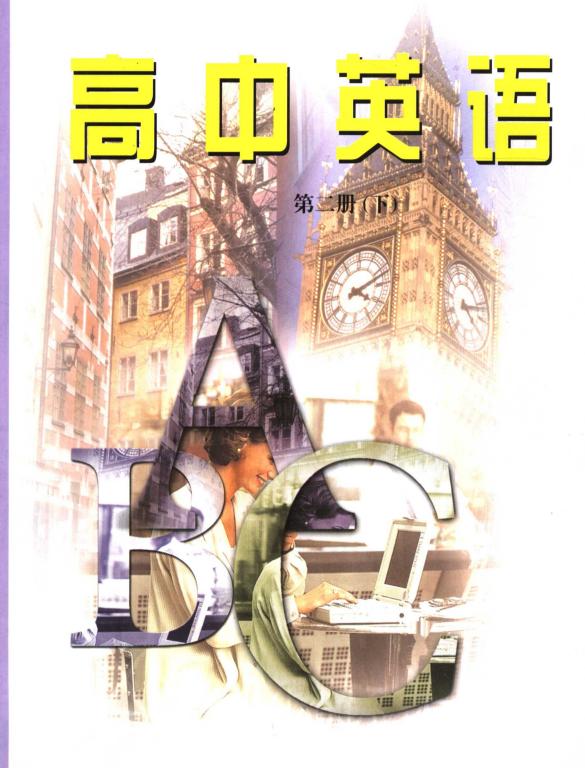
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知识与能力训练

## 高中英语

第二册 (下) (试验修订本·必修)

四川省中小学教材审查委员会 审查四川省教育科学研究所 主编四川省中学学科中心组

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# 知识与能力训练 ZHISHI YU NENGLI XUNLIAN 高中英语第二册(下) GAOZHONG YINGYU DI-ERCE (XIA)

四川省教育科学研究所 四川省中学学科中心组

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这套《知识与能力训练》由四川省教育科学 研究所和四川省中学学科中心组主编,编委会领 导整个编写工作,由四川省中小学教材审查委员 会审定。

这套书与义务教育初中教学大纲、教材或高中各科教学大纲(试验修订版)、教材配套使用。编写时注重思想性、教育性;遵循大纲和教材要求,注重基础知识和基本技能的训练及能力的培养;注重实用性,力求做到与节(课)、章(单元)、学期、学年的教学同步;注重层次性,章(单元)末有检测题,书末有总复习题,其内容均考虑到高初中毕业会考和中考、高考的要求,可供不同的读者选用。

本书与人民教育出版社全日制普通高级中学教科书(必修)《英语》高二下册(Senior English for China, Student's Book 2B) 配套使用。

本册由四川省中学英语学科中心组编写, 董洪丹、覃文胜、陈梅、苏俊华、张勇等执笔, 董洪丹任主编并统稿。

当前,课程(教学)计划、大纲、教材以及 "教学要求"时有变动,编写中疏漏难免,不足 之处请读者提出批评、建议,以便改进。

四川省教育科学研究所四川省中学学科中心组2005年9月

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第四部分:写作(共两节,满分35分)	
录音材料	
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## Unit 11 Scientific achievements

## 第一部分: 听力 (共两节)

#### 第一节(共5小题)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A,B,C 三个选项中选出最 佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题 和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

) 1. What does the woman mean? A. The man is right. B. Bill invented the telephone. C. What the man said is wrong. ) 2. What will the two speakers do tomorrow? A. Go for a drive. B. Go shopping. C. Go swimming. ) 3. How much will the woman pay for the toy boats? B. 32 yuan. C. 34 yuan. A A. 36 yuan. (pod ) 4. What does the woman advise the man to do with his computer? A. To store documents. B. To go on line or send e-mails. C. To send e-mails and make friends on line. ( ) 5. How long did the concert last? A. Two hours. B. Half an hour. C. Ninety minutes.

## 

听下面 2 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个 选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个 小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各个小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两 The smaler - miercal roll of the scacher's threat to

听第六段材料,回答第6~7题。

- ) 6. What are they talking about?
- A. The weather of London.

  B. Travelling in Britain.

  - C. The traffic of London.
- ) 7. What does the woman think of London buses?

	A. Rather slow. B. Very good.	C. Too expensive.
	听第七段材料,回答第8~10题。	
`(	) 8. Where did this dialogue probably take place?	
	A. In the street. B. At school.	C. In an office.
(	) 9. How many hours would she work during a week?	
	A. 28. B. 8.	C. 30.
(	) 10. How much could she get in a day?	
	A. 8 dollars. B. 32 dollars.	C. 16 dollars.

# 第二部分: 英语知识运用 (共两节)

量出西甲!	・ 一般の
第一节: 单	<b>单项填空 (共 15 题)</b>
从 A,	B, C, D四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项
涂黑。	(A. C. Landerson and A. Landerson and
( ) 11	. —Is there anything I can do for you, sir?
	. Salin medale telephone 'Ag' - a constant
	A. Yes. You're welcome B. OK. Take your time
	C. Not now, but thanks all the same D. Sure. Go ahead please
( ) 12	The government had hoped to the gas price at their present level, but it turned out impossible.
	A. set up B. bring up C. take up D. keep up
( ) 13	. More wild pandas have been seen in the forest around this area, there
	used to be very few.
	A. when B. where C. what D. which
( ) 14	them are good students. Some are very lazy.
	A. None of B. Neither of C. Not all of D. Any of
( ) 15	The boy never fails to help well as in need of help.
	A. whoever B. whomever C. who D. whom
( ) 16	in bed from then on.
	A. has been B. was C. is D. had been
	She is success, woman as she is.
独白黄两	A. a; a B. a; 不填 C. 不填; a D. the; the
	3. The students quieted at once on the teacher's threat to them after
	school.
	A. stay B. leave C. remain D. keep
( ) 19	Don't wait. It's getting dark. She is to come.
	A. possible B. maybe C. unlikely D. impossible
( ) 20	O. The plans in the conference are unexpected.

		A. put up	-	_	D. put forward
(	) 21.	·		the patient didn't _	<del></del>
					D. come to living
(	) 22.	The teacher made	a (an)	_ to tell the student	s they would have a test
		tomorrow.			•
		A. announcement		C. mind	
(	) 23.	Reading in bed wi		your eye sight.	
		A. affect	B. influence		D. destroy
(	) 24.			his wife with the $\_\_$	<u> </u>
		A. 30 dollars rem		B. 30 dollars rem	nain
		C. remained 30 de		D. remaining 30	
(	) 25.	The cause she had		a perfect su	
		A. to proved	B. proved	C. to prove	D. to proving
				•	•
第		形填空(共 20 小月			
				各题所给的四个选项	页(A, B, C和D) 中,
选出		项,并在答题卡上			
		•	programmed to cry	, maybe you should	: it's good for your soul
and	your				
	When	I was a kid and my	grandmother died,	I couldn't understand	d why my tearducts (泪
					mood with some tickling
(掻)	業) as l	ne tucked me in (盖	被子),my giggles	(咯咯声)turned in	to crying, much 29
my l		nd relief.			•
					and laughing come from
				lot of health 32	(lowers blood pressure),
scier		e discovering that _			
					health. And crying
			vey found that 85 p	ercent of women and	d 73 percent of men felt
37		r crying.			
					§), <u>39</u> attract help
from	other	people. Researchers	agree that when we	e cry, people around	us become 40, and
they		e likely to provide _			
	Tears e	enable self-disclosure	(自我认识) too;	sometimes we don't	even know we're upset
42	we	cry.			
	Despite	the benefits of cry	ring, if crying inter	rferes (干扰) with	everyday life, see your
43	It c	ould be early sign of	depression.	•	•
	Studies	show that how mu	ch we cry 44	on genetics, gender	(women cry four times
more	than n	nen) and upbringing	(成人环境). But	when you feel like	45 , don't stop it. It's
a na	tural an	d healthy emotional	response.	•	
(	) 26.	A. heart	B. body	C. development	D. emotion

( )	27.	A.	wet	B.	full	C.	hurt	D.	dry
( )	28.	A.	lighten	В.	reduce	C.	deepen	D.	make
( )	29.	A.	of	B.	with	Ç.	to	D.	on
( )	30.	A.	study.	В.	talk	C.	learn	D.	notice
( )	31.	A.	brain	B.	mind	C.	leg	D.	hand
( )	32.	A.	signs	В.	meanings	C.	characters	D.	benefits
( )	33.	A.	neither	B.	so	C.	nor	D.	either
( )	34.	A.	However	B.	Whatever	C.	Whenever	D.	Wherever
( )	35.	A.	emotional	B.	physical	C.	medical	D.	chemical
( )	36.	A.	send	B.	affect	C.	work .	D.	take
( )	37.	A.	worse	B.	bitter	C.	calmer	D.	better
( )	38.	A.	regarding	В.	taking	C.	looking	D.	working
( )	39.	A.	laughs	B.	tears	C.	words	D.	smiles
( )	40.	A.	milder	B.	$\infty$ lder	C.	cooler	D.	angrier
( )	41.	A.	support	B.	money	C.	goods	D.	smiles
( )	<b>4</b> 2.	A.	when	B.	if	C.	until	D.	where
( )	43.	A.	teacher	B.	father	C.	doctor	D.	leader
(-)	44.	A.	depends	B.	works	C.	lives	D.	carries
( )	45.	A.	crying	B.	smiling	C.	sleeping	D.	watching

## 第三部分:阅读理解(共10小题)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A,B,C和D)中,选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

#### A

Rockets come in all sizes. Any rocket is interesting and often exciting, but there is one that also promises to be wonderful fun for its driver. This rocket is designed to carry one person through the air for short distances.

Imagine that a person is able to rise higher than the treetop, to go up like a wingless bird over hills, streams, even buildings. Then, just by turning a handle (手把), he or she can settle gently to earth again. All this is possible with a fascinating invention, hardly larger than a life jacket, called a rocket belt.

The rocket belt looks like a big vest with two steel tanks on the back and a handle extending over each shoulder. Turning the left handle lets the driver rise into the air, higher than the tops of trees. Turning the right handle lets him or her speed ahead, like wingless bird. By controlling the right handle and body motions, the driver can come to a stop in the air. Then, by reducing the thrust with the left handle, the driver can come back to earth gently.

) 46. The rocket written about in this passage is \_\_\_\_\_.

		A. very huge	B. very small
		C. very powerful	D. designed for space flight
(	) 47.	The rocket belt can	
		A. fly very high into the sky	B. travel into outer space
	•	C. move faster than sound	D. make its driver stroll in the air
(	) 48.	The rocket with its driver in it lo	oks very much like
		A. a small plane	B. a big bird
		C. a flying superman (超人)	D. a plane with long wings
(	) 49.	This rocket is	
		A. simply equipped and easily co	ntrolled
		B. made up of lots of parts and v	very difficult to control
		C. simply equipped but very hard	d to control
		D. used to make long flight great	t fun
(	) 50.	Which of the following is not men	ntioned in the passage?
		A. The driver can settle gently to	o earth by turning a handle.
		B. This rocket can carry no more	e than one person.
		C. By turning the right handle,	the driver can speed ahead.
		D. The driver can't stay still in t	he air

B

The desire to make explorations is born with man. Wherever his imagination goes, man always has a strong wish to go himself. A large part of human history is connected with the exploration of the world in which we live. Again and again people have set out with surprising courage and patience to look into unknown waters and lands to see what had not yet been seen, to make known the unknown. With kites, balloons and aircrafts they left the ground to pass through the lower atmosphere. Now outer space catches their attention.

Why should man take the trouble of conquering space? It is hard to list the specific practical benefits that will result from. But as is known to all that, from past experience in other areas, man will surely see and discover new things in space that will increase our scientific knowledge, and this new knowledge will find its way into valuable practical uses. What we learn about, from our experience in space, will be extremely valuable. The new techniques developed to disclose the secrets of space, and to keep man alive in space, will certainly find practical uses in everyday life in some way. The fields that will benefit are manifold. They include communication, power producing, transportation, tourism, food processing, materials, and many others. But to say definitely just what the practical results will be is almost impossible.

- ( ) 51. The main idea of the first paragraph is that

  A. man desires to explore what is unknown

  B. man often goes wherever his dreams go

  C. man is no longer interested in the study of the earth
  - D. man's history is his exploration of the world

( ) 52.	According to the writer, space explora	tion .	
	A. is interesting	B. is too difficult	ı
	C. will bring profits to man	D. will be of no u	use to man
( ) 53	. The underlined word "manifold"	in the second par	agraph probably means
	"		
	A. vast B. various	C. valuable	D. practical
( ) 54.	The writer seems to be in favor of	·	
	A. doubting the necessity of space exp	oloration	
•	B. the exploration of space		
	C. exploring more of space than of se	<b>1</b>	•
	D. his experience in space		
( ) 55.	In the last sentence of the passage,	the phrase "practical	al results" refers to the
	results		
	A. that are obtained from experience		
	B. that can be learned as knowledge	•	
	C. that can be made use of		
	D. helping us make further exploration	n	
	第四部分:写作	: (共两节)	•
館—书・領	文改错 (共 10 小題)	·	
• •	求改正所给短文中的错误。对标有题:	号的每一行做出判断	·· 如无错误,在该行右
	一个钩(√);如有错误(每行只有一		
	一个词:把多余的词用斜线(\)画		
线画掉。		17 -211 -1-213	
	一个词:在缺词处加一个漏字符合(	Λ), 在该行右边横约	<b>线上写出该加的词。</b>
	一个词:在错的词下画一横线,在该		
	原行没有错的不要改。		
I like n	nusic very much, pob songs particularly	. Every	
	I am doing homework and at weekend	<del>-</del>	56
when I at h	ome, I always play some of my favorite	songs	57.
	he familiar patterns of notes attracts me	_	58
_	vorld of music. Now and then I stop to		59.
songs. Muc	h often than not, my mother comes in,	asking	60.
me to fix m	y attention on my work. She does not		61.
like pop mu	sic. Like the most grown-ups, she enjo	ys folk	62.
songs, becar	use the peaceful music reminds her of th	eir beautiful	63.

life when she was young. It is true which people of different

age	understand	music	differently	and	enjoy	different	music.
-----	------------	-------	-------------	-----	-------	-----------	--------

65.	v		
w.			

#### 第二节: 书面表达

随着网络的发展,目前很多人给亲朋好友发电子贺卡。请根据以下提示,阐述电子贺卡的优越性。

- 1. 可播放动画和声音;
- 2. 传递速度快;
- 3. 形式多样;
- 4. 有利于环境保护。

注意: 1. 文章包括以上要点,可适当发挥,不要逐条翻译;

2. 词数 100 左右。

生词: 电子贺卡 electronic card;

动画 animations

# Unit 12 Fact and fantasy

## 第一部分: 听力(共两节)

#### 第一节 (共5小題)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- ) 1. What do you know from the conversation? A. The man had to work overtime. B. Henry failed to meet the man. C. The man had a traffic accident. ) 2. What does the man mean about Sally? A. She doesn't like going shopping. B. She went shopping yesterday. C. She prefers shopping to studying. ) 3. What time is it now? A. 7:05. C. 8:05. B. 6:55. ( ) 4. Where does the conversation most probably take place? A. At a railway station. B. In a post office. C. At an airport.
- ( ) 5. What does the woman mean?
  - A. She doesn't believe the man.
- B. They are not going to land.

C. She isn't afraid.

#### 第二节 (共5小題)

听下面 2 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各个小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

#### 听第六段材料,回答第6~7题。

- ( ) 6. What can the woman be?
  - A. She is a clerk at a hotel.
- B. She is the secretary of Mr Baker.
- C. She works at the Blackwood Hotel.
- ( ) 7. How could the man get in touch with Mr Clarke?
  - A. Dial 411 to find the correct phone number.

听第七段材料,回答第 8~	-10题。		
( ) 8. What is the relation	ship between the t	wo speakers?	
A. They are parent	and teacher.	B. They are o	close friends.
C. They are neighb	ors.		
( ) 9. What can you learn	from the dialogue?		
A. The man is mak	ing complaint to th	he woman.	
B. The man is mak	ing some suggestio	n to the woman.	
C. The man is satis	fied after talking t	o the woman.	
( ) 10. What's NOT the r	esult of the childre	n's noise?	
A. The man could	n't work.	B. The man	couldn't eat.
C. The man could	n't sleep.		
第二部	3分: 英语知识	只运用 (共两节	7)
	, , , , c. , ,		,
			•
第一节: 单项填空 (共 15 题)			
从 A, B, C, D 四个选项	中,选出可以填 <i>入</i>	空白处的最佳选项	f,并在答题卡上将该项
涂黑。			
( ) 11. Will you please cor	rect my mistakes is	n my design,	<u> </u>
A. will you	B. if any	C. can you	D. if many
( ) 12. —Did you reach th	e top of the mount	tain?	
—Yes. Even I my	self didn't believe	I could it.	
A. work	B. climb	C. make	D. get
( ) 13 out after	er a long walk, H	lenry called and said	l he couldn't come to our
meeting.			
A. Having worn	B. Being worn	C. To wear	D. Worn
( ) 14. If only he	_	or instructed, we wou	ld not suffer so much now.
A. should lie	B. lay	C. had lain	D. lies

C. Find the hotel.

B. Dial 707.

A. accept B. keep C. assist D. receive

( ) 17. In the evening we smoked and talked and never \_\_\_\_\_ going out \_\_\_\_ exercise.

A. dreamt of; except B. dreamt; except for \_\_\_\_\_ D. dreamt; except

) 16. Project Hope aims at helping the poor children in remote areas to

C. out

C. dreamt of; except for D. dreamt; except

( ) 18. \_\_\_\_\_ the bookstore, he stopped \_\_\_\_\_ a few books.

) 15. The reasons for our decision are set \_\_\_\_\_ in my report.

B. in

A. off

education.

A. Passing; buying B. Passing; to buy

		C. To pass; buying D. Having passed; to buy
(	) 19.	It's really too late to go for a walk now, it's going to rain.
		A. Besides B. However C. Anyway D. Otherwise
(	) 20.	Though it looked like rain this morning, it has to be a fine day.
		A. turned up B. turned on C. turned out D. turned off
(	) 21.	He bought new furniture for his new villa.
		A. a great many B. a number of
		C. a great amount D. a great deal of
(	) 22.	The modern scientific development has this question.
	•	A. thrown light to B. thrown slight upon
		C. thrown light on D. thrown light into
(	) 23.	I lost the pen, I wrote my diary.
		A. with which B. by which C. with that D. through which
(	) 24.	. Have you read the news about the Iraqi War? I want to know what's new.
		A. later B. latest C. lately D. late
(	) 25.	It was the morning of March 12th they left for Paris.
		A. in; that B. on; when C. I; that D. on; that
第二	节: 完	· 形填空 (共 20 小題)
	阅读下	·面短文,掌握其大意,然后从 26~45 各题所给的四个选项(A,B,C 和 D)中,
选出	最佳选	运项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。
	Like tl	he body, the memory improves with use. Unlike the body, the memory can improve
with	age.	
	For ma	any years, doctors have been 26 the way the brain 27. We all know that
brair	has tv	wo $28$ , the left and right. The right side controls the $29$ and the left side of
the b	orain co	ontrols our logical 30. We call the left side the "education" side of the brain.
31	, in	western countries, people have 32 this side of the brain more than the right side.
	Scienti	sts 33 that our brain will work much more efficiently if 34 the right side and
the l	eft side	e are developed <u>35</u> . In many schools today, teachers <u>36</u> to educate children
in su	ich a _	37 that both sides of the brain are 38. This can be done with logical subjects
39	ma	athematics and science as well as with creative subjects such as 40. Albert
Eins	tein, tl	he great <u>41</u> did some of his best work when he was very old. He was <u>42</u> not
only	in his	work, 43 also in creative and imaginative activities. It was because of his many
44	inte	erests in life that he was able to 45 the full development of both sides of his brain.
(	) 26.	. A. speaking B. studying C. watching D. using
(	) 27.	. A. works B. thinks C. improves D. grows
(	) 28.	. A. bodies B. sides C. ways D. pairs
(		. A. smell B. taste C. sight D. senses
(	) 30.	. A. acting B. thinking C. choosing D. testing
(	) 313	A. Surprisingly B. Generally C. Strangely D. However