

杜效明 汪志悌 等编

标准化训练

# 英语 阅读与训练

浙江大学出版社

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杜效明 汪志伟 等编  
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## 前 言

进行考试改革,实现考试手段的现代化和科学化,是一项具有重要意义的工作;标准化考试,是科学地评价教学效果、检查学生学习质量的测试手段。

《中学英语教学大纲》指出,测试方法要逐步实行标准化。国家教委已经决定在高等学校招生中进行标准化命题考试的试点。安徽省1988年高考将实行英语的标准化考试。中考等各类考试也在逐渐向标准化靠拢和过渡。因此,逐步实行标准化考试是一个必然的发展趋势。

为帮助广大师生适应考试改革的这一形势,使学生熟悉标准化考试的要求和方法,并补充现行教材标准化题型的不足,我们组织了省内有经验的教研员和教师编写了这套《英语标准化训练》。

本书力求体现教学大纲的要求,以便有效地检查学生的学习效果,提高学生运用英语的能力。

参加本书编写和审校工作的有:杜效明、汪志梯、吴先声、叶从春、汪先均、许文龙、陈勤书、郭海铭、邢凌初、刘跃岚、应富华、陈礼仁、许荣德、吴学忠、程荣槐等同志。

本书由张耀宗同志审定。

## 高等学校入学英语考试(MET)说明

高等学校入学英语考试(MET),是按照标准化测试要求而设计的我国高等院校选拔入学新生的英语水平测试。测试对象是我国高考参加英语科考试的考生。

考试包括三部分。

第一部分试题(试卷中用字母 K 标明)测试英语的知识,即语音、语法和词汇知识,范围限于中学英语教学大纲所规定、全国中等学校英语课本中学过的英语语音、词汇及语法。具体内容可参看中学课本和教学大纲。这部分试题分两节。

K I: 语音知识。共 10 小题,每题给出四个单词或句子,要求考生辨别其中音素与重音、语调的读法。

K II: 单项填空。共 30 小题,每题在一个单句或两句对话中留出空白处,要求考生填上正确的词语。每题针对一个语法项目和习语。

第二部分试题(试卷中用字母 KU 标明)测试英语知识的综合运用能力。

KU: 完形填空。共 25 小题,在一段深浅与中学教材大致相当的短文中留出 25 个空白处,要求考生填进适当的词语,使短文的意思和结构恢复完整。考生必须通篇考虑,掌握大意,综合运用所学的词汇和语法知识,选择最佳答案。

第三部分试题(试卷中用字母 U 标明)测试英语的直接运用能力。共分两节。

U I: 阅读理解。共 20 小题。要求考生根据所给的阅读材

料选择正确答案回答问题。在不超越中学生英语语言水平的前提下,阅读材料的选取遵循三个原则:

(1) 总量不少于 500 个单词,篇数不少于 3 篇。

(2) 题材尽量多样化。包括日常生活,传说,人物,社会,文化,史地,一般科技,政治,经济等。

(3) 体裁尽量避免单一化。包括叙述文、描写文、说明文、议论文、应用文等。

阅读理解能力测试的主要要求是:

(1) 掌握所读材料的主旨和大意,以及用以说明主旨和大意的事实和细节。

(2) 既理解具体的事实,也理解抽象的概念。

(3) 既理解字面意思,也理解根据字面可以推断出来的意思,包括作者的态度、意图等。

(4) 既理解某句、某段的意义,也理解全篇的逻辑关系,并据此进行推理和判断。

(5) 既能根据材料所提供的信息去理解,也能结合中学生应有的常识去理解。

U II: 书面表达。要求考生根据所给情景和要求(所写材料的目的、对象、时地、内容、长度等),写一篇 100 单词左右的书面材料。书面表达的要求是:

(1) 根据所给的情景和要求进行表达,文理通顺。

(2) 语言准确得当。

本试卷除 U II 书面表达一题外,85 题全部采用多项选择题的形式。答对算分,答错不扣分,没有把握也可以猜。

试卷题目数、计分和时间安排如下:

题 号	内 容	题数	计分百分比	时间(分钟)
K I 1—10	语音知识	10	5%	5
K II 11—40	单项填空	30	15%	20
K U 41—65	完形填空	25	25%	20
U I 66—85	阅读理解	20	40%	45
U K	书面表达	1	15%	30
	合 计	85 + 1	100%	120

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# 全国高等院校统一招生考试英语科试题(样题)

## Matriculation English Test (MET88 SAMPLE)

### 笔 试 试 题 卷

#### 第 一 卷

#### 注意

- 一、考试前将自己的姓名、考号、试卷类型、考试科目填写在答题卷上。考试结束,试题卷和答题卷一并收回。
- 二、所有多项选择题都必须答在答题卷上,不能写在试题卷。每一小题只能从四个选择中挑选一个答案,多选作废。多项选择题答对算分,答错不扣分,没有把握也可以猜。选出答案后用铅笔在答题卷上把对应的题目答案涂黑。如要改动,必须用橡皮擦干净,再选涂另一个答案。
- 三、书面表达部分答在试题卷第二卷上,注意字体清楚,卷面整洁。
- 四、本试题第一卷共 16 页,第二卷共 1 页,答题时间 120 分钟 请掌握好时间。

### 第一部分(K) 英 语 知 识

#### K I. 语音知识(共 10 小题,计分 5%)

A) 观察所给单词划线部分的发音,从答案 A,B,C,D 划线部分中找出与其读音相同的。

例: have

A. gave      B. save      C. hat      D. made

答案是 C.

1. house

A. touch    B. town    C. young    D. own

2. tough

A. physics    B. though    C. large    D. bought

3. eve

A. stream    B. bread    C. tear    D. great

4. put

A. plug    B. shut    C. punish    D. full

B) 下列对话的划线句子中, 哪些单词在一般情况下要重读?

5. —Where did you go yesterday?

—I went to the park.

A. park    B. went, park    C. I, park    D. went

6. —Did you have classes yesterday?

—No, but we had an exam instead.

A. No, exam

B. No, instead

C. but, exam

D. had, instead

7. —How did you go to Guilin last summer?

—We went there by train.

A. train    B. went, train    C. we, there    D. went

C) 以下每组对话由句子 1, 句子 2, 句子 3 三个句子组成, 指出这三个句子在一般情况下应该用什么语调。

8. 1 —Did you go fishing yesterday?

2 —No, but I went swimming.

3 —How long did you swim?

A. 1 升调, 2 降调, 3 升调    B. 1 升调, 2 降调, 3 降调

C. 1 升调, 2 升调, 3 降调    D. 1 降调, 2 降调, 3 升调

9. 1 —When were you born?

2 —In 1970.

3 --So you are eighteen this year, aren't you?

A. 1 降调, 2 降调, 3 降调 B. 1 降调, 2 升调, 3 升调

C. 1 升调, 2 降调, 3 升调 D. 1 升调, 2 降调, 3 降调

10. 1 --Where did you have the party last night?

2 --At Li Ying's.

3 --Were there many people at the party?

A. 1 降调, 2 降调, 3 升调 B. 1 升调, 2 降调, 3 升调

C. 1 降调, 2 降调, 3 降调 D. 1 升调, 2 降调, 3 降调

**K II. 单项填空(共 30 小题, 计分 15%)**

在 A, B, C, D 四个答案中, 选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。

例: He comes late sometimes, \_\_\_\_\_?

A. is he B. isn't he C. comes he D. doesn't he

答案是 D.

11. I have no idea \_\_\_\_\_ far the airport is from here.

A. what B. how C. it's D. that

12. --I like swimming in winter.

-- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. So do I

B. So I do

C. So do I, too

D. So I do, too

13. --Sorry I forgot to post the letter for you.

--Never mind, \_\_\_\_\_ it myself tonight.

A. I'm going to post

B. I'd better to post

C. I'll post

D. I'd rather post

14. I don't think English is \_\_\_\_\_ a language as Russian.

- A. difficult as                      B. as difficult  
C. more difficult                    D. difficult
15. To get the job started, \_\_\_\_\_ I need is your support.  
A. only what                      B. all what  
C. all that                        D. only that
16. --Could you tell me what this word means?  
--Sorrery. I don't know it either. let's look it \_\_\_\_\_ the dictionary.  
A. at    B. over in    C. up in    D. for
17. The things talked about in this report \_\_\_\_\_ over a year ago.  
A. had taken place                      B. took place  
C. have taken place                    D. were taken place
18. You wouldn't \_\_\_\_\_ so many mistakes if you had been more careful.  
A. have made                      B. make  
C. be making                        D. have been making
19. --There's something wrong with your radio.  
--I know. I am going to have it \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. repair                              B. be repaired  
C. repaired                            D. to be repaired
20. The Smiths used to live in London, \_\_\_\_\_ they?  
A. wouldn't    B. weren't    C. didn't    D. hadn't
21. I believe that's the best way to prevent such a thing \_\_\_\_\_ again.  
A. to happen                      B. from happening

- C. happened                      D. happen
22. We will not go to the party \_\_\_\_\_ we are  
politely invited.  
A. if not    B. however    C. whether    D. unless
23. I don't think the question of \_\_\_\_\_ they are  
old or young is important.  
A. which    B. whether    C. how    D. why
24. It was foolish \_\_\_\_\_ you to give up what you  
rightly owned.  
A. for    B. of    C. about    D. from
25. The poor woman with her two children \_\_\_\_\_  
in a street corner.  
A. was seen beg                      B. were seen beg  
C. was seen begging                  D. were seen begging
26. The old man smiled when he saw how pretty  
\_\_\_\_\_ up to be during the past few years.  
A. had his daughter grown  
B. would his daughter grow  
C. his daughter would grow  
D. his daughter had grown
27. We've planted a lot of apple trees, but because  
there has been no rain, \_\_\_\_\_ have borne fruit.  
A. some    B. few    C. a few    D. the few
28. The policemen were sure the murderer was the  
man \_\_\_\_\_ gun was found lying beside the  
dead body.  
A. who had a    B. whose    C. which    D. of whom a

29. You \_\_\_\_\_ show your pass at the entrance unless the guard asks you for it.  
A. mustn't B. cannot C. needn't D. won't
30. He didn't know which room \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. they lived B. they lived in  
C. did they live D. did they live in
31. He forgot \_\_\_\_\_ the manager his business card already so he handed him another one.  
A. to hand B. handing  
C. to have handed D. having handed
32. How can you \_\_\_\_\_ if you are not \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. be seeing; looked at B. be looking; seen  
C. see; looking D. look; seeing
33. Though I have often heard this song \_\_\_\_\_, I have never heard you \_\_\_\_\_ it.  
A. being sung; sang B. sang; singing  
C. sung; sing D. to be sung; to sing
34. My family and I \_\_\_\_\_ our Christmas eve dinner when my uncle's telegram \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. enjoyed; came  
B. were enjoying; was coming  
C. enjoyed; was coming  
D. were enjoying; came
35. By the time the new pupil \_\_\_\_\_ enough courage to raise his hand, the bell \_\_\_\_\_ for the end of the lesson.  
A. had gathered; was already ringing

- B. was gathering; had already rung  
 C. gathered; already rang  
 D. would gather; would already have rung
36. This news sounds \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. encouraging                      B. encouraged  
 C. encourage                        D. to encourage
37. --He is not a friend of yours, is he?  
 --\_\_\_\_\_. I have never seen him before.  
 A. No, he isn't.                      B. Yes, he isn't.  
 C. No, he is.                         D. Yes, he is.
38. --Have you decided when \_\_\_\_\_?  
 --Yes, tomorrow morning.  
 A. to leave                            B. to be leaving  
 C. will you leaving                 D. are you leaving
39. The thief did not know where the diamond \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. was hiding                        B. hidden  
 C. hid                                  D. was hidden
40. --Which of these two ties will you take?  
 --I'll take \_\_\_\_\_ to give me a change some-  
 times.  
 A. either                      B. neither                      C. all                      D. both

## 第二部分(KU) 英语知识综合应用

### KU. 完形填空(共 25 小题, 计分 25%)

先通读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从下边四个答案中选择  
 可以填入相应空白处的最佳答案。

Mike had been delivering(送)newspapers for a week, but he was still not quite sure (41) he was going to like his first job. Today he was to (42) the month's money from his customers(顾客). At the first house, Mike walked (43) the Pierces barking dog, (44) was tied up in the front yard. When he (45) the door, he got up enough (46) to ring the bell. He told the man what he (47). Mr Pierce didn't smile or say anything, (48) he handed Mike a bill. Mike (49) counted out the man's change.

(50) the time he got to the (51) house, Mike felt a little (52) at ease. Mr Simon was repairing his (53). He, too, gave Mike a (54), but he smiled and talked (55) Mike gave him his (56).

As Mike walked to the third house, he (57) a bit uneasy. Mr Swenson was just (58) home from the store, and he stopped (59) he saw Mike. Mr Swenson (60) Mike the exact amount in change. They stood (61) in front of the house (62). This wasn't (63) to be such a difficult job (64), thought Mike as he continued on his (65).

- |                |             |               |           |
|----------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|
| 41. A. what    | B. why      | C. whether    | D. which  |
| 42. A. fetch   | B. seize    | C. collect    | D. select |
| 43. A. to      | B. past     | C. from       | D. beside |
| 44. A. it      | B. he       | C. which      | D. who    |
| 45. A. arrived | B. reached  | C. went       | D. got    |
| 46. A. courage | B. money    | C. newspapers | D. demand |
| 47. A. liked   | B. believed | C. wanted     | D. had    |
| 48. A. but     | B. for      | C. so         | D. that   |



49. A. hardly B. lately C. carefully D. nearly  
 50. A. For B. In C. On D. By  
 51. A. third B. first C. second D. fourth  
 52. A. bit B. quite C. less D. more  
 53. A. garden B. dog C. car D. job  
 54. A. money B. bill C. pay D. change  
 55. A. so B. for C. as D. because  
 56. A. newspaper B. help C. smile D. change  
 57. A. wasn't B. continued C. hadn't D. went  
 58. A. at B. in C. coming D. going  
 59. A. so B. thus C. where D. when  
 60. A. returned B. paid C. snatched D. left  
 61. A. talking B. to talk C. back D. by  
 62. A. in no time B. at once C. for a while D. by and by  
 63. A. true B. going C. happening D. that  
 64. A. by far B. any longer C. at once D. after all  
 65. A. way B. job C. customers D. money

### 第三部分(U) 英语运用

#### UI. 阅读理解(共 20 小题, 计分 40%)

阅读下列短文并做每篇后面的题目, 在四个答案中, 选出能回答所提问题或所给句子的最佳答案。