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优化训练

全国著名特级高级教师联合编写

人教新目标版

八年级英语 下

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刘 强 总主编

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轻巧夺冠



优化训练

Unit 1 Will people have robots?

1. 将训练题按难度分层次设计, 加强基础训练, 逐级提升, 注重能力形成。
2. 题目设计精良, 体现实践、综合、创新能力, 对高(中)考能力题型设计进行了科学的探索和最新的预测。
3. 答案规范、详备、精炼。有助于读者养成良好的答题习惯, 使您在考试中从容应对, 万无一失。

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Unit 1 Will people have robots?

Unit 1
Will people have robots?



Unit 1

针对每单元基础知识所设计的题目, 系统、全面、针对性强, 是形成能力的基础, 也是考试中占篇幅最大的部分。要防止眼高手低, 得分不全, 万万不可掉以轻心。



Unit 1

针对本单元重点、难点以及新旧知识的融会贯通所设计的题目。题目难度中等, 是形成能力、考试取得高分的必经阶梯。



Unit 1

本单元知识与科技发展、生活实际相联系的信息题、材料题, 或是学科内或学科间的综合题。题目难度较大, 但却是考试得高分的关键。



Unit 1

再现本单元知识在高考或中考中曾经出现过的考查类型、角度和深度。知道过去曾经考过什么, 只有做到心中有数, 方能立于不败之地。



Unit 1

稍有难度的题目皆提供详细的解题步骤和思路点拨, 鼓励一题多解。不但知其然, 且知其所以然。能使您养成良好规范的答题习惯。

3



真情讲练·轻巧夺冠



- 优化训练·教师讲评用书
- 优化训练·学生训练用书
- 同步讲解



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Unit 1

Will people have robots? (A 卷)



基础巩固题

I. 英汉互译

1. 预言, 预测 _____
2. 信用卡 _____
3. 空闲时间 _____
4. 喜爱, 爱上 _____
5. 去滑冰 _____
6. World Cup _____
7. come true _____
8. go swimming _____
9. in college _____
10. be worth nothing _____

II. 词形变化

1. building(动词) _____
2. fly(第三人称单数) _____
3. fall(过去式) _____
4. will not(缩写) _____
5. pollution(动词) _____
6. write(现在分词) _____
7. cost(过去分词) _____
8. wooden(名词) _____
9. little(最高级) _____
10. predict(名词) _____

III. 单项填空

1. There won't be _____ paper money.
A. few B. some
C. any D. many
2. Will there be any trees _____ 100 years?
A. in B. after

C. to D. later

3. I think there will be _____ trees.
A. less B. much
C. fewer D. least
4. There will be _____ pollution.
A. less B. fewer
C. least D. many
5. What do you think Sally will be in five years?
A. Playing basketball. B. A doctor.
C. In college. D. Have a book.
6. I _____ the train to school every day.
A. took B. takes
C. taking D. take
7. We have to _____ a uniform to school.
A. takes B. wear
C. fly D. work
8. My life will be _____ than it is now.
A. a lot good B. much better
C. more better D. much more better
9. Predicting the future can be difficult as _____ as embarrassing.
A. good B. well
C. many D. like
10. I think Brazil will _____ the next World Cup.
A. beat B. fight
C. win D. against



强化提高题

IV. 根据句意和提示写单词

1. He lives in an a _____ with his parents.
2. He likes animals very much. He k _____ two dogs and a cat in his home.
3. There will be many tall _____ (建筑物) here.
4. It is very cold today. There is thick ice in the river.



学习札记

Let's go s _____.

5. I want to f _____ rockets to the moon one day.
6. In the future every home will have a _____ (机器人).
7. He is a strange man. He likes to wear c _____ clothes.
8. There were many famous p _____ that never came true.
9. There will be more _____ (污染) than before.
10. Do you like using a c _____ card?

V. 选择正确的答语, 将其字母填在题前的括号内

- () 1. Will there be any paper money in 100 years?
 - () 2. Will people live to be 200 years old?
 - () 3. What do you think Tom will be in five years?
 - () 4. What sport will she play?
 - () 5. What will the weather be like tomorrow?
 - () 6. Which country will win the next World Cup?
- A. Brazil. B. Sunny.
C. A teacher. D. Play football.
E. No, there won't. F. Yes, they will.

VI. 根据中文完成句子

1. 他们将会在家里通过计算机学习。
They'll study at home _____.
2. 我觉得将会有更多的高楼。
I think there will be _____.
3. 10 年以后我想当一名工程师。
I'll be _____ in ten years.
4. 他很迷恋这本书。
He _____ this book.
5. 他每天都去游泳吗?
Does he _____ every day?
6. 这里的每个人都有一台私人电脑。
Everyone here has _____.

VII. 完形填空

Paul got on the bus to go to the town. It was very
1 in the bus, so he had to stand for about five minutes. Then some of the 2 got off. Paul sat down next to a fat lady. She had several shopping bags, and

Paul didn't have much 3 on the seat. At last the bus got to the 4. All the passengers started to get 5. Paul was very 6, so he stood up to let the fat lady get off before him. She said, " 7." Then she tried to get out of the seat 8 all her bags. But she couldn't move. She was stuck (卡住了). Paul had to push the 9. The conductor pulled her. Finally they got her free but she was not pleased. "I'll write to the bus company," she said. "I'll tell them not to make buses with such 10 seats."

- | | |
|----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. crowded | B. cloudy |
| C. hot | D. cold |
| 2. A. visitors | B. buses |
| C. conductors | D. passengers |
| 3. A. room | B. house |
| C. place | D. space |
| 4. A. station | B. company |
| C. town | D. village |
| 5. A. off | B. down |
| C. up | D. on |
| 6. A. angry | B. tired |
| C. polite | D. impolite |
| 7. A. OK | B. Thanks |
| C. Sorry | D. Good |
| 8. A. and | B. in |
| C. with | D. by |
| 9. A. man | B. seat |
| C. lady | D. conductor |
| 10. A. narrow | B. wide |
| C. small | D. big |



课外延伸题

VIII. 阅读理解

Dick was a sailor on a big ship. It went to Japan and Australia, so Dick was often on the ship for several months at a time. When he woke up in the morning and looked out, he only saw the sea, or sometimes a port.

When he was twenty-six, Dick got married and bought a small house with a garden in his wife's town. It was away from the sea, then he had to go back to his ship and he didn't come home for two months. Two

months later, he went from the port to town by bus, and was very happy to see his wife again.

The next morning he slept until 9 o'clock. Then he woke up suddenly and looked out of the window. There were trees a few feet away. He was very frightened and jumped out of bed, shouting, "we've hit land!"

1. Dick's ship _____.
A. made long trips
B. went to Japan and China
C. went to Japan but not Australia
D. was a French ship
2. During these trips, Dick _____.
A. never saw the land and the sea
B. always saw the land
C. saw the sea and ports
D. saw trees around him
3. Dick bought a house _____.
A. in a town B. near the sea
C. not far from the sea
D. near the port
4. He left his wife for two months and when his ship came back, he _____.
A. stayed in his ship
B. went to a garden in the town
C. went home
D. went to a hotel in the town
5. When he woke up the next morning, he thought _____.
A. he was on the ship and the ship had hit land.
B. he had a terrible dream
C. he had a good sleep
D. the house had been hit by a ship



中考模拟题

IX. 书面表达

现在的你是什么样子的? 最喜欢做的事是什么? 十年以后的你又是什么样子, 你会干什么呢? 写一篇短文描述一下, 不少于 50 词。

X. 完形填空

(2005 四川)

Wei Fang lives on the second floor of a building. One Sunday 1 while she and her friends were 2 at home, Uncle Li came up and 3 at the door. He lives downstairs. He said, "I'm sorry to trouble you, 4 I work at night, so I have to sleep in the 5. If you make a lot of noise, I can't sleep at all." Wei Fang said sorry to Uncle Li.

1. A. midnight B. night C. morning
2. A. sleeping B. dancing C. sitting
3. A. knocked B. slept C. played
4. A. and B. or C. but
5. A. afternoon B. daytime C. evening



Unit 1

Will people have robots? (B 卷)



I. 单项填空

- The book is worth _____.
A. read B. reading
C. to read D. at reading
- I think he will come tomorrow, _____.
A. won't he B. don't I
C. won't D. will he
- There will be _____ cars and _____ pollution.
A. fewer; less B. less; fewer
C. more; much D. much; less
- Linda often _____ her homework in the evening, but this evening she _____ TV.
A. does; watches B. is doing; will watch
C. does; will watch D. will do; watches
- _____ will you leave Beijing?
— In two days.
A. How often B. How long
C. How soon D. What time
- Would you like to come to our English party?
— Oh, great! _____.
A. I'd love to B. I'd like
C. That's all right D. Never mind
- _____ they _____ trees now?
— No, they _____ next week.
A. Do; plant; are planting
B. Are; planting; plant
C. Are; planting; will plant
D. Will; plant; are planting
- _____ do you think our life will be like next month?
A. How B. What
C. Who D. Where
- He was born _____ a cold morning.
A. at B. in
C. on D. to
- You had better _____ fire. It's dangerous.

- A. not to play B. not play
C. play with D. not play with

II. 完形填空

Mr. Smith enjoyed 1 in a restaurant(饭店). After meal, when he was leaving, he couldn't 2 his bag. He had put it 3 the chair. But now 4 was on the chair. He looked 5. Just then, a waiter came 6 and asked, "Did you have a good meal?" "Yes, thank you." He 7. "But I can't pay the bill, my bag is gone." The waiter smiled and went out. A few minutes 8, he came back 9 a bag and gave it back to Smith. He said, "I'm sorry. My dog has taken it 10 the garden. He often does this."

- A. him B. he
C. his D. himself
- A. look for B. looked for
C. found D. find
- A. under B. beside
C. on D. near
- A. a bag B. nothing
C. something D. anything
- A. happy B. fine
C. worried D. worry
- A. up B. in
C. into D. down
- A. laughed B. answered
C. talked D. smiled
- A. late B. after
C. ago D. later
- A. have B. with
C. and D. get
- A. in B. to
C. away D. off

III. 阅读理解

A

One day Einstein(爱因斯坦) gave a lecture(演讲) in many places in America. His driver always lis-

tened to him and knew the lecture so well that he was sure he could give it himself. So Einstein agreed that the driver gave the lecture for him. As nobody knew Einstein there, the driver gave the lecture for Einstein that evening. At first he was a bit afraid, but Einstein's smile made him feel better. He gave a good lecture and the people were quite pleased.

Then the driver started to leave and Einstein followed him without a word. When they got to the door, a man asked the driver a difficult question.

The driver said, "This question is very easy, please ask my driver behind me to answer it."

1. Einstein _____.

- A. was a great American musician
- B. gave the same lecture in many places in the USA
- C. was interested in lectures
- D. was afraid to give a lecture

2. Einstein agreed to let his driver give the lecture because _____.

- A. he was too busy
- B. his driver could give it himself
- C. nobody there knew him
- D. both B and C

3. When the driver was a bit afraid, Einstein _____.

- A. smiled at him and made him feel better
- B. was angry with him
- C. left at once
- D. gave the lecture instead of him

4. When the driver left, Einstein _____.

- A. walked in front of him
- B. stayed there
- C. walked after him and said nothing
- D. went on another lecture

5. It's clear that _____.

- A. the driver knew the answer to the question
- B. the question was very easy
- C. the driver didn't know the answer to the question
- D. Einstein couldn't answer that question

B

One day a Chinese student went to study English in England. His family name is Sun. It is the same as the word "sun". England is a country with bad weather. It is often cloudy or misty, and it rains now and a-

gain. So the people there don't get much sunshine in the whole year. When the Chinese student went to London, a tall English policeman with a large face opened his passport to examine it. The policeman was interested to find the Chinese name "Sun" in the passport. He thought it was pronounced just like the English word "sun", so he said to the Chinese student, "I see your name is Sun. You are wanted here."

The Chinese student was greatly surprised. But after a moment the policeman began to smile, "Mr. Sun, you've brought sunshine to England! So we don't want you to go away."

根据短文内容,判断句子,正(T)误(F)。

1. The Chinese student's family name is pronounced just like the English word "sun".
2. London, the capital of England, is called "The misty city".
3. In London, a tall Englishman with large eyes examined the Chinese student's passport.
4. The policeman in London was interested in the Chinese name "Sun".
5. Mr. Sun was really to bring sunshine to England.

IV. 句型转换

1. I think they will climb the mountain the day after tomorrow. (改为否定句)

I _____ they _____ climb the mountain the day after tomorrow.

2. There won't be any paper money. (改为反意疑问句)

There won't be any paper money, _____?

3. Tom often does his homework at night. (用 in five days 改写)

Tom _____ his homework in five days.

4. I think she'll be a doctor. (就画线部分提问)

_____ she'll be?

5. He watches TV twice a week. (就画线部分提问)

_____ does he watch TV?

V. 根据中文完成句子

1. 他最少有一千本书。

He has _____ one thousand books.

2. 这本书花了他几百元钱。



学习札记

The book _____ hundreds of dollars.

3. 昨天他们撞倒了一棵大树。

They _____ a big tree yesterday.

4. 请清理一下你的书桌。

Please _____ your desk.

5. 我们每天都试图抽出点时间玩。

We _____ every day.

6. 保龄球在中国很流行。

Bowling has _____ very _____ in China.

7. 未来每个人都会使用信用卡。

Everyone will use a _____ in the future.

VI. 完成对话

选择恰当的句子填入空白处补全对话。

A: _____ 1 _____ Why are you looking so worried?

What's wrong?

B: I'll have to reach the airport before 10:30 a. m. But, you see, this is a small mountain village here.

_____ 2 _____ I don't know what to do now.

A: Don't worry. Let me help you. _____ 3 _____

B: It's very kind of you. Thank you for your help.

A: _____ 4 _____ By the way, what's your name, please?

B: Jack Cooper.

A: Nice to meet you, Mr. Cooper!

B: _____ 5 _____

A: Come on!

B: Me, too.

C: Excuse me.

D: I'll stay with you here.

E: And it is too hard to find a bus or a taxi.

F: Will you please take my car?

G: That's all right.



中考模拟题

Ⅶ. 完形填空

(2005 四川)

Mrs White wrote a novel. Last month she sent it to a famous magazine. A few days later the novel was _____ 1 _____ to her. Mrs White was _____ 2 _____. She rang up the editor(编辑) of the magazine _____ 3 _____. She said, "Yesterday you sent back a novel of _____ 4 _____. How do you know that the novel is _____ 5 _____? You didn't _____ 6 _____ it. Before I sent you the novel I stuck(粘) together pages 25, 26 and 27. This was a test to see whether you would read the novel. When the novel came back, the pages were _____ 7 _____ stuck together. Is this the way you read all the novels that are _____ 8 _____ to you?"

The editor said, "At breakfast when I have an egg, I don't have to _____ 9 _____ the whole egg only to _____ 10 _____ that it is bad."

1. A. returned B. sent C. given

2. A. glad B. pleased C. angry

3. A. the same day B. the next day

C. the other day

4. A. someone else's B. yours C. mine

5. A. so good B. too long C. not good

6. A. read B. write C. like

7. A. already B. still C. usually

8. A. carried B. sold C. sent

9. A. see B. watch C. eat

10. A. discover B. show C. notice

Unit 2

What should I do? (A 卷)



基础巩固题

I. 英汉互译

1. (使)留在外面,不进入 _____
2. 打电话给某人 _____
3. 与……相同 _____
4. 忽略,遗漏 _____
5. 为……做好准备 _____
6. be used to doing sth. _____
7. fill up _____
8. by oneself _____
9. pay for _____
10. get on well with sb. _____

II. 词形变化

1. argue(名词) _____
2. wrong(反义词) _____
3. pay(过去式) _____
4. get(现在分词) _____
5. drop(过去式) _____
6. own(名词) _____
7. organize(名词) _____
8. we(反身代词) _____

III. 单项填空

1. My parents want me _____ at home every night.

A. stay B. staying

C. to stay D. staies

2. I argued _____ my best friend.

A. with B. about

C. at D. and

3. I don't like _____ letters.

A. writing B. writing

C. to writing D. writes

4. He doesn't have any money, _____.

A. either B. too

C. also D. but

5. My friend _____ the same clothes.

A. wear B. wears

C. put on D. puts on

6. They are the same _____ my friends' clothes.

A. to B. from

C. as D. at

7. You should ask your parents _____ some money.

A. to B. as

C. at D. for

8. My best friend is _____ than me.

A. most popular B. much popular

C. more popular D. popularer

9. Could you give me _____ advice?

A. some B. any

C. many D. a lot

10. My friend is angry with me. What should I _____ to him?

A. say B. speak

C. argue D. talk



强化提高题

IV. 根据句意和提示写单词

1. Don't worry. There is nothing s _____.



学习札记

- His clothes are out of s _____. They are old.
- Everyone in our class went to the park e _____ me.
- He didn't pass the exam. He was very u _____.
- Don't _____ (争吵) with him.
- W _____ book is this?
—It's Xiao Ming's.
- Did you _____ (准备) for it?
- This is my _____ (自己的) car.

V. 选出与句中划线部分意思相同的选项

- My clothes are not fashionable.
A. old B. new
C. out of style D. worn out
- Maybe you should call him up.
A. call on him
B. telephone him
C. visit him
D. bring him up
- How do you like the advice?
A. What do you like
B. What do you think of
C. What do you think about
D. What do you like
- My friends didn't invite me to the party.
A. ask me to go B. let him join
C. tell me to form D. make me go
- Teachers are teaching exhausted kids in the class-room.
A. excited B. worried
C. tired D. independent

VI. 根据中文完成句子

- 我的衣服有点过时了。
My clothes are _____.
- 或许你应该买一些新衣服。
_____ you should _____ some new clothes.
- 昨天他给我打了一个电话。

He _____ yesterday.

4. 上个星期李明向我要了一张照片。

Li Ming _____ me _____ a photo last week.

5. 他的年龄和我的一样大。

He is _____ as me.

6. 你怎么了?

What's _____ with you?



课外延伸题

VII. 完形填空

The 1 in Britain is very different from our Chinese food. For example, they eat a lot of potatoes. They like to eat 2 every day. They eat bread 3 breakfast and usually for one other meal. They eat their bread with butter, 4 cheese or jam (果酱). Cheese and butter are made from 5. They drink a lot of milk, too. They drink the milk cold or 6, and they put it in their tea. They put sugar in their 7, too. They are the world's biggest tea 8. They don't eat much ice. And they like meat or fish with 9 and other vegetables. They serve (上菜) all these together. After the main meal they always have 10 sweet. They call this dessert (甜点心). They don't have dumplings in Britain.

- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| 1. A. apples | B. tea |
| C. food | D. fruit |
| 2. A. it | B. them |
| C. one | D. they |
| 3. A. to | B. with |
| C. on | D. for |
| 4. A. maybe | B. and |
| C. in | D. without |
| 5. A. milk | B. cow |
| C. meat | D. bread |
| 6. A. hot | B. many |
| C. much | D. black |
| 7. A. milk | B. tea |
| C. coffee | D. meat |

8. A. makes B. buyers
C. drinkers D. sellers
9. A. tomatoes B. bananas
C. pears D. potatoes
10. A. something B. anything
C. everything D. nothing

VIII. 阅读理解

One day a young lady walked into a hat shop. "Good morning, madam," said the shopkeeper with a smile. "Can I help you?" "Yes, please," said the young lady. "There is a green hat with red flowers on it in the window. Would you please take it out of the window?" "Certainly, madam," said the man happily. "I shall be very pleased to do that for you." Usually ladies looked at a lot of hats before they finally chose one. So the shopkeeper was happy because he thought he could sell that hat without much trouble.

"Do you want it with a box, madam?" he asked.

"Oh, no," said the lady. "I'm not going to buy it. I only want you to take it out of the window. I have to pass your shop every day, and I always feel sick when I see that ugly thing."

1. One afternoon _____ went into the hat shop.
A. a boy
B. girl
C. a young man
D. a young lady
2. The hat that the lady saw was _____.
A. blue
B. black
C. red
D. green
3. The shopkeeper was very happy because _____.
A. the hat was in the window for a long time
B. the hat needed cleaning
C. he wanted to put another one
D. he thought the young lady would buy it
4. The lady _____ the shop every day.
A. worked in
B. bought things in
C. went and came by
D. said hello to the shopkeeper in
5. Did the young lady like the hat?
A. Yes, she liked.
B. No, she hated it.
C. Yes, she wanted to see it every day.
D. Sorry, I don't know.

IX. 书面表达

请根据下面表格的提示,用英语写一篇记叙自己活动的短文,词数为60个单词左右,要求语法正确,意义通顺。短文的开头已给出。

TIME	at 6 : 30 last Saturday
PLACE	Jack's home
WHAT TO DO	were invited to go to Jack's birthday, have a party
HOW TO DO	bring some stamps, sing, dance, have a good time

Last Saturday was Jack's birthday.



中考模拟题

X. 单项填空

1. Do you find _____ hard to learn a foreign language?
A. that B. it
C. this D. how
2. I am used to _____ busy all day.
A. keep B. keeping
C. kept D. keeps
3. I don't want to have a fight _____ my cousin.
A. with B. for
C. at D. to



学习札记

4. I need to get some money to pay _____ winter camp.
A. to B. for
C. at D. in
5. I think you should borrow some money _____ your friends.
A. from B. to
C. for D. in
6. Don't argue with your best friends, _____ you?
A. do B. will
C. can D. are
7. —It is a fine day today.
—_____.
A. So it is B. So it does
C. So is it D. So does it
8. Can't you hear _____?
—No, I can hear _____.
A. anything; nothing
B. anything; anything
C. something; nothing
D. something; something

Ⅶ. 完形填空 (2005 安徽)

Not all people like to work but everyone likes to play. All over the world men and women, boys and girls enjoy 1. Since the days of long ago, adults(成年人) and children have called their friends together to spend 2, even days playing games.

Sports help people to live 3. They help to keep people healthy and feeling good. When they are playing games, people 4 a lot. This is good for their health. Having 5 with their friends makes them happy.

Many people enjoy sports by watching others 6. In small towns, crowds(人群) meet to watch the bicycle races or the soccer games. In big cities, thousands 7 to see an ice-skating show or a baseball game.

What are your favourite sports? Is the weather 8 where you live? Then swimming is probably one of your sports. Boys and girls in China love to 9. There are wonderful beaches and there are beautiful 10 and lakes across the country. The weather is also good for swimming.

- () 1. A. music B. movies
C. sports D. trips
- () 2. A. hours B. weeks
C. months D. years
- () 3. A. alone B. busily
C. carefully D. happily
- () 4. A. speak B. think
C. move D. eat
- () 5. A. fun B. jokes
C. dinner D. lessons
- () 6. A. walk B. play
C. jump D. run
- () 7. A. buy tickets B. take turns
C. read newspapers D. hold meetings
- () 8. A. cool B. cold
C. hot D. warm
- () 9. A. skate B. swim
C. surf D. dance
- () 10. A. mountains B. cities
C. rivers D. seas

Unit 2

What should I do? (B 卷)



I. 单项填空

- What's the matter, madam?
—
A. I am looking for some vegetables.
B. How much are the tomatoes?
C. Which one is your bag?
D. I can't find my son's address.
- He _____ his homework at home yesterday.
A. left B. leaves
C. forgot D. forgets
- He could do nothing except _____ TV.
A. watch B. watches
C. watching D. will watch
- Please _____ who broke the window.
A. find out B. find
C. look for D. look out
- He _____ the pen on the ground just now.
A. dropped B. dropped
C. falls D. fell
- Could you give me _____ to eat? I'm hungry.
A. anything B. something
C. some thing D. a little things
- Don't worry. I won't _____ anything about it.
A. talk B. say
C. speak D. telling
- I _____ it everywhere, but I didn't _____ it.
A. looked for; looked for
B. looked for; find
C. found; looked for
D. find; look for
- He's used to _____ in the afternoon.
A. play B. plays
C. playing D. plaies
- Maybe he put it in his pocket, _____ he?
A. does B. doesn't
C. did D. didn't

II. 句型转换

- The book isn't the same as that one. (同义句转换)
The book is _____ that one.
- What's wrong with you? (同义句转换)
What's _____ with you?
- Maybe it is yours. (同义句转换)
It _____ yours.
- The bike is his. (就画线部分提问)
_____ is the bike?
- He has some money, too. (改为否定句)
He _____ money, _____.
- I think you should get a part-time job. (改为否定句)
I _____ you should get a part-time job.
- His car is more expensive than mine. (同义句转换)
My car is _____ than _____.

III. 根据中文完成句子

- 上个星期她借了我的数学书,但是她并没有归还。
Last week she _____ my math book, but she didn't _____ it.
- 现在他习惯了每天喝酒。
He is _____ every day.
- 请查一下明天谁值日。
Please _____ who will be on duty tomorrow.
- 他付了10元钱买了这本书。
He _____ ten yuan _____ the book.
- 不要遗漏掉那些有用的东西。
Don't _____ anything useful.



学习札记

6. 他和同学们相处的很好。

He is _____ with his classmates.

7. 他们完全能自己做好这件事。

They can do it well _____.

8. 昨晚你准备好了吗?

Did you _____ it last night?

IV. 完形填空

Mrs. Andrews had a young cat, and it was the cat's first winter. One evening it was 1 when it began to snow heavily. Mrs. Andrews looked 2 it everywhere and shouted its name, but she did not find it, 3 she telephoned the police and said, "I have 4 a small black cat. Has 5 found one?"

"No, madam," said the policeman at the other end. "But cats are really very 6 animals. They sometimes live for days in the snow, and when it melts (融化) or somebody finds them, they are quite 7."

Mrs. Andrews felt 8 when she heard this. "And," she said, "Our cat is very 9. She almost talks."

The policeman was getting rather tired, "Well then," he said, "Why don't you put your 10 down? Maybe she is trying to telephone you now."

1. A. here B. there
C. inside D. outside
2. A. at B. for
C. after D. around
3. A. so B. or
C. if D. because
4. A. got B. sold
C. lost D. bought
5. A. he B. she
C. anybody D. everybody
6. A. had B. good
C. weak D. strong
7. A. well B. ill
C. careful D. worried
8. A. worse B. happier
C. colder D. younger
9. A. busy B. clean

C. clever

D. angry

10. A. cat

B. book

C. hands

D. telephone

V. 阅读理解

A

Once there lived a very exact (精确的) man. One day when he was walking in the street, an old woman came over and asked him, "Excuse me, but where is the nearest restaurant?"

"The nearest restaurant? You have to cross the bridge and then turn to the right," answered the man.

"And is the bridge long?"

"Very long, thirty metres."

The old woman thanked him and went towards the bridge. Suddenly she heard someone running after her. "Stop!" the man was shouting. "I'm very sorry, I just remembered, the bridge is forty metres long. If you go thirty metres and then turn to the right, as I told you to do, you'll fall into the river."

1. What was the man doing one day?
A. He was thinking about an interesting problem.
B. He was doing some running in the park.
C. He was on his way to see a film.
D. He was walking in the street.
2. The old woman wanted _____.
A. to buy a coat in shop
B. to go to the nearest restaurant
C. to take a bus
D. to go to the nearest theatre
3. The man first told her the bridge was _____.
A. half a kilometer
B. forty metres long
C. thirty metres long
D. twenty minutes' walk
4. Why was the man running after the old woman?
Because _____.
A. he just remembered the real length (长度) of the bridge
B. he knew her name
C. he didn't tell her the way to the restaurant
D. he wanted to catch her
5. If he didn't stop her, the woman would _____.
A. lose her way