College

English

Achievement

Tests

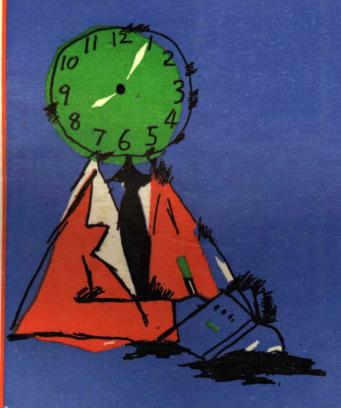
Band I

A New Edition

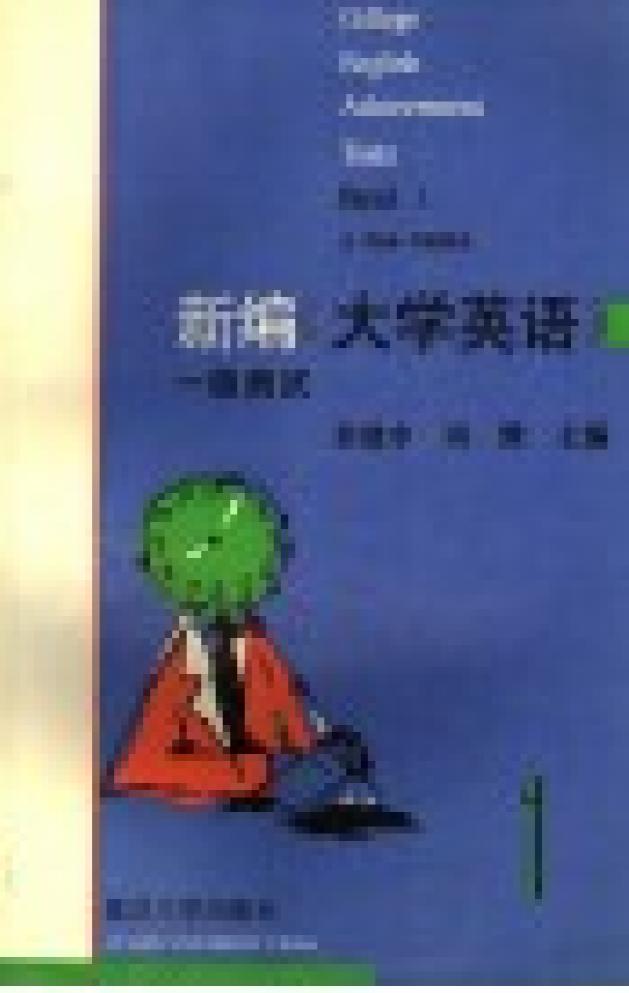
新编《大学英语》

一级测试

余建中 冯 豫 主编



复旦大学出版社 FUDAN UNIVERSITY PRESS



新编《大学英语》一级测试

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复旦大学出版社

内 容 提 要

本书为配合《大学英语精读》(该书目前在我国高校中使用最为广泛)教学编写 而成,旨在帮助学生复习、巩固课堂所学内容,在检测学习成果的同时,也为各类标准考试作准备。

全书共有八套试题,包括听力、词汇、语法结构、完形填空、阅读理解、翻译等内容。书末附有参考答案、难点与要点解释以及听音材料文字稿(已制成音带,另外配套供应)。资料部分取自英美原版书刊,提问及解答、注释均系自编,与课文相互呼应,其难度基本与《大学英语教学大纲》的同级要求相当,具有新颖、规范、简明之特点。全书曾由外籍教师及国内有关知名教授审阅。

新編《大学英语》一级测试 京建中一八一像 主编 工复旦大学出版社 工上海國权政 579号)

丹数1 16,00

ISBN7-500-01545-2/H • 253

分价:13.00元

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Test 1

College English Achievement Test

(For Non-English Majors, Band 1)

Paper One

Part I Listening Comprehension (15 points, 20 minutes)

Section A (2.5 points)

Directions: In this section you will hear five sentences. For each sentence you are given four words. Listen carefully and decide which of the four given words is the one you have heard. Then, mark your answer by blackening the letter of your choice on the Answer Sheet.

Example:

You will hear: My brother was thirty when he got married.

You will read: a. thirsty.

b. thirty.

c. thirteen.

d. dirty.

The word you have heard is "thirty", so "b" is the answer. You should then blacken the letter "b" on the Answer Sheet.

1. a. sat b. sit c. set d. said

2. a. rocks b. both c. books d. box

3. a. kite b. light c. knight d. right

4. a. leaving b. laughing c. living d. loving

5. a. quick b. thick c. think d. sick

Section B (2. 5 points)

Directions: In this section you will hear five sentences. For each sentence you are given four numbers. Listen carefully and decide which of the four given numbers is the one you

have heard. Then, mark your answer by blackening the letter of your choice on the Answer Sheet.

Example:

You will hear: His room number has been changed to 2312 now.

You will read: a. 2321

b. 3213

c. 2312

d. 3221

The number you have heard is "2312", so "c" is the answer. You should then blacken the letter "c" on the Answer Sheet.

6. a. 1314

b. 1414

c. 1340

d. 1440

7. a. 39,260

b. 49,216

c. 59,260

d. 69,216

8. a. 378-1024

b. 378-1204

c. 387 - 1024

d. 387-1204

9. a. \$7.40

b. \$7.45

c. \$17.40

d. \$17.45

10. a. 7:40

b. 7:38

c. 7:48

d. 7:44

Section C (5 points)

Directions: In this section you will hear five short conversations between two speakers. At the end of each conversation, a third voice will ask a question about what was said. The conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After you hear a conversation and the question about it, read the four possible answers in your test paper and choose the best one to the question you have heard. Then, mark your answer by blackening the letter of your choice on the Answer Sheet.

Example:

You will hear:

Man:

When did your husband begin to smoke? During college?

Woman: No. He didn't start until after graduation from college.

Third Voice: When did the husband start smoking?

You will read: a During college.

b. During high school.

c. After college.

d. Before high school.

The best answer is "c". So you should blacken the letter "c" on the Answer Sheet.

11. a. In a bank. b. In a store.

c. In a post office. d. In a police station.

12. a. She hasn't made up her mind.

b. She is going to leave.

c. She wants her coffee to be black.

d. She accepts another cup of coffee.

13. a. Tennis. b. Volleyball.

c. Table tennis. d. Swimming.

14. a. Billy. b. The man.

c. The woman. d. None of them.

15. a. The office. b. The doctor's.

c. Her parents' home. d. The railway station.

Section D (5 points)

Directions: In this section you will hear a short story. The story will be read twice. After the story you will be asked questions. When you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test paper and choose the best answer to the question. Then, mark your answer by blackening the letter of your choice on the Answer Sheet.

- 16. a. He gave the little boy ten pence.
 - b. He offered lots of coins to the boy.
 - c. He handed a piece of bread to the boy.
 - d. He pulled out a handkerchief and gave it to the boy.
- 17. a. Half an hour later.
 - b. An hour later.

C	c. Ten minutes later.	
(d. Twenty minutes later.	
۱ ۵	a. Angry.	b. Sad.
	c. Cheerful.	d. Surprised.
19. :	a. He was crying.	
	b. He was staying with his uncle.	
	c. He was talking to another old n	nan.
	d. He was counting his coins.	
20.	a. He was a beggar.	
	b. He was too young to walk alon	e.
	c. He wanted to thank the old ma	n again.
	d. He was trying to find his own i	money.
Par	t II Vocabulary (15 points,	10 minutes)
sp	onding letter on the Answer Sheet	Then, mark your answer by blackening the corre- r to give a of your day to relaxation. b. portion d. bunch
22.		him from the simple way of life in the coun-
	tryside.	b. dissuade
	a. skip	d. endure
	c. tighten	u. chaare
23.		eiving signals(信号) from the plane before they sud-
	denly a. broke off	b. came down
	c. grew up	d. turned over
24.	The poor office equipment has re	educed the of the workers so much that
	more and more problems remain	to be solved.
	a. efficiency	b. emotion
	c. experience	d. entertainment

25.	The student's parents felt	as they learned that he didn't make progress in
	his courses.	
	a. incentive	b. dignity
	c. anxiety	d. intention
26.	At the beginning of a year, ever	ybody many plans for the coming days.
	a. sticks to	b. comes up with
	c. talks over	d. takes advantage of
27.	The youth centers set up by the	city government have those young people
	to spend their time wisely.	
	a. relieved	b. occupied
	c. enabled	d. prohibited
28.		arry out the experiment successfully," says the profes-
	sor.	h Campliantad
	a. Additional	b. Complicated
	c. Evident	d. Prosperous
29.		people's reluctance to purchase this product.
	a. made sure	b. resulted in
	c. laid out	d. kept up with
30.	The weight-lifter won the gold	medal at the Olympics to everybody's surprise; he had
	been unknown	
	a. occasionally	b. undoubtedly
	c. necessarily	d. previously
31.	As the rain was getting heavier	. the tourists were forced to for the hotel
	where they were staying.	
	a. find out	b. come through
	c. set off	d. go over
32.	Anyone who has something into	eresting to won't find life boring.
	a. look over	b. pull into
	c. set aside	d. concentrate on
33.	Her fear of making mistakes ha	s caused her great difficulty in with others

i	n English.	
á	a. organizing	b. communicating
(c. retreating	d. researching
34.	A trip to that African country whos	se people are dying from the civil war is described in
	the doctor's article as a terrible	
	a. nightmare	b. potential
	c. reaction	d. implication
	People wouldn't think a group lead others.	der if he cared more about himself (h) n
	a. average	b. curious
	c. responsible	d. productive
Par	t II Structure (15 points, 16) minutes)
Sect	ion A	
th sp	at best completes the sentence. To onding letter on the Answer Sheet	
36.	The police officer looks	_ for anyone to approach for any inquiries.
	a. cold	b. very cold
	c. so cold	d. too cold
37.	I don't understand why you keep	the same mistakes!
	a. to be made	b. make
	c. to make	d. making
38.		to the east of Beijing. lies across North Chi
	na. a. extends	b. extended
	c. extending	d. is extending
39.	Not until people brought a strang	e-looking bird back from the New World
/	a British Christmas dish.	
	a. turkey(火鸡) became	
	b. did turkey become	
	c. that turkey became	
	d. had turkey become	

• 6 •

40.	It more than a decade	since the university started its graduate program in
	population studies.	
	a. was	b. will be
	c. has been	d. had been
41.	The more regularly you take exerc	ises,
	a. the stronger will you become	
	b. will you become stronger	
	c. the stronger you will become	
	d. you will become stronger	
42.	The perfect movement that the date	ncer made me greatly.
	a. amazed	b. amazing
	c. was amazed	d. was amazing
43.	public holidays, the de	epartment library is open all the year round.
	a. Except	b. Besides
	c. Except for	d. Instead of
44.	The team doctor insisted that the	route because of the possible danger.
	a. could be changed	b. would be changed
	c. be changed	d. might be changed
45.	Would the zoo go on	such a large number of animals without receiving
	money from some big companies?	
	a. to keep	h. keeping
	c. with keeping	d. for keeping
Sec	tion B	
d.	_	ences has four underlined parts marked a, b, c and c. Then, mark your answer by blackening the corre-
46.	The Kirks could put out the fire b in the kitchen.	, but unfortunately no one was <u>in</u> when it <u>broke out</u> c d
47.	As time passes, some words have	changed so much that they never mean the same as $\frac{b}{c}$

they were used to.

- 48. The <u>seven-parts</u> TV play made people <u>put</u> away <u>everything else</u> and <u>sit rooted</u> for an a b c b hour in front of the TV every day.
- 49. After reading carefully that his readers wrote in their letters, the editor chose to make a b c some changes in the newspaper.
- 50. It is well-known that there is no such thing as a typical American, and, in fact, Amer b icans are made up peoples from different nations.

Part IV Cloze (10 points, 10 minutes)

Directions: Each blank in the following passage is provided with four possible choices. Read the whole passage and choose the best answer for each blank. Then, mark your answer by blackening the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet.

My interest in Chinese food started many years ago, when I worked near Chinatown. I usually managed to find __51__ to go there at __52__ two times a week for a good __53__.

The __54__ time I ever are Chinese food I loved or. And since __55__, it just tastes better and better to me. The first thing I __56__ was the fresh taste of the meat and vegetables. __57__ I learned more about the food, I began to understand __58__ it is so different.

___59__ ancient times. China lost __60__ of its wood because of overpopulation and poor management __61__ its forests. Wood __62__ very expensive and hard to get, __63__ the Chinese had to either find something instead. __64__ learn how to use it better.

In order to use as little wood as they __65__, they started cutting their meat and vegetables __66__ small pieces before they put them in the hot oil. __67__ that way the food cooked faster and they saved their __68__. The food was able to __69__ its fresh flavor—and it's this flavor __70__ attracts people to the art of Chinese cooking.

51. a. money b. clothes
c. time d. words

- 52. a. last
 - c. all

- b. least
- d. once

- 53. a. friend
 - c. rest

b. price

d. meal

- 54. a. first
 - c. last

- b. best
- d. latest

- 55. a. it
 - c. that

- b. this
- d. then

- 56. a. ate
 - c. took

- b. noticed
- d. received

- 57. a. If
 - c. When

- b. Until
- d. Though

- 58. a. why
 - c. what

- b. that
- d. how

- 59. a. In
 - c. On

- b. At
- d. During

- 60. a. amount
 - c. lot

- b. many
- d. much

- 61. a. on
 - c. for

- b. of
- d. to

- 62. a. rose
 - c. became

- b. grew
- d. turned

- 63. a. so
 - c. but

- b. for
- d. because

- 64. a. and
 - c. must

- b. also '
- d. or

65.	a.	were	b.	did
	c.	could	d.	wanted
66.	a.	of	b.	into
	c.	in	d.	like
67.	a.	In	b.	Ву
	c.	With	d.	Through
68.	a.	food	ь.	wood
	c.	meat	d.	vegetables
69.	a.	keep	b.	find
	c.	give	d.	lose
70.	a.	itself	b.	which

Part V Reading Comprehension (20 points, 35 minutes)

Directions: In this part there are three passages. Each passage is followed by a number of comprehension questions. Read the passages and answer the questions. Then, mark your answer by blackening the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet.

d. always

(1)

Everywhere, you will always find "the white-haired boy", sometimes called "the fair-haired boy". He gets special treatment, as if he were above everybody else. You will find him in school, in college, at home, or where you work.

In school, he is teacher's pet, her darling who can do nothing wrong. Sometimes she lets him do little jobs for her. He comes to class in the morning, all shiny and clean. He is always raising his hand, ready with an answer to teacher's questions. And he knows all the answers. He "gets into your hair", especially if you are at the bottom of the class and the teacher thinks you are stupid. How you hate the brat!

At college, he walks—more often strides—across the school grounds as if he owned them. Sometimes he wears a colorful football or basketball shirt or sweater, with a bright red, or green or yellow college letter proudly worn on the front of it. What broad shoulders, what muscles he has! He makes the girls happy by just smiling at them. He has the mark of success on him.

At home, "the fair-haired boy" is mother's choice, her favorite. Sometimes, he is the oldest son—at times, the youngest. If you are in between, you are out of luck.

c. that

On the job, you meet another one of these "white-haired boys"; you can't escape them. For some strange reason, he is the man who is always moved ahead. He gets better and better jobs, with more and more money. But you stand still, wondering why, and trying to explain to yourself why you hate him so much.

Then, you discover that there are others who share your feelings, ready to "let their hair down"—to tell you their private thoughts. One of them asks, "What does he have that I haven't got?" You ask yourself the same question.

Finally, there comes a day when you decide to stop hating him. Is it perhaps because he has been made boss and you find yourself working for him?

d. a boy who looks more mature than others 72. In the second paragraph, the underlined part of the sentence "He 'g	
hair'" means	gets into your
a. he upsets you b. he insults you	
c. he plays a joke on you d. he pulls your hair	
73. From the third paragraph. we can see that "the white-haired boy" a. is usually smarter than other students b. looks very proud of himself. c. succeeds in everything that he does d. always smiles at the girls	<u> </u>
74. Which of the following is considered to be the most unlucky child at ho	me?
a. The first-born child. b. The last-born child.	
c. The middle child. d. The only child.	
75. From the fifth paragraph, we can know that "to be moved ahead" mean	s
a. to move to a different place b. to go on traveling	
c. to get excited d. to get promoted	
76. In the last but one paragraph, the writer indicates that the "white	e-haired boy"
a. is loved by all people	
b. is not very popular among ordinary people	