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A NEW
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ENGLISH-CHINESE
DICTIONARY

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商务印书馆
国际有限公司
THE COMMERCIAL PRESS
INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD.

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4

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claudere, to shut; 见 close; >下条]

se·clu·sion [si'klu:ʒən] **n** [U] 隔离; 隐居: live in ~ 隐居: a policy of ~ 闭关政策. [<上条]

sec·ond¹ ['sekənd] **n** [C] ①秒 (= 1/60 of a minute): a ~ hand (钟表的)秒针. Every ~ counts. 分秒必争, 一寸光阴一寸金. The winner's time was 1 minute and 5 ~s. 优胜者的时间是一分零五秒. ②片刻, 瞬间: I shall be ready in a ~ or two (in a few ~s). 一会儿我就会准备好. ③(角或度的)秒: 1°6'10" (读作 one degree, six minutes, and ten ~s) 一度六分十秒. [<拉丁语 secunda; >second-mark; parsec]

sec·ond² ['sekənd] **I num** [通常加 the] 第二: the ~ row 第二排. February is the ~ month of the year. 二月是一年中的第二个月. the ~ of July 7月2日. May (the) 2nd 5月2日.

II a ①二等的, 次要的: Tom is the ~ son — he has an elder brother. 汤姆是次子——他有一个哥哥. a ~ foreign language 第二外语. ②[a ~] 另一, 又一个的: You will need a ~ pair of shoes. 你需要另一双鞋. Try it a ~ time. 再试一下. 见 for the ~ time. || **at ~ hand** 间接地. **every ~ day** 每隔一天. **in the ~ place** 第二(点), 其次. **on every ~ line** 每隔一行. **play ~ fiddle (to sb)** 做(某人)的副手; 居次要地位. ~ to none 比谁都好, 首屈一指: He is ~ to none in playing golf. 他的高尔夫球技比任何人都高. **the S ~ Advent (Coming)** 【宗】(世界末日时)基督的再度降临.

III ad 第二地; 次要地: The English swimmer came (in) ~. 那位英国游泳运动员获得第二名.

IV n ①[the ~] 第二人; 第二名: Alexander the S ~ 亚历山大二世. ②另一人; 另一物: You are the ~ to ask me that question. 你是又一位向我提出那个问题的人. ③[复]次等货, 乙级商品: Of course, ~s have some defects. 次货当然有毛病. ④[复][口语]添菜. ⑤(决斗或拳击中的)助手, 副手. || **get a ~** 获得第二名.

V vt ①(决斗等)支持, 后援. ②赞成, 附合: Mr Smith proposed, and Mr Green ~ed, a vote of thanks to the lecturer. 史密斯先生提议为对那位演说者表示感谢而进行表决, 格林先生表示赞成. ③[si'kond] 【军】调任: Captain Smith was ~ed for service on the General's staff. 史密斯上尉奉命调任那位将军的参谋. [<拉丁语 sequi, to follow; >以下十二条]

sec·on·da·ry ['sekəndəri] **I a** ①第二, 第二性的; 中级的: ~ education 中等教育. a ~ school 中学. ②次要的; 副的; 次级的: the ~ emission of electrons 电子的

次级发射. a ~ product 副产品. a ~ stress 次重音. a ~ cell 蓄电池.

II n 副手; 次要人物. [<上条]

sec·ond-best ['sekənd'bɛst] **I a** 次好的, 居次位的: my ~ clothes 我的次好的衣服.

II ad 次好地, 居第二位地: come off ~ 居第二位; 被打败.

III n 平庸人材; 次货: be content with the ~ 甘居中游. have to settle for ~ 只好退而求次. We won't accept (put up with) ~. 我们不愿接受次货.

sec·ond-child·hood ['sekənd'tʃaɪldhʊd] **n** 老耄期(老年智力衰退时期).

sec·ond-class ['sekənd'klas] **I a** ①二等的: a ~ hotel 二等旅馆. ②第二类的. ③二流的.

II ad 按照二等; 乘二等车: travel ~ 乘二等车(或船舱)旅行.

sec·ond-cous·in ['sekənd'kaʊzn] **n** 父母的堂(表)兄弟(姊妹)的子女.

sec·ond-hand [,sekənd'hænd] **I a** ①二手的, 间接的: ~ information 间接消息. ②用过的, 半旧的: ~ books (clothes) 旧书(衣).

II ad 从第二手; 间接地: buy a book ~ 买旧书. get news ~ 间接获得的消息. 见 at second hand.

[辨异] a secondhand ['sekəndhænd] 秒针, 重音不同.

sec·ond·ly ['sekəndlɪ] **ad** 第二; 其次. [见 first, ad; < second², a]

sec·ond-mark ['sekənd'ma:k] **n** [C] (表示时间或角度的)秒号 [']: 5°6'7" (= five degrees, six minutes, and seven seconds) 五度六分七秒. [<second¹]

sec·ond-na·ture ['sekənd'neɪtʃə] **n** [U] 第二天性: Habit is ~. 习惯是第二天性; 习惯成自然. It's ~ for me to look twice to see if I have locked the door at night. 夜间我总习以为常地检查两次看我是否把门锁好.

sec·ond-rate [,sekənd'reit] **a** 二等的; 次等的; 平庸的: a man with ~ brains 头脑平庸的人. a ~ hotel 二等旅馆.

sec·ond-sight ['sekənd'sait] **n** [U] 预见力; 先见; 超人的视力.

sec·ond-thoughts ['sekənd'θɔ:t̩s] **n** [C] [U] [复]重新考虑: I said I wouldn't do it, but on ~ I think I will. 我说过我不准备做这件事了, 但经重新考虑后, 还是决定去做. I'm having ~ about buying that house. 我正在重新考虑是否要买那座房子.

se·cre·cy ['sikrɪsi] **n** [U] ①秘密: in (with) ~ 秘密地. keep it in ~ 保守秘密. do sth with great ~ 极秘

密地做某事. ②保密: There need be no ~. 不需要保密. I rely on your ~. 我相信你会保密的. [<下条]
se·cret [sikrit] **I a** ①秘密的:a ~ talk 秘密谈话[比较:a confidential talk 知心谈话; private conversation 私人谈话]. a ~ agent 特务. the ~ service 特务组织, 特务机构. a ~ society 秘密团体. ②隐蔽的, 暗藏的:a ~ door 暗门, 密门, 隐蔽门. a ~ valley 幽谷. ②神秘的; 奥秘的.

II n ①**C** **U** 秘密: an open ~ 公开的秘密. We have no ~s from you. 我们对你不保守任何秘密. ②**C** 秘诀; 诀窍: What's the ~ of his success? 他成功的秘诀是什么? ③**C** 神秘; 奥妙: Science helps us (to) solve the ~s of Nature. 科学帮助我们揭开自然界的奥妙. || **in the ~** 参与秘密; 知道机密: Are you in the ~? 你知道这个秘密吗? **in ~** 秘密地: meet in ~秘密会见. **keep a ~** 保守秘密: Can you keep a ~? 你能保密吗? **let sb into a (the) ~** 将秘密告诉某人; 使某人参与某项秘密. [<拉丁语 *se-, apart + cernere, sift; secrete* 的同源异体字; >上条, secretive; secretary; secretly]

sec·re·tar·i·al [sek'retəriəl] **a** 秘书的; 秘书工作的; 书记的; 部长的: Stenography is an essential part of ~ work. 速记是秘书工作中重要的一项. [同下]

sec·re·tar·i·at(e) [sek'retəriət] **n** 秘书处; 书记处: get a position on the ~ of UNO in New York 在纽约联合国组织的秘书处得到一个职位. [<下条]

sec·re·ta·ry ['sekrtəri, 'skrətəri] **n** **C** ①书记: the ~ of a Party branch 党支部书记. a general ~ 总书记. ②秘书: a first (second) ~ of the embassy 大使馆一等(二等)秘书. He is (private) ~ to the Minister 他是部长的(私人)秘书. ③(协会等的)干事: a chief ~ 总干事. a ~ to the Geographical Society 地理学会干事. ④[英]大臣; [美]部长: the S~ of State 1)[英]国务大臣. 2)[美]国务卿: an Assistant S~ of State for African Affairs 负责非洲事务的助理国务卿. [同 minister] [中古拉丁语 *secretarius*, one entrusted with secrets; >上二条; 下条, undersecretary]

sec·re·ta·ry·gen·er·al ['sekrtəri 'dʒenərəl] **n** 秘书长 [比较: general secretary 总书记].

se·crete [sikrit] **vt** ①【生理】分泌: Glands in the mouth ~ saliva. 唾腺分泌唾液. ②隐藏: The spy ~d the stolen microfilms. 间谍把偷来的微型胶片藏起来. [*secret* 的同源异体字; >下二条]

se·cre·tion [si'kri:tən] **n** ①**U** 分泌. **C** 分泌物. ②隐藏: the ~ of stolen goods 隐藏赃物. [<上条]

se·cre·tive [si'kri:tiv, 'sikritiv] **a** ①躲躲闪闪的; 守口

如瓶的. ②分泌的. [<① secret; ② secrete.]

se·cret·ly ['sikritli] **ad** 秘密地; 隐蔽地; 悄然. [< secret]

sect [sek't] **n** **C** 宗派; 教派. [<拉丁语 *sequi, to follow; > beset*]

sec·tar·i·an [sek'təriən] **I a** ①宗派的; 教派的. ②[贬义]闹宗派的.

II n 宗派主义者. [见上条; >下条]

sec·tar·i·an·ism [sek'təriənizm] **n** **U** 宗派主义: bureaucracy, ~, and subjectivism 官僚主义、宗派主义、主观主义. [<上条]

sec·tion ['sekʃən] **n** ①**U** [罕]切割; 分割; 分段. [以下**C**] ②(组织、构造等)部分: divide a melon into ~s 把西瓜切成数块. export a machine in ~s 把机器拆装出口. ③(城市等)地段; 区: the business and residential ~s of a city 城市的商业区和住宅区. ④(书籍文件)段, 节(符号 §): divide a chapter into five ~s 把一章分成五节. ⑤(生物分类)组; 【化】派. ⑥[机关团体]科; 组, 小组; 股. ⑦(陆军)排; (海军)小队. ⑧剖面, 截面, 切面: the drawing of a gun in ~ 枪的剖面图. [<拉丁语 *secare, to cut; > cross-section, dissection, vivisection; 下条*]

sec·tion·al ['sekʃənl] **a** ①区分的. ②部分的; 局部的: a ~ fishing-rod 可拆卸的钓鱼竿. ~ interests 局部利益. ③地区的. [<上条]

sec·tion·al·ism ['sekʃənlizm] **n** **U** 地方主义. [同上]

sec·tor ['sekta] **n** **C** ①【数】扇形. ②方面: The imperialist ~ has become visibly the minority ~. 帝国主义一方显然已经成为少数的一方了. ③部分: The state ~ of the economy is a socialist ~, owned by the whole people. 国营经济是全民所有制的社会主义经济. ④【军】战区, 军分区; 地区. [<拉丁语 *secare, to cut; 见 section*.]

sec·u·lar ['sekjulə] **a** ①现世的; 世俗的. [反 pious] ②(指艺术等)非宗教性的; 世俗的: ~ education 世俗教育. the ~ power 俗权(与教会相对而言). [反 sacred] ③长时期的: a ~ variation 【理】长期变. ~ fame 不朽的名望. a ~ trend 长期趋势. [<拉丁语 *saeculum, an age; >下二条*]

sec·u·lar·ism ['sekjularizm] **n** **U** 现世主义; 世俗主义. [<上条]

sec·u·lar·ize ['sekjula'raiz] **vt** 使现世化; 使世俗化: a ~d Sunday 世俗化的星期天(如以专业体育活动代替礼拜). [同上]

se·cure [si'kjue] **I a** ①安全的; 安定的: be ~ against the attacks of the enemy 没有遭受敌人攻击的危险.

be ~ from invasion 没有遭受侵略的危险. There is a ~ life in China. 在中国生活安定. ②安心的; 放心的: feel ~ about (as to) one's future 对前途觉得放心. ③必定的; 有把握的: Our victory is ~. 胜利必定属于我们. We are (feel) ~ of victory 我们对于胜利是有把握的. ④牢固; 可靠的: Is this ladder ~? 这架梯子牢固吗? Are you sure the doors and windows are ~? 你确知门窗都关牢了吗?

II vt ①防护; 保卫: ~ a city against (from) floods 防护城市免遭水灾. ②保证; 保障; 担保: ~ a debt by mortgage 用抵押担保的债款. ③得到, 获得: ~ a seat (a ticket) 得到一个座位(一张入场券). ④关紧; 扣紧: ~ all the doors and windows before leaving the house 离家前关紧所有的门窗. [< 拉丁语 se-, free from + cura, care; sure 的同源异体字; > 下条; inse-cure]

se·cu·ri·ty [si'kjueriti] **n** ① **U** 安全; 安定: the ~ of our country 我们国家的安全. ② **U** 提供安全之物, 保护物: Is there any ~ from (against) H-bombs? 有防御和对付氢弹之物吗? ③ **U** 安心: in ~ 安心地. ④ **U** **C** 保证; 担保; 警戒; 保密; 保证人; 抵押品: ~ to life and property 生命财产的保证. go ~ for him 替他做保人. Insurance is a ~ against loss. 保险是防止损失的保证. ⑤ [常用复] 证券; 股票; 债券. ⑥ [定语]: the S~ Council (联合国) 安全理事会. ~ police 治安警察. ~ forces 保安部队. a ~ risk (可能会危害国家的) 危险人物. [< 上条; surety 的同源异体字]

se·dan [si'dæn] **n** **C** ① 轿子 (= ~-chair). ② 轿车. [< Sedan 色当. 法国城市; 这种轿子首先在这里开始使用]

se·date [si'deit] **a** ① (人、动物及其行为) 安静的: He is very ~ for a child. 就一个孩子来说他是很文静的. ② 庄重的; 严肃的: a ~ dinner party 庄重的晚宴. [< 拉丁语 sedare, to settle; > 下二条]

se·da·tion [si'deisən] **n** **U** (服过镇静剂后的) 镇静状态: The patient is under ~. 病人已处镇静状态(病人已服用镇静剂). [< 上条]

sed·a·tive ['sedətiv] **I a** 镇静的; 安神的: Tobacco has a ~ effect on some people. 烟对某些人有安神的作用.

II n **C** 镇静剂: After taking a ~ she was able to get to sleep. 服过镇静剂之后她能够入睡了. [同上]

sed·en·ta·ry ['sedəntəri] **a** 坐惯的; 坐下来的: ~ work 坐着做的工作; 案头工作. lead a ~ life 过着案牍生活. [< 拉丁语 sedere, sit]

sedge [sedʒ] **n** **C** 【植】苔属植物; 蓼衣草.

sedg·y ['sedʒi] **a** 长满苔的; 以苔为界的: a ~ pond 长满苔的池塘. [< 上条]

sed·i·ment ['sediment] **n** **U** 沉积, 沉淀; 渣滓, 沉积物: When the river Nile overflows, it leaves ~ on the surrounding fields. 当尼罗河泛滥时, 总在附近的田地留下冲积淤泥. [见 sedimentary; < 下条]

sed·i·men·ta·ry [sed'i'mentəri] **a** 沉积的; 沉淀的: Slate, limestone and sandstone are ~ rocks. 板岩、石灰岩和沙岩都是沉积岩. [< 上条]

se·di·tion [si'diʃən] **n** **U** ①煽动(闹事); [古] 叛乱, 搞乱. ② 煽动叛乱的言论或行动. [< 拉丁语 sed-, apart + itio, a going; > 下条]

se·di·tions [si'diʃəs] **a** 煽动性的: ~ speeches (writings) 煽动性的演说(作品). [< 上条]

se·duce [si'dju:s] **vt** ① [贬义] 引诱, 诱惑; 诱使(某人) 犯罪: ~ a man from his duty 诱使人放弃职责. ② 勾引; 诱奸: Potiphar's wife tried to ~ young Joseph. 波提乏的妻子企图勾引年轻的约瑟. ③ [褒义] 吸引: The beauty of the evening ~d me abroad. 傍晚的美景把我吸引了出去. [< 拉丁语 se-, apart + decere, to lead; 见 duct; > 下二条]

se·duc·tion [si'dʌkʃən] **n** ① **U** **C** 引诱, 诱惑; 诱奸; 吸引. ② **C** [常用复] 魅力; 吸引力; 诱惑力: the ~s of articles in shop windows 商店橱窗中物品的魅力. surrender to the ~s of country life 屈服于田园生活的引诱. [< 上条]

se·duc·tive [si'dʌktiv] **a** 诱惑的, 引诱的; 迷人的, 有魅力的: a ~ smile 诱人的微笑. The cool shade of the forest is most ~ on a hot day. 大热天树林里的阴凉处最吸引人了. [同上]

sed·u·lous ['sedjulas] **a** ① 勤勉的; 苦干的. ② 小心周到的: ~ flattery 百般奉承. with ~ care 小心翼翼地. He paid her ~ attention. 他对她关心倍至. play the ~ ape 照葫芦画瓢. [< 拉丁语 se- apart + dolus, trickery]

see¹ [si:] (saw [so:], seen [si:n]) **● vt** ① 看见: ~, hear, ask, and think 看, 听, 问和想. Can (Do) you ~ an aeroplane in the sky? 你看得见空中的飞机吗? I looked but saw nothing. 我看了看, 可是什么也没看见. I saw him do it. 我看见他做的. I saw something move (moving). 我看见什么东西在动. I have often seen it done. 我经常看见人家做这件事. She was never seen angry. 从来没见过她发过怒. He was seen to fall (seen falling). 有人看见他掉下来. I saw that the box was empty. 我看见那只箱子是空的. ② 看出; 见到; 了解, 明白: (= understand): Can you ~ what I

mean? 你看出我的意思吗? You ~ the joke of it? 你明白妙在何处吗? as I ~ it 就我所见。③见,会见,见面: May I ~ Mr Brown? 我可以见见布朗先生吗? You must ~ the doctor. 你一定要去看病. I am ~ing him this afternoon. 今天下午我要去看看他. I shall be ~ing them tomorrow. 我明天见他们. S~ you later. 回头见. I will ~ you again (tomorrow). (明天)再见. I am pleased to ~ you. 看见你很高兴. S ~ you. [美俚]再见。④看看;查看;检查: Please ~ who it is. 请去看看是谁. S~ page 4. 见第四页。⑤设想,想象: Well, I'll ~ what I can do. 好的,我来想个办法. Marxism ~s all matter as constantly changing. 马克思主义把一切物质看作是不断变化的。⑥留神;注意:S~ (to it) that children don't catch cold. 当心别让孩子们感冒了。⑦见过;经历;阅历: He has ~n much of life. 他见过世面. I have ~n four wars. 我经历过四次战争。⑧陪送;送别: You ought to ~ her home. 你应该送她回家。● **vi** ①看;观看;看见: If you shut your eyes you can't ~. 如果闭上眼睛你便看不见. It's getting dark, I can't ~ to read. 天渐黑了我看不清书了. On a clear day we can ~ (for) miles and miles from this hill-top. 晴天,我们从这个山头看得很远很远。②明白;理解: as far as I can ~就我看來. Do you ~ = (亲切语) (You) ~? (你)明白吗? I ~. 我明白. You ~. 1)你是了解的. 2)你且听我说: You shall ~. 过后你会明白的. ③想;查看; ~ for oneself 亲眼看看. Go and ~ for yourself if you don't believe me! 你如不相信我,亲眼去看看吧! Let me ~. = [常泛用] Let's ~. 让我想想看。④[祈使句]瞧;注意 (= look or look at): S~, here he comes. 瞧,他来了. Wait and ~. 等着瞧吧. || ~ about sth 查看;负责: He promised to ~ about the matter. 他答应负责处理这件事. ~ after 照应: I have got to ~ after the arrangement for the banquet. 我得去照料宴会的事了. ~ into 调查,检查: I will ~ into the matter tomorrow. 我明天去调查那件事。~ off 送行: I was ~n off by many of my friends. 我的许多朋友来为我送行. ~ through 1)看透: I ~ through your little game. 我看穿了你玩的那套鬼把戏. 2)帮助(某人)渡过难关: Miss Salmon saw me through my illness. 塞尔蒙小姐帮我治好了病. ~ to 负责,注意: My secretary ~s to my mail. 我的秘书负责处理我的信件. ~ (to it) that 注意使…;保证使…: I will ~ (to it) that he writes the letter correctly. 我将注意使他写这封信不出错儿. [> seeing, seer; foresee, oversee]

see² [sɪ:] **a** 【宗】主教教区;主教的地位: the S~ of Canterbury 坎特伯雷主教区. the Holy S~ (the S~ of Rome, the Papacy) 罗马教皇职位;罗马教廷. [<拉丁语 *sedes*, a seat]

seed [sɪd] **I n** ① **U** **C** 种子: ~s of an orange 桔子的籽儿. rape ~s 油菜籽. sow the ~ in May or June. 在五月或六月播种. This oppression sowed the ~s of the French Revolution. 这种压迫播下了法国革命的种子. a packet of ~ (s) 一包种子. The ~s are coming up. 种子抽出芽来了. S~s of communism have already sprouted on our soil. 共产主义的种子已经在我们的土地上萌芽了. ② **U** 子孙: (= descendants, offspring): The Jews are the ~ of Abraham. 犹太人是亚伯拉罕的子孙. ③ **C** 根源: the ~s of diseases 病根. ④ [口语]种子选手: the No. 1 ~ in a championship 锦标赛中的第一号种子(选手). ⑤精液,芽胞. || go (run) to ~ 花谢结籽; (人)盛极而衰老;变得不修边幅.

II **① vi** 结籽: Some plants have flowers but do not ~. 有些植物开花而不结籽. ● **vt** ①播(种): ~ a field with wheat 在田里播种小麦. ②除去…的种子;去…核: ~ an orange 去桔子核. [< cottonseed; 以下 seedbed … seedy]

seed(-)bed [sɪdbed] **n** 种子田;苗床; [比喻]温床,发源地: a ~ of revolution 革命策源地.

seed·cake ['sɪ:dkεɪk] **n** **C** **U** 含芳香植物种子的饼.

seed·corn ['sɪ:dkɔ:n] **n** **U** 谷种; [美]玉蜀黍种.

seed·ed ['sɪ:did] **a** ①结籽的;播过种的: a newly-~ lawn 刚播种过的草坪. ② [体]抽出种子选手的;优秀的: a ~ player 种子选手. [< seed]

seed·er ['sɪ:də] **n** **C** ①播种者;播种机. ②去核器. [同上]

seed·i·ness ['sɪ:dnɪs] **n** **U** ①多种子. ②结籽. ③衣衫褴褛. ④不舒服. [< seedy]

seed·ing·ma·chine ['sɪ:dɪŋ'me:fɪn] **n** **C** 播种机.

seed·less ['sɪ:dlɪs] **a** 无籽的;无核的: ~ raisins 无核葡萄干.

seed·ling ['sɪ:dliŋ] **n** **C** 耘苗,幼苗;实生苗(高三英尺以下). [< seed]

seeds·man ['sɪ:dzmən] (*pl* **seedsmen** ['sɪ:dzmən]) **n** 买卖种子的商人;播种者. [seed + man]

seed(-)time ['sɪ:dtaim] **n** 播种时期.

seed·y ['sɪ:di] **a** ①多种子的,结籽的. ②衣衫褴褛的. ③ [口语]不舒服的(= unwell): feel ~ 感到不舒服. [< seed; > seediness]

see·ing [sɪ:ɪŋ] **I** see 的现在分词.

II n [U]视力;观看:S~ is believing. [谚]百闻不如一见.

III conj 因为,既然:S~ (that) you have come, I will settle it now. 你既然来了,我现在就可以解决这件事了.[>far-seeing;sightseeing]

[辨异] *seeing (that)*, *seeing as*, *seeing as how* 三者含义相同;前者为正式用语,中间的为非正式用语,最后的为非标准用语.*seeing* 作连词“因为”释义时,表示既定事实,不可用于疑问句,如 Did he come because he wanted money? 他因为要钱而来吗?这句话中的 because 不能用 seeing 替换.

seek [sɪk] (sought [sɔ:t], sought) ① vt ①寻求,探寻: ~ shelter from the rain 找个避雨处. ~ safty in flight 逃难,避难. ~ fame 求名. The reason is not far to ~. 不难找到理由. Are you ~ing a quarrel? 你要寻衅吵架吗? He is going to Canada to ~ his fortune. 他想去加拿大发财. ~ a person's life 谋害人命. ②企图: They sought to kill him. 他们企图杀死他. ③请求;征求:I will ~ my doctor's advice. 我将征求医生的意见. ④ vi 寻找: ~ in vain 找不着. // *be (much) to* ~ 还(远)没找到;(大大)缺乏:He is to ~ in ability. 他还缺乏能力. ~ *after (for)* 追求,寻找: ~ after truth 追求真理. be little (much) sought after 不大(很)需要;不大(很)吃香. These articles are much sought after. 这些商品供不应求. ~ for a missing bicycle 寻找丢失的自行车. ~ *out* 搜寻出: ~ out an enemy 搜出敌人. [> beseech; hide-and-seek; 下条; selfseeking]

seek·er ['si:kə] n 探求者,追求者:a ~ after truth 追求真理的人.[<上条;>selfseeker]

seem [sim] vi 好像,似乎,仿佛:The boy ~s to understand quite well. 那个孩子似乎很懂事. She ~s to have said so. 她好像曾经这样说过. He ~s (to be) deaf. 他好像聋了. Things are not always what they ~. [谚]事情往往不像外表看起来那样. Be what you ~ (to be). 要表里一致. I shall act as ~s best. 我将尽力而为. It ~s to me that 在我看来.... It would (should) ~ that something is wrong. 好像是出了什么事故.[比较:这一句法比 It ~s 更婉转]. I ~ unable (= I can't ~) to get out of that bad habit. 我似乎无法戒除那个坏习惯.“I have been out in the rain”——“So it ~s.”“我刚才在雨里淋过”.——“看来好像是这样”. [同] appear; >beseech, meseems; 下三条]

seem·ing ['simiŋ] a 表面上的;形式上的:his ~ loyalty 他在表面上的忠诚. In spite of his ~ friendship he

gave me no help. 他尽管表面上很友好,但他没有给我任何帮助.[<上条]

seem·ly ['simli] a ①(指行为)适宜的,合适的:It isn't ~ to praise oneself. 自夸是不适宜的. ②体面的;正经的:Strip-tease is not a ~ occupation for any girl. 脱衣舞对于任何女孩都不是正当的职业.[同上]

seen [sin] see 的过去分词.[>unseen]

seep¹ [sɪp] n [C] 水陆两用吉普车.[sea + jeep]

seep² [sɪp] vi 渗出,漏出;滴滴答答地淌干: The water ~ed through the sand. 水经过沙子渗出.

seer n ①['si:ə] 观看者. ②['siə] 预言者.[< see; > sightseer]

seer·suck·er ['siəsəkə] n [U] 泡泡纱绉条纹布.[<波斯语 shir u shakar, milk and sugar]

see·saw ['si:sɔ:] I n [C] 跷跷板;[U] 跷跷板游戏: play at ~ 玩跷跷板.a ~ battle 拉锯战.

II vi ①玩跷跷板. ②上下(前后)摇动. ③犹豫: ~ between two opinions 犹豫于两种意见之间.[saw (锯)的迭词]

seethe [si:ð] I ① vi ①滚,沸腾. ②激昂: ~ with anger 怒气冲冲. streets seething with people 人声鼎沸的街道. ② vt 使煮沸.

II n 闹腾.[>sodden]

seg·ment ['segmənt] I n [C] ①部分;切片;环节:a ~ of a circle 弓形. ②段;节;片:a ~ of an orange 一片橘子. ③【机】扇形体.

II vt & vi 分割;分裂:The insect is ~ed into head, thorax, and abdomen. 这条昆虫被分割为头、胸、腹三部分.[<拉丁语 secare, to cut]

seg·re·gate ['segrɪgeɪt] ① vt 使分离;隔离: ~ men from women 分开男女. ~ the sexes 按性别分开. ~ people with infectious diseases 隔离传染病患者. ② vi ①分离,隔离. ②分凝.[<拉丁语 se-, apart + grex, a flock; >下条]

seg·re·ga·tion [segri'geɪʃn] n [U] ①分离;隔离:a policy of racial ~ 种族隔离政策. ②分凝.[<上条]

Seid·litz pow·der ['sedlɪts 'paʊdə] n 塞得利兹粉(沸腾散)(可用作轻泻剂).

sei·gneur [se'i'njə], **seign·ior** ['seɪnjə] n ①封建君主. ②庄园主:a grand ~ 显贵. The Grand S~ (从前)土耳其皇帝.[见 senior, 同上]

Seine [seɪn] n [the S~] 塞纳河[法国].

seine [seɪn] I n [C] 拖拉大围网.

II vt & vi 用拖拉大围网捕(鱼).[>希腊语 sagēnē]

seis·mic ['saɪzmɪk] a 地震的:the ~ focus 震中(源).[<希腊语 seiein, to shake]

seis·mo·graph [ˈsaɪzməgrɑ:f] *n* [C] 地震仪。[见上条]

seis·mol·o·gy [saɪzˈmɒlədʒi] *n* [U] 地震学 (= the science of earthquakes). [seismic + logy]

seize [sɪ:z] ● *vt* ① 抓住; 捉住: A thief was ~ed. 一个偷被捉住了。~ a person by the arm 抓住人的胳膊。② 夺取; 占领: ~ an enemy fortress 夺取敌人要塞。③ (以法)没收, 充公, 扣压(财产、货物等): ~ sb's goods for payment of debt 扣押某人的货物以偿付债务。④ 抓住(时机等), 理解并利用: S~ the day, ~ the hour! 只争朝夕! ⑤ [常用被动语态] 侵袭: be ~ed with an illness 害病。● *vi* 抓住; 占有[与 on, upon 连用]: ~ (up)on a chance 抓机会[比较: ~ an opportunity 抓住机会]. [< 中古拉丁语 sacire; > 下条]

sei·zure ['si:ʒə] *n* ① [U] [C] 抓住; 捉拿。② [U] [C] 夺取; 扣押: ~ of contraband by Customs officers 海关人员查获违禁品。③ [C] 发作(疾病): a heart ~ 心脏病发作。[< 上条]

sel·dom ['seldəm] *ad* 很少, 不常, 难得: He is ~ ill. 他不常生病. not ~ 往往. I have ~ met (S~ have I met) him in the street recently. 最近我在街上很少碰到他. He ~, if ever, goes to the theatre. 他难得去看戏. I have ~ seen such large apples. 我很少见过这样大的苹果. She ~ goes out. 她不常外出. She goes out very ~. 她极少外出. ~ or never 极难得, 简直不: He ~ or never gives his wife a present. 他可以说从没给过他妻子一件礼物.

se·lect [sɪ'lekt] I *vt* 精选; 挑出, 选拔: ~ and reject 取舍. ~ a book (a Christmas present for a child) 挑选一本书(给孩子的圣诞节礼物). It was ~ed as the site for a monument. 这里被选为立碑的地点. They were ~ed from among many applicants. 他们是从许多报名者中挑选出来的. Selected Works of Mao Zedong 《毛泽东选集》. selected writings of sb 某人文选. [同 choose]

II *a* ① 精选的; 选拔的: a ~ collection of poems 诗选. ~ passages from Milton 密尔顿著作精选本. ② 挑三拣四的; 选择成员严格的: a ~ club 选择会员严格的俱乐部. ~ committee (下议院中的)特别委员会. [< 拉丁语 se-, apart + legere, choose; > 下四条]

se·lect·ee [sɪ'lekt̩'ti:] *n* [美] 选征合格的士兵, 应征兵. [< 上条]

se·lec·tion [sɪ'lækʃən] *n* ① [U] 选择; 精选; 选拔; 取舍: a ~ committee (挑选运动员或学校新教员的)选拔委员会. ② [生] 淘汰: artificial ~ 人工选择. natural ~ 自然淘汰. ③ [C] 供选物; 文选: S~s from Lenin

《列宁文选》. That shop has a good ~ of denim jeans. 那个商店有很多斜纹粗布的牛仔裤可供挑选. That hat is my ~. How do you like it? 这顶帽子是我挑的, 你看怎么样? ④ [植] 育种, 选种. [同上]

se·lec·tive [sɪ'lektɪv] *a* 选择的; 挑选的; 选择性的; 淘汰的: ~ subjects 选修科目 [反 required subjects 必修科目]. ~ service [美] 选征兵役制. [同前]

se·lec·tiv·i·ty [sɪ'lekt̩'tɪvɪt̩i] *n* ① 选择, 精选. ② (收音机的)选择性. [同上]

se·lec·tor [sɪ'lektə] *n* ① 挑选者; 选择器. ② [无] 调谐旋钮; 波段开关. [< select]

se·le·ni·um [sɪ'lɪnjəm] *n* [U] [化] 硒(符号 Se): a ~ cell 硒(光)电池, 硒光电管. [< 希腊语 selēnē, the moon]

sel·e·nog·ra·phy [sɪ'lɪ'nɔgrəfi] *n* [U] 月面学, 月球地理学.

self [self] (selves [selvz]) *n* ① [U] 自我; 自己; 本身: the study of ~ 自我探讨. ② [C] 自我的一面: one's former ~ 故我, 旧我. ③ [U] 私利, 私心: She has no thought of ~. 她没有私心. ④ [C] 本人: your good ~ (selves) (旧式商业用语) 台端. pay to ~ (支票用语) 付签票者本人. ⑤ [古] 我(或你, 他)自己: Let us drink a toast to our noble selves. 让我们为(高贵的)自己干杯. (干杯时用的诙谐语). [> itself, herself, himself, myself, oneself, ourselves, themselves, thyself, yourself; 下条; selfish, selfless, selfsame; selvedge]

self- [self] *mor* ① 自…, 自我… . ② 自动… . [< 上条; > 以下 selfabuse … self-interest; self-love … self-will]

self-a·base·ment [sɪlfə'bɛɪsmənt] *n* 自贬, 自我菲薄.

self-ab·sorbed [sɪlfə'bɔ:bd] *a* 专心于自身利益(或思想等)的; 顾己不顾人的; 自私的.

self-a·buse [sɪlfə'bju:s] *n* [U] 手淫; 自责.

self-act·ing [sɪlf'ækting] *a* 自动的 (= automatic).

self-ad·dress [sɪlfə'drest] *a* 注明发信人姓名住址的: I enclose a stamped ~ envelope. 我附上了一个贴了邮票并写明了姓名地址的回信信封.

self-ap·point·ed [sɪlfə'pɔɪntid] *a* 自封的; 自己任命的: a ~ expert 一位自封的专家.

self-as·ser·tion [sɪlfə'seʃən] *n* [U] 自作主张; 一意孤行, 专断.

self-as·ser·tive [sɪlfə'sə:tɪv] *a* 自作主张的; 一意孤行的. [反 meek 谦卑]

self-as·sur·ance [sɪlfə'sjuərəns] *n* [U] 自信.

self-as·sured [sɪlfə'ʃuərd] *a* 自信的.

self-bind·er [sɪlf'baɪndə] *n* [C] 自动装订机; 活页夹.

self-cen·tred [sɪlf'sentəd] *a* 自我中心的; 本位的; 自

自私利的.

self-collect-ed [self'kɔ:lktid] *a* 沉着的, 镇定的.

self-coloured [self'kʌləd] *a* 单色的, 纯色的: ~ cloth 单色布.

self-com-mand [self'kə'mænd] *n* [U] 自(我控)制; 克己.

self-com-pla-cent [self'kəm'pleisnt] *a* 自满的; 沾沾自喜的.

self-con-ceit [self'kən'sit] *n* [U] 自负, 自命不凡.

self-con-fessed [self'kən'fest] *a* 公开承认的; 公开声称的: He's a ~ gambler. 他自己承认是个赌徒. *a* ~ thief 一个供认行窃的贼. ❶

self-con-fi-dence [self'kənfɪdəns] *n* [U]自信. [见下条]

self-con-fi-dent [self'kənfɪdənt] *a* 满怀信心的, 自信的. [见上条]

self-con-scious [self'kənʃəs] *a* ①自我意识的, 自觉的: ~ instinct 自觉的本能. ②害羞的, 不自然的. [>下条]

self-con-scious-ness [self'kənʃəsnis] *n* [U] 自我意识. [<上条]

self-con-tained [self'kən'teind] *a* ①(指人)能自制的; 沉默寡言的. ②(指物)齐备的; 应有尽有的: *a* ~ flat 一套设备齐全的房间; 一套独门独户的住房.

self-con-trol [self'kən'trəul] *n* [U] 自(我控)制; exercise ~ 运用自制力. lose one's ~ 失去自制力 [动宾结构 control oneself].

self-crit-i-cism [self'kritizizəm] *n* [U] 自我批评; criticism and ~ 批评与自我批评.

self-cul-ture [self'kəltʃə] *n* [U] 自修, 自学: ~ in English 自学英语.

self-de-fence [self'defens] *n* [U] 自卫: the art of ~ 拳术. kill sb in ~ 因自卫而杀死某人.

self-de-ni-al [self'di'naiəl] *n* [U] 忘我, 克己 [动宾结构: deny oneself]: practise ~ to help the children 为救孩子们而作自我牺牲.

self-de-ny-ing [self'di'naiiŋ] *a* 自我克制的, 克己的; 无私的. [见上条]

self-de-ter-mi-na-tion [self'ditəmi'neiʃən] *n* [U] ①自 我决定. ②自决; 民族自决: the right of all peoples to ~ 所有民族对于民族自决的权利.

self-de-vot-ion [self'di'veuʃən] *n* [U] 献身; 自我牺牲: Her ~ to her sick mother prevented her from marrying. 她自我牺牲照顾病弱的母亲而耽误了婚姻大事 [动宾结构: devote oneself to...].

self-dis-cip-line [self'disiplin] *n* 自我训练; 自律; 自我 约束: Acquiring the habit of promptness requires ~.

养成快速的习惯需要一番自我训练.

self-ed-u-cat-ed [self'edjukeitid] *a* 自修的, 自学的, 自我教育的.

self-ed-u-ca-tion [self'edju'keiʃən] *n* 自修, 自学, 自我教育 [动宾结构: educate oneself].

self-ef-fac-ing [self'i'feisɪŋ] *a* 避免抛头露面的; 谦卑的.

self-em-ployed [selfim'plɔid] *a* 不为某一雇主工作的 (如店主, 个体户, 花匠等).

self-es-teem [selfis'tim] *n* [U] ①自尊(心): injure one's ~ 伤害某人的自尊心. ②自负.

self-ev-i-dent [self'evidənt] *a* 自明的; 不言而喻的.

self-ex-am-i-na-tion [selfig'zæmi'neiʃən] *n* [C] [U] 自我检查, 反省: make earnest ~s 做认真的自我检查.

self-ex-plan-a-to-ry [selfiks'plænətəri] *a* 不解自明的; 显然的.

self-ex-pres-sion [selfiks'presən] *n* [U] 自我表现. [比较: express oneself 表示意见].

self-feed-er [self'fi:də] *n* [C] ①[机]自给器 [比较: feed oneself 自己吃]. ②自动喂饲槽.

self-gov-ern-ing [self'gavəniŋ] *a* 自治的: *a* ~ domin-ion 自治领.

self-gov-ern-ment [self'gavənmənt] *n* [U] ①(国家)独立自主. ②(地方等)自治. ③(个人)自制 [动宾结构: govern oneself].

self-help [self'help] *n* 自助; 自强不息; 自力更生 [动宾结构: help oneself].

self-im-port-ant [selfim'pɔ:tənt] *a* 自夸; 妄自尊大.

self-in-duc-tion [selfin'dʌkʃən] *n* [U] [理]自感应.

self-in-dul-gent [selfin'daldʒənt] *a* 放纵自己的; 纵欲的.

self-in-ter-est [self'intriست] *n* [U] 自私自利; 自身利益.

self-ish ['selfiʃ] *a* 自私的; 利己(主义)的: act from ~ motives 出于自私的动机而行事. [反 selfless] [< self; >反 unselfish]

self-less ['selflis] *a* 无私的. [< self]

self-lock-ing [self'lɔ:kɪŋ] *a* 关闭时自动锁上的.

self-love [self'lʌv] *n* [U] 自爱; 自私: His ~ was intolerable. 他太自私了.(他的自私令人无法容忍.)

self-made [self'meɪd] *a* ①自己搞的; 独自做的. ②靠个人奋斗而成功的; 自力更生的: *a* ~ man 白手起家的人.

self-o-pin-ion-at-ed [selfə'pinjəneitid] *a* 自负的; 固执己见的.

self-pit-y [self'piti] *n* [U] 自怜: Her ~ was becoming

mawkish. 她的自怜已到了令人作呕的地步。

self-por·trait [self'pɔ:rit] *n* [C] 自画像;自我描述。

self-pos·sessed [selfpə'zest] *a* 沉着的,镇定的;冷静的;有信心的。

self-pos·ses·sion [selfpə'zeʃən] *n* [U] 沉着,镇定,冷静: lose (regain) one's ~ 失去(恢复)冷静[动宾结构: possess oneself].

self-pres·er·va·tion [self,prezə(:)'veiʃən] *n* [U] 自我保存;自卫: the instinct of ~ 自卫的本能[动宾结构: preserve oneself].

self-re·li·ant [selfri'laiənt] *a* 自恃的;自信的;依靠自己的。

self-re·spect [selfris'pekt] *n* [U] 自尊,自重: lose all ~ 失去了一切自尊[动宾结构: respect oneself].

self-re·spect·ing [selfris'pektɪŋ] *a* 自重的,自尊的: No ~ man could agree to do such a thing. 自尊的人是不会同意做这种事的。

self-re·straint [selfris'treint] *n* [U] 自我克制[动宾结构: restrain oneself].

self-sac·ri·fice [self'sækrifais] *n* [U] 自我牺牲: an act of ~ 自我牺牲的行为[动宾结构: sacrifice oneself].

self-same [self'seim] *a* 完全相同的: Tom and I reached Paris on the ~ day. 汤姆和我在同一天到达巴黎。 [self + same]

self-sat·is·fac·tion [self,sætis'fækʃən] *n* [U] 自满情绪;心满意足。

self-sat·is·fied [self'sætisfaid] *a* 自满的;自负的。

self-seal·ing [self'si:lɪŋ] *a* 自动封闭的: a ~ tire 自封式轮胎。

self-seek·er [self'si:kə] *n* [C] 自私自利的人;唯利是图的人。[见下条]

self-seek·ing [self'si:kɪŋ] *n* & *a* 唯利是图(的),自私自利(的)。[见上条]

self-serv·ice [self'sə:vɪs] *n* & *attrib a* ①自助(餐馆,食堂). ②自选(商店). ③自我服务(汽车加油站)[动宾结构: serve oneself].

self-sown [self'sə:n] *a* 自然播种的;自然生长的。

self-start·er [self'sta:tə] *n* [C] ①自动起动机. ②[美口语]工作主动、不需要督促的人。

self-styled [self'staɪld] *a* 自封的,自称的: The ~ "Dr" Smith has never been awarded a degree of any kind. 那位自称为“博士”的史密斯先生从未得过任何学位。

self-suf·fi·cien·cy [selfsə'fɪʃənsi] *n* [U] ①自给自足. ②自满。

self-suf·fi·cient [selfsə'fɪʃənt] *a* ①自给自足的: The country has now become ~ in woolen goods. 现在这

个国家在毛纺织品方面已能自给自足了. ②自满的,自命不凡的。

self-sup·port·ing [selfsə'pɔ:tiŋ] *a* ①自立的;自谋生活的:a ~ student 工读生. ②(指商业方面)能自己维持的,不需要补助的.

self-sus·tain·ing [selfsə:s'teiniŋ] *a* 自立的;自给的: ~ and self-sufficient 自给自足的.

self-taught [self'tɔ:t] *a* 自学的;自修的: Russian S ~ 《俄语自修课本》[动宾结构: teach oneself].

self-will [self'wil] *n* [U] 任性;固执。

self-wind·ing [self'waindɪŋ] *a* (手表等)自动上发条的(由于手臂的摆动).

sell [sel] *I* (sold; sold [səuld]) ① *vt* ①卖,售出: Do you ~ notebooks? 你们卖笔记本吗? Will you ~ me the book (~ the book to me)? 你把这本书卖给我好吗? (这本书卖不卖?) Cloth is sold by the yard. 布是论码卖的. ~ sth by auction 拍卖某物. ~ goods by wholesale (retail) 批发(零售)货物. ~ sth at a good price 高价卖某物. I'll ~ it to you for £ 5. 我愿以五英镑的价格把它卖给你. ②[比喻]出卖;牺牲: ~ one's country 卖国. ~ one's honour 牺牲荣誉. ③使卖出: It is not the low price but their quality which ~ s our goods. 我们的货物卖出并非因为价廉而是因为质量好. ④[口语]宣传;说服: ~ a person on the idea 说服某人接受这种主意(思想). Are the workers sold on the idea of profit-sharing? 工人们接受分享利润的主意了吗? ⑤[通常用被动语态]欺骗: I have been sold. 我受骗了. Sold again! 又上当了! ② *vi* 卖;销售: This book ~ s well. 这本书销路广. ~ like hot cakes (wildfire) 畅销. It ~ s at a high (good) price. 这卖得很贵. || ~ sth off 廉价出售(存货). ~ sth out ①卖完: The book you ask for is sold out. 你要的书已卖完了. ②出卖(股票): He sold out his share of the business and retired. 他卖出了他在企业里的股份而后退休了. ~ sb up 迫使某人变卖一切财务以偿债: I went bankrupt and was sold up. 我破产了,变卖了财物偿还债务. ~ oneself ①自我吹嘘;自我推销. ②背叛自己;出卖自己. ~ the pass 当叛徒;做对本国或己方不利的事. ~ one's soul (to the devil) 作贼;出卖灵魂. ~ short 卖空. ~ sth (sb) short 贬抑某事(某人);小看某事(某人). ~ like hot cakes 卖得很快,销路好. ~ sb down the river 出卖某人;背叛某人;陷害某人. *be sold on sth* 相信某事;接受某事.
II *n* [俚]①失望: What a ~ ! 真令人失望! ②卖;推销: hard (soft) ~ 硬行(说服、宣传)推销. [见

sale; >下条]

sell·er [ˈselə] **n** [C] ①卖者, 卖方: a sellers' market 卖方市场(指货少价高). ②行销货: a best ~ 畅销品, 畅销. This novel was a best ~ last year. 这本小说是去年的一本畅销书. [>bookseller]

sell(-)out [ˈseləut] **n** [口语] ①售完. ②客满, 满座: As usual the match is a ~. 这场比赛照常是观众满座.

sel·vage, sel·vedge [ˈselvidʒ] **n** [C] ①布的织边, 布边. ②[地]断层泥. [self + edge]

selves [selvz] **n** self 的复数.

se·man·teme [siˈmæntɪm] **n** [C] 【语】语义单位; 语义成分; 语义要素. [semantic + phoneme]

se·man·tic(al) [siˈmæntɪk(al)] **a** 语义的; 语义学的: a ~ change 语义的演变. a ~ count of words 单词的语义计数. [<希腊语 sema, a sign; >上条]

se·man·tics [siˈmæntɪks] **n** [U] ①【语】语义学. ②【逻】意义学; 语义学派. [见上条; 从法语]

sem·a·phone [ˈseməfə(r)] **I n** ①[C] 脉冲信号, 信号机. ②[U] 信号; 旗语: ~ flag 手旗.

II ① **vi** 打信号; 打旗号. ② **vt** 打信(旗)号通知. [< 希腊语 séma, a sign + pherein, to bear]

Se·ma·rang [səˈmɑ:rəŋ] **n** 三宝垄[印度尼西亚港市].

sem·blance [ˈsembləns] **n** ①[C] 类似. ②外表: under the ~ of … 在…的外衣下, 在…的幌子下. put on a ~ of gaiety 假装快乐的样子. [<拉丁语 similis, like; 见 similar, resemblance]

se·men [ˈsimən] **n** [U] 【生理】精液, 【植】胚种. [<拉丁语, a seed; >seminal, seminary]

sem·es·ter [seˈmɛstə] **n** [C] ①(美、德等国的)一学期, 半学年(英国用 term). [<拉丁语 sex, six + mensis, month]

sem·i- [ˈsemi-] **pref** 半; 部分的. [拉丁语]

sem·i-an·nual [ˈsemiˌænjuəl] **a** 半年的; 一年两次的.

sem·i-au·to·mat·ic [ˈsemiˌɔ:təˌmætɪk] **a** 半自动的; (武器)自动装填的: a ~ rifle 半自动步枪.

sem·i-cir·cle [ˈsemiˌsɜ:kəl] **n** [C] 半圆: We sat in a ~ facing the teacher. 我们面对着老师坐成半圆形.

sem·i-cir·cu·lar [ˈsemiˌsɜ:kjulər] **a** 半圆形的. [见上条]

sem·i-co·lon [ˈsemiˌkɔ:lən] **n** [C] 分号[;]. [<colon]

sem·i-col·on·y [ˈsemiˌkɔ:ləni] **n** 半殖民地.

sem·i-con·duc·tor [ˈsemɪkənˌdʌktər] **n** [C] 半导体: ~ electronics 半导体电子学.

sem·i-de·tached [ˈsemidiˌtætʃt] **a** (房屋)一侧与他屋相连接的; 共一堵墙的.

sem·i-feu·dal [ˈsemiˌfju:dəl] **a** 半封建的.

sem·i(-)fi·nal [ˌsemɪˈfaɪnl] **n** & **a** 半决赛(的). [>下条]

sem·i(-)fi·nal·ist [ˌsemɪˈfaɪnlɪst] **n** 参加半决赛的选手; 第三名. [<上条]

sem·i·nal [ˈsɪmɪnl] **a** ①精液的: ~ duct 输精管. ②种子的: ~ leaf 子叶. ③生殖的: ~ power 生殖力. ④胚胎的; 有潜力的; 尚在发展中的: in a ~ state 在胚胎状态中. a ~ artist 有潜力的艺术家. [< semén]

sem·i·nar [ˈsemɪnər] **n** [C] ①(大学的)研究班, 课堂讨论: hold ~s 进行课堂讨论. ②实习班, [美]专家研讨会. [见下条; 从德语]

sem·i·na·ry [ˈsemɪnəri] **n** [C] ①(女)学校. ②神学院. ③发源地; 温床: a ~ of vice 罪恶的渊薮. [< semen]

sem·i·of·fi·cial [ˌsemɪˌɔ:fɪʃəl] **a** 半官方的.

sem·i·ol·o·gy [ˈsemɪˌɒlədʒi] **n** [U] 【医】症状学.

sem·i·per·me·a·ble [ˈsemɪˌpɜ:mɪəbl] **a** 半渗透的, 半透的: a ~ membrane 半透膜.

Se·mite [ˈsɪ:maɪt] **I n** 闪米特人(近代主要指阿拉伯人和希伯来人).

II a 闪米特人的; 犹太人的. [见下条]

Sem·i·tic [ˈsɪmitɪk] **I a** 闪米特族的; 闪语系的: the ~ languages 闪语(系).

II n [U] 闪语. [<希伯来语 Shēm, Shem]

sem·i·trop·i·cal [ˈsemɪˌtrəpɪkəl] **a** 亚热带的.

sem·i(-)vow·el [ˈsemɪˌvaʊəl] **n** [C] 【语】半元音; 半元音字母.

Sen, sen 缩 ①Senate 参议院. ②Senator 参议员. ③senior 年长的.

sen·ate [ˈsenɪt] **n** [C] ①(古罗马的)元老院. ②[S~] (美国、法国等)参议院, 上院. ③(大学的)评议会. [<拉丁语 senex, old; >下条; 见 senile]

sen·a·tor [ˈsenɪtə] **n** ①[常大写]参议员. ②(大学的)评论员. ③(古罗马的)元老院议员. [<上条; >下条]

sen·a·to·ri·al [ˌsənəˈtɔ:rɪəl] **a** ①参议院的; 评议会的. ②参议员的. [<上条]

send [send] (sent, sent) ① **vt** ①寄; 送: ~ a message 送个信. I have sent him a telegram. 我打了个电报给他. ~ goods by rail 用火车运货. ~ word (间接)通知; 转告. ②打发, 派遣: ~ a person for the letter 派人去取信. They sent their children to school. 他们送孩子上学. The children were sent to bed. 打发孩子们去睡觉. ③使变成: This noise is ~ ing me mad. 吵闹声快要使我发疯了. ④(旧时指上帝、神)施与, 赐给: Heaven ~ that he arrives safely. 上帝保佑他一路平安. ② **vi** 派人; 寄信. || ~ sb away 解雇某人. ~

away for sth 从远处订(货): When we lived in the country, we had to ~ away for many things we needed. 我们住在乡下时, 必须向远处订购我们所需要的许多东西. ~ **sth back** 送还, 赔还. ~ **down** 1)降低(温度、价格等): The storm sent the temperature down. 这场暴风雨(雪)使气温下降了. 2)送下某物. [反] **take up** ~ **sb down** (英国大学)开除. ~ **for sb** 派人去叫某人: ~ for a doctor 叫人去请医生. ~ **for sth** 派人去拿(某物): ~ for the luggage 派人去取行李. ~ **sth forth** 发出; 生出: ~ forth leaves 生叶. ~ **in 1)** 送…参加比赛或展览: ~ in two oil paintings 送展油画二幅. 2)递(名片等): ~ in one's card 递名片. 3)报名: ~ in one's name for a contest 报名参加比赛. ~ **one's name in** 通报姓名. ~ **sth off** 寄出; 送发. ~ **sb off** 送别[> send-off]: Many of his friends went to the airport to ~ him off. 他的许多朋友去机场欢送他. ~ **on 1)** 预送; 随后送(= ~ in advance or after): I've already sent on my luggage. 我早把行李送去了. 2)转送: I asked my wife to ~ all my letters on while I was away from home. 当我离开家时, 我请妻子把我的信都转寄给我. ~ **sth out** 1)派去, 打发. 2)散发; 放出: The sun ~ s out light and heat. 太阳发出光和热. ~ **up 1)** 使(价格、温度)升高: The heavy demand for beef sent the price up. 对牛肉大量的需求使其价格上升. 2)呈递: His application has been sent up for approval. 他的申请已送上去审批. 3)取笑某人或某事. ~ **sb packing** = ~ **sb about his business** [口语, 常用被动] 解雇某人; 要某人卷铺盖. [> 下二条]

send·er ['sendə] **n** ①发送者; 送货人. ②发送器; 发射机. [< 上条]

send-off ['send'ɔ:f] **n** [C] 送行, 欢送: He was given a good ~. 他受到热烈的欢送.

Sen·e·gal ['seni'gɔ:l] **n** 塞内加尔: the Republic of Senegal 塞内加尔共和国[首都 Dakar 达喀尔].

se·nes·cent [si'nesənt] **a** 显老的: I may be ~, but I'm not yet senile. 我可能有些显老了, 但还没有老态龙钟. [< 拉丁语 senescere, grow old]

sen·e·schal ['seniʃəl] **n** (中世纪贵族城堡中的)管家, 执事. [< 日耳曼语 siniskalk, oldest servant]

se·nile ['sɪnɪl] **a** 老年的; 衰老的: ~ decay 年老体衰. [< 拉丁语 senex, old; > 下条]

se·nil·i·ty [sɪ'niliti] **n** [U] 衰老. [< 上条]

sen·ior ['sɪnjə] **I a** ①年长的(常略作 Sr., 加在姓名后): John Smith, Senior 大(老)约翰·史密斯. the ~ member 年序最长的会员 [比较: the oldest member

资格最老的会员]. He is two years ~ to me. 他比我大两岁. ②前辈的; 资格较老的; 地位较高的; 资历较深的: Smith is ~ partner in the firm. 史密斯是商行的大股东(老板). ③[英](大学一年级以上的)高年级的; [美](大学)四年级的; (中学)高年级的: the ~ class 高年级; 四年级. a ~ man 高年级学生.

II n [U] ①年长者; 老大哥: He is my ~ by ten years. 他比我大十岁. ②先辈; 长者; 上级: The ~ s (= members of the ~ class) defeated the juniors by 3-1. 高年级同学以三比一战胜低年级同学. ③[美]四年级学生; 应届毕业生. [< 拉丁语 senex, old; > sire; 下条]

se·ni·or·i·ty [sɪ'nɪərɪtɪ] **n** [U] ①年长. ②上级. ③资历深: Should promotion be through merit or through ~? 提升是根据功绩还是资历? [< 上条]

sen·na ['senə] **n** [U] 【植】山扁豆属植物; 【医】番泻叶. [< 阿拉伯语 sanā]

se·ñor [se'njօ:r] (pl señores [se'njօ:rɛs]) **n** 先生(相当于英语的 Mr. 或 Sir) [< 西班牙语; > 下条]

se·no·ra [se'njօ:rə] **n** 夫人, 太太; 女士(相当于英语的 Madam 或 Mrs.). [< 西班牙语; < 上条; > 下条]

se·no·ri·ta [se'njօ:r'itə] **n** 姑娘; 小姐(相当于英语的 Miss). [< 西班牙语 < 上条]

sen·sa·tion [sen'seifən] **n** ①[C] [U] 感觉; 知觉: optical and tactile ~ 视觉和触觉. a ~ of warmth (joy) 热(快乐)的感觉. A dead man is without ~. 死人是没有感觉的. ②[C] 感动; 轰动; 兴奋: create (cause) a ~ among the audience 引起观众的轰动. The news created a great ~. 这条消息引起了很大的轰动. ③[C] 轰动或感动人的事件或人物: He was a ~ as Hamlet. 他是像哈姆雷特一样使人感动的人物. [< 拉丁语 sensus, sense; > 下条]

sen·sa·tion·al [sen'seifənl] **a** ①感觉的. ②轰动的; 钩人听闻的; 哗众取宠的: a ~ murder 钩人听闻的谋杀案. [< 上条]

sen·sa·tion·al·ism [sen'seifənlizəm] **n** [U] ①钩人听闻的手法或题材; 故意危言耸听: The cheap tabloids relied on ~ to increase their circulation. 廉价小报靠钩人听闻的题材增加销路. ②【哲】感觉论. [< 上条]

sense [sens] **I n** ①[C] [U] 官能, 感官: a ~ of sight 视觉. the pleasures of ~ s 感官上的享受. The five ~ s are sight, hearing, smell, taste, and touch. 五种感觉是视觉、听觉、嗅觉、味觉和触觉. ②[C] 感觉: When you touch ice, you have a ~ (= sensation) of coldness. 当你摸冰的时候, 会有冷的感觉. ③[a or the ~] 观念, …感, …心: a ~ of duty (humour) 责任(幽默)

默)感. the moral ~ 道德观念. ④[U]辨别力;情理;道理:a man of ~ 明白人. common ~ 常识. There is no ~ in waiting here. 等在这里没有什么意思. What's the ~ of doing that? 干那件事有什么道理呢? There is a lot of ~ in what he says. 他所说的话颇有道理. ⑤[C]意义,专义;意思:A word usually has more ~s than one. 一个词通常有一个以上的意义. in good (favourable) ~ 含褒义. in unfavourable ~ 含贬义. in the true ~ of the word 按照词的真实意义. ⑥[复]理性,本性:be in one's ~s 有理性,神志清醒. be out of one's ~s 失去理性,疯疯癫癫. bring sb to his (her) ~s 使某人恢复理性;使某人觉悟过来. || *come to one's ~s* 恢复理性,觉悟过来:Don't act so foolishly. Come to your ~s! 不要那么鲁莽,要理智一些! *in a ~* 在某种意义上:In a ~, what you said is correct. 在某种意义上,你所说的是对的. *in all ~s* 在各种意义上;在任何一点上. *in no ~* 决不. *in the strict (liberal, figurative, best, proper, etc) ~* 在严格(字面,比喻,最好,本来等)意义上说. *make ~* 有意;讲得通:This sentence doesn't make ~. 这句句子不通. Can you make ~ of this poem? 你懂得这首诗的意思吗? *take leave of one's ~s* 发疯.

H vt ①(隐约)感到:He ~d that his proposals were unwelcome. 他感觉到他的建议不受欢迎. ②[美口语]认识,领会:She fully ~d the danger of her position. 她完全认识到处境的危险.[<拉丁语 *sentire*, to feel; > nonsense; sensation; 下条; sensible, sensitive; sensory; sensual, sensuous; sentient]

sense·less ['senslis] a ①无知觉的,无感觉的:fall ~ to the ground 昏倒在地. ②愚笨的;无意义的:What a ~ fellow he is! 他是个多么愚蠢的家伙啊! ③不懂的.[<上条]

sen·si·bil·i·ty [sensi'biliti] n ①[U]感性,感觉:the ~ of the skin 皮肤的感觉. ②感受性;敏感:an artist's ~ for beauty 画家对于美的敏感. ~ to kindness 感恩. ③[常用复]感情:sense and ~ 理智和感情. Her sensibilities are easily wounded. 她的情感很容易受到伤害.[见 sensitive; <下条]

sen·si·ble ['sensbl] a ①可感觉到的;明显的:~ phenomena 可感觉得到的现象. There is no ~ difference. 几乎分不出什么区别. ②[表语]知觉的;察觉的:I am ~ of his defects. 我觉察到他的缺点. The eye is ~ to light. 眼能感光. ③懂事的;明智的,明事理的:a ~ fellow 聪明人. How ~ of you! 你真通情达理! ④(指事物)合理的;切合实际的:a ~ plan 切

合实际的计划.[< sense; >上条;下条;反 insensible]

sen·si·bly ['sensəbl] ad ①明显地. ②明智地. ③切合实际地: ~ dressed for hot weather 穿着适合炎热潮湿的衣服.[<上条]

sen·si·tive ['sensitiv] a ①有感觉的;敏感的:a ~ ear 敏感的耳朵. A ~ skin is easily hurt by too much sunshine. 敏感的皮肤晒太阳过多易受伤害. be ~ about ... 对...敏感. be ~ over one's inability 对自己的无能神经过敏. a ~ plant 含羞草. ②灵敏的: ~ thermometers 反应灵敏的温度计. The stock exchange is ~ to political disturbance. 证券交易所对政治风波很敏感. ③易感光的:a ~ paper 感光纸. The film is ~ to light. 胶片能感光.[< sense; >下二条]

sen·si·tive·ness ['sensitivn] n [U] ①过敏;敏感性. ②灵敏(性),灵敏度.[<上条]

sen·si·tiv·i·ty [sensi'tiviti] n [U] ①感受性;敏感性: The dentist gave her an injection to reduce the ~ of the nerves. 牙医给她打了一针以减少神经的敏感性. ②灵敏性;灵敏度:light ~ 光敏度.[同上]

sen·si·tise, sen·si·tize ['sensitaiz] vt ①使(胶片、感光纸等)易于感光;敏化. ②使敏感: ~ sb to sth 使某人对某事敏感起来.[同前]

sen·so·ry ['sensəri] a 感觉的,知觉的: ~ organs 感觉器官.[< sense; > extrasensory]

sen·su·al ['sensjuəl] a ①(贬义)肉体方面的;肉欲的,性欲的: ~ pleasure 肉欲. ②好色的,淫荡的.[< sense; >下二条]

sen·su·al·i·ty [sensju'ælitı] n [U] 荒淫;好色.[< 上条]

sen·su·al·i·ze ['sensjuəlaiz] vt 使色情化;使淫荡.[同上]

sen·su·ous ['sensjuəs] a ①感官上的,感觉上的. ②(褒义)引起美感的,审美的:Keats was a ~ poet. 济慈是一位给人以美的享受的诗人.[同前]

sent [sent] send 的过去式和过去分词.

sen·tence ['sentəns] I n [C] ①判决:the ~ against a person 对某人的判决. pass ~ of death (up) on a special agent 对一个特务判处死刑. ②(刑事案件)宣告,(科刑)判决.[比较:judgment 指民事案件的判决]③【语】句子:a simple ~ 简单句. a compound ~ 并列句. a complex ~ 复杂句. a compound complex ~ 复合句. an elliptical ~ 省略句. a declarative ~ 陈述句. an interrogative ~ 疑问句. an imperative ~ 祈使句. an exclamatory ~ 感叹句. analyze ~s 分析句子. correct a ~ 改句. Write three ~s using "thanks to". 试

用“thanks to”造三个句子。

II vt 判决: The criminal was ~ d to death (three years' imprisonment). 罪犯被判处死刑(三年徒刑). [**<拉丁语 sententia, opinion**]

sen·ten·tious [sen'tenʃəs] **a** ①简洁的;多警句的. ②单调而说教的:a ~ speech 单调而说教的演讲. [见上条]

sen·tient ['senʃənt] **a** 有感觉的;有知觉的;感觉到的:Dogs and horses are ~ beings. 狗和马都是有知觉的动物. [见 sense]

sen·ti·ment ['sentiment] **n** ①情操;思想感情 (= mixture of thought and feeling about a subject): lofty ~ s 高尚的情操. ②七情,感情 (= feelings or emotions collectively): a man of ~ 感情丰富的人. be full of ~ 感情丰富. S~ should be controlled by reason. 感情应受理智的控制. ③(贬义)伤感;多愁善感. ④意见;感想: express one's ~ 表示意见. The ambassador explained the ~ s of his government on the question. 大使就他的政府对该问题的意见做出解释. [**<拉丁语 sentire, to feel; < presentiment**]

sen·ti·men·tal [,senti'mental] **a** ①感情的: do sth for ~ reasons 感情用事. ②感伤的: ~ poetry (novels) 感伤诗(小说). ③(指人)多愁善感的:a ~ girl 多愁善感的女孩. ④(贬义)感情脆弱的. [**<上条; >下二条**]

sen·ti·men·tal·ist [,senti'mentalist] **n** 唯情主义者;多愁善感的人;伤感的人. [**<上条**]

sen·ti·men·tal·i·ty [,sentimen'talitē] **n** ①内情生活,情感生活;感情脆弱,感伤 (= excessive and uncontrolled feeling). [**同上**]

sen·ti·men·tal·i·se, sen·ti·men·tal·i·ze [,senti'mentalaiz] ① vt 使感伤. ② vi 溺于伤感;感情用事. [**同前**]

sen·ti·nel ['sentinəl] **n** ①卫兵,步哨;看守 (= sentry): stand ~ (over) 守卫;放哨. [**<拉丁语 sentire, to feel**]

sen·try ['sentri] **n** ①卫兵,步哨: be on ~ 站岗. || ~ go 执行步哨勤务: be on ~ -go 放哨. ②警卫,看守. [见上条; **>下条**]

sen·try-box ['sentriboks] **n** ①岗亭.

Seoul [səʊl] **n** 汉城[大韩民国首都].

sep·al ['sepəl] **n** ①【植】萼片. [**<希腊语 skepē, a covering + 拉丁语 petalum, petal**]

sep·a·ra·ble ['sepərəbl] **a** 可分离的,分得开的. [**<下条; >反 inseparable**]

sep·a·rate ['sepərət] **I a** ①分离的;分隔的;分开的;不相连的: Cut it into three ~ parts. 把它切成三份.

Mr. Green and his wife are living ~ (= apart) now. 格林先生和他的妻子现在分居了. ②个别的,单独的;独立的: The children sleep in ~ beds. 孩子们睡在各自的床上.

II ['sepəreɪt] ① **vt** 使分离,使分开;使分隔: ~ cream from milk 从牛奶中提取奶油. S~ the good ones from the bad. 使好的和坏的分开. S~ them into two parties. 把他们分成两队. ② **vi** ①分别;分散;脱离: ~ from a church 脱离教会. They did not ~ till midnight. 他们直到半夜才分手. ②(夫妻)分居. [**<拉丁语 se-, apart + parare, arrange; >上条; 下四条**]

sep·a·rate·ly ['sepri:tli] **ad** 分别地;各别地;单独地: Do we go together or ~? 我们一起去还是各自去? [**<上条**]

sep·a·ra·tion [,sepə'reiʃən] **n** ①分离 (between two persons, from a person); 分隔: S~ from his friends made him sad. 和朋友们分离使他很伤心. ②离析. ③(夫妻)分居: judicial ~ 法院判定的夫妇分居. ④[定语]: a ~ centre 复员转业中心. the ~ rate 离职率. [**同上**]

sep·a·ra·tist ['sepə'reatist] **n** 【政治、宗教】分离主义者. [**同前**]

sep·a·ra·tor ['sepəreɪtər] **n** ①分离者. ②分离器,离析器;分隔器;隔板. [**同前**]

se·pi·a ['sɪpjə] **n** ①乌贼的墨汁;乌贼染料. ②乌贼属. ③棕黑色. [**<希腊语 cuttlefish**]

se·poy ['sɪ:pɔɪ] **n** 印度兵 (尤指过去在英军中的印度兵). [**<波斯语 sīpāh, army**]

sep·sis ['sepsɪs] (**pl** sepses ['sepsɪz]) **n** ①败血;浓毒病. [**<希腊语 sēpein, make putrid**]

Sept. 缩 = September.

Sep·tem·ber [sep'tembə] **n** ①九月 (缩 Sept. or Sep.).

sep·tet [sep'tet] **n** ①七重唱(曲);七重奏(曲). ②七人一组;七个一组. [**<拉丁语 septem, seven**]

sep·tic ['septik] **a** ①腐败性的,引起腐烂的: a ~ tank 化粪池. ②脓毒性的;败血病的: A dirty wound may become ~. 脏的伤口有可能引起败血性感染. [**> antiseptic**]

sep·ti·ce·mi·a [,septi'simɪə] **n** 败血病. [**<希腊语 séptikos, putrefactive + haima, blood**]

sep·tu·a·ge·nar·i·an [,septjuədʒi'nærɪən] **a & n** 七十至七十九岁的(人). [**<拉丁语 septuaginta, seventy**]

se·pul·chral [si'pʌlkral] **a** ①坟墓的. ②阴森森的,阴沉的: a ~ voice (look) 阴郁的声音(脸色). [**<下条**]

sep·ul·chre, sep·ul·cher ['sepəlkə] I n [C] 坟墓, 石墓; 墓穴; a whitened ~ 假道学; 伪君子. the Holy S~ 圣墓, 耶稣的墓.

II vt 埋葬. [<拉丁语 sepelire, to bury; >上条]

sep·ul·ture ['sepətlə] n [U] 埋葬; 墓地. [见上条]

se·quel ['sikwəl] n [C] ①继续; 续集; 下篇: I am waiting for a ~ of the story. 我等待着这部小说的续集. ②后果, 收场, 余波: The ~ is tragic. 结局悲惨. Famine has often been the ~ of war. 饥荒常常是战争的结果. in the ~ 结局; 到后来. [<拉丁语 sequi, follow]

se·quence ['si:kwəns] n ①[U] 连续; 继续; [C] 连串; 序列, 叙列: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5… or 2, 4, 6, 8, … is a ~ of numbers. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, … 或 2, 4, 6, 8, … 是数的序列. ②[U] 先后; 次序, 顺序: the ~ of tenses [语]时态的呼应(或配合). [例如: I should think there was enough now. 我倒以为当时是够了.] in ~ of date 按照日期先后. in ~ 顺次. in regular ~ 按着次序: In a poem, cadences are arranged in regular ~. 在一首(英)诗里, 抑扬顿挫是按一定顺序配置的. the ~ of events 事情的先后次序. a ~ of clubs (牌戏中的)同花顺子. ③[C] 结果(= sequel). ④[C] 段落. [<下条; 见 consequence]

se·quent ['sikwənt] a 继续的; 继起的; 相随的; 结果的. [>上条, 下条]

se·quen·tial [si'kwenʃəl] a 继起的; 连续的; 相随的. [<上条]

se·ques·ter [si'kwestə] vt ①[法] 扣押(财产). ②没收; 接受(敌产). ③使分离; 使隔绝: ~ oneself from the world 与世隔绝. lead a ~ ed life 过隐居生活. [<近代拉丁语 sequestrare, remove]

se·ques·trate [si'kwestreɪt] vt ①扣押(债务人的财产、 地产). ②查封; 没收: The soldiers ~ d horses and food from the people they conquered. 士兵们没收了他们所征服的人民的马匹和食物. [见上条]

se·quin ['si:kwin] n [C] ①(装饰衣服用的)小金属圆片. ②(过去意大利用的)金币. [<阿拉伯语 sikkah, a stamp]

se·qui·a [si'kwoiə] n [C] 【植】红杉属. [近代拉丁语, < Sequoia (北美印第安人)]

se·ra·gli·o [se'ra:gliə] n (pl ~s) ①[C] (过去土耳其的)皇宫(包括政府机关在内). ②闺房; 妻妾. [意大利语; <拉丁语 sera, a lock]

seraph ['serəf] n (pl seraphs or seraphim ['serəfɪm]) 六翼天使, 最高天使 (= an angel of the highest rank). [<希伯来语; >下条]

se·raph·ic [se'ræfɪk] a ①最高天使的. ②安详的; 像天使般快乐的. [<上条]

Serb [sə:b] I n ①塞尔维亚人. ②[U] 塞尔维亚语.

II a ①塞尔维亚(人)的. ②塞尔维亚语的. [>下三条]

Ser·bia ['sə:bjə] n 塞尔维亚[前南斯拉夫联盟共和国成员共和国名]. [<上条; 见下二条]

Ser·bi·an ['sə:bjən] I a ①塞尔维亚的. ②塞尔维亚人的, 塞尔维亚语的.

II n ①塞尔维亚人. ②[U] 塞尔维亚语. [< Serb]

Ser·bo-Cro·a·tian ['sə:bəukrəu'eɪʃən] n [U] 塞尔维亚-克罗地亚语(南斯拉夫通用语言).

sere [sia] a 枯萎的, 干枯的. [sear 的异体]

ser·e·nade ['seri'neid] I n [U] [C] 小夜曲.

II vt & vi (对…)唱(或奏)小夜曲. [<拉丁语 serenus, clear; 见 serene]

ser·en·dip·i·ty [,serən'dipitɪ] n 偶然发现珍贵东西的运气. [<波斯语 fairy tale, The Three Princes of Serendip]

se·rene [si'rin] a ①晴朗: a ~ sky 晴朗的天空. ②宁静, 安静; 从容: a ~ life 宁静的生活. a ~ look (smile) 从容的神情(微笑). [<拉丁语 serenus, clear]

serf [sə:f] n ①农奴: S~s stood up in Tibet. 西藏的农奴们站起来了. a ~ owner 农奴主. ②[比喻]奴隶; 苦役. [<拉丁语 servus, a slave; >下条]

serf·dom ['sə:fdəm] n [U] ①农奴身份. ②农奴制. [<上条]

serge [sə:dʒ] n ①哔叽. ②[作定语]: a blue ~ suit 蓝哔叽衣服. [法语, <拉丁语 sericus, silken]

ser·geant ['sa:dʒənt] n [C] ①军士; (美国陆军的)中士: a staff ~ 上士. ②警官, 巡官. [<拉丁语 servire, serve; >下条; serjeant]

ser·geant-ma·jor ['sa:dʒənt'meɪdʒə] n 军士长. [> major?]

se·ri·al ['si:riəl] I a 连续的; 连载的; 一连串的; 一系列的: the ~ number of cheque 一张支票的顺序号码. a ~ story 连载小说. a ~ play 连续剧.

II n [C] ①连载小说. ②成套电影; 分集影片; 电视连续节目. [<拉丁语 series, order]

se·ri·al·ize ['si:riəlaiz] vt 使连载; 连续出版. [<上条]

se·ri·a·tim ['seri'eitim] ad 逐一地; 依次地; 连续地: deal with problems ~ 逐个处理问题.

ser·i·cul·ture ['seri:kʌltʃə] n [U] 养蚕; 蚕丝业.

se·ries ['si:riəz] n (单复同) ①系列; 连串; 系; 连续: a

~ of successes 一系列的成功(胜利). a ~ of good harvests 连年的丰收. a ~ of stamps 一套邮票. a television ~ 电视连续节目. ②丛书: the Belles-Lettres [bélétr] S~ 文艺丛书. the first ~ 第一辑. ③【数】级数: an arithmetical ~ 算术级数, 等差级数. a geometrical ~ 几何级数, 等比级数. ④【地】统, (岩系的)段: || in ~ 1) [状语] 连续地; 按顺序排列地. 2) [定语] 串联的. [<拉丁语 serere, to join; 见 serried; > serial]

se·ri·o·com·ic ['síriəu'kómik] **a** 既庄严又诙谐的: a ~ novel 又严肃又诙谐的小说.

se·ri·ous ['síriəs] **a** ①严肃; 庄重的: a ~ appearance 严肃的外表. look ~ 表情严肃. a ~ young man 一个持重的年轻人. ②认真地: a ~ worker 工作认真的人. make a ~ attempt 认真尝试. Please be ~ about your work. 请专心工作. Are you ~? 你是当真的吗? ③严重: ~ consequences 严重的后果. ~ illness 重病. The international situation looks ~. 国际形势看来相当严重. The state of affairs is very ~. 情况非常严重. [<拉丁语 serius; >下二条]

se·ri·ous·ly ['síriəslɪ] **ad** ①严肃地. ②认真的: think ~ 认真思考. You take things too ~. 你把事情看得太认真了. ③严重地: Mother is ~ ill. 母亲病重. [<上条]

se·ri·ous·ness ['síriəsnis] **n** [U] ①严肃. ②认真. ③严重. || in all ~ 非常严肃地; 庄重的: I tell you this in all ~. 我郑重地告诉你这件事. [同上]

ser·jéant ['sárdʒənt] **n** 【历史】法律顾问, 高级律师. || **S~ -at-arms** ['sárdʒənt ət'ərmz] (担任礼仪或维持法庭、议会的秩序的)警卫官. [sergeant 的异体]

ser·mon ['sérmən] **n** [C] ①布道; 说教. ②[贬义]教训. [<拉丁语 sermo, discourse; >下条]

ser·mon·ize ['sérmənaɪz] **① vi** 布道, 讲道; 教训: Stop sermonizing to me on my fault! 别对我的过错教训我了! **② vt** 对…布道; 对…讲道; 对…说教. [<上条]

se·rol·o·gy [sí'rolədʒí] **n** [U] 血清学. [< serum]

se·rous ['sírəs] **a** 血清的; 浆液状的. [< serum]

ser·pent ['sérpənt] **n** [C] ①大蛇(= a large snake). ②奸人; 阴险毒辣的人. ③the (old) S~ 魔鬼. [<拉丁语 serpere, creep; >下条]

ser·pen·tine ['sérpəntain] **I a** ①蛇状的. ②蜿蜒的; 螺旋形的, 盘旋的: the ~ course of the river 蜿蜒的河道. ③阴险毒辣的.

II n [U] 【矿】蛇纹岩. [<上条]

ser·rate ['serit, 'sereit], **ser·ra·ted** ['sereitid] **a** 齿形(边)的: ~ leaves 锯齿状叶子. [<拉丁语 serra, a

saw]

ser·ried ['séríd] **a** (人的行列等)密集的; 拥挤的: in ~ ranks 密集排列的.

se·rum ['sírəm] (pl serums or sera ['sírə]) **n** ①[U] 血浆. ②[C] 血清. [拉丁语 whey; >serology]

ser·vant ['sávənt] **n** ①仆人, 佣人. have a large staff of ~s 仆人众多. engage (dismiss) a ~ 雇用(辞退)仆人. ②公务员; 雇员: public ~ 公仆(如警官, 消防队员等). civil ~ 政府雇员, 文职人员. Your obedient ~. 你的恭顺的仆人(公务信件末尾署名前的客套语). ③忠实的门徒(信徒): a ~ of Jesus Christ 耶稣基督的忠实信徒. ④有用的工具: Fire is a good ~ but a bad master. 火是忠仆, 但用之不慎便成灾主. [<拉丁语 servire, serve; >下条, maid servant, manservant]

ser·vant·maid ['sávəntmeɪd] **n** 女仆, 保姆 (= maid-servant, servant-girl).

serve [sérv] **I ① vt** ①为…服务; 为…服役: ~ the country 为国家服务. Science ~s the people. 科学为人民服务. ②招待: ~ customers 招待顾客. ③适合; 对…有用: This dictionary may ~ my purpose. 这本词典能满足我的需要. Make the past ~ the present and foreign things ~ China. 古为今用, 洋为中用. It isn't very good but it will ~ me. 它并不很好, 但我正用得着它. ④供应; 上(饭菜等): ~ the soup 上汤. ~ wine to the guests 给客人斟酒. Dinner is ~d. 饭已准备好了. We are well ~d with gas in this town. 在这个市镇里煤气的供应很好. ⑤对待: He ~s me ill. 他待我很坏. ~ a person a trick = ~ a trick on a person 作弄某人. ⑥消磨(= pass, spend); 经历(= undergo): ~ an apprenticeship 当学徒. ~ time (~ a sentence) 服刑. ⑦发(球), 开(球): ~ a ball 发球. **② vi** ①服务; 服役; 任职: He has ~d in the army for three years. = has ~d three years in the army. 他已在部队里服役三年了. ②招待; 侍候: ~ at table 侍候吃饭(帮助上饭菜). ~ as an interpreter 担任翻译. ③适合, 适用: This box will ~ for a seat. 这只箱子可以用来当个座位. ④(网球等)发球: It's your turn to ~. 该你发球了. || **as occasion** ~s 一有适当的机会. **as memory** ~s 每逢想起. ~ on 是…的成员: ~ on a committee 任委员会委员. ~ sb out 叫某人吃苦头. ~ sb right 给某人应得的报应: It ~s you (him) right! 你(他)活该! ~ sb's needs = ~ sb's purpose(s) 满足某人要求. ~ two masters 两面讨好; 不忠. ~ under sb 为某人部下. ~ to show sth 足以表明某事.