

国家统计局人口和就业统计司 编

Compiled by
Department of Population and Employment Statistics
National Bureau of Statistics of China

中国人口统计年鉴 2005

CHINA POPULATION STATISTICS YEARBOOK 2005

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China Statistics Press

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《中国人口统计年鉴—2005》

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编辑说明

一、《中国人口统计年鉴—2005》是一部全面反映中华人民共和国各种人口状况的资料性年刊。本书收集了全国和各省、自治区、直辖市大量的人口数据,以及世界部分国家的主要人口数据。

二、全书内容分为七部分:(一)2004 年全国人口变动情况抽样调查数据;(二)2000 年第五次全国人口普查长表数据;(三)全国历年人口统计数据;(四)2004 年度全国户籍统计人口数据;(五)2004 年度全国计划生育统计人口数据;(六)世界部分国家主要人口数据;(七)简明分析文章。

三、2004 年人口变动情况抽样调查是以全国为总体,各省、自治区、直辖市为子总体,采用分层等距、多级概率比例整群抽样方法,在全国 31 个省、自治区、直辖市抽取了 997 个县(市、区)、3631 个乡镇(镇、街道)、6370 个调查小区的 125 万人。经加权后汇总,2004 年全国人口出生率 12.29‰,死亡率为 6.42‰,自然增长率为 5.87‰。按此推算,2004 年末全国总人口为 129988 万人,出生人口为 1593 万人,死亡人口为 832 万人,净增人口为 761 万人。本部分各表的绝对数为样本数(表 1—1 除外),全国抽样比为 0.966‰。

四、2000 年人口普查的对象是具有中华人民共和国国籍,并在中华人民共和国境内常住的人。普查登记的标准时间是 2000 年 11 月 1 日零时,2000 年人口普查数据均为这个时点的常住人口数据。

第五次全国人口普查采用了长短表两种普查表。普查表短表为反映人口基本状况的项目,普查表长表包括所有短表内容和有关迁移、受教育、经济活动、婚姻家庭、生育和住房等情况的项目。根据普查办法和普查表长表抽样细则,长表由随机抽取的户填报,短表由其余的户填报。

本资料第二部分是普查表长表部分数据。长表数据的抽样比为 9.5% (长表总人口/计算机汇总总人口)。长表是以户为单位,因此长表人口各种结

构数据的抽样比可能不一致。

五、为了满足社会各部门的需要,年鉴收录了人口变动抽样调查、第五次全国人口普查和户籍统计等多方面的人口资料。由于统计方法和口径的不同,这些调查之间的数据不可能完全一致,请读者在使用时加以注意。

六、2000 年全国人口普查取得了十分丰富的人口资料,由于受年鉴篇幅限制,每年只能刊登一部分。

七、除注明含中国人民解放军现役军人和台湾省、香港和澳门特别行政区人数的表外,其他表均为各省、自治区、直辖市的人口数。

八、本年鉴的编辑得到公安部治安管理局、国家人口和计划生育委员会计划财务司等单位的大力支持和协助,谨此致谢。

九、本年鉴表中的“—”表示该项统计指标数据不详或无该项数据。

Preface

I. China Population Statistical Yearbook 2005 is an annual statistical publication, which covers very comprehensive data series on the population at national level and local levels of province, autonomous region, and municipalities directly under the central government as well as main population indicators of other country in the world.

II. The book contain the following seven parts, 1. Figures of the national population change survey in 2004; 2. Figures of the long form of population census in 2000; 3. Figures of population statistics over the past years; 4. Figures of the household registration in 2004; 5. Figures of the family planning statistics in 2004; 6. Demographic data for some countries of the world. 7. Papers on population statistics.

III. In 2004 sample survey on population change, whole country is regarded as population and every province, autonomous region and municipality is regarded as sub-population. The sample technique of stratified multi-stage and cluster sampling, with probability proportionate to size is applied. There are 1.25 million persons in sample size, 997 counties (cities or districts), 3631 township (towns or street committees), 6370 enumeration districts are included in the sample of 31 provinces, autonomous regions and municipalities of whole country. From weighting tabulation, population in China in the end of 2004 is 1299.88 million. In 2004, the crude birth rate is 12.29‰, and the number of births is 15.93 million; the crude death rate is 6.42‰, and the number of deaths is 8.32 million; the crude of natural increase is 5.87‰, and the number of natural increase is 7.61 million. The most of tabulation in the part of yearbook is sample data (except table 1—1). The sampling fraction in the whole country is 0.966‰.

IV. The 2000 population census covered all persons who hold the nationality of, and have permanent residing place in the People's Republic of China. The census took the de jure approach by which each person should be enumerated at his/her permanent residence and should be enumerated at only one place. The reference time for the census was zero hour on November 1, 2000. Data for the 2000 population census referred to

the permanent population at the reference time.

Two types of questionnaires (long form and short form) were used for the 2000 population census. The short form contains that reflect the basic situation of the population, while the long form include all short form items plus other items such as migration, education, economic activities, marriage and family, fertility, housing, etc.. According to the Statute for the Fifth National Population Census and the Procedures for the Selection of Samples for the Long Form, households selected by a random sampling programme completed the long form, and the rest of the households completed the short forms.

The second part contains data from the long forms. The sampling ratio for the long form is 9.5% (total population in the long form/total population calculate by computer processing). The sampling ratio for various composition of the population may not be the same, as household is used as ultimate sampling unit.

V. In order to meet the needs of different departments and institution, the book contain the data from various sources, such as the national population change survey in 2004, 2000 population census, household registration, as the definition and method of data collection are not same as well as some other reason, the data under the same or similar heading may be different. When using the data, readers should pay attention to this.

VI. Plenty of data were collected in the 2000 population census, but only a part of the data were published every year due to the limited space of the yearbook.

VII. Unless specified, all the data refer to the total population of the 31 provinces, autonomous regions and municipalities of China excluding the military personnel, the population of Hong Kong /Macao Special Administrative Region and Taiwan province.

VIII. We would express our thanks to the Department of Planning and Financing of National population and Family Planning Commission of China, the Public Order Bureau of the Ministry of Public Security P. R. China for providing the data for this yearbook.

IX. The symbols in the tables of this yearbook "—" refer to data unknown or not available.

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Part one

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