当代美国英语会话

PRESENT-DAY AMERICAN ENGLISH DIALOGUES

杨鑫南 编著



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未经本书编著者的许可,不准对本书进行录音、录像。

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前 言

《当代美国英语会话》主要是为大专学生,准备赴英语 国家学习、工作的人员,以及初级涉外工作者所编写的;也 可用作成人英语短识班教材。

全书由三部分组成,即"日常 英语"(Everyday English)、"国外英语"(English Abroad)和"国内英语"(English at Home)。每一部分有十个单元(题目),每个单元包括四个左右的对话,并附有"课文注释"或"有用词句总结"。

在编写本书时,编者注意了下列方面: (一)实用性:本书的题材全部是日常生活中,国外学习、工作中和国内涉外接待中所经常遇到的实际情景;(二)全面性:本书各部分的题材较全面,每个单元中的对话内容 覆 盖 面 也较广;(三)知识性:通过对话和注释,较详 细 地 介 绍了英语国家,尤其是美国的习俗、人情,这样不但有助于对异国文化的了解,在使用语言时也能更加得体;(四)由浅入深:本书各部分的安排都注意到语言学习由浅入深的特点,这不但照顾到不同水平学员的学习,而且也有益于 打 好 语言基本功。

曾参加本书第三部分起草工作的还有熊德貌教授、钱青教授和戴显光副教授。我系美国专家 Robyn Goodman 也曾为本书对话部分做过文字修饰。本书手稿的打字整理工作由杨澜担任。在此向他们表示衷心的感谢。

编著者 1989年1月 于北京外国语学院英语系

Contents

Part I I	Everyda	y Engli	ish	. :	-	:	;	:	:	ĕ	•	7	:	1
Unit	One:	Greeti	ngs	and	Рa	rtiı	ng	:	;	:	•	~	:	1
Unit	Two:	Introd	luct	ions			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	9
Unit	Three	Tha	nks	and	R	epl	ies	:	:	:	:	•		16
Unit	Four:	Apolo	gies	and	Re	pli	es	:	.,	:	:	:	-	22
		Askin											:	29
Unit		Making									_		-	37
Unit		: Maki											7	45
		Time	-										:	53
		Weath											?	60
	Ten:											;	9	67
Part II	English	h Abroa	ad	: :	ç	;	;	:	:	;	;	9	17 \$	76
Unit	One:	Going	Ab	road	by	, A	ir	:	:	:		n	71	76
Unit	Two:	Looki	ng i	for a	n 4	Ap	artı	mei	nt	;	•	7	4	85
Unit	Three:	Telep	hon	e.		-		•	7	7	9	;		94
Unit	Four:	At th	e Po	ost C	ffi	ce	:	•	:		:			103
Unit	Five:	Transp	orta	tion		:		?	7	:	:	:	:	110
Unit	Six:	Getting										•		119
Unit	Seven:	At th												127

	Unit	Eight:	Health a	and	In	sur	an	ce	•						136
	Unit	Nine:	Western	-sty	le	Sh	op	pin	g	•	•			•	145
	Unit	Ten:	Dining O	ut	:	•		•	•		•	•	•		156
Part	ш	English	at Home	:	:	•	:	:	<i>4</i> 1	:	-				166
	Unit	One:	Arrival of	a I	or	eig	n (Зu	est		:				166
	Unit	Two:	At the	Hote	el			•,	:				;		176
	Unit	Three:	Progran	n fo	r	he	D	ay	:			:			187
	Unit	Four:	Going to	o th	e	The	eat	er		:	-	:	:		194
	Unit	Five:	Traveling	, .		:			?	:	:				204
	Unit	Six: 5	Seeing the	e De	oct	or		•	:	:		:			211
	Unit	Seven:	Śhoppi	ng	:	:	-		:	•		•			228
	Unit	Eight:	Meals:	:	ĸ,	:			÷		-				246
	Unit	Nine:	Sightseei	in g	:	:	:	:	:	?		:		:	269
	Unit	Ten:	Departu	re	ţ	•	•		:	•	:	:	;	:	296

Part I Everyday English

Unit One Greetings and Parting

Dialogue I

(Wang meets Smith on the street.)

Wang: Good morning, Mr. Smith.

Smith: Good morning, Mr. Wang.

Wang: How are you?

Smith: (I'm) very well, thank you. How are you? Wang: (I'm) fine, thanks. Where are you going?

Smith: I'm going shopping.2 And you?

Wang: I'm going home. Oh, you must come over and see

us some time. I'd like you to meet my wife.

Smith: That's very nice of you. I'd be delighted to come.

Wang: Good. Nice to have met you, Mr. Smith. Good-bye.

Smith: Good-bye.

Dialogue II

(Jack and Susan meet unexpectedly while shopping in a supermarket.)

Jack: Hi,4 Susan, how nice to see you!

Susan: Hello, Jack! How are you?

Jack: Not too bad, thanks, except Anne is laid up with the flu⁵. So I have to do all the shopping and cook-

ing.

Susan: Sorry to hear that. Is she getting better?

Jack: Yes, definitely. She'll be on her feet soon.6 Well,

I'd better finish my shopping.

Susan: All right, Jack. Give my love to Anne.7 I'll come around to see her soon.

Jack: Drop in anytime you like.8 We're at home most

evenings. See you.

Susan: Bye-bye.9

Dialogue III

(A dinner party)

Betty: Good evening, Wang¹⁰! Come on in.

Wang: Thank you. Good evening! Here's something for

you.11

Betty: How nice of you! Oh, it's lovely!

Wang: I'm glad you like it.

Betty: Come and sit by the fire.12 How are you doing?13

Wang: OK, thanks. I don't need to ask how you are. You

look the picture of health.14

Betty: I'm feeling good. We'll have dinner¹⁵ in a few

minutes.

Wang: Thanks.

Wang: I'm afraid I must be going now. I had no idea it was so late. 16

Betty: It's still early.

Wang: I really must go. I have to get up very early tomorrow morning. You know, all the Chinese students studying in this state will have a get-together tomorrow.

Betty: I won't keep you, then.¹⁷ It was nice of you to come.

Wang: Thank you for the delicious dinner.

Betty: I'm glad you enjoyed it.

Wang: Good night.

Betty: Good night. Thanks again for coming.

Dialogue IV

(Wang sees Smith off at the railway station.)

Smith: Hi, Mr. Wang! How are you this morning?

Wang: Fine. I'm afraid I'm late.

Smith: No. The train leaves at 8:30.18 We still have half an hour to go.19

Wang: You know, I was up very late last night²⁰. And the alarm didn't go off this morning.²¹

Smith: It's very kind of you to come to see me off, Mr. Wang.

Wang: Not at all. It's the least I could do.22

Smith: Thank you.

Wang: It's a pity you're leaving so soon. We hope you'll

come back again in the near future.

Smith: I hope so too. Thank you for everything you've

done for me during my stay here.

Wang: You're welcome.23 Give my regards to your wife.24

Good-bye, Mr. Smith. I wish you a pleasant

journey.25

Smith: Thank you. Good-bye, Mr. Wang.

Notes

- How are you?您好吗?
 这里的 you 应该重读。
- 2. I'm going shopping. 我去买东西。
- 3. Nice to have met you. 见到您好极了。 这是分别时说的话。见面时,应该说 Nice to see you。
- 4. Hi/hai/ 喂 见面时的招呼语,与 Hello 相同;但是现在美国人较多用 Hi。
- 5 Anne is laid up with the flu.安妮得了流感,病倒在床。 这里须用被动语态。
- 6. She'll be on her feet soon. 她很快就会恢复健康的。
- 7. Give my love to Anne. 替我向安妮问好。 在不太熟悉的人们之间,一般说 Give my regards to somebody。

4:

- 8. Drop in anytime you like. 你想什么时候来访都欢迎。 Drop in 指不必预先打招呼的顺便走访。
- 9. Byc-byc 再见。 不太正式的告别语,熟人之间常用。
- 10. Wang 外国人对中国人的名字感到有点儿 头 痛, 因为不好发音。所以在熟人间常以姓相称。
- 11. Here's something for you.这是给您的一点儿小礼物。
- 12. Come and sit by the fire. 来,坐在火炉边。 这里须用 and,不应用 to,因为指的是一个整体概念。 类似的说法还有: Come and have a look. Go and see. 等。
- 13. How are you doing? 您过得好吗?
 分别一段时间后,重逢时的常用问候语。 意思相同的常用语还有:
 How's everything with you? How are things with you?
 How are you getting along these days? How are you
- 14. You look the picture of health. 您看起来身体很健康。

getting on?

- 15. dinner 晚餐
 Dinner 是指一天中最主要的、最丰盛的一餐,一般是指晚餐。
- 16. I had no idea it was so late. 我没有想到已经这么晚了。 这句话里的动词用过去时,因为是指说这句话之前的情况。
- 17. I won't keep you then. 那我就不留您了。 Then 在这里是语气词,位置在句尾,不重读。

- 13. The train leaves at 8:30. 火车八点三十分开车。 这里用一般现在时,因为开车时间是火车运行时刻表上 所规定的。
- 19. We still have half an hour to go. 离开车还有半个小时。
- 20. I was up very late last night. 我昨晚睡得很晚。
- 21. The alarm didn't go off this morning. 今天早晨闹钟投啊。
- 22. It's the least I could do. 这是我起码该做的。
- 23. You're welcome. 不用谢;别客气。
- 24. Give my regards to your wife. 请替我向您的夫人问 候。
- 25. I wish you a pleasant journey. 祝您一路顺风。

Summary of Useful Expressions

- I. When seeing someone:
 - 1. Greetings:
 - a) Good morning.
 - -Good morning.

Good afternoon.

- Good afternoon?

Good evening.

- -Good evening:
- b) Hello.
 - Hello. '

Hi.

- Hi.

How do you do?

- -How do you do?
- 2. Expressing surprise and pleasure in seeing someone:
 - a) Hello, Jack. Haven't seen you for a long time (ages)! How's everything going?
 - b) Oh, hello, Wang. I'm so glad to see you. How're you doing?
 - c) Hi, John! Nice to meet you here. How are you getting on? (How are things with you?)
 - d) Hi, Mary! Fancy running into you here! It's great to see you again. What have you been doing since I saw you last?
- 3. Inquiring about the health of the other person or of his family, etc.:
 - a) How are you?
 - Fine, (Very well, Not bad,) thank you. And you?
 - Just so-so. I have a headache.
 - Not too well, I'm afraid.
 - b) How's Bob?

How's the family?

How's everybody at the school?

- II. When parting:
 - 1. Announcing that you must be leaving:
 - a) Well, I must be off. Good-bye.
 - Good-bye.

- b) I'm afraid I've got to be going now. So long!
 So long!
- c) Well, I've got to be running along. Cheerio!

 Cheerio!
- d) I'm afraid I must be going now. It was nice meeting you. See you later.
 - (I'm) glad to have met you, too. Take care.
- e) Sorry, I'll have to be going. It's getting very late. Good night.
 - -Good night.
- f) Mr, Smith, thank you for a pleasant evening.I must be going now. See you tomorrow.
 - —It was nice to have you, Mr. Chang. Good night.
- 2. When someone is leaving a place for some time:
 - a) We'll be sorry to see you go.It's a pity you're leaving so soon.We're going to miss you Mr. Smith.
 - b) I hope you've enjoyed your stay in China.
 - —I certainly have. I shall never forget my visit to your wonderful country.
 - c) Thank you for everything you've done for me during my stay here.
 - You're welcome.
 - d) I wish you a pleasant journey?
 - -- Thank you.

Unit Two Introduction

Dialogue I

(A party in the Smiths' home1)

Smith: Good evening, Mr. Wang.

Wang: Good evening. Mr. Smith2.

Smith: Have you met my wife, Mary?

Wang: No, I haven't had the pleasure.3

Smith: Mary, this is Mr. Wang,4 my new Chinese friend.

Mary: How do vou do, Mr. Wang? You're welcome.

Wang: How do you do?

(They shake hands.)5

Smith: Have a glass of wine, and let me introduce you to

some of my guests.

Wang: Thank you.

7.

Dialogue II

(Wang is on his way to class.)

Wang: Hello, Jack. How are you?

Jack: Fine, thank you. I'd like you to meet Jim. He's a

friend of mine.6

Wang: Nice to meet you, Jim.

Jim: Same here.7 What department are you in?

I'm studying law, Wang:

Are you here with your family? Jim:

Wang: No, my family is in China.

Jim: You must miss them. How long will you be here?

I'll be here two years. Wang:

Jim: Are you getting out to see things?

Wang: Well, I'm very busy now. But next week I'll have

more free time.

Jack: Hurry! It's almost time for the bell. We're going

this way.

Jim: Hope to see you later. Wang.

Wang: Hopefully. Jack:

Bye-bye.

Dialogue III

(An American and a Chinese meet at a bus-stop.)

1

American: Hello, there.8

Chinese: Hi.

American: It's a lovely day, isn't it?

Chinese: Yes, it is.

American: Are you from Japan?

Chinese: No, I'm from China.

American: I'm John Smith.9 Chinese: My name is Li Wei.

10