英语匠义词 耕折 】

Discrimination of Synonyms

万辰秀◎编著

PDA 随身版

为背不下单词而困扰吗 为拙于使用单词而困扰吗

本书帮助你全面开发潜能 摆脱措辞欠佳的困境

天津科技翻译出版公司

共活 (人)

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英语词汇除了一部分来源于盎格鲁—撒克逊语外,在其发展过程中,还大量吸收了法语、拉丁语和希腊语等外来语。数量众多的外来语大大丰富了英语词汇,同时也使英语中出现了很多近义词。这些近义词虽然意思相近,但是在语意、语用等方面仍然存在差异。弄清差异有助于理解词语的内涵,利用这些差异有助于增强语言的表达效果。

为了帮助英语学习者进行系统学习,本书收录了生活中常见也是各类考试中常考的近义词。同时,考虑到英语的习惯用法较难掌握,书中还对一些词的用法和搭配给予一定的说明。并配合

练习让读者能够即学即练,检查自己对词义区别的理解。为便于读者查阅,书末特编排了近义词索引。本书以重点突出、辨析清楚、举例丰富、注重实用为特点,是一本实用性很强的工具书。

经常注意对比近义词之间的差异,对于掌握语言表达的准确性、提高阅读能力和增强语言交际能力,都具有极其重要的作用。

由于编者的学识和水平有限,书中定有疏漏和不当之处,敬请读者批评指教。读者若有反馈意见或建议,请联系wanchenxiu@yahoo.com.cn。

万辰秀 2005年6月30日 于天津外国语学院





abide, adhere, conform, comply / 1 ability, capacity / 2 able, capable, competent, qualified / 4 abundant, plentiful / 5 accent, tone, dialect / 6 accept, receive / 7 accident, incident / 8 accuse, charge, indict, convict / 10 ache, pain / 11 acquire, attain, obtain, gain, earn, achieve / 12 add, plus / 15 admire, honor, respect / 16 admit, confess, concede / 17 advise, suggest, propose / 18 afraid, frightened, terrified / 19 ago, before / 21 aid, help, assist / 22 aim, goal, purpose, end, target, object / 23

alike, like, similar, identical / 25 alive, live, living, lively / 27 allow, let, permit, authorize / 28 aloud, loud, loudly / 30 also, too, either, likewise / 31 although, though, while / 33 among, between, amid / 34 amount, number, sum / 35 amuse, entertain, interest, please / 37 ancient, old, antique / 38 anger, fury, indignation / 39 angle, corner / 41 animal, beast, creature, brute / 42 anxious, eager, keen / 43 appear, emerge, show, loom / 44 appreciate, enjoy / 46 area, district, region, vicinity, zone / 47 arise, rise, raise, lift / 49 artificial, false, synthetic, man-made / 50 as, because, for, since / 52 as, like / 53 ascend, climb, mount / 54 ask, demand, inquire, question, request / 55 associate, ally, combine, unite / 57 atmosphere, air, gas / 59 attend, join, participate, take part in / 60

author, writer / 62 award, reward / 63 aware, conscious / 64



basic, elementary, fundamental / 65 before, in front of, in the front of / 66 below, beneath, under / 67 bet, gamble / 69 breeze, gale, wind / 70 buy, purchase / 71



cap, hat / 73
care, mind / 74
cause, reason, excuse / 75
cease, pause, stop / 76
celebrate, congratulate / 77
center, middle, heart / 78
chair, bench, stool / 79
channel, strait / 81
chief, head, leader, boss / 82
class, degree, grade, rank / 83
climate, weather / 85

close, near, nearby / 86
clothes, clothing, dress, uniform, costume / 87
continual, continuous, constant, incessant / 89
controversy, argument, dispute / 91
country, state, nation / 92
cry, shout, bellow / 93
cup, glass, mug / 95
custom, habit, tradition / 96



dash, rush / 99
dear, expensive, costly / 100
decline, refuse, reject / 101
delay, postpone / 102
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duty, obligation, responsibility / 104



emotion, feeling, passion / 107
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enlarge, stretch, expand / 110
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even, flat, level, smooth / 114

examination, test, quiz / 115 excess, surplus / 116 excuse, pardon, forgive / 117 explode, burst, erupt / 119



face, confront / 121
fade, wither / 122
faint, feeble, fragile, weak / 123
family, home, house / 124
farewell, good-bye / 125
farther, further / 126
fat, stout, plump / 127
firm, stable, steady / 128
flag, hanner / 130
form, figure, shape, outline / 131
freedom, liberty / 132



gaze, gape, glance, glare, glimpse, peer, peep, stare / 135 gold, golden / 138 grass, herb, weed / 139



historical, historic / 141



ignore, neglect, omit, overlook / 143 imaginable, imaginary, imaginative / 144 imply, infer / 146 increase, strengthen, intensify / 147 initial, original, primitive / 148 interfere, intervene, interrupt, disturb / 149 invaluable, valueless / 151



jealous, envious / 153



mend, repair, fix / 155 most, almost, mostly / 156



officer, official / 159



percent, percentage / 161
personal, private, individual / 162
planet, star / 163
pleasure, delight, enjoyment, joy, fun / 164
polite, civil / 166
problem, question, issue, matter / 167
quiet, calm, silent / 169



rational, reasonable / 171
reality, truth / 172
reduce, decrease, decline / 173
rescue, save / 174
respectable, respectful, respective / 175
rich, wealthy / 176



safe, secure / 179 salary, wage, pay / 180 say, speak, talk, tell / 181 scenery, scene, view, landscape / 183 seem, appear, look / 184
separate, detach, divide / 186
shade, shadow / 187
shameful, shameless, ashamed / 188
sleep, doze, nap / 189
sleepy, asleep / 191
sport, game / 192
still, yet / 193
summit, climax, peak, top / 194



technological, technical / 197



wait, await / 199
wear, dress, put on / 200
when, while, as / 201
worship, adore, idolize / 202

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abide, adhere, conform, comply

这 4 个词都有"遵守"的意思,但是它们的搭配不同。

abide:

"遵守,同意",后面经常和介词 by 搭配使用。

例句: I will abide by the director's decision. 我将遵从主任的决定。

adhere.

"遵守",后接介词 to。(当然 adhere to —词还可以表示 "坚持;黏附"之意。)

例句: Car drivers must adhere to the rules of driving. 汽车司机必须遵守驾驶规则。

conform:

"遵守,符合",后面要搭配介词 to 使用。

例句: All individuals are required to conform to the laws made by the government.

每个人都应该遵守政府制订的法律。



A)

comply:

- "遵守,服从",后接介词 with,用于正式的场合。
- 例句: Our company complies with governmental regulations on paying taxes.

我们公司遵守政府有关纳税的规定。

→ 练习:

- On the first day when a pupil enters school, he is asked to _____ to the school rules.
 All the citizens must _____ with the law.
- 3) Please feel assured that we will _____ by our promise.
- 4) We must ______ to our schedules strictly, otherwise we will cause troubles to others.

⇒答案:

- 1) conform 从进校的第一天起,学校就要求学生遵守校规。
- 2) comply 所有公民都必须遵守法律。
- 3) abide 请放心,我们一定遵守诺言。
- 4) adhere 我们必须严格地遵守时间安排,否则就会给别人 带来麻烦。

ability, capacity

ability:

"能力",指从事体力的能力,心智行为的能力,聪明、智



慧、才智的能力。后接动词不定式或介词 to, in, for 等。例如:ability to walk 走路的能力,ability to do work 工作的能力,ability for (in) organization 组织的能力。

例句: Once more he had shown his ability to handle a delicate situation successfully.

他再一次显示出了成功解决棘手问题的能力。

capacity:

"能力,容量",指容纳能力、学习能力、理解能力。后接动词不定式或跟介词 for 或 of 短语。例如;capacity for (to learn) physics 学习物理的才能,capacity of 5 quarts 5 夸脱容量。

例句: The hall has a seating capacity of 2000. 文个大厅可容纳 2000 人。

⇒练习:

- 1) He took part in the work according to his ______
- 2) That bowl has a _____ of two pints.

➡ 答案:

- 1) abilities 根据自己的能力,他参与了这项工作。
- 2) capacity 那只碗的容量有 2 品脱。





able, competent, qualified

这几个形容词都有"能够"的意思。

able:

表示做某事的能力或能够做某事。

用法: be able to do sth

例句: I shall be able to come tomorrow. 明天我能来。

capable:

指经过训练而具备的做某事的能力,或具有某一种倾向或 品性。

用法: be capable of sth/doing sth

例句: She is proud of her son, who is very capable of playing the piano.

她为她的儿子自豪,因为他钢琴弹得很好。

competent:

o

- 一般只表示能够胜任工作的,能满足某项职业、技艺或某一具体任务的特殊要求,经常用作定语。
- 例句: She always does a competent job.

她总是干得很出色。

qualified:

有资格的,通常指经过充分训练、获得了从事某种职业的资格。要注意和 competent 的区别。a qualified teacher 虽然

