

一课一测

YIKEYICE

第四次修订

配人教大纲版·与新教材同步

高一英语

学生用书

(另配听力磁带)



主 编：温小东 于 威
李艳飞 丁品贤
吉林人民出版社

一课一测

YIKEYICE

第四次修订

(另配听力磁带)

配人教大纲版·与新教材同步

学生用书

高一英语 下

主 编:温小东 于 威 李艳飞 丁品贤
编 者:顾馨铮 包春生 孟丽娟 李艳飞
祝 凤 李洪良 于洪艳 朱良波
徐显华



吉林人民出版社

(吉)新登字 01 号

策 划:吉林人民出版社综合编辑部策划室

执行策划:孙 昶

一课一测·高一英语·下(配人教大纲版)另配听力磁带

吉林人民出版社出版发行(中国·长春人民大街 7548 号 邮政编码:130022)

网址:www.zgjf.com.cn 电话:0431-5378008

主 编 温小东 于 威 李艳飞 丁品贤

责任编辑 张长平 王胜利

责任校对 宋昌云

封面设计 魏 晋

版式设计 邢 程

印刷:北京东方七星印刷厂

开本:850×1168 1/16

印张:10.375 字数:280 千字

标准书号:ISBN 7-206-02616-8/G·1422

2001 年 11 月第 1 版 2005 年 11 月第 4 次修订 2005 年 11 月第 1 次印刷

定价:13.50 元

如发现印装质量问题,影响阅读,请与印刷厂联系调换。

CONTENTS



Unit 13	Healthy eating	1
LISTENING & SPEAKING		1
READING		3
LANGUAGE STUDY		4
INTEGRATING SKILLS		6
单元学习评价		7
Unit 14	Festivals	12
LISTENING & SPEAKING		12
READING		14
LANGUAGE STUDY		15
INTEGRATING SKILLS		17
单元学习评价		19
Unit 15	The necklace	24
LISTENING & SPEAKING		24
READING		26
LANGUAGE STUDY		28
INTEGRATING SKILLS		30
单元学习评价		31
Unit 16	Scientists at work	36
LISTENING & SPEAKING		36
READING		38
LANGUAGE STUDY		40
INTEGRATING SKILLS		42
单元学习评价		43
Unit 17	Great women	48
LISTENING & SPEAKING		48
READING		50
LANGUAGE STUDY		52
INTEGRATING SKILLS		54
单元学习评价		56

**Unit 18 New Zealand 61**

LISTENING & SPEAKING	61
READING	63
LANGUAGE STUDY	65
INTEGRATING SKILLS	67
单元学习评价	68

Unit 19 Modern agriculture 73

LISTENING & SPEAKING	73
READING	75
LANGUAGE STUDY	77
INTEGRATING SKILLS	78
单元学习评价	79

Unit 20 Humour 84

LISTENING & SPEAKING	84
READING	86
LANGUAGE STUDY	87
INTEGRATING SKILLS	90
单元学习评价	91

Unit 21 Body language 96

LISTENING & SPEAKING	97
READING	98
LANGUAGE STUDY	100
INTEGRATING SKILLS	102
单元学习评价	103

Unit 22 A world of fun 108

LISTENING & SPEAKING	109
READING	110
LANGUAGE STUDY	111
INTEGRATING SKILLS	114
单元学习评价	115

期中学习评价 120

期末学习评价 125

答案与提示 132

Unit 13 Healthy eating



单元导学

④ 点击要点

Can you translate the following phrases into English?

应该,应当 _____ 许多,大量的 _____ 跟上,赶上 _____
做出选择 _____ 时而,不时 _____ 垃圾食品 _____
做出正确选择 _____ 保持健康 _____ 对……有害 _____
提……建议 _____

Can you talk about the habit of diet and health?

Can you use the modal verbs: *had better, should, ought to* freely?

④ 高考展望

知 识	高频词汇	sweet, mushroom, fried, fat, vitamin, snack, stomach, fever, product, examine, soft, fuel, calorie, pace, nutrient, protein, muscle, balance, steam, boil, fertilizer, mineral, disease, environmental, organic, dairy, promise
	常考句型	You had better get some rest. You should not/ought not to eat so much junk food. What can I do for you? I suggest you should... Why not...? I advice you to...
	重点语法	学会使用 <i>had better, should</i> 和 <i>ought to</i> 等情态动词。
技 能	听	听有关对话能够正确理解文中的内容。
	说	谈论有关健康饮食和垃圾食品的话题,谈论饮食习惯和健康。
	读	阅读课文,确切理解并完成有关的内容和练习,学会阅读食谱并练习设计食谱。
	写	写一则食谱,注意饮食的均衡及多样性和营养。

LISTENING & SPEAKING



随堂测评

时间:40分钟 满分:100分

基础巩固

先巩固一下你的基础知识吧!

I. Complete the following words according to the explanations and the first letters. (每小题5分,共25分)

- b _____ the first meal of the day
- a _____ opinion or suggestion
- r _____ fully grown and ready to be eaten
- s _____ the front part of the body below the chest

5. f _____ the time that will come after the present

II. Choose the best answers. (每小题5分,共25分)

- John was _____ to spend his summer holidays in that mountain village.
A. suggested B. advised
C. demanded D. hoped
- I advised you _____ drink water that isn't _____ any more.
A. not, boiled

- B. not to, boiling
C. not, boiling
D. not to, boiled
3. John was not _____ frightened, in fact, he was nearly frightened to death.
A. a bit B. at all
C. a little D. much
4. There is _____ with him. He will be all right soon.
A. something serious
B. serious something
C. nothing serious
D. serious nothing
5. It's raining hard, you'd better _____ out.
A. don't go
B. not to go
C. not go
D. to not go

能力升级

再练练你的各项技能吧!

III. Complete the dialogue with one of the choices for each blank. (每小题 5 分, 共 25 分)

Ralph: Pardon me, are you waiting in line for class registration?

Ann: Yes, I am. 1

Ralph: I can't believe it! This line is huge. 2

Ann: About twenty minutes. It seems that the line goes pretty fast, but it's a long line.

Ralph: 3

Ann: I think the problem might be that the deadline is tomorrow.

Ralph: 4

Ann: I do too. I tried to use the telephone system to register, but it wasn't working right. 5

Ralph: Yeah, I've used that system before too, but I have to pay in person.

- A. I hope they don't close before we get to the front of the line.
B. How long have you been working?
C. When did you come here?
D. That's probably another reason why the line is so long today.
E. Do you have any idea why there are so many people?
F. I'm afraid we can't have the chance for class registration today.
G. I think everybody in this line is as well.

IV. Listen to the tape and choose the right answers.

(每小题 5 分, 共 15 分)

1. Where are the speakers?
A. In the office.
B. At home.
C. In a restaurant.
2. What time is it now?
A. In the morning.
B. In the afternoon.
C. In the evening.
3. What is wrong with the man?
A. He has a bleeding nose.
B. He has a fever.
C. He has a headache.

高考演练

现在试试你的身手吧!

V. Choose the best answers. (每小题 5 分, 共 10 分)

1. (2004 • NMET) Let's keep to the point or we _____ any decisions.
A. will never reach B. have never reached
C. never reach D. never reached
2. (2004 • NMET) Rose need special care _____ they can live through winter.
A. because B. so that
C. even if D. as

你有做错的题吗? 请你更正过来!



探究交流小课题

With the development of economy and the opening constantly of China, more and more western-style fast food enters China. For example, McDonald, Kentucky, and so on.

There is also a phenomenon presenting in China. The number of people who are partial to the western-style fast food becomes larger and larger. Day after day, the traditional Chinese style fast food may be replaced gradually, but we don't look forward to seeing it. Some people think western-style fast food is more delicious than Chinese one, and also think it's representative of wealth and fashion.

From my point of view, I like eating traditional Chinese style fast food. For one thing, it has not many calories, which may let us become fatter, last but not least, it will promote Chinese economy.

Answer the question:

Can you give the list of Chinese food and western food that often are ordered by customers?

READING

随堂测评

时间:40 分钟 满分:100 分

基础巩固

先巩固一下你的基础知识吧!

I. Complete the sentences with proper words according to the meanings of the whole sentences and the first letters given. (每小题 5 分, 共 20 分)

- Great p_____ have been taken to ensure the safety of passengers.
- "No sugar in my coffee, please. I'm d_____, "Mary said.
- Things couldn't be worse, financially, in s_____, we're bankrupt.
- Some foods d_____ more easily than others.

II. Fill in the blanks with the right forms of the verbs given. (每小题 5 分, 共 25 分)

- Your smoking can _____ (harm) to your health. (be harmful, be harm)
- They were _____ (mine) for silver. (mining, mine)
- The photographer told the editor how he _____ the whole accident. (filmed, has filmed)
- Bill told Sam where he _____ (be) in the past few weeks. (had been, have been)
- Anyone who _____ (see) the lion is asked to telephone the zoo and the police. (see, sees)

能力升级

再练练你的各项技能吧!

III. Reading comprehension. (每小题 10 分, 共 50 分)

My husband had just bought a new washing machine for me. I decided to use it and I washed a lot of things.

Everything worked well, but I found one of my husband's socks missing. I looked everywhere for it, but I couldn't find it anywhere.

The next morning, I got ready for school as usual. When the bell rang, the students came in, I greeted them first and then told them what we were going to do that day.

When I turned around to write on the blackboard, the class broke out a roar! They laughed and laughed. They laughed so much, in fact, that I was afraid the headmaster would be in to see all this.

I asked the class to stop, but the more I talked, the

more they laughed. I decided to pay no attention to them and I continued to write on the blackboard. When I did this, they roared even more.

Finally, the teacher who had the room next to mine came in to see what all the laughter was about. When he came in, he started laughing, too!

"Good heavens," I said. "Will someone please tell me what is so funny?"

"Oh, God," said the teacher. "You have a brown sock to the back of your skirt!"

So that's how I found my husband's missing sock.

"Oh, well," I said to the class. "Let's just say you have had an unforgettable lesson on static electricity."

1. What was the writer?

- A. A washer. B. A student.
C. A headmaster. D. A teacher.

2. What happened when the writer turned around to write on the blackboard?

- A. The class roared with anger.
B. The class began to laugh loudly.
C. Another teacher came in.
D. There was a loud noise outside the room.

3. Why couldn't she find one of her husband's socks?

- A. Because some students had hidden it.
B. Because her husband had taken it away.
C. Because she had left it in the classroom.
D. Because she never expected that it would stick to her skirt.

4. Why did the teacher from the next room laugh?

- A. Because the whole class laughed.
B. Because he saw the writer fooled by the class.
C. Because he saw some of the students making faces.
D. Because he found a sock on the back of the writer's skirt.

5. Which of the following statements is WRONG?

- A. The writer's husband had just bought a new washing machine.
B. The writer found one of her husband's socks missing.
C. The students told her about the laughing.

D. She was afraid of being seen by the headmaster.

高考演练

现在试试你的身手吧!

IV. Choose the best answer. (共5分)

(1994 • NMET) — Do you like the material?

— Yes, it _____ soft.

A. is feeling

B. felt

C. feels

D. is felt

你有做错的题吗? 请你更正过来!



探究交流小课题

According to the text, we know that we should keep a balanced diet. If we want to keep fit, do you know what happens if we don't eat well?

LANGUAGE STUDY

随堂测评

时间: 40 分钟 满分: 100 分

基础巩固

先巩固一下你的基础知识吧!

I. Complete the following sentences using the proper phrases. (每小题 5 分, 共 20 分)

1. What the teacher told John _____ (对我也适用).
2. The little baby was laughing _____ (一直) just now.
3. There are _____ (充足的故事书) on the shelf.
4. I _____ (钱不够花), can you lend me some?

II. Choose the best answers. (每小题 5 分, 共 35 分)

1. Would you slow down a bit, please? I can't _____ you.
A. keep up with B. put up with
C. make up to D. hold on to
2. He got his left leg burnt this morning. Now it _____ a lot.
A. hurt B. hurts
C. is hurt D. is hurting
3. The story _____ true, he often makes up a story, though.
A. may not be B. may be
C. can't be D. mustn't be
4. I just don't understand _____ that prevents so many rich people from being as happy as one might expect.
A. why it does B. what it does
C. what it is D. why it is
5. The Great Wall is the last place _____ Mr Smith is going to visit before he leaves Beijing.
A. where B. which
C. / D. what
6. Everything _____ into consideration, they ought to

have another chance.

A. to take

B. taken

C. to be taken

D. taking

7. The money _____ on each white child was once _____ spent on a black one.

A. cost, four times as much more as

B. taken, four times as much as those

C. paid, three times more than

D. paid, four times as many as those

能力升级

再练练你的各项技能吧!

III. Cloze. (每小题 2 分, 共 40 分)

It was the last day of the final examination in a large eastern university, on the steps of one building a group of engineering 1 gathered, discussing the exam due to begin in a few minutes. On their faces was confidence. This was their last exam—then on to 2 and jobs.

Some talked of jobs they already had, others talked of jobs they 3 get. With the study of four years of college, they felt ready and able to take 4 of the world.

The approaching exam, they knew, would be a(n) 5 task. The professor had said they could bring 6 books or notes they wanted, requesting only that they did not 7 each other during the test.

8 they entered the classroom. The professor passed out the papers. And smiles 9 on the students' faces as they noted there were only five essay-type questions.

Three hours had passed 10 the professor began to collect the papers. The students no longer looked

confident. On their faces was a frightened expression. Papers in hand, no one spoke as the professor faced the class.

He looked at the 11 faces before him, and then asked, "How many completed all five questions?" 12 a hand was raised.

"How many answered four?" Still no hands.

"Three? Two?" The students moved restlessly in their seats.

"One then? Certainly somebody finished 13." But the class remained silent.

The professor put down the papers. "That is exactly what I 14," he said. "I just want to impress upon you that, 15 you have completed four years of engineering, there are still many things about the 16 you don't know. These questions you couldn't answer are relatively 17 in everyday practice." Then smiling, he added, "You will all 18 this course, but remember even though you are now college graduates, your education has just 19."

The years have 20 the name of this professor, but not the lesson he taught.

1. A. juniors B. seniors C. key figures D. teachers
2. A. interview B. discussion C. education D. graduation
3. A. would B. must C. had to D. used to
4. A. hold B. control C. charge D. place
5. A. interesting B. necessary

- C. easy
6. A. no B. either C. any D. all
7. A. listen to B. look at C. refer to D. talk to
8. A. Nervously B. Joyfully C. Quickly D. Curiously
9. A. appeared B. changed C. froze D. stopped
10. A. since B. as C. before D. after
11. A. pleased B. worried C. surprised D. moved
12. A. Not B. Once C. Only D. Even
13. A. all B. none C. one D. it
14. A. wondered B. enjoyed C. hated D. expected
15. A. right now B. as though C. now that D. even though
16. A. exam B. subject C. question D. college
17. A. valuable B. difficult C. common D. strange
18. A. pass B. fail C. take D. start
19. A. begun B. completed C. failed D. succeeded
20. A. forgot B. remembered C. strengthened D. weakened

高考演练

现在试试你的身手吧!

IV. Choose the best answer. (共 5 分)

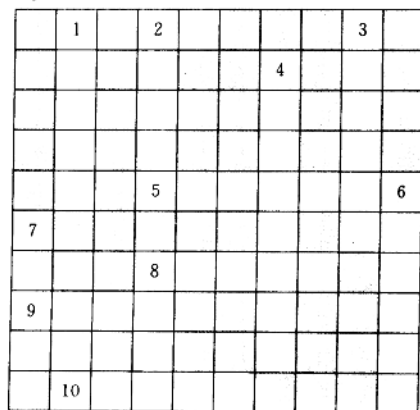
- (2003 • NMET) A left luggage office is a place where bags be left for a short time, especially at a railway station.
- A. should B. can
C. must D. will

你有做错的题吗? 请你更正过来!



探究交流小课题

Word puzzle



Across

1. Look at you! You need more exercise. You're getting .
5. They will the effects of alcohol on long-term memory.
8. is a round fruit with juicy sweet yellow flesh, slightly furry red and yellow skin and a large seed in its centre.
9. Could you slow down a bit? I can't keep with you.
10. All main courses come with or vegetables.

Down

1. Would you like another of ham/beef?
2. Dried fruits are especially high in .
3. That can't possibly be the right way to do it, use your !
4. The industry produces such things as drugs, paint and rubber.

6. Since I started eating more healthily, I've got so much more _____.
 7. Pick the tomatoes before they get too _____.
 8. If you stay in the sun too long, your skin will _____.

INTEGRATING SKILLS

随堂测评

时间:40分钟 满分:100分

基础巩固

先巩固一下你的基础知识吧!

I. Complete the sentences with the right prepositions. (每小题5分,共20分)

1. Many people today make choices _____ their eating habits based _____ what they believe.
 2. She had to walk faster to keep _____ the other visitors.
 3. If we are short _____ nutrients, _____ protein, we will feel sick.
 4. Instead _____ going _____ a diet, she eats less sugar and exercises more.

II. Choose the best answers. (每小题5分,共30分)

1. You must be strict with yourself _____.
 A. in the past B. in the future
 C. ever since now D. in future
 2. Allen had to call a taxi because the box was _____ to carry all the way home.
 A. much too heavy
 B. too much heavy
 C. heavy too much
 D. too heavy much
 3. —Why didn't you attend the lecture yesterday?
 —Well, I didn't think we _____ on Sundays.
 A. should B. ought to have
 C. called D. must have
 4. —I didn't tell him the news yesterday.
 —No, but you ought _____.
 A. to have B. to
 C. / D. not
 5. —What do you think of my composition?
 —It _____ well _____ a few spelling mistakes.
 A. reads, except for
 B. reads, besides
 C. is read, except for
 D. is read, besides
 6. You are to fail _____ unless you follow the teacher's advice carefully.
 A. by the end
 B. at the end
 C. to the end

D. in the end

能力升级

再练练你的各项技能吧!

III. Correct the mistake in each line if there's any. (每小题3分,共30分)

Last week my parents and I took a two-day trip to Emei Mountain in Sichuan. As everyone knows, it's famous
 1. _____
 mountain with all kinds of plants and animals. The
 weather 2. _____
 was fine. It was almost noon we arrived at the foot of
 3. _____
 the mountain. The three of them were very excited. As we
 4. _____
 climbed the mountain, we fed monkeys, visiting temples
 5. _____
 and told stories. On the way up I was busy taking picture
 6. _____
 since the scenery was so beautiful. The time passes
 quickly. 7. _____
 Evening came down. We spent the night in a hotel at the
 top 8. _____
 of the mountain. The food was expensive and the service was
 9. _____
 good. I was so tired that I fell asleep at the moment my
 10. _____
 head touched the pillow.

高考演练

现在试试你的身手吧!

IV. Writing. (共20分)

(2004·NMET)最近,你校同学正在参加某英文报组织的一场讨论。讨论的主题是:公园要不要收门票?请你根据下表提供的信息,给报社写一封信,客观地介绍讨论情况。

60%的同学认为	40%的同学认为
1. 不应收门票	1. 应收门票,但票价不宜高
2. 公园是公众休闲的地方	2. 支付园林工人工资
3. 如收票,需建大门、围墙,会影响城市形象	3. 购新花木

注意:1. 信的开头已为你写好。

2. 词数:100 左右。

3. 参考词汇:门票;entrance fee.

Dear Editor,

I'm writing to tell you about the discussion we've had about whether an entrance fee should be charged for

parks.

Yours truly,

Li Hua

你有做错的题吗? 请你更正过来!



探究交流小课题

根据下列提示写一篇日记,时间是2005年7月15日。

提示:上星期你和父母乘飞机旅游,从飞机俯瞰大地,一幅幅令人悲伤的景象映入眼帘:

1. 城市高楼林立,街上汽车川流不息。

2. 农田比以前更少,工厂烟囱高耸入云,浓烟滚滚。

3. 黄河水更黄,两岸山坡光秃秃不见绿色。

4. 沙漠正吞噬着绿洲。

注意:加入适当议论,字数100左右。

单元学习评价

检测时间:120分钟 满分:150分

第一部分:听力(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Where are the two speakers?

- A. In a hotel.
- B. At a dinner table.
- C. At their house.

2. Which of the following is the most probable reason why Bill lost his job?

- A. He was usually late for work.
- B. He often made mistakes in his work and asked for leaves.
- C. He made a serious mistake in business with a company.

3. What do we know from the conversation?

- A. The man regretted inviting his wife's boss to the dinner party.
- B. The two speakers enjoyed themselves at the dinner party.
- C. The boss of the man's wife left the party earlier.

4. How does the man really feel?

- A. Surprised.

B. Light-hearted.

C. Worried.

5. When does the conversation take place?

- A. Before Saturday.
- B. On Saturday.
- C. After Saturday.

第二节 (共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟。听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读一遍。

听第六段材料,回答第6、7题。

6. How much does the tour cost?

- A. Ten yuan.
- B. Eighteen yuan.
- C. Eighty yuan.

7. What do you know about the guidebook?

- A. It's written in English and Japanese.
- B. The woman had to buy the book.
- C. It provides you with information about the places you will visit.

听第七段材料,回答第8、9题。

8. What do the speakers intend to do?

- A. To move into the new apartment.

- B. To buy a new apartment.
C. To bargain with the manager.
9. What's the most possible relationship between the two speakers?
A. A couple.
B. Manager and customer.
C. Neighbours.

听第八段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. At a party.
B. On the phone.
C. At the airport.
11. What is the man going to do?
A. To have dinner with his wife.
B. To give a birthday party.
C. To meet his cousin at the airport.
12. What does the woman want the man to do?
A. To attend her birthday party.
B. To pick her up at the airport.
C. To invite people to her party.

听第九段材料, 回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What was Timmy most interested in?
A. Playing the piano.
B. Playing the violin.
C. Classical music.
14. What's Timmy's main purpose at the moment?
A. Make some new friends.
B. Go to some concerts.
C. Learn from others.
15. What were they both weak in?
A. Sports.
B. Music.
C. Theory of music.
16. Whom would they turn to?
A. Timmy's uncle.
B. Lily's uncle.
C. Their teacher.

听第十段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What is the speaker in charge of?
A. A small supermarket.
B. A big supermarket.
C. A small branch of a big supermarket.
18. Why many teenagers do shoplifting?
A. They do it just for fun.
B. They are used to stealing goods.
C. They are very poor.
19. Which methods of prevention we didn't have?
A. Store detectives and signs up.

- B. Closed-circuit television.
C. Telephone with camera.
20. How about the prices of goods in our shop?
A. Expensive.
B. Very cheap.
C. Neither expensive nor cheap.

第二部分: 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分 60 分)

第一节 单项填空 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

21. This shirt is too small, I'm afraid. Would you please show me _____?
A. bigger B. the bigger
C. a bigger D. a biggest
22. It is wise to have some money _____ for old age.
A. put away B. kept up
C. given away D. laid up
23. The story is uninteresting. I don't like it _____.
Which of the following is wrong?
A. a little B. a bit
C. at all D. in the least
24. —The clothes don't fit me, sir.
—Well, you can _____ clothes _____ to your own measure.
A. buy, making B. order, to be made
C. have, making D. get, to made
25. His grandma died. He was _____ deep sorrow _____ the news.
A. in, at B. on, of
C. or, on D. in, of
26. —I'd like to buy a new computer.
—Well, we have several models for you _____.
A. to choose B. to choose from
C. to be chosen D. to choose them
27. When Jack arrived, he learned Mary _____ for almost an hour.
A. had gone B. had set off
C. had left D. had been away
28. It is easier _____ than _____.
A. said, done B. said, to do
C. to say, done D. saying, to do
29. —I'd like _____ information about the management of your hotel, please.
—Well, you could have _____ word with the manager. He might be helpful.
A. some, a B. an, some
C. some, some D. an, a
30. —Didn't you go to the lab at 5 yesterday evening?
—_____, but it wasn't _____ as usual.
A. No, close B. Yes, close

- C. Yes, open D. No, opened
31. These wild flowers are so special I would do _____
I can to save them.
A. whatever B. that
C. which D. whichever
32. The cup _____ the mixture was _____ the class
of students.
A. full of, handed around B. filled with, handed out
C. full with, passed on D. filled of, passed around
33. Once _____, it will never be forgotten.
A. see B. to see
C. seeing D. seen
34. —Why don't you practise speaking to improve your
spoken English?
—_____.
A. That's a good idea B. Sorry, I forgot it
C. It doesn't matter D. You're welcome

35. This is the _____ piano _____ at the market.
It's almost as good as a new one.
A. using, bought B. used, bought
C. used, that bought D. using, it was bought

第二节 完形填空(共 20 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 30 分)

The dancer finished her dance and began to sing. She had a sweet 36, but it wasn't very strong.

"Louder!" cried the soldiers. "Sing louder!" The woman tried, but she 37. The soldiers began to laugh at her, and the woman stopped singing and started 38. Her 39 son stood a few meters 40 her. He wanted to help his mother, but he didn't know 41. Suddenly a 42 came to him. He jumped up beside her on the stage and cried 43, "I'll sing for you!"

The soldiers looked at the small child in front of 44 and laughed. But one soldier said, "Let him try. 45 listen to him."

The boy sang the song of Jack Jones, a London street market seller. 46 he sang, he danced 47 the stage. The soldiers loved it. They 48 money down on the stage. When he saw the money, he stopped singing and 49 down for it. "Sing!" the soldiers 50. "First I'll get the 51, then I'll sing again," the boy 52 back. The soldiers laughed and 53 money rained down on the stage.

That 54, the little boy and his mother took back to their home in Lambeth, South London, a lot of money. His mother never went on the stage again. But in later years, the little boy became a great 55.

36. A. sound B. voice
C. noise D. singing

37. A. shouldn't B. mustn't
C. couldn't D. might not
38. A. cried B. cry
C. being cried D. to cry
39. A. five-year-old B. five year olds
C. five years olds D. five years old
40. A. away B. out of
C. from D. apart
41. A. why B. how
C. what D. that
42. A. thought B. thinking
C. idea D. mind
43. A. up B. on
C. out D. in
44. A. it B. him
C. her D. them
45. A. Let her B. Let me
C. Let's D. Let them
46. A. As B. Until
C. Since D. Though
47. A. by B. round
C. beside D. before
48. A. fell B. gave
C. let D. dropped
49. A. got B. carried
C. reached D. replied
50. A. answered B. asked
C. screamed D. replied
51. A. money B. book
C. notes D. water
52. A. spoke B. called
C. said D. told
53. A. much B. many
C. more D. less
54. A. morning B. week
C. afternoon D. night
55. A. star B. singer
C. dancer D. soldier

第三部分: 阅读理解

(共 10 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 25 分)

A

London has Speaker's Corner, now always-on-the-go New Yorkers have Liz and Bill.

Liz and Bill, two college graduates in their early 20s, have spent a whole year trying to have thousands of people talk to them in subway stations and on busy street corners. Just talk.

Using a 2-foot-tall sign that says, "Talk to Me," they

attract conversationalists, who one evening included a mental patient, and men in business suits.

They don't collect money. They don't push religion (宗教). So what's the point?

"To see what happens," said Liz. "We simply enjoy life with open communication (交流)."

Shortly after the September 11, 2001 attacks, they decided to walk from New York City to Washington, a 270-mile trip. They found they loved talking to people along the way and wanted to continue talking with strangers after their return.

"It started as a crazy idea," Liz said. "We were so curious about all the strangers walking by with their life stories. People will talk to us about anything: their jobs, their clothes, their childhood experiences, anything."

Denise wanted to talk about an exam she was about to take. She had stopped by for the second time in two days, to let the two listeners know how it went.

Marcia had lost her husband to a serious disease. "That was very heavy on my mind," Marcia said. "To be able to talk about it to total strangers was very good," she explained.

To celebrate a year of talking, the two held a get-together in a city park for all the people they had met over the past year. A few hundred people showed up, as well as some television cameramen and reporters.

They may plan more parties or try to attract more people to join their informal talks. Some publishers have expressed interest in a book, something they say they'll consider.

56. What did Liz and Bill start doing after September 2001?

- A. Chatting with people.
- B. Setting up street signs.
- C. Telling stories to strangers.
- D. Organizing a speaker's corner.

57. What they have been doing can be described as _____.

- A. pointless
- B. normal
- C. crazy
- D. successful

58. Why are Denise and Marcia mentioned in the text?

- A. They knew Liz and Bill very well.
- B. They happened to meet the writer of the text.
- C. They organized the get-together in the city park.
- D. They are examples of those who talked to Liz and Bill.

59. What will Liz and Bill do in the future?

- A. Go in for publishing.
- B. Do more television programs.

C. Continue what they are doing.

D. Spend more time reading books.

60. How do they like the idea of writing a book?

- A. They have decided to wait a year or two.
- B. They will think about it carefully.
- C. They agreed immediately.
- D. They find it hard to do that.

B

William Leham was a writer. When he was a boy, writing came naturally as walking. He enjoyed playing with words, in the same way that other boys played with a football. He wrote stories whenever he had the chance, stories that most of his teachers couldn't hope to write, with the experience of a person two or three times his age. He wrote some quite striking poems, too.

At school, William always did best in English exam in his school, but not in subjects like history. As he never satisfied to stick to the facts, he preferred to imagine how things might have been.

At home, William was always writing. He wrote in bed while the others were watching television in the half darkness; he would even write at the breakfast table if his mother let him. What a quiet boy, different from others!

61. William was interested in _____.

- A. everything
- B. thinking and writing
- C. thinking
- D. studying

62. Playing with words means _____.

- A. playing the game of word puzzle
- B. playing with spelling words
- C. doing written homework
- D. writing stories

63. From this passage we know that _____.

- A. William was a boy to whom walking came naturally
- B. William was good at history as well as English
- C. writing came naturally to William when he was very young
- D. William enjoyed imagining things while other boys like playing football

64. To William words _____.

- A. were what a football was to other boys
- B. were like a game, not to be taken seriously
- C. came more naturally than walking
- D. came almost as naturally as playing football

65. The stories that William wrote were _____.

- A. about the experience of someone three or four times his age
- B. two or three times better than the stories that most people write

C. of the sort that most people older than William hope to write

D. of a sort that few people can write, even after years of experience of life

第四部分:写作(共两节,满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

Richmen Street is lined by different 66. _____
expensive stores, which rich people enjoyed 67. _____
shopping. So good many beggars try their best 68. _____
to make their living. A sunny afternoon a 69. _____
man was standing at the street corner, with a 70. _____
hat in each hand, waited for handouts(施舍物). 71. _____
A passer-by stopped and fell a coin into one of 72. _____

his hats, then asked, "What's other hat for?" 73. _____
"Business has been so good late," the man replied, 74. _____
"that I have decided to open a branch office there." 75. _____

第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

到底谁应该对老年人负责?这是一个社会必然会面临的问题。请你就赡养老人这个话题,用英语写一篇短文,谈谈自己的认识。

注意:1. 题目已给出。

2. 词数:100 左右。

3. 参考词汇:被遗弃 be forsaken, 传统 tradition, 文化 culture, 制度 system。

Who Should Be Responsible for Our Old People?



成长记录

你对本单元学习的自我评价



印象最深的经历或体验	
最大的收获	
学会的方法	
感到困难的学习内容	
与同学合作交流的感受	
你需要老师给予哪方面的帮助	
你需要家长给予哪方面的帮助或理解	

与老师和家长互动交流

老师评价	
老师建议	
家长评价	
家长建议	

Unit 14 Festivals



单元导学

④ 点击要点

Can you translate the following phrases?

穿上盛装_____

按照……的看法_____

开某人玩笑_____

尽力去做某事_____

忧虑,关心_____

吸收,引进_____

换句话说_____

迎接新年_____

Do you know how to express and support an opinion?

Do you use the modal verbs "must", "have to", and "have got to" freely?

④ 高考展望

知 识	高频词汇	theme, costume, Easter, symbol, fighting, crime, argument, destruction, honour, ancestor, characteristic, principle, unity, community, nation, self-determination, purpose, generation, faith, commercial, joy, informal, salute, kiss, cheek, reminder, respect, cycle, fool, invitation, occasion
	常考句型	In my opinion, we should... I believe we should... I don't think it's necessary to... We must decide... I hope we can make a decision. If we do this, we can...
	重点语法	情态动词: must, have to 和 have got to 的用法。
技 能	听	牢记并能够正确听辨有关的宗教和民族节日的词汇,提高运用英语获取新知识的机会,提高其听力水平。
	说	围绕 Peace Day, Happiness Day, Friendship Day 和 Nature Day 展开讨论,引起对现代社会一些常见的深层次问题的思考,锻炼在比较真实的情景中使用英语阐述自己的意见。
	读	阅读部分是一篇说明文体裁的文章,具体介绍了宽扎节诞生的情景、活动的形式,通过阅读培养多元文化意识,提高文化修养。
	写	在讨论教材介绍的四个节日的基础上,自己设计一个节日;自己设计一份图文并茂的请柬。

LISTENING & SPEAKING

随堂测评

时间:40 分钟 满分:100 分

基础巩固

先巩固一下你的基础知识吧!

I. Complete the following words according to the explanations and the first letters. (每小题 4 分,共 20 分)

1. f _____ a day or period of the year when people stop working to celebrate a special event, often a religious one
2. o _____ your feelings or thoughts about sb/sth,

3. i _____ rather than a fact
4. c _____ a spoken or written request to sb to do sth or to go somewhere
5. s _____ an accepted way of behaving or of doing things in a society or a community
- the outside or top layer of sth

II. Choose the best answers. (每小题 3 分,共 30 分)

1. — You don't seem to be quite yourself today, what's wrong?