A CONCISE ENGLISH COURSE

简明英语教程

孙建昌 吴学丽〇主编

下

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前 言

这套《简明英语教程》,是为中共山东省委党校干部业余 教育学院在职干部研究生学习英语编写的,分上、下两册, 可供两个学期使用。

多年来, 党校在职干部研究生的英语教学, 一直找不到一套真正合适的教材。目前高校学生所使用的英语教材, 无论从难度还是从目的要求来看, 都不很适合在职干部研究生选用, 这是促使我们编写这套教材的直接原因。过去多年教学经验和材料的积累, 也为这套教材的编写创造了条件。

本教程从培养学生的基本会话能力入手,以扩大词汇量和提高阅读能力为重点,兼顾对基础语法的系统讲解,内容注重实用性、丰富性和可读性,目的是培养学生的口语交际能力和通过阅读获取信息的能力。

下册共15个单元。每个单元均由会话、课文A、课文B、语法、练习五部分组成。会话内容紧密结合日常生活场景,语言地道、实用;课文A题材丰富,可读性强,语言规范,是各单元的核心内容;课文B的难度略高于课文A,适合学有余力的学生作为泛读材料学习;语法部分对英语基础语法进行了归纳、梳理,内容简洁、系统。为便于自学,对话和课文部分都附有注释。练习则是针对对话、课文A和语法部

分的内容设计的。

本教程由孙建昌、吴学丽主编。下册的编写者是(以姓氏笔画为序): 王颖 (10~11 单元)、孙西辉 (12~13 单元)、孙建昌 (1~3 单元)、吕虹 (7~9)、吴学丽 (4~6 单元)、赵纪萍 (14~15 单元)。总词汇表和短语辑录由孙西辉编写,参考译文及练习答案由相应单元的编者编写。

本教程在编写过程中得到了中共山东省委党校干部业余 教育学院领导和教材科的大力支持, 谨此致谢。

由于编者水平与经验有限,书中难免有疏漏与错误之处,热切期望使用本教程的教师和学员提出宝贵意见,以便修改。

编 者 2005年8月

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<u>Unit 1</u>

Dialogue

Making a Flight Reservation[®]

Woman: Northwest Airlines. May I help you?

Man: Yes, I'd like to make a reservation. Do you have any flight for New York on December 20th?

Woman: Yes, there is one. It's Flight No. 586, which departs² from here at 10:50 a.m. and arrives at 6:50 p.m., local time.

Man: That's OK. Are there still any seats available on that flight?

Woman: Yes, there are. May I know your name, please?

Man: Jerry Grant.

Woman: Jerry Grant. What class do you prefer?

Man: Economy, please.

① reservation [rezə'veifən] n. 预订, 预约

② depart [di'part] vi. 离开, 出发

Woman: All right, and the fare will be \$1,250.

Man: I see.

Woman: Let me check with you again. Flight No. 586 for

New York, December 20th, economy, Mr. Jerry

Grant. Is that right?

Man: That's right, thanks a lot.

Notes

- 1. Northwest Airlines (美国) 西北航空公司
- 2. Are there still any seats available on that flight? 该航班还有座位吗?

Text A

The United Nations: The World in One Building

Do you know the old Arab story about a bird called the phoenix? First it burned to death. Then it came back to life. That doesn't sound believable, does it? But there is an example of the phoenix in our own time: the United Na-

① fare [feə] n. 票价, 费用

tions. In 1945, it brought the dream of world peace back to life again after World War II.

The U. N. was started for two reasons. First, when the idea was born, people all over the world were tired of war. They were tired not just of World War II, but of war itself. ¹ They felt that there must be peaceful answers to the world's problems. They felt that only an international organization could keep world peace.

The second reason was that modern science had developed new bombs and airplanes. These weapons made it almost impossible for a country to defend itself. ² National borders were beginning to lose their meaning. There was also a feeling that this was only the beginning. ³ Science would develop even more dangerous weapons in the future. Only an international organization would be able to control modern science.

On December 1, 1943, Roosevelt, Winston Churchill of Great Britain and Joseph Stalin of the Soviet Union agreed to start an organization for world peace. They asked all countries, large and small, to join them.

On April 11, 1945, the first international meeting of the United Nations took place in San Francisco. The goal of the meeting was to write the U. N. Charter. All of the fifty-one nations at the meeting had their own ideas to offer for the Charter. After a long debate, a Charter was agreed upon. Every nation present voted for the Charter, no one voted against it. ⁴

The General Assembly is the most important part of the U. N. At its meetings, any country can bring a problem to the attention of the world. But the first big problem of the U. N. was what language to use. How would the delegates understand each other? Should they translate everything into all languages, or should they choose one language and translate everything into it?

They decided to do neither. Instead, they chose five languages. Everything that is spoken at the General Assembly is translated into Chinese, English, French, Russian, and Spanish.

The job of the Security Council is to solve serious problems before they lead to war. It also has the power to send an army into a country—if members of the Security Council agree.

New Words

Arab [ˈærəb] a.

阿拉伯(人)的

n.

阿拉伯人

phoenix ['firniks] n.

凤凰,长生鸟

burn [bə:n] v.

believable [bi'li:vəbl] a.

peaceful ['pi:sful] a.

organization [ˌɔ:gənai'zeiʃən] n.

bomb [bəm] n.

vt.

weapon ['wepən] n.

defend [di'fend] vt.

charter ['tfartə] n.
debate [di'beit] n.

v.

present ['prezent] a.
vote [vout] n.

v.

assembly [ə'sembli] n.
delegate ['deligit] n.
Russian ['rʌʃən] n.
Spanish ['spæniʃ] n.
council ['kaunsəl] n.
serious ['siəriəs] a.

燃烧,烧

可信的

和平的,安宁的

组织;机构;团体

炸弹

轰炸;投弹

武器

保卫;防御

宪章;许可证

辩论,争论辩论,争论

出席的,到场的

投票:选举:表决

投票;表决

集会;聚会

代表

俄语;俄国人

西班牙语; 西班牙人

理事会;委员会

严重的; 严肃的

Phrases & Expressions

all over the world be tired of agree upon (on) lead to

全世界

厌倦; 厌烦

同意; 商定

导致;引起

Proper Names

the United Nations联合国Roosevelt ['rəuzəvelt]罗斯福

Winston Churchill ['winstən 'tʃə:tʃil] 温斯顿・丘吉尔

Great Britain 英国

Joseph Stalin ['dʒəuzif 'staːlin] 约瑟夫・斯大林

the Soviet Union ['səuviet 'juːnjən] (前) 苏联

San Francisco [ˌsænfrənˈsiskəu] 旧金山

the General Assembly 联合国大会

the Security Council 安理会

Notes

1. They were tired not just of World War II, but of war itself. 他们不仅厌倦了第二次世界大战,而且厌倦了战争本身。

but of war itself 即 but they were tired of war itself, 属承前省略。

2. These weapons made it almost impossible for a country to defend itself.

这些武器使得单个国家几乎不可能进行自我防卫。

句中的 it 充当形式宾语, 动词不定式复合结构 for a country to defend itself 是真正的宾语。

3. There was also a feeling that this was only the beginning.