

# 一课一测

第一次修订

配人教版·与新目标教材同步 ●

九年级英语 ●

学生用书

(另配听力磁带)

下



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吉林人民出版社

# 《一课一测》 帮你学好新课

## 说明

本丛书样张按学科分别设计,通过样张您可了解本书栏目、功能等基本信息,仅供参考,如所购图书与样张有个别区别,以所用图书为准。

八年级英语



maybe work in an air port.

2. The writer quoted (引用) the announcement (通知) over the airport loudspeaker to tell us travelers to big cities often have to wait at the airport.

ii) Answer the following questions. 回答问题。  
(每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

3. What do you think of the job of the business men/women?

4. Do you want to be a business man/woman?

### VI. Writing

Complete the sentences according to the Chinese. 根据汉语意思完成句子。(每小题 3 分,共 15 分)

1. 今晚我要去奶奶家。

I'm going to \_\_\_\_\_.

2. 你打算在上海呆多久?

\_\_\_\_\_ are you \_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_.

你有做错的题吗? 请你更正过来!

Shanghai?

### VII. Intelligence test.

Peter is climbing a tall tree. The tree is 8 metres high. He climbs at four metres a minute, but slips down two metres. (共 4 分)

- A. Two minutes. B. Three minutes.  
C. Four minutes. D. Five minutes.

### 中考演练

现在试试你的身手吧!

VI. Choose the best answers. 单项填空。(每小题 3 分,共 6 分)

1. (2005·北京市海淀区)— \_\_\_\_\_ are you going this summer vacation?  
— To the beach.

A. When B. Where C. How D. Why

2. (预测题)— How about the young lady?

It's hard to say, but her voice \_\_\_\_\_ beautiful.

- A. sings B. hears  
C. listens D. sounds

## 学会做中考题

通过做与本单元相关的中考原题、中考预测题,熟悉题型,掌握解题思路,把握考试要求,知道曾经考过什么,将来怎样考,做到心中有数。

## 探究交流小课题

开阔视野,学以致用

将知识以课题形式融合在现实情景中,通过亲自实践,用学过的知识解决实际问题,加深对知识的理解,达到学以致用的目的。

## 评价标准

### Unit 1

#### Section A

#### 课堂练习

I. 1. perrot 2. worth 3. personal 4. swim 5. smart

II. 1. 5 D A C B B 6. 10 C D E C C

III. 1. won't go will visit 2. have, hates

3. were, Will, be 4. am working 5. lives

IV. 1-5 A C B B A

V. 1. 2 A A

#### Section B

1. 1. head 2. pollution 3. pets 4. predict

5. leisure 6. smart 7. robots 8. astronaut

## 评价标准

### 点拨解题思路

稍有难度的习题都有详尽的解题过程,点拨解题思路,让学生在解题中掌握解题方法,养成规范的答题习惯。



# 梓耕品质 用成绩体现

## 《完全解读》解读完全

- ✓ 本书是一套同步讲解类的辅导书。在编写中，首先落实知识点→连成知识线→形成知识面→结成知识网，对重点、难点详尽解读。
- ✓ 本书将为您排除学习中的障碍。对思维误区、疑难易错题、一题多解都指出解题方法或技巧，让您从“学会”到“会学”。
- ✓ 本书修订后增加了部分例题、习题的难度，适合于中上等学生使用。



## 《我学习 我设计》 我也成为尖子生

- ◎ 本书主要讲解知识的重点、难点及易错点。这也是中考、高考时出大题、难题的侧重点。
- ◎ 本书各年级、各学科的例题主要讲解中高考的原题、改编题、预测题，从一年级开始即能了解中高考的信息。
- ◎ 本书每课、每节配有“基础巩固”和“能力提高”两套检测题。

## 《课堂作业》

向40分钟要效益

- ☆ 课课基础训练·巩固双基
- ☆ 专题综合训练·拓展思维
- ☆ 单元过关测试·提高能力
- ☆ 参考答案·点拨解题思路
- ☆ 四大版块单独装订——处处体现细微……





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# Unit 11 Could you please tell me where the restrooms are?



## 单元导学

### ④ 点击要点

Can you translate the following phrases into English?

闲荡 \_\_\_\_\_

穿上盛装 \_\_\_\_\_

水滑道 \_\_\_\_\_

乘电梯 \_\_\_\_\_

更换钱币 \_\_\_\_\_

借……给某人 \_\_\_\_\_

交上 \_\_\_\_\_

获得关于这个城镇的信息 \_\_\_\_\_

存钱 \_\_\_\_\_

度假 \_\_\_\_\_

另一方面 \_\_\_\_\_

向右转 \_\_\_\_\_

What can you do if you can't find a restroom in a strange city?

Make a dialogue about asking the way.

### ④ 中考展望

知 识	高频词汇	restroom, drugstore, furniture, escalator, shampoo, department store, advantage, disadvantage, exchange money, hang out
	常考句型	Excuse me. Do you know where I can exchange money? Sure. There is... The bank is next to the bookstore.
	重点语法	掌握疑问句作宾语从句时的语序,并学会礼貌地问路及指路的表达方法。
技 能	听	学会集中注意力,捕捉特定的信息,正确听辨有关问路及指路的词汇。
	说	通过对话的形式,创设情景,并根据材料,学会如何礼貌地问路和指路。
	读	阅读有关描述所住社区环境的文章时,关键是抓住表示时间和地点的词,先有一个整体思路,然后再从细节入手。
	写	通过写作训练,能够用正确、通顺的语言向别人介绍自己所居住的环境。

## Section A



### 随堂测评

时间:40分钟 满分:100分

#### 基础巩固

先巩固一下你的基础知识吧!

#### I. Complete the words according to the first letters. (每小题2分,共10分)

1. Take the e \_\_\_\_\_ to the second floor.

2. Go p \_\_\_\_\_ the bank, and you will find the drugstore.

3. Do you know where I can e \_\_\_\_\_ money?

4. Could you tell me where I can get some i \_\_\_\_\_ about the town?

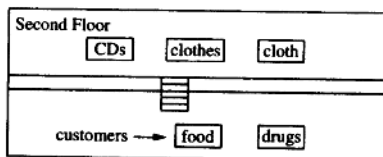
5. I go to the mall because my friends hang out there.

II. Choose the best answers. (每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

- Do you often hang \_\_\_\_\_ after school?  
A. up B. out  
C. in D. /
- Can you tell me where I can \_\_\_\_\_ some money?  
A. exchange B. change  
C. change to D. exchange to
- She dressed \_\_\_\_\_ as a princess in that play.  
A. in B. on  
C. down D. up
- His bad health is a great \_\_\_\_\_ for him to get a good paid job.  
A. disadvantage B. advance  
C. advantage D. chance
- I'm going to London for my holiday.  
\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Oh, help yourself  
B. I'd like, too  
C. Have a good time  
D. Be careful

III. Match the answers to the questions according to the picture. (每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)



- A. Please go upstairs, and then turn right.  
B. Go upstairs and then turn left.  
C. Please go straight. They are behind the food section.  
D. Go straight. You'll find it.  
E. Go upstairs and you can see them easily.

1. Excuse me, where can I get some bread?

- Can you tell me how to find some cloth?
- Could you tell me where I can buy clothes?
- Do you know where I can buy some CDs?

5. Can you tell me how to get to the drug section?

IV. Complete the sentences. (每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

Eg: (get/some bread/where)

Do you know where I can get some bread?

- (some money/exchange/where)  
Do you know \_\_\_\_\_?
- (get to/the bus stop/how)  
Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_?
- (some medicine/buy/where)  
Can you please tell me \_\_\_\_\_?
- (a drugstore/how/find)  
Can you tell me \_\_\_\_\_?
- (take/the escalator/where)  
Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_?

### 能力升级

再练练你的各项技能吧!

### V. Speaking

Complete the dialogue with the sentences given.  
(每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

A: Excuse me!

B: Yes? 1

A: Could you tell me the way to Chibi Park?

B: 2 Go along this street, then turn left at the second crossing...

A: Oh! I'm sorry I can't follow you. 3

B: OK. Go along this street, then turn left at the second crossing. Go on until you reach the end of the street, then you'll find it.

A: 4

B: Yes, it is. You'd better take a bus. The bus stop is just over there.

A: Thank you very much.

B: 5



- A. Well, let me see.  
 B. Is it far from here?  
 C. Where are you going?  
 D. What can I do for you?  
 E. That's very kind of you.  
 F. You're welcome.  
 G. Please say that again more slowly.

## VI. Reading

Cloze. (每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)

A man once had a dream about the Black Forest in Germany. In his dream he was walking in the forest 1 two men ran out and tried to throw him to the ground. He ran off as fast as he could, but they 2. He reached a place where he saw two separate roads 3 him, one to the right and one to the left. Which road would he take?

He heard the two men 4 him, getting nearer, and at the same time he heard a voice in his ear. It told him to go to the right, and 5. He ran 6 and soon came to a small hotel. He was received there 7 and given a room, and so he was saved. That was the dream.

Twenty years 8 he was really in the Black Forest and, as happened in the dream long before, two men ran out and tried to throw him down. He 9 the dream and took the road to the right. He soon reached a small hotel, was taken in, and so was safe. His dream of twenty years before had saved his 10.

1. A. and B. when  
C. then D. so
2. A. left B. stood  
C. shouted D. followed
3. A. beside B. in the front  
C. behind D. in front of
4. A. before B. catch  
C. behind D. on the left of
5. A. so did he B. he did so  
C. he so did D. did he so
6. A. up B. on  
C. down D. back
7. A. kindly B. badly

- C. good D. coldly
8. A. after B. then  
C. later D. ago
9. A. explained B. remembered  
C. bad D. forget
10. A. name B. body  
C. live D. life

## VII. Writing

Complete the sentences according to the requirements. (每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

1. I like to go to the mall because I like to hang out. (对画线部分提问)
2. She likes to look at books in the bookstore.  
(改为一般疑问句)
3. He always spends lots of money on books. (同义句转换)  
He always                      a lot of money                      books.
4. It is a good place. We often hang out there.  
(合并为一句)  
It is a good place                                           to                     .
5. I can tell you how to get there. (改为一般疑问句)

## VIII. Intelligence test. (每小题 5 分, 共 10 分)

1. How many feet are there in the world?
2. What did the flower say to the bee?

## 中考演练

现在试试你的身手吧!

## IX. Choose the best answers. (每小题 5 分, 共 10 分)

1. (2004 · 青海) They asked me                      during the May Day holidays.  
A. where I had been B. where had I gone  
C. where had I been D. where I had gone
2. (2005 · 吉林) Will you please drive                     ?  
The train is leaving soon.  
A. quick B. faster  
C. slowly D. more slowly







你有做错的题吗? 请你更正过来!



### 探究交流小课题

Welcome to Guilin. Guilin is in the north of Guangxi. The population in the city of Guilin is over six hundred thousand. Guilin is famous for its beautiful scenery in the world. The hills are green and the water is clear. Every year a lot of tourists come to visit Guilin. You can see the scenes of the Li River by boat. You can visit the scenic spots in the city on free buses. I hope you'll enjoy yourselves in Guilin.

Can you describe the city where you live? If you want to travel in Beijing, how can you get the information about it?

## Section B



### 随堂测评

时间: 40 分钟 满分: 100 分

#### 基础巩固

先巩固一下你的基础知识吧!

#### I. Complete the sentences according to the Chinese. (每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

- Do you want to go to the \_\_\_\_\_ (公共厕所, 休息室)?
- I like to use this kind of \_\_\_\_\_ (洗发香波).
- You can buy this medicine in the \_\_\_\_\_ (药店).
- There are all kinds of things in this \_\_\_\_\_ (部门, 部, 局) store.
- There is no \_\_\_\_\_ (不利条件) for her to work here.

#### II. Choose the answers with the similar meanings to the underlined words. (每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

- The boy liked English better than Chinese.  
A. prefers, to B. preferred, to  
C. preferred, to D. preferred, with
- He says he would like to go to Paris for his next vacation.  
A. wants B. feels like  
C. enjoys D. is off
- He takes after his mother very much.  
A. looks after B. looks like  
C. is similar D. like

- When she got to school, she realized she had left her backpack at home.  
A. went to B. reached at  
C. arrived at D. arrived in

- Now I realize the mistakes I have made.

- A. know  
B. start to know and understand  
C. see  
D. understand

#### III. Choose the best answers. (每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

- \_\_\_\_\_ you free tomorrow?  
A. Do B. Are  
C. Will be D. Have
- Hawaii is \_\_\_\_\_ its beautiful beaches.  
A. famous to B. famous in  
C. famous for D. fame for
- If the chicken soup tastes very good, you can say it is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. beautiful B. delicious  
C. advantage D. cool
- A \_\_\_\_\_ is a place where meals can be bought and eaten.  
A. office B. department store  
C. drugstore D. restaurant





5. \_\_\_\_\_ in this hotel \_\_\_\_\_ pretty comfortable.

- A. Staying, is      B. Stay, are  
C. Stays, is      D. Staying, are

## 能力升级

再练练你的各项技能吧!

## IV. Speaking

Complete the dialogues with the words given. (每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

department store   post office   furniture store  
library   bookstore

- Can you tell me where I can send this letter?  
—Please go straight ahead. There is a \_\_\_\_\_.
- Do you know where I can find shampoo?  
—Yes. There is a \_\_\_\_\_ on River Road.
- Could you tell me where I can buy a story book?  
—Sure. Please walk along this road, and take the first turning on the left. You will see a \_\_\_\_\_.
- Can you please tell me where I can borrow some books?  
—Yes. There is a \_\_\_\_\_ on Blue Street. It is between the bank and the park.
- I want to buy a new sofa. Can you please tell me where I can buy one?  
—Sure. Please go to the second floor. There is a \_\_\_\_\_ there.

## V. Reading

Reading comprehension. (每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

Every year in all kinds of different countries around the world, a small number of people win big prizes (奖) in lotteries. People are always dreaming of winning millions of dollars overnight in a lottery.

People often think about what they would do if they won a lot of money in a lottery. They have many different ideas.

Some people say they would give it away to charities (慈善业). Others say they would give

most of it to their families. Some people list all the things they would buy.

One evening three friends were talking about what they would do if they won millions of dollars.

"What would you do?" one of them asked the other two, "if you woke up one morning and found you had won fifty million dollars?"

His friends thought for a few moments, then one of them said, "I'd buy the biggest house in the world. Or maybe I'd buy several houses in different parts of the world, so I could go and live anywhere I like."

The other said, "I'd spend my life traveling around the world. I'd stay at the best hotels. I'd eat only the most expensive food and wear the finest clothes."

The two men turned to their friend who asked the question, "And what about you? What would you do if you woke up one morning and found you had won fifty million dollars?"

The man laughed. "Oh, I'd go back to sleep and try to win another fifty million," he said.

1. The underlined word "lottery" means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. 发明      B. 挖掘  
C. 欺骗      D. 摸彩

2. The story tells us people often \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. talk about what they would do if they won a lottery  
B. win a lottery and then don't know what to do with it  
C. won fifty million dollars in a lottery  
D. buy houses after they win a lottery

3. The three men were talking about \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. how they could win in a lottery  
B. how to spend it if they won the money in a lottery  
C. how much people could win in a lottery  
D. who could win in a lottery

4. One of the three friends said that if he won in a lottery he would \_\_\_\_\_.



- A. refuse the money  
B. give all the money to charities  
C. spend the money on the houses  
D. give most of the money to his family
5. This passage may be taken from \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a science book      B. a joke book  
C. a history book      D. a language book

### V. Writing

Translate the following sentences into English. (每小题 3 分, 共 15 分)

- 他穿上红色的衣服把自己打扮成圣诞老人。
- 你能告诉我这附近是否有剧院吗?
- 我不知道他是否能来。
- 青少年喜欢看摇滚乐队表演。
- 如果你要买一些便宜的食品,你最好去超市。

### VI. Intelligence test. (共 5 分)

What man cannot live inside the house?

#### 中考演练

现在试试你的身手吧!

### VII. Cloze. (每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

(2004·河北)

From Monday to Friday most people are busy working or studying, but in the evenings and weekends they are free and 1 themselves. Some watch television or go to the movies, others 2 sports. This is decided by their own 3.

There are many different ways to spend our 4 time.

Almost everyone has some kind of 5; it may be something from collecting stamps to 6 model planes. Some hobbies are very 7, but others don't cost anything at all. Some collections (收藏) are worth 8 of money, others are valuable (有价值的) only to their owners.

I know a man who has a coin collection worth several 9 dollars. A short time ago he

bought a rare (罕见的) fifty-cent piece which 10 him \$250! He was very happy about this collection and thought the price was all right. On the other hand, my youngest brother collects match boxes. He has almost 600 of them, but I wonder 11 they are worth any money. However, 12 my brother they are quite valuable. 13 makes him happier than to find a new match box for his collection.

That's what a hobby means, I think. It is something we 14 to do in our free time just for the 15 of it. The value in dollars is not important, but the pleasure it gives us is.

- |                   |                 |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. love        | B. work         |
| C. enjoy          | D. play         |
| 2. A. look like   | B. take care of |
| C. think about    | D. take part in |
| 3. A. lives       | B. interests    |
| C. jobs           | D. things       |
| 4. A. working     | B. free         |
| C. own            | D. whole        |
| 5. A. hobby       | B. thing        |
| C. job            | D. way          |
| 6. A. make        | B. making       |
| C. makes          | D. made         |
| 7. A. interesting | B. exciting     |
| C. cheap          | D. expensive    |
| 8. A. a little    | B. a few        |
| C. a lot          | D. a number     |
| 9. A. thousand    | B. thousands    |
| C. thousands of   | D. thousand of  |
| 10. A. paid       | B. cost         |
| C. took           | D. spent        |
| 11. A. that       | B. if           |
| C. what           | D. why          |
| 12. A. to         | B. on           |
| C. with           | D. in           |
| 13. A. Everything | B. Anything     |
| C. Nothing        | D. Something    |
| 14. A. have       | B. need         |
| C. refuse         | D. like         |
| 15. A. money      | B. work         |
| C. fun            | D. time         |



你有做错的题吗? 请你更正过来!



## 探究交流小课题

Read the passage in Exercise V again. Discuss with your partner if you win big prizes in lotteries. what will you do with the money? Why?

## 单元学习评价

检测时间: 90 分钟 满分: 100 分

## 听力部分(30 分)

## I. Listen and choose the words or phrases you hear. (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

- A. main office      B. cafe  
C. bank      D. library
- A. buy some stamps      B. save money  
C. get a dictionary      D. buy shampoo
- A. near      B. between  
C. next to      D. behind
- A. please      B. palace  
C. place      D. police
- A. be      B. to be  
C. being      D. be in

## II. Write true (T) or false (F) according to the tapescripts. (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

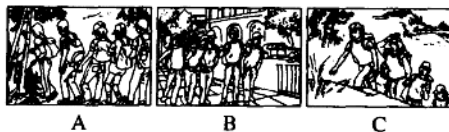
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## III. Listen and choose the best answers. (每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

- A. He would like some bread.  
B. He would like some milk.  
C. He would like some cakes.
- A. Jack.      B. Mike.      C. Jim.
- A. He saw Mr Wang in the shop.  
B. He saw Mr Wang on his way back home.  
C. He saw Mr Wang on his way to the shop.
- A. He has just borrowed them from the library.  
B. He has lost them.  
C. He has returned them to the library.
- A. Meimei found it herself.  
B. Tom found it.  
C. Nobody found Meimei's book.

## IV. Listen and choose the right pictures. (每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

1. Where does the story happen(发生)?



2. What must you do if you get lost?



3. Which of the following shouting or whistling is right?



A B C

4. How do you know they hear your shout for help?



A B C

5. How do you spend the night if you can't get any help?



A B C

笔试部分(90分)

- V. Complete the following words according to the explanations and first letters. (每小题1分,共5分)

1. r \_\_\_\_\_ public lavatory
2. d \_\_\_\_\_ chemist's shop which also sells many kinds of goods
3. m \_\_\_\_\_ most important; chief
4. d \_\_\_\_\_ each of several divisions of a government, shop, etc
5. f \_\_\_\_\_ moveable articles, put into a house to make it suitable for living in

- VI. Choose the best answers. (每小题2分,共20分)

1. I am going to tell my mother \_\_\_\_\_ to go to Beidaihe.  
A. that I want B. what I want  
C. what do I want D. where I want
2. I don't know \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. whom to go there  
B. with whom to there  
C. with whom to go there  
D. to go there with whom

3. I asked the girl \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. which one did she like best
- B. which one she liked best
- C. which one she likes best
- D. which one does she like best

4. The drugstore is \_\_\_\_\_ the furniture store \_\_\_\_\_ the bookstore.

- A. among, and
- B. in, and
- C. between, and
- D. through, in

5. Do you think the mall is a good place to \_\_\_\_\_?

- A. hang out
- B. put out
- C. take out
- D. carry out

6. There is always something \_\_\_\_\_ in the street.

- A. happens
- B. to happen
- C. happened
- D. happening

7. The funny man usually dresses up \_\_\_\_\_ a clown.

- A. like
- B. in
- C. as
- D. for

8. His son has been late three times \_\_\_\_\_ the morning of last Thursday.

- A. is
- B. on
- C. since
- D. until

9. Do you know who was the first \_\_\_\_\_ here?

- A. reach
- B. to arrive
- C. to get to
- D. to arrive at

10. Mr Howe asked \_\_\_\_\_ you had visited the Great Wall.

- A. if
- B. weather
- C. where
- D. how

- VII. Fill in the blanks with the words given. (每小题1分,共5分)

what how which whom why

1. I don't know \_\_\_\_\_ he didn't come to the party.
2. Could you please tell me \_\_\_\_\_ gate we have to go to?
3. Do you know \_\_\_\_\_ they are waiting for?
4. Please tell me \_\_\_\_\_ I can get to the post



office.

5. I really don't know \_\_\_\_\_. I should do next.

**Ⅷ. Complete the sentences according to the requirements.** (每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

1. "Are you a teacher?" he asked me. (合并为一句)

He asked me \_\_\_\_\_ a teacher.

2. What are you going to do? Can you tell me? (合并为一句)

Can you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ going to do?

3. I think he must be in the classroom, \_\_\_\_\_? (完成反意疑问句)

4. The old man didn't know which bus he should take. (同义句转换)

The old man didn't know which bus \_\_\_\_\_.

5. I paid 200 yuan for the fresh fish. (同义句转换)

I \_\_\_\_\_ 200 yuan \_\_\_\_\_ the fresh fish.

**Ⅸ. Cloze.** (每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)

In Canada you can find dogs, cats, horses, etc in almost every family. These are their pets. People love these pets and regard them 1 their good friends. Before they 2 them at their houses, they take them to animal hospitals to give them 3 so that they won't carry disease (疾病). They have special animal food stores, 4 they can get animal food in almost every store. Some people 5 around two hundred Canadian dollars a month on animal food. When you visit people's homes, they would be very glad to show you their pets and they are very 6 them. You will also find almost every family has a bird feeder (喂料器) in their garden. All kinds of birds are welcomed to come and have a good meal. They are free to come and go and 7 is allowed to kill any animal in Canada. They have a law (法律) against killing wild animals. If you killed an animal, you would be punished (惩罚). If an animal happened to get run over by a car, people

would be very 8 about it.

People in Canada have many 9 to like animals. One of them might be: their family tie (关系) is not as close as ours. When children grow up, they leave their parents and start their own career (生涯). Then the seniors (老人) will feel lonely. But pets can 10. They can be good friends and never leave them alone.

- |                          |                  |
|--------------------------|------------------|
| 1. A. to                 | B. in            |
| C. as                    | D. for           |
| 2. A. keep               | B. play          |
| C. heal                  | D. train         |
| 3. A. help               | B. a hand        |
| C. injections            | D. some medicine |
| 4. A. though             | B. but           |
| C. so                    | D. because       |
| 5. A. pay                | B. spend         |
| C. take                  | D. cost          |
| 6. A. angry with         | B. fed up with   |
| C. proud of              | D. afraid of     |
| 7. A. everybody          | B. somebody      |
| C. anybody               | D. nobody        |
| 8. A. happy              | B. bored         |
| C. excited               | D. sad           |
| 9. A. ways               | B. reasons       |
| C. problems              | D. excuses       |
| 10. A. face this problem |                  |
| B. meet this problem     |                  |
| C. work on this problem  |                  |
| D. solve this problem    |                  |

**X. Reading comprehension.** (每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)

**A**

**Computer Programmer**

A boy was crossing a road when a frog called out to him and said, "If you kiss me, I'll turn into a beautiful princess." He bent over, picked up the frog and put it in his pocket.

The frog spoke up again and again, "If you kiss me and turn me back into a princess, I'll stay with you and do anything you want." Again the boy took the frog out, smiled at it and put it







into the pocket.

Finally the frog asked, "What is it? I've told you I'm a beautiful princess. I'll stay with you for a week and do anything you want. Why don't you kiss me?"

The boy said, "Look, I'm a computer programmer. I don't have time for girlfriends, but a talking frog is really cool."

Write true (T) or false (F) according to the passage. (每小题1分,共10分)

1. The boy was walking along the road when a frog called out to him.
2. If the boy kissed the frog, it would turn into a beautiful princess.
3. The boy picked up the frog and put it into his handbag.
4. The princess would stay with the boy for two weeks and do anything he wanted if the boy kissed the frog.
5. The boy didn't need girlfriends because he didn't like them.

**B**

Many American presidents in the 19th century were born in poor families. They spent their childhood in little wooden rooms. They got little education. Washington and Lincoln, for example, never went to school and they taught themselves. Lincoln once did jobs as a worker, shopkeeper and post officer in his early years.

A large number of US presidents had experienced in the army. The two best-known were Ulysses Grant and Dwight D. Eisenhower. Grant was a general in the American Civil War and Eisenhower was a hero in the Second World War. It happened that they graduated from the same school—West Point Military Academy. One may be surprised to learn that both of them did not do well in the school. Eisenhower, for example, was once fined because he broke the rules of the school.

The jobs of US presidents are tiring. He must keep an eye on anything important which

happens both at home and abroad. Every day, a lot of work waits for him to do and he has to make many important decisions. When Franklin Roosevelt was a child, he was once brought to visit President Taft. The old president said to him, "When you grow up, you should not be president. It's a tiring job."

6. In the nineteenth century, many US presidents \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. did not have much knowledge in their work
- B. had been workers, shop keepers and post officers in their early years
- C. couldn't receive good education before they grew up
- D. didn't want to go to school during their childhood

7. President Eisenhower became well-known \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. during the American Civil War
- B. while studying in West Point Military Academy
- C. after he was elected President of the US
- D. during the Word War II

8. In this passage, "keep an eye on" means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. take care of
- B. not pay attention to
- C. look at something with one eye
- D. never keep in mind

9. Which of the following do you think is right in the last paragraph?

- A. In the US no one wanted to be president because it was tiring.
- B. None of the presidents except Taft could do the tiring job.
- C. It is an important and tiring job to be a president in the US.
- D. President Taft didn't want Roosevelt to be a president because he was too young.

10. Which do you think is the main idea of the second paragraph?

- A. Many of the US presidents had served in





## Unit 11 Could you please tell me where the restrooms are?

the army before they took office.

B. Only those who didn't work hard at school but were good at fighting could be president.

C. Why Ulysses Grant and Dwight D. Eisenhower became well-known was that they both graduated from the famous school—West Point Military Academy.

D. Eisenhower was president at the beginning of the Second World War.

### XI. Writing. (共 10 分)

假设你叫李华,下星期六是你的生日。你准备在家开一个生日晚会,并邀请你的朋友参加。

晚会 7:30 开始。你家住在南京路 70 号,乘 1 路或 34 路车在人民路站下车,你家就在车站的对面。房子是红色的,门是白色的,很容易找到。请根据以上信息,给你的好朋友林莉写一封不少于 60 词的信。开始语已给出,不计入词数。

70 Nanjing Road

February 14th, 2006

Dear Lin Li,

Next Saturday is my birthday. \_\_\_\_\_

Yours,

Li Hua



### 成长记录

你对本单元学习的自我评价



印象最深的经历或体验	
最大的收获	
学会的方法	
感到困难的学习内容	
与同学合作交流的感受	
你需要老师给予哪方面的帮助	
你需要家长给予哪方面的帮助或理解	

与老师和家长互动交流

老师评价	
老师建议	
家长评价	
家长建议	



# [Reading] Could you please lend me your pen?



**随堂测评** 时间:40分钟 满分:100分

## 基础巩固

先巩固一下你的基础知识吧!

### I. Complete the words according to the first letters. (每小题2分,共10分)

- The naughty boy's mother often tells him, "Don't o \_\_\_\_\_ other people!"
- They know they must h \_\_\_\_\_ in their homework tomorrow.
- Thank you for l \_\_\_\_\_ ine your pen.
- The teacher w \_\_\_\_\_ if he can teach the children well.
- Jim is very sorry to t \_\_\_\_\_ you.

### II. Choose the best answers. (每小题2分,共20分)

- I think \_\_\_\_\_ how to ask for information politely is important.  
A. know B. knowing  
C. knows D. known
- The policeman kept \_\_\_\_\_ me questions.  
A. to ask B. ask  
C. asked D. asking
- I'm sure to have \_\_\_\_\_ at the party tonight.  
A. a fun B. fun  
C. funs D. the fun
- It was \_\_\_\_\_ hot that you could fry an egg on the street.  
A. very B. so  
C. that D. such
- He \_\_\_\_\_ his dog eating the food he just put on the table.  
A. lost B. found  
C. helped D. wanted
- Angela \_\_\_\_\_ from Italy. Now she lives in New York.

A. went

B. came

C. arrived

D. lived

7. Please stop \_\_\_\_\_ so much noise.

A. making

B. helping

C. getting

D. doing

8. How long \_\_\_\_\_ here in New York?

A. you have been

B. have you been

C. you have arrived

D. have you arrived

9. The doorbell rang, and Mother \_\_\_\_\_ the door.

A. stopped open

B. stopped opening

C. stopped to open

D. stopped opened

10. —What do you think of my answer to the questions?

—Sorry. What's that? I \_\_\_\_\_ about something else.

A. thought

B. had thought

C. am thinking

D. was thinking

## 能力升级

再练练你的各项技能吧!

### III. Reading

Read the passage and fill in the blanks with one word in every blank. (每小题2分,共20分)

#### Home Schooling

All children in the United States have to receive an education, but the law does not say they have to be educated at school. A number of parents prefer not to send their children to school. Children who are educated at home are known as