

英语

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中学复习读物



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青岛市革委教育局教研室 编写
山东省中小学教材编辑组 审订

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前 言

为了帮助应届高中毕业生和知识青年复习中学的部分课程，我们根据一九七九年全国高考复习大纲和现行教材等，组织编写了这套中学复习读物，其中包括语文、英语、数学、物理、化学、历史和地理共七个学科。语文由我组编写，其余各科分别请济南市革委教育局教研室、青岛市革委教育局教研室、菏泽行署教育局教研室、山东师范学院地理系组织编写，由我组统一审订。

这套读物，力求简明扼要，重点突出，便于自学。学习时，应结合教材系统复习已经学过的基础知识，加强基本技能的训练，提高分析问题和解决问题的能力，为升入高等学校学习或从事其他工作打下坚实的基础。

由于我们水平所限，加之时间仓促，书中缺点错误在所难免，希望读者批评指正。

山东省中小学教材编辑组

一九七九年一月

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PART ONE

BASIC GRAMMAR

Section 1 Be + Noun

单 数	This That (It)	is	(not)	a map. a bag.
	I You He(She)	am are is		a pupil. a teacher.
复 数	These Those	are		maps. bags.
	We You They			pupils. teachers.

Ex.1 Make sentences after the given models:

A. Model: 1. a radio/a television

This is a radio.

That is a television.

2. ships/planes

These are ships.

Those are planes.

- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. a desk/a table | 2. a car/a bus |
| 3. an apple/an orange | 4. a hen/a cock |
| 5. paper/ink | 6. pupils/teachers |
| 7. benches/chairs | 8. classrooms/offices |
| 9. radios/telephones | 10. slogans/photos |

B. Model: I/a teacher

I am a teacher. I am not a teacher.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. I/a soldier | you/a worker |
| 2. they/pupils | we/peasants |
| 3. she/a nurse | he/a steel worker |
| 4. he/a bus driver | she/a cook |
| 5. your father/a cadre | his mother/a teacher |
| 6. Chang Ping/a PLA man | |
| Li Ming/a commune member | |
| 7. your brother/a Party member | |
| my sister/a League member | |

Ex.2 Change the sentences after the given model:

Model: This is an English book.

Is this an English book?

Yes, it is. No, it is not(it isn't).

1. He is your teacher.
2. Her father is a model worker.
3. Peking is an old city.

4. They are League members.
5. Those are big mountains.
6. I am a PLA man.
7. We are Young Pioneers.
8. It is the railway station.

Ex.3 Put in the missing words:

1. _____ you a student? Yes, I _____.
2. _____ he a student, too? No, he _____ not.
3. He and his brother _____ schoolmates.
4. Chang Hua _____ not a doctor. His sister _____ not a doctor, either.
5. _____ your uncle a teacher?
6. You and I _____ good friends.
7. _____ he your schoolmate? Yes, he _____.
8. The Chinese people _____ hardworking.
9. China _____ a great socialist country.
10. A foreign language _____ a weapon in the struggle of life.

Section 2 Be + Adjective

The sky is bright.
The earth is round.
I am busy.
We are happy and gay.

Ex.4 Read the following:

1. The sky is blue.
2. The sun is red.
3. The room is large.
4. She is pretty.
5. Tsingtao is beautiful.
6. Li Ming is good at pingpong.
7. It's sunny today.
8. It's cloudy.
9. The boy is clever.
10. He is very diligent.

Ex.5 Fill in the blanks with the words given in the brackets:

1. The story is very _____. (动人的)
2. I don't like him, because he is too _____. (骄傲)
3. The picture book is _____. (有趣)
4. The news is very _____. (激动人心的)
5. I am _____ to see you. (高兴)
6. They are quite _____ with the result. (满意)
7. The bottle is _____. (空的)
8. The landlord was especially _____. (贪婪与狡猾)
9. That's very _____ of you. (仁慈)
10. Don't be _____. (迟到)

Ex. 6 Make sentences after the given model:

Model: I/busy

I am busy. I'm not busy. Are you busy?

1. you/ill
2. he/tired
3. I/afraid
4. the weather/cold
5. the street/always crowded with people
6. that library/open
7. this shop/shut
8. we/deeply impressed
9. my classmates/fond of swimming
10. his sister's bedroom/tidy and clean
11. Comrade Chang/soon well again
12. my brother/quite young
13. that building/high
14. this bridge/rather long

Ex.7 Fill in the blanks with the words given in the brackets:

1. It is _____ (cool, cold, warm) in Peking in winter.
2. We are all students of _____ (old, ancient, new) China.
3. Our school life is _____ (interesting, pretty, useful).
4. Through working in the countryside we are (softer, stronger, weaker) than before.
5. Everybody should keep _____ (clean, dirty,

clear).

6. The workers were working hard and they were all _____ (dry, wet, cold) with sweat.
7. There are no mistakes in your examination paper. They are all _____ (wrong, best, correct).
8. Air in the room is _____ (new, bright, fresh).
9. Water is _____ (important, useful, powerful) to our life.
10. The scientist is often _____ (wide, broad, deep) in thought.

Ex.8 Put the following into English:

1. 电影院就在附近。
2. 太阳离地球很远。
3. 中国资源丰富。
4. 我们随时准备响应党的号召。
5. 他们急于想看这部片子。
6. 我们的生活充满了意义。

Section 3

Be + Adverb/Prepositional Phrase

We are here.

They are in the classroom.

Ex.9 Make sentences after the given models:

A. Model: class/over Class is over. Is class over?

1. the light/off
2. the radio/on
3. Chang Hua/back
4. my friend/out
5. the film/on
6. my teacher/over there
7. the railway station/far away
8. my classmate/in
9. the football match/on

B. Model: he/in the classroom

He is in the classroom.

Is he in the classroom?

1. she/at a middle school
2. the ship/under the bridge
3. the railway/under construction
4. they/in high spirits
5. Ma Ming/at home
6. my uncle/from Shanghai
7. you/through with cleaning the windows
8. the machine/out of date
9. John/out of work
10. the lamp/above the desk
11. the desk/by the window
12. our school/near the cinema
13. they/from the peasant family
14. the house/in front of the building

Ex.10 Put the following into English:

1. 这部影片今天上演。
2. 下课了。
3. 他们都穿着白上衣。
4. 她的体温(temperature)降下来了。
5. 这儿有你的一封信。
6. 她屋里的东西都井然有序(in good order)。
7. 孩子脱离危险了吗?
8. 你的科研工作具有重要意义。
9. 那天每人的情绪都很高涨。
10. 成功的唯一道路是通过艰苦的工作。

Section 4

What/Which/Who/Whose/Where + Be

What is this (that)?

Which class are you in?

Whose(What) book is this?

Who(What) is he?*

Where is he?

Ex.11 Make sentences after the given model:

Model: what/your father

* Who is he? 问姓名及相互关系, 即“他是谁?”

What is he? 问职业, 即“他是干什么的?”

What is your father?

1. which book/yours
2. who/out
3. where/your school
4. what/his brother
5. where/Comrade Chang
6. when/you born
7. what day/tomorrow
8. what/on the desk
9. what/in the sky
10. what/in my hand
11. whose key/this
12. whose mother/a nurse
13. who/the old man
14. which factory/he in

Ex. 12 Complete the following questions.

1. Which season _____?(最冷)
2. Whose bike _____?(在门边)
3. What _____?(在天空里)
4. Where _____?(他是哪里人)
5. Who _____?(值日)
6. _____ is your sister in?(那个年级)
7. _____ is lost?(谁的表)
8. _____ is our Party's birthday?(哪天)

Section 5 There is/are

肯定句	There is a book on the desk. There are some books on the desk.
疑问句	Is there a book on the desk? Yes, there is. No, there isn't. Are there any books on the desk? Yes, there are. No, there aren't.
否定形式	There is <i>not</i> a book on the desk. There are <i>not</i> any books on the desk.

Ex.13 Make sentences after the given models:

A. Model 1. a bike/in the room

There is a bike in the room.

There isn't a bike in the room.

There is no bike in the room.

2. some trucks/in the street

There are some trucks in the street.

There aren't any trucks in the street.

There are no trucks in the street.

1. an English book/on my desk

2. a worker/in the workshop

3. a teacher/in the classroom

4. a lamp/over the table