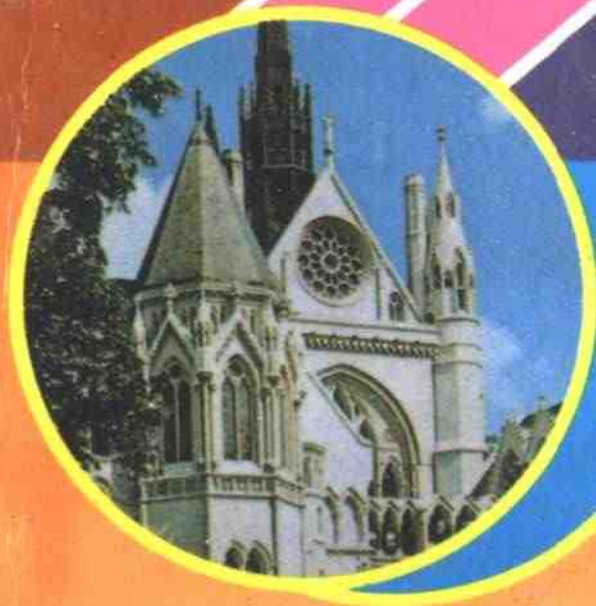


天津教育出版社

杨广育 编著



# 最新 ● 初中 英语双解小词典

*English—English      Dictionary*  
*English—Chinese      for students*  
*of Junior High School*

# 最新初中英语双解小词典

English-English  
English-Chinese  
Students Of Junior

杨广育 编著

Edited By Yang Guang-yu

天津教育出版社

Tianjin Educational Publishing House

(津)新登字 006 号

最新初中英语双解小词典

杨广育 编著

\*

天津教育出版社出版

(天津市张自忠路 189 号)

新华书店天津发行所发行

天津市房管局印刷所印刷

787×1092 毫米 64 开 4.75 印张 146 千字

1995 年 2 月第 1 版

1995 年 2 月第 1 次印刷

印数 1—18100

ISBN7-5309-2031-6  
G·1638 定价 4.00 元

## 编者的话

《初中英语双解小词典》(1987年,天津人民版)问世以来,畅销不衰,印数高达50多万册,深为读者喜爱。我收到了不少读者热情来信,因时间关系,未能一一函复,在此,深表歉意!并向广大初中生、家长、老师和读者表示衷心的感谢与谢意!这本词典是依据国家教委制定的九年义务教育初中英语教学大纲和各地采用的新教材,以及广大读者的意见,在目前教材更迭之际,以满足读者之急需而在《初中英语双解小词典》一书基础上重新编写的。

本词典的特点是:紧扣教学大纲和教材,兼顾各地实际,共筛选1136个词条和423个词组,并针对中学生学习的普遍难题“用英语解释英语词汇”,采用“英汉双解”。英释语言规范,切合初中生水平,释义紧扣教材并与汉译呼应。有典型英文用法举例与例句译文。本词典以附录形式将教材中词组全数列出,予以“双解”,并将动词词组单独分类,以利于更

好地掌握。本词典还提供了有实用价值的附录,如“不规则动词”、“代词一览表”等。本词典的内容,特别是“英汉双解”为学生提供了具体的语言实践机会,不但能有效地提高阅读理解,学习记忆的效果,而且可以极大地提高口语表达能力。本词典是初中生理想的工具书,是高中生考试复习的好帮手,也是英语教师的一本很有价值的参考书。

杨广育

1994. 9.

## 略 语 表

- abbr. --- abbreviation -- (略)略语  
adj. --- adjective -- (形)形容词  
adv. --- adverb -- (副)副词  
aux. --- auxiliary -- (助)助动词  
Brit. --- British -- (英)英语的, 英语用法  
cap. --- capital -- (都)首都  
chem. --- chemistry -- (化)化学  
collec. --- collective -- (集合)集合用法  
colloq. --- colloquialism -- (口语)口语  
conj. --- conjunction -- (连)连词  
E --- east -- 东  
e. g. --- For example -- 例如  
esp. --- especially -- (尤指)尤指  
fig. --- figurative -- (喻)比喻  
f. i. --- for instance -- 例如  
fml. --- formal -- (正式)正式的  
F --- French -- (法)法语, 法国的

G -- German -- (德)德语, 德国的

inf. -- infinitive -- (不定)不定式

interj. -- interjection -- (叹)感叹语

interr. -- interrogative -- (疑)疑问

neg. -- negative -- (否)否定的

N -- north -- 北

n. -- noun -- (名)名词

num. -- numeral -- (数)数词

pl. -- plural -- (复)复数

prep. -- preposition -- (介)介词

pron. -- pronoun -- (代)代词

sing. -- singular -- (单)单数

sb. -- somebody -- (人)某人

sth. -- something -- (物)某物

S -- south -- 南

tech. -- technique -- (技)技术

[U] -- uncountable noun -- (不可数)不可数名词

US -- United States -- (美)美国, 美语

v. -- verb -- (动)动词

W -- west -- 西

& -- and -- 和

# 目 录

## Contents

### 本词典略语表

Abbreviations used in this Dictionary ..... 1

### 正文

Text ..... 1

### 附录

Appendices ..... 242

#### 附录一 词组

Phrases ..... 242

##### I. 动词词组

Phrasal Verbs ..... 242

##### II. 其他词组

Others ..... 262

#### 附录二 不规则动词

Irregular Verb ..... 278

#### 附录三 数词

Numerals ..... 284

##### I. 基数词



Cardinal Number .....	284
I. 序数词	
Ordinal Number .....	284
附录四 某些特殊形容词、副词的比较级与最高级	
Comparative & Superlative Degree of Some Adjectives and Adverbs With Par- ticular Use .....	286
附录五 代词一览表	
Pronoun List .....	287
附录六 月份, 星期, 洲, 洋, 国名, 地名	
Month, Week, Continent, Ocean, State, Geographical Name .....	290
附录七 人名	
Biographical Names .....	293

## A a

**a**[ei, ə]; **an**[æn, ən] indefinite art. (*an* is used before a vowel) (an 用于元音前) 1. one 一(个, 件 …) I have a pencil. 我有一支铅笔。2. (indicating one but not particular) any; every (表示非特指的任何)任何一(个), 每一(个) A bicycle has two wheels. 自行车有两个轮子。3. (indicating one of the same kind) any; every (表示同类事物中的一个) one kind of 一种; 一门 Physics is a science. 物理是一门科学。4. each; every 每; 每一 Take these medicine twice a day. 那药每日服两次。

**able**['eɪbl̩] adj. having the power to do. 能够; 有能力的 You're able to lift the heavy box. 你能够举起那个沉重的箱子。Are you able to come tomorrow? 你明天能来吗?

**about**[ə'baʊt] adv. 1. a little more or less than; a little before or after 大约 It's about 20 kilometres from the city. (这)离城约 20 公里。2. here and there; in all places 四处 We sat about on the floor. 我们分散坐在地板上。prep. 1. here and

there in; on every side of 在…各处,到处 The boy wants to travel about the world. 那个男孩想周游世界。2. of, concerned with 关于 What do you like about China? 你喜欢中国什么?

**above** [ə'baʊ] prep. 1. over; higher than 在…之上; 高于 We were flying above the clouds. 我们正在云层上方运行。2. more than (sb. or sth.) 超过; 多于 It is above the normal temperature today. 今天气温高于正常温度。

**accident** ['æksɪdənt] n. sth. (usu. bad) that happens by chance 事故 I had a little accident last Sunday. 上星期日,我出了个轻微事故。

**across** [ə'krɒs] prep. 1. from one side to the other side of 横过; 穿过 I can swim across the river. 我能游过这条河。2. to or on the side of 在另一边; 在对面 His house is just across the street. 他的房子就在对面街上。adv. 1. from one side to the other side 穿过地; 横过地 John swam across twice. 约翰横游了两次。2. to or on the other side 对面地 We'll soon be across. 我们将很快地到对面。

\* **address** [ə'dres] n. the name of the place where a

person lives, work, etc. and where letters, etc. may be delivered 地址; 通讯处 The address was on a piece of paper. 地址写在一张纸上了。

(\* 表示大纲上未出现, 但课本上有。)

**afraid** [ə'freɪd] adj. [pred.] 1. feeling fear; frightened 怕; 害怕 I'm afraid he's out. 我担心他不在家。2. worried or anxious about possible result 焦虑; 担心 I don't mention it because I was afraid of losing her help. 我没有提及那件事, 因为我唯恐失去她的支持。

**after** ['ɑ:ftə] prep. 1. later in time than 在某时之后 He goes to school after breakfast. 早餐后, 他去上学。2. following in place or order; behind 在...之后 Shut the door after you. (请您) 随手关门。adv. later; afterwards 在后; 后来 Jane came last Monday and I arrived the day after. 简是上周一到的, 我是转天到的。conj. later than the time that 在...后 I arrived he had left. 他走后我到达的。

**afternoon** [ˌɑ:ftə'nun] n. time between morning and evening 午后; 下午 You must help me do the cooking this afternoon. 今天下午你必须帮我做

饭。

**again** [ə'gen; ə'geɪn] adv. 1. once more; another time 再次; 又一次 But at night it will fall below zero again. 但是, 夜里气温将再次降到零度以下。  
2. furthermore; besides 再; 又; 还有; 此外 That wasn't much, I could eat as much again. 那不算多, 我还能再吃这么多。

\* **against** [ə'genst; ə'geɪnst] prep. 1. in opposition to 反对; 不同意 We'll fight against the enemy. 我们将要对敌作战。  
2. in an opposite direction to 逆; 对着 No. 64 Middle School students are running against the wind now. 六十四中的学生正在顶着风跑步。

\* **age** [eɪdʒ] n. a time of life 年岁; 年龄 What's his age? (=How old is he?) 他多大了?

**ago** [ə'ɡəʊ] adv. in the past; back in time from now 以前; 过去 --When did you start in this school? --About six month ago. --你什么时候开始就读这所学校? --大约6个月前。

**agree** [ə'ɡri:] v. 1. have the same opinion, feeling, or purpose 同意; 赞同 I really can't agree with you, I prefer science. 我实在不能赞同你的观点,

我更喜欢理科。2. say 'yes' to an idea, opinion, etc. esp. after unwillingness 答应; 应允 He tried to marry her, she agreed at last. 他想娶她, 她终于应允了。

\* **ah** [ɑ:] interj. (used to express surprise, pity, etc.) (表示惊奇, 遗憾等) 啊; 呀; 哟 — How old are you? — Ah, it's a secret! — 你多大了? — 啊, 这是秘密。

\* **air** [ɛə] n. **U** 1. the mixture of gases that surrounds the earth and which we breathe 大气; 空气 Let's go out and enjoy the fresh air. 让我们出去呼吸一下新鲜空气吧! 2. the sky or the space above the ground 天空; 空中 The Great Wall is clearly seen from the air. 长城从空中俯瞰清晰可见。

**all** [ɔ: l] adj. 1. (with sing. nouns) the whole of (修饰单数名词) 全; 总; 整 He spent all his money. 他花光了自己全部钱。2. (with pl. nouns) the whole number of (修饰复数名词) 全部的, 所有的 All my friends are kind. 我的朋友们是善良的。adv. entirely 都; 完全 I got all dirty. 我浑身都弄脏了。pron. & n. everyone; everything 大

家;全体。I brought all of them. 我把它们都带来了。

**almost** [ˈɔːlməʊst] adv. nearly 几乎;差不多 Today the forest has almost gone. 今天森林几乎消失了。

**alone** [əˈləʊn] adv. & adj. [only pred.] 1. without others (仅作表语) 单独地(的)、独自地(的)、孤独地(的) But the children are not alone. 可是这些孩子并不孤独。2. only 仅仅;只有 This year alone, we're already planted ten thousand trees. 仅今年,我们就已经种了上万棵树。

**along** [əˈlɒŋ] prep. following the length of; from end to the other end of 沿着;顺着 They walk along the street. 他们沿街步行。adv. 1. onwards; forwards 向前 A group of soldiers were marching along. 一队士兵正在行军。2. with others or one-self 一同;与...在一起 Come to the party and bring some friends along. 带几个朋友一起来吧!

**already** [ɔːlˈredi] adv. by this time; before now 曾经;已经 The maths teacher has already been here. 数学老师已经来过这里了。

**also** [ˈɔːlsəʊ] adv. in addition; too 并且;也 Tom

has been to Canada, and Jim has also been to Canada. 汤姆去过加拿大,吉姆也去过加拿大。

**always** ['ɔ:lweiz] adv. 1. at all times 总是 I always work hard at English. 我一直在英语上下功夫。2. forever 永远 I will love you always. 我将永远爱你。

**am** [æm] → be

**America** [ə'merikə] n. the country which is in the North America and has 50 states 美国; 美利坚 They are from America. 他们是美国人。

**American** [ə'merikən] n. 1. a person born or living in America 美洲人 2. a citizen of the United states 美国人 adj. of America 美国的 What kind of football, American or soccer? 是哪类足球, 美式足球还是英式足球?

**among** [ə'mʌŋ] prep. 1. in the middle of: surrounded by 在...之中 We visited him at his work place among the young trees. 我们在那为小树丛环绕的工作地点采访了他。2. with each other; between one another (三者以上的) 彼此之间 The children quarreled among themselves. 孩子们彼此吵闹。



**and**[ænd; ʌnd] conj. 1. as well as 和; 又 I made faces and jumped like a monkey. 我像猴子一样地做鬼脸, 跳跃。 2. as result 而; 又; 于是 She was sick and took some medicine. 她病了, 于是服了些药。

**angry**['æŋɡri] adj. showing or resulting a strong feeling of displeasure; feeling anger 生气的; 发怒的 Yu ling was angry with fred for playing a trick on her. 于玲对福特开她的玩笑生气了。

**animal**['æniməl] n. 1. living thing that can feel and move 动物 We are talking about animal. 我们正在谈论动物。 which animal do you like best? 你喜欢哪种动物?

**another**[ə'nʌðə] adj. 1. being one more of the same kind 再一, 另一 Have another drink and another of these cakes. 请再喝一杯, 再吃块蛋糕。 2. diferent (one) 另一个; 别的东西 There is another small here, too 这里还有一个小锅。 pron. diferent one 另一个 She lost her book and borrow one from anther of the girls. 她的书丢了, 就从别的女孩那借了一本。

**answer**['ɑ:nsə; 'ænsə] v. 1. say, write or do sth, in