



NEW CONCEPT ENGLISH

新概念英语

同步自测与精讲

2

Corresponding Self-Test and Intensive Analysis

丛书主编 江 涛 孟 飞
本书主编 钟艳萍 孟 飞

直通高考

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前 言

记得上高中的时候就学过《新概念英语》这套教材，一个英语兴趣班中 20 来人，共用 6 本国外的影印版，还是老师给上几届师兄用过后留下的，就是烂得不行的那种，还带着黄斑。

后来上大学的时候，亚历山大给我们做过一堂讲座，说什么忘记了，但好像有个细节，就是他老人家抱怨了一句，中国盗版太多。

后来自己当上了英文老师，给人上课也用过《新概念英语》，这时版本已更新成现在流行的那种，20 个人的兴趣班也不复存在，也不是三四个人一本教材了，而是黑压压的数百人，一个人手有好几本书，除了教材，还有参考书、自学手册、掌中宝词汇等等。

那天，随意翻了一本《新概念英语》的版权页，322 万册。吓了我一大跳的，倒不是 322 万册本身，而是 322 万册和其背后数以百倍记的盗版书的使用者的数字。

我这里绝非想表明我以前不了解《新概念英语》在中国的“垄断”地位，而是有的时候当你知道一个准确的数字代表的真实情况时，即便你有心理准备，也不免大吃一惊。

就像你早已知道大家爱喝可口可乐，但被告知地球人每天喝掉 10 亿罐可乐，而这些可乐的罐子可以排起来几乎能绕大半个赤道时吃惊一样。

就像我得知中国《新概念英语》学习者的数字，而大多数人还是用一种错误的方式或心态学习，或被误导时吃惊一样。

所谓的错误方式是指大多数大陆的《新概念英语》使用者一般采取的是强记强背的方式。一般的培训班教完一册的时间为 90 个课时，每次 4 课时，2 个月就上完一册本该一年学完的书。有些学生向我抱怨，进度太快，往往是这课还没学好，下一课又来了。背了就忘，忘了又背，反反复复，记得糊涂！

更是有些勤奋的学生也越学越困惑，他们经常问我，如何算是学好了？学完了这册能怎样？我理解这些学生的困惑，那是一个人在海里游泳，无论如何用力都看不到终点的一种迷茫和无助。

没有足够的练习去深化和巩固课堂讲授的知识，对于学习语言是徒劳的，没有目标的征程更是容易让人放弃的。于是，带着如此厚重的使命，我们又再次出发。

如今，呈现在你手中的就是解决以上问题的成果。把新概念的语法、词汇体系和与之难度对应的考试结合起来，编成了这一套《新概念英语同步自测与精讲》丛书。

本套丛书有 2 个特点，其一是同步，其二是精讲。

同步有两个层面。第一是难度与考试同步。第一册的知识点被有机地和中考联系在一起，

第二册的重点、难点和高考水乳相融，而三册则与大学英语四级考试相匹配。题型设置完全与考试一致，多数题目是在各类考试题库中搜出，再根据《新概念英语》教材的语法、词汇的分布顺序排列，既保证习题是教材的重点，又确保习题指向明确。**第二是学习进度和测试同步。**保证每学完一个小单元，就会有一个根据单元重点而出的练习，保证少食多餐，循序渐进。

精讲是指的练习后的重点难点都会有详细的讲解和总结，每个解析都包括[课文出处]、[核心考点]、[危险陷阱]、[必备知识]。目的不仅在于重点知识的巩固，还在于强化解题的经验技巧总结。一箭而双雕！

成功在于不断突破，而突破在于不寻常路上的坚持。当我决定要编一套这样不寻常的教材时，我已然感到了突破的脉搏。你呢？

编者

2005年12月

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Unit 1

Lesson 1 to Lesson 4

第一部分 听力

I. (共 5 小题) 听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. How much is the ticket?
A. \$8.5 B. \$8 C. \$5
2. Why didn't the woman enjoy the movie?
A. The movie wasn't very exciting.
B. There were people eating in the theater.
C. The children were talking in front of her.
3. When does the play end?
A. 6:30 B. 8:30 C. 9:00
4. What are the two speakers talking about?
A. They had a really bad day.
B. The bad weather of the day.
C. Newspapers.
5. When will aunt Lucy arrive at the man's place?
A. 1:00 B. 1:30 C. When the man is having breakfast.

II. (共 3 小题) 听下面一段短文。短文后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听短文前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将有 5 秒钟的作答时间。短文读两遍。

6. Where was Tony sleeping?
A. on the floor B. on the couch C. in my room
7. When did the earthquake happen?
A. 8:31 B. 8:39 C. 8:41
8. What did the writer do when he realized that an earthquake happened?
A. cried and shouted
B. got under the table and shouted
C. got under the couch and shouted

26. —I heard that you got the visa to visit Canada. Congratulations! How will you go there?
—I'm considering going there _____.
A. with plane B. take a plane C. by air D. through air
27. My teacher encouraged _____ a summer course to improve my English.
A. me for taking B. me to take C. for me to take D. me taking
28. This seems to be a _____ of dealing with the problem.
A. sensitive B. sensible C. senseful D. senior

II. 阅读理解 (共 4 小题)

阅读下面一篇短文, 从 A, B, C, D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

The Little Theater in Haymarket was one of the best theaters in London during the latter half of the 18th century. Built and opened in 1720, the Little Theater was originally designed as a playhouse for French performers.

True to its name, the Little Theater's original measurements were 48 feet wide by 136 feet long. It was reported to be at least three stories, with a basement, a gallery and several small shops in the front of the building. The seating arrangement, like most theaters during this time, consisted of long benches with no backs. Because of this, the Little Theater could seat anywhere from 600 to almost 1500 people. Performance during the hot summer months required that there be a **ventilation system** to allow fresh air into the theater. Unlike other theaters in London, the Little Theater was not decorated with painted ceilings or walls. The Little Theater would undergo many changes during its hundred years as an entertainment center including three remodeling projects between 1739 and 1760 and an almost complete rebuilding in 1767.

From its construction in 1720, the Little Theater had not had a true resident company of actors. This changed in the summer of 1729, a company opened from May until August performing four to five times a week. The player's success continued until 1731, when the government interfered with the production of a politically controversial play called *Mortimer*. The Little Theater was closed down entirely, and did not open again until a new troupe of actors took up residence in the summer of 1734.

29. What does the phrase "ventilation system" in the second paragraph mean?
A. the facilities that can make the place cooler
B. the facilities that can keep the air circulating
C. a man who is in charge of the arrangement of the theater
D. a group of people who are in charge of the arrangement of the theater
30. Why is that the Little Theater could seat anywhere from 600 to almost 1500 people?
A. The arrangement of it is really similar to the theater now.
B. The original measurements were 48 feet wide and 136 feet long.
C. It has long benches with no backs.
D. The Little Theater was not decorated with painted ceilings or walls.
31. What is the second paragraph about?
A. The proportions of the theater.
B. The history of the theater.
C. The ventilation system of the theater.
D. The general physical description of the theater.
32. What can we learn from this article?
A. The Little Theater has not had a true resident company of actors.
B. The Little Theater was closed down entirely in 1731 because of its poor management.
C. People in London spent a lot of time watching plays in the past.

Unit 2

Lesson 5 to Lesson 8

第一部分 听力

I. (共 5 小题) 听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- How much will the man pay for two general tickets and two student tickets?
A. The man will pay twenty dollars.
B. The man will pay thirty dollars.
C. The man will pay forty dollars.
- What does the woman do?
A. She is a teacher
B. She is a housewife.
C. She is an editor.
- Why is Linda good at all the subjects?
A. She is clever.
B. She works hard.
C. Both A and B.
- What time is it now?
A. 2: 05
B. 2: 30
C. 2: 55
- What does the man call the woman?
A. Ms. Black.
B. Mrs. Black.
C. Miss Black.

II. (共 4 小题) 听下面一段对话。对话后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听对话前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将有 5 秒钟的作答时间。对话读两遍。

- When did the two people last see each other?
A. More than a year ago.
B. Last Christmas.
C. Last New Year's day.
- Which statement is true about the conversation?
A. One child injured an arm.
B. One child hurt a knee.
C. One child broke a leg.
- What did you learn about Joe?
A. He is still playing the violin.
B. He no longer plays the violin.
C. He enjoys both the violin and sports.
- What is Mrs. White doing now?
A. She is studying French.
B. She is studying typing.
C. She is studying cooking.

第二部分 英语知识运用

I. 单项选择 (共 20 小题)

10. What's the distance from Peking to New York city? How _____ is Peking _____ NYC.
A. long ago...until B. long...away C. away...till D. far...from
11. I can't get a notebook, because it's hard to _____ such a expensive notebook.
A. take B. receive C. obtain D. find
12. Mr. John has one house in West part of the city, his _____ house is in the north.
A. another B. other C. else D. different
13. How fast LiuXiang runs! He scored _____ 12.98 seconds in men's 110 meter hurdle (跨栏) race.
A. at B. in C. with D. on
14. Professor Zhang gave the textbooks to all the students, except _____ who had already taken them.
A. these B. ones C. the ones D. the others
15. Knowing that he is homeless, Mike gave _____.
A. to him a meal B. a meal for him C. him to a meal D. him a meal
16. _____ does Lucy give a telephone call to her boyfriend? Almost every day.
A. How seldom B. How long C. How soon D. How often
17. When you walk in the _____ in New York city, you will find yourself surrounded by high buildings.
A. streets B. ways C. roads D. routes
18. —Why didn't you _____ the truth that you have broken the glass?
—Because I was afraid that you would scold me.
A. tell B. say me C. tell to me D. say
19. The new dictionaries are very useful. They _____ well and _____ already.
A. sell; have been sold out B. sold; had sold out
C. sell; sell out D. are sold; have been sold out
20. —Have you known each other for long?
—Not very, _____ we started to work in the ABC Motor Company.
A. before B. after C. when D. since
21. The Christmas day will arrive soon, are you _____ that day?
A. expecting B. waiting C. expecting for D. expecting to
22. Written in a hurry, the report is _____ mistakes. How can it be satisfactory?
A. full with B. full of C. full by D. full in
23. Please make sure that the door is locked, or the thieves may _____ the valuable diamonds.
A. rob B. steal C. take from D. take to
24. Comparing the two paintings, we can see that Picasso's is much neater _____ Van.Gogh's.
A. by B. for C. from D. than
25. Congratulations, you win the game! You always have so much fortune to _____ other teams.
A. win B. beat C. gain D. earn
26. If you carefully water these flowers, they will gradually _____ in your garden.
A. grow B. grow tall C. grow up D. grow big
27. It's _____ to look after an infant because the little baby is new to the world and know nothing.
A. hard work B. a hard job C. hard job D. hardly a job
28. Having decided to rent a flat, we _____ contacting all the accommodation agencies in the city.
A. set about B. set out C. set down D. set up

29. If Bush _____ his sister to attend the party, she will certainly be glad. She hasn't met Bush for years.
A. allows B. promises C. demands D. suggests

II. 完形填空 (共 20 小题)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的 4 个选项 (A, B, C 和 D) 中, 选出最佳选项。

Never before had I seen so many snails (蜗牛) in one place. There were a lot of them on the 30 going slowly about. Then 31 up onto the ceiling, a number of snails were 32 round 33 every direction. As they 34 themselves on, they left behind them a 35 of something sticky, which looked like a silvery 36. It was indeed 37; it was almost a sea of snails.

I told my friend Robert that I was 38 and went to get my coat hanging on a nail on the wall. Hardly had I 39, however, 40 I felt that the snails had taken possession of my coat too. They were on the 41 as well as in the pockets. I 42 a cry of fear and 43 surprised Robert greatly. While he was laughing, I was trying hard to 44 the snails from my coat. Robert insisted on my 45 to dinner. I agreed. And we two 46 our efforts to collect the snails.

When none of these snails were 47 in the hall, Robert took them to the 48 and had them 49, which would be a big meal for us two.

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|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 30. A. wall | B. ground | C. door | D. floor |
| 31. A. high | B. nearby | C. farther | D. ready |
| 32. A. walking | B. moving | C. traveling | D. wagging |
| 33. A. at | B. to | C. for | D. in |
| 34. A. forced | B. made | C. threw | D. pulled |
| 35. A. track | B. wire | C. pile | D. spot |
| 36. A. picture | B. thread | C. sea | D. field |
| 37. A. exciting | B. joyful | C. frightening | D. curious |
| 38. A. setting | B. leaving | C. dealing | D. managing |
| 39. A. tried it on | B. dressed it | C. worn it | D. put it on |
| 40. A. when | B. as | C. while | D. before |
| 41. A. clothes | B. nail | C. collar | D. coat |
| 42. A. let out | B. set off | C. sent off | D. called out |
| 43. A. that | B. they | C. I | D. which |
| 44. A. search for | B. get rid of | C. knock out of | D. put away |
| 45. A. returning | B. having | C. staying | D. going |
| 46. A. made | B. combined | C. joined | D. got |
| 47. A. saved | B. stayed | C. left | D. remained |
| 48. A. market | B. garden | C. dining-room | D. kitchen |
| 49. A. cooked | B. eaten | C. sold | D. fed |

第三部分 短文改错 (共 10 小题)

此题要求改正所给短文的错误。对标有题号的每一行做出判断: 如无错误, 在该行右边横线上画一个勾 (✓); 如有错误 (每行只有一个错误), 则按下列情况改正:

该行多一个词: 把多余的词用斜线 (\) 划掉, 在该行右边横线上写出该词, 并用斜线划掉; 该行缺一个词, 在缺词处加一个漏字符号 (∧), 在该行右边横线上写出该加的词; 该行错一个词, 在错的词下划一条横线, 在该行右边横线上写出改正后的词。注意, 原行没有错的不要改。

Nowadays, paper still come from trees. Unfortunately, we use a

50. _____