

ENGLISH

初中

英语综合能力训练

上海外语教育出版社

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杨二春 徐武彬 编

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前 言

本书是根据中学英语教学大纲要求精编而成。我们在书中收集了各种题型，以便于学生复习巩固，也可供老师作参考之用。选题坚持“出自教材，高于教材”的原则，紧扣教材中的重点和难点。学生在使用中能够感到有所适从，并能对课文有进一步的理解。

本书适用于初中学生，尤其适用于初三学生。其题型新颖，针对性强，覆盖面广，为高中阶段的英语学习提供了扎实的基础训练。

本书习题曾经在许多初中毕业班学生中进行过多次反复测试，证明效果较好，受到广大学生的欢迎。对于同等程度的英语自学者也有归纳整理其所学知识的辅导作用。

本书内容是在教改实践中逐步积累而成的。我们在多年的教学实践中，将题目按其内容区分为基础题，理解题，能力运用题，并且通过筛选，精编，删繁就简，力求做到从实际出发，面向广大学生，面向各类初级中学和完全中学。

由于时间仓促，水平有限，恐怕不免还有错漏之处，恳请读者指正，以便本书再版时进一步提高。

编者 1991.10.

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英语综合试题

试卷一

I 语音

1) 根据音标所示, 填入所缺字母。(每小题1分)

1. /ei/ pl__ gr__t tr__n rr__ture
2. /a:/ f__m h__t p__st __fter
3. /ɔ:/ sh__t w__n d__ghter dr__
4. /ɛə/ wh__ th__ d__ h__
5. /i:/ wh__t d__p __vening f__ld

2) 下列每组中, 有一对词的词尾发音不同, 请找出。(每小题1分)

1. a. planted nodded b. carried learned
 c. helped listened d. worked watched
2. a. matches clothes b. faces glasses
 c. sides fields d. plates peasants
3. a. mouths months b. stopped finished
 c. started wanted d. matches boxes

3) 选出单词的正确音标。(每小题1分)

1. building

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| a. /'bjʊ:ildɪŋ/ | b. /'bjʊ:ldɪŋ/ |
| c. /'bɪldɪŋ/ | d. /'bjʊldɪŋ/ |

2. knowledge

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| a. /'nɒledʒ/ | b. /'nɒlɪdʒ/ |
|-------------------|-------------------|

c. /nɔ:lɪdʒ/ d. /nəʊlɪdʒi/

4) 根据音标所示, 在空格内填入适当的单词。

A visitor to _____ /'ɪŋɡlənd/. who did not _____ /nəʊ/
English very well. was _____ /trævlɪŋ/ with a friend
_____ /baɪ/ train. He was leaning out of the _____ /'wɪndəʊ/
and his friend saw that he _____ /maɪt/ get hurt.

"Look out!" he shouted.

The visitor leaned _____ /'fa:ðə/ out of the train, and _____
/ni:li/ got his head crushed.

The visitor _____ /nju:/ the _____ /mi:nɪŋ/ of "Look
out!", didn't he?

II. 单词与词组

1) 下列句子的划线部分都是普通单词, 但合起来的意思你不一定知道, 请根据句子的前后内容, 找出该词组的中文意思: (每小题1分)

() 1. He was very hungry and ate like a horse.

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| a. 像马一样吃 | b. 喜欢吃马肉 |
| c. 喜欢马 | d. 吃得很多 |

() 2. She takes after her father in everything.

- | | |
|-------|---------|
| a. 接过 | b. 继承财产 |
| c. 照顾 | d. 像 |

() 3. He has no time to play with you. He is as busy as a bee
these days.

- | | |
|--------|---------|
| a. 养蜂 | b. 忙着养蜂 |
| c. 像蜜蜂 | d. 很忙 |

() 4. Actions speak louder than words.

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| a. 做是好的 | b. 说不如做 |
|---------|---------|

c. 做和说都好

d. 买卖公平

() 5. You must be very tired. Take a load (重量) off your feet.

a. 脱鞋

b. 背着

c. 休息一下

d. 拿些东西放在脚下

2) 英汉互译 (每小题1分)

1. take an active part in

2. catch up with

3. day and night

4. with one's help

5. by the way

6. 依靠

7. 开(灯)

8. 迟早

9. (电灯)熄灭

10. 做件好事

III. 时态填充 (用所给单词的适当形式填空) (每格0.5分)

Last year I _____ (go) back to my home town. I _____ (not be) back for more than ten years.

Before I _____ (start), I _____ (write) a letter to my grandfather. So they _____ (meet) me at the railway station. At the station I _____ (tell) that many new houses _____ (build).

The next morning I _____ (get up) early and _____ (have) breakfast with my grandfather. To my surprise, great changes _____ (take place) in my primary school. I _____ (decide) to _____ (pay) it a visit.

7. Tom apologized _____ John _____ his wrong deeds.
a. with, about b. for, for
c. with, of d. to, for
8. Paper is made _____ wood and the bridge is made _____ stone.
a. from, from b. of, of
c. from, of d. of, from
9. We have friends all _____ the world.
a. above b. over
c. in d. of
10. He is strict _____ us but he is not strict _____ his work.
a. with, with b. in, in
c. with, in d. in, with

V. 综合选择题 (每小题1分)

1. After a long walk, I wanted to drink _____.
a. something cold b. cold something
c. some cold thing d. something to be cold
2. _____ is the shortest way from here to the park?
a. What b. Where
c. Which d. How
3. If it _____ tonight, I will stay at home.
a. will rain b. is rain
c. not rain d. rains
4. I think it _____ be very difficult to learn to speak English well.
a. should b. must
c. shall d. need
5. The students have _____ classes on Sunday.

- a. no any b. not
c. any d. no
6. The film is _____ worth seeing twice.
a. very b. well
c. much d. so
7. When you go to a shop to buy something, the shop assistant will probably say, "_____."
a. Excuse me. b. What can I do?
c. How are you? d. Can I help you?
8. She was very tired _____ she kept on working.
a. if b. so
c. but d. though
9. You'd better _____ to your former classmates.
a. to write b. write
c. writing d. written
10. Yesterday I bought a new dictionary because I _____ the old one.
a. have lost b. had lost
c. lose d. would lose
11. Her job is _____ with the housework.
a. helping b. helps
c. to help d. helped
12. I wonder if he _____ the day after tomorrow.
a. comes b. will come
c. shall be come d. come
13. While Edison was away from home he had his garden _____.
a. looking after b. was looking after

- c. look after d. looked after
14. As he had caught a very bad cold, he often stopped _____.
a. to cough b. coughing
c. coughed d. cough
15. He couldn't help _____ at the good news.
a. laugh b. laughing
c. to laugh d. laughed

VI. 句子意思理解选择题 (每小题1分)

1. He hardly works.
a. He works hard.
b. He is hard working.
c. He is not working.
d. He does very little work.
2. Father tried to explain to me, but I just couldn't understand.
a. Even father didn't understand it.
b. I still didn't understand it.
c. With father's help, I understand it.
d. Both father and I understand it.
3. This is your last lesson in French.
a. Today you will learn French at last.
b. Today the last lesson is French.
c. Tomorrow you will not learn French any more.
d. The French lesson will last a whole day today.
4. Finally she went to see the well-known man herself.
a. At last she went to see the famous man himself.
b. In the end she went to see the well-known man with her sister.

- c. At last the famous man went to see her.
- d. In the end, she herself went to see the famous man.
- 5. He began to learn German at the age of five.
 - a. He started to learn German at five o'clock.
 - b. He began to learn German Lesson Five.
 - c. He had learned German by the age of five.
 - d. When he was five years old, he started to learn German.

VII. 改错 (每题仅一处有错, 选出错误并改正) (每小题1分)

1. Do you think you can work out it all by yourself?
 A B C D
2. Stop talking please. Let's hear these lovely children to sing
 A B C D
us a song.
3. One of the teachers in our school are very strict with us.
 A B C D
4. How beautiful city it is! I have never seen such a beautiful
 A B C
 city before.
 D
5. He went to work in Shanghai after he had taken part in
 A B C
the army.
 D

VIII. 阅读理解

(1)

Ali was working a long way from home. One day he wanted to send a letter to his wife, but since he could neither read nor write and he had to work all day, so he could only look for somebody to write a letter late at night. When at last he found the letter-writer was already in bed. "It is late," he said, "what do you want?" "I want you to write a letter to my wife," said Ali. The letter-writer was not pleased. He thought for a few seconds and said, "Does the letter have to go far?" "Yes," Ali answered.

"Well, my handwriting is so strange that only I can read it, and if I have to travel a long way to read the letter to your wife, you will have to pay me a lot of money," the letter-writer said.

A. 是非题 (每小题1分)

1. Ali had to work from morning till night and had to write a letter to his wife at night himself. ()
2. One night Ali was very tired and he wanted to ask a letter-writer to write a letter for him. ()
3. Ali was surprised when he heard that the letter-writer could only write in his own language. ()
4. When Ali went to the letter-writer's, it was already very late. ()
5. After the letter-writer had written the letter to his wife, Ali paid him some money and left there immediately. ()

B. 填充題 (每格1分)

Ali wanted to send a letter to his wife and went to a letter-writer for help. When Ali got to the letter-writer's place, the letter-writer was going to 1 and didn't want to 2 up. He explained to Ali that his handwriting was too strange 3 read and he would have to 4 a lot of money for the letter. Ali 5 the letter-writer's house without a word when he heard these words.

(2)

John likes chocolate very much, but his mother never gives him any because she thinks they are bad for his teeth. But John has a kind grandfather. He loves his grandson very much. Whenever he goes to see him, he takes a big bar of chocolate for him. Only at that time his mother lets him eat chocolates, because she wants the old man to be happy.

One evening, a few days before John's seventh birthday, he was saying his prayers in his bedroom before he went to bed. "Please, God," he shouted, "make them give me a bar of chocolate for my birthday on Sunday."

His mother was cooking in the kitchen but she heard the small boy shouting. "John?" his mother asked in surprise, "Don't you know that God can hear you when you talk quietly?" "I know," answered the little boy with a smile, "but can grandfather in the next room hear?"

是非題 (每小題1分)

1. John's mother doesn't give him chocolates to eat because

- she doesn't want to spend money on them. ()
2. John's grandfather was very kind to him. When he knows that John's mother doesn't let him eat chocolates, he gives him more. ()
3. John was at the age of seven when this story happened. ()
4. In his prayers one night, John hoped to see his grandfather. ()
5. John's mother was surprised when she heard John shouting in the next room. ()

(3)

A Great Boxer (拳击手) and a Great Runner

Long, long ago, a great boxer, Tom Brown, went to a restaurant for dinner. He took off his coat and left it at the door, but he was afraid that somebody would take it. So he took a piece of paper and wrote on it, "The great boxer, Tom Brown, has left his coat here. He will be back in a minute". Then he put the piece of paper on his coat and went to have dinner. When he came back, his coat was gone, but there was a piece of paper in its place. It read, "A great runner has taken your coat, and he will not come back at all."

是非题 (每小题1分)

1. One day Tom Brown went to have dinner in a restaurant. ()
2. It was very hot so Tom had to take off his coat. ()
3. He was told that there were many thieves there, so he should take care of his coat. ()

4. Wherever he went, he took his coat with him. ()

5. His coat was taken away by someone when he returned. ()