 用 a, an, some 或 the 完成下列各句。第一个句子已完成。			
	1.	Mr Wong works in supermarket.			
	2.	Mr Wong works in supermarket next to our school.			
	3.	Helen made cake on the table for Mary's birthday.			
	4.	Helen made cake for Mary's birthday.			
	5.	I want to buy cheese.			
	6.	cheese in that small wooden box is very expensive.			
	7.	Grandma goes to teahouse across from our house for tea every			
		morning.			
	8.	We go to teahouse for tea every Sunday morning.			
	9.	Frank knows tall boy in the blue uniform.			
	10.	Please put more sugar in my coffee.			
	11.	Please sweep up sugar on the floor.			
Æ1	绉	[3]八 用不定冠词 a, an 或定冠词 the 填空。注意第一段的答案和解释已经在后面给出,自检后,再继续做其它练习。			
	1.	There is (1) bookcase on (2) left side of our classroom.			
		There are six shelves in (3) bookcase. On (4) top shelf,			
		there are only three books. (5) book on (6) right is			
		(7) dictionary, (8) book on (9) left is			
		(10) maths book and (11) one in (12)			
		middle is (13) atlas.			

2.	Jack went t	o (1)post office near his home to send (2)
	letter and (	3) parcel. He sent (4) letter by airmail and
	(5)	parcel by sea mail.
3.	Alice boug	ht (1) new skirt and (2) blouse at
	(3)	boutique at (4) corner of West Road and Langley
	Street. (5)_	skirt cost \$280 but (6) blouse was only \$120.
4.	Someone:	Did you watch (1) news on television last night?
	You :	No, why?
	Someone:	(2) friend of mine was on it.
	You :	Which friend?
	Someone:	Tommy Wong, (3) boy who lives in (4) flat
		next to ours.
	You :	What was he doing on (5) news? Was he involved in
		(6) accident or (7) crime?
	Someone:	No, of course not. He was getting (8) Good Citizen Award
		for saving (9) baby from (10) house that
		was on fire.

#### 第一段的答案和解释:

- (1) a (泛指,意思是"一个书架")
- (2) the (特指,意思是"唯一的左边")
- (3) the (特指,上面所提到的那个书架)
- (4) the (特指,意思是"唯一的一个顶层")
- (5) The (特指,意思是"右边的那一本")
- (6) the (特指,意思是"唯一的右边")
- (7) a (泛指,意思是"一本词典")
- (8) the (特指,意思是"左边的那一本")
- (9) the (特指,意思是"唯一的左边")
- (10) a (泛指,意思是"一本数学书")
- (11) the (特指,意思是"中间的那一本")
- (12) the (特指,意思是"唯一的中间")
- (13) an (泛指,意思是"一本地图册")

#### 练习九 用 a, an, some 或 the 填空。 : Helen, do you know any of those girls over there? 1. Jack Helen: Yes, (1) girl with long brown hair is Audrey Miller. She's (2) girl whom I met at swimming class last summer. (3) \_\_\_\_\_ Chinese girl in the purple dress is my cousin Angela. : Oh, she's (4) girl who won (5) Caritas Singing Jack Competition last month, isn't she? Helen: That's right. The girl wearing (6) necklace is (7) classmate of Angela. (8) one on Angela's left is called Trixy. I don't know (9)\_\_\_\_\_ other two girls. Frank got (1) watch, (2) pair of roller skates and 2. (3) \$300 gift certificate for his birthday last Saturday. (4)\_\_\_\_\_ watch shows (5) date and also has (6) alarm. John has already used (7) gift certificate to buy (8) comic books and he has used (9) roller skates almost every day since his birthday. Frank's really enjoying his presents, but his parents aren't very pleased. Now they wish they had bought him (10) dictionary instead of (11) roller skates and

(12)\_\_\_\_\_\_\$300 book coupon instead of (13)\_\_\_\_\_\_ gift certificate.

#### 6. Special uses of 'the' 定冠词 the 的特殊用法

定冠词 the 也可以用于下列情况:

- (a)用在形容词最高级前。例如:
  - John is the tallest boy in this class.
  - Mary is the best swimmer in our family.
  - Susan is the most intelligent girl I know.
- (b)用在序数词(first, second, third, last, next 等)前。例如:
  - Alice sits in the first seat in the last row.
  - Mr Wong's office is the third one on the right.