

最新托福精解

(1991. 7—1993. 8海内外篇)

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TOEFL
TOEFL

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前 言

近年来讲授托福课程,陆续收集了一些海内外全真试题,编者根据自己的托福教案、教学经验和体会,为帮助考生在临场实战中能够发挥充分,以取得托福高分,特编写了本书,以此献给立志于参加托福考试,准备出国留学深造的读者。

全书分上、下篇。上篇包括1992年8月至1993年5月五套国内试题及详解;下篇汇集了1991年7月至1993年8月六套海外试题及详解。详解部分包括听力原文(因收集的录音带不全,下篇听力原文只好从略),语法结构的详解答案,词汇与阅读的详解答案和参考译文。译文主要采用直译;词汇部分所选词义一般是托福、GRE常考词义,以使读者更有效地扩大词汇量;语法结构和阅读理解两部分详解的重点放在阐述解题思路、方法和技巧,常考题型和近年来的新题型及其快速、准确的诀窍上。这对于英语水平不太高、词汇量较少的考生效果尤为显著。熟练掌握并加以运用这些技巧,读者即使看不懂句子的意思,也一般能确定正确答案。希望读者能通过阅读本书获得实质性收益,并在考试中取得理想成绩。

本书上篇由张石桥、银小龙、李俊奎编写,下篇由张石桥、李俊奎编写。

本书对准备参加大学英语四、六级考试,研究生入学考试、EPT等标准化考试的考生以及英语爱好者都具有很重要的参考价值。

编 者

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目 录

上 篇(国内篇)

1992 年 8 月试题	(1)
1992 年 8 月试题详解	(37)
1992 年 10 月试题	(58)
1992 年 10 月试题详解	(93)
1993 年 1 月试题	(112)
1993 年 1 月试题详解	(149)
1993 年 3 月试题	(169)
1993 年 3 月试题详解	(204)
1993 年 5 月试题	(223)
1993 年 5 月试题详解	(259)
上篇参考答案	(279)

下 篇(海外篇)

1991 年 7 月试题	(288)
1991 年 7 月试题详解	(324)
1991 年 9 月试题	(338)
1991 年 9 月试题详解	(373)

1992 年 7 月试题	(388)
1992 年 7 月试题详解	(424)
1992 年 9 月试题	(440)
1992 年 9 月试题详解	(477)
1993 年 7 月试题	(492)
1993 年 7 月试题详解	(527)
1993 年 8 月试题	(542)
1993 年 8 月试题详解	(578)
下篇参考答案	(593)

AUGUST 1992 TOEFL

SECTION 1

LISTENING COMPREHENSION

In this section of the test, you will have an opportunity to demonstrate your ability to understand spoken English. There are three parts to this section, with special directions for each part. Do not read ahead or turn the pages while the directions are being read. Do not take notes or write in your test book at any time.

Part A

Directions: For each question in Part A, you will hear a short sentence. Each sentence will be spoken just once. The sentences you hear will not be written out for you.

After you hear each sentence, read the four choices in your test book, marked (A), (B), (C), and (D), and decide which one is closest in meaning to the sentence you heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen. Fill in the space completely so that the letter inside the oval cannot be seen.

Listen to an example.

On the recording, you hear:

Sample Answer

A B ☒ D

In your test book, you read:

- (A) Please lock your room when you leave.
- (B) Turn the key to the left to enter your room.
- (C) Please return your room key before leaving.

(D) You must leave your room by four o'clock.

The woman said, "Please turn in the key to your room before you leave." Sentence (C), "Please return your room key before leaving", is closest in meaning to what the woman said. Therefore, the correct choice is (C).

Now listen to another example.

On the recording, you hear:

Sample Answer

A ● C D

In your text book, you read:

(A) Will Mary be traveling tomorrow?

(B) What are Mary's plans for tomorrow?

(C) Who will be with Mary tomorrow?

(D) Does Mary have to do it tomorrow?

The man said, "What's Mary going to do tomorrow?" Sentence (B), "What are Mary's plans for tomorrow?" is closest in meaning to what the man said. Therefore, the correct choice is (B).

1. (A) She taught others about the computer.
(B) She earned a lot by using a computer.
(C) She taught herself how to use the computer.
(D) She had to get help to use the computer.
2. (A) I missed one art history class.
(B) I always attend the art history class.
(C) I've never taken an art history class.
(D) History is the only class I have besides art.
3. (A) Carolyn enjoys tennis as much as she does golf.
(B) Carolyn now likes tennis more than golf.
(C) Carolyn used to like tennis, but not anymore.
(D) Carolyn's favorite sport is golf.
4. (A) Did you return the right book?
(B) You should turn the page in your book.

- (C) Did you write the book after you returned?
(D) I believe you brought the book back already.
5. (A) The phone rang just before she fell asleep.
(B) She woke up when the phone rang.
(C) She couldn't go to sleep because she was waiting for a phone call.
(D) She was sleeping so soundly that she didn't hear the phone.
6. (A) The game ended in a tie.
(B) John lost his tie at the game.
(C) The team scored only one point.
(D) John's point won the game.
7. (A) Mark wasn't able to forgive the rude action.
(B) I didn't act as rudely as Mark did.
(C) Mark was so rude that he cannot be forgiven.
(D) I was rude not to forgive Mark.
8. (A) When I'm angry, I hate to be quiet.
(B) I was hungry and I told them so.
(C) What I heard made me angry.
(D) I was too hungry to talk.
9. (A) I refuse to act that way any longer.
(B) I don't want you to put the light on now.
(C) I used to think you were silly.
(D) I won't tolerate your foolish behavior anymore.
10. (A) They're standing and looking at the newspaper.
(B) The newsstand probably has the magazine.
(C) They don't understand the news.
(D) That magazine has no news.
11. (A) I moved the flowers so they would get more light.
(B) The room looked brighter once I cleaned the windows.
(C) I like the flowers because they make me feel better.

- (D) Bright sunlight keeps me in good spirits.
12. (A) This is the second pen I've borrowed today.
(B) I bought two pens that look like yours.
(C) I wish I'd brought another pen.
(D) You can borrow my pen for a few seconds.
13. (A) Do you agree that Mike will do well in his course?
(B) Don't you think Mike needs an organic chemistry course?
(C) I don't think Mike is good in chemistry.
(D) I believe you'll succeed if you work with Mike.
14. (A) A good worker can handle a screwdriver.
(B) The drivers are distributing information.
(C) The school is hiring more bus drivers.
(D) School-bus drivers may use hand signals.
15. (A) He was very tense early today.
(B) He should have paid the attendants.
(C) He was paid at ten without warning.
(D) He should have been more attentive.
16. (A) The lights went out when we got home.
(B) Our home is well lighted.
(C) We came home before dark.
(D) It was right outside our house.
17. (A) It doesn't seem as though she's been here that long.
(B) I think she'll be ready to travel soon.
(C) She's been considering the offer for nearly six weeks.
(D) Every six weeks she comes here to visit us.
18. (A) You can buy some meat from them.
(B) They all want to try for themselves.
(C) They will greet me one by one.
(D) You will get to know them in a short while.
19. (A) Mary drove back and forth to work twice today.
(B) Mary took a long time to do her work.

- (C) Mary took her lunch with her to work.
(D) Mary usually gets to work in much less time.
20. (A) May I meet with you?
(B) Please let me see the scenery.
(C) Please save a seat for me.
(D) Would you like one or two?

Part B

Directions: In Part B you will hear short conversations between two people. After each conversation, a third person will ask a question about what was said. You will hear each conversation and question about it only one time. After you hear a conversation and the question about it, read the four possible answers in your test book and decide which one is the best answer to the question you heard. Then on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Listen to an example.

On the recording, you hear:

Sample Answer

☒ B C D

In your test book, you read:

- (A) He doesn't like the painting either.
(B) He doesn't know how to paint.
(C) He doesn't have any paintings.
(D) He doesn't know what to do.

You hear from the conversation that neither the man nor the woman likes the painting. The best answer to the question "What does the man mean" is (A), "He doesn't like the painting either."

Therefore, the correct choice is (A).

- 21. (A) She thinks it's too difficult.
(B) She thinks it's very interesting.
(C) She hasn't quite decided what she thinks.
(D) she hasn't actually read it yet.
- 22. (A) She has totaled up the figures correctly already.
(B) She hopes the man will do the calculations as soon as possible.
(C) Tomorrow will be too late to submit the figures.
(D) They should finish the calculations tomorrow.
- 23. (A) He got off the bus at the wrong stop.
(B) He has a good reason to be angry.
(C) He isn't careful with his belongings.
(D) He doesn't have an extra umbrella.
- 24. (A) She has another meeting all day.
(B) She feels the grade is all right.
(C) She thinks it would be wrong to change the grade.
(D) She can meet with the student that afternoon.
- 25. (A) Finish the first half of the project right away.
(B) Make an effort to reach a compromise.
(C) Have the teacher review the project.
(D) Meet his partner in the middle of town.
- 26. (A) To a real estate agency.
(B) To a car rental agency.
(C) To a computer store.
(D) To a videocassette store.
- 27. (A) They always agreed on the same points.
(B) They both arrived at the same moment.
(C) He met with Amanda five more times.
(D) He took Amanda to both plays.

28. (A) Paul will go out of his way to help.
(B) Paul passes by the dry cleaner's anyway.
(C) Paul picks out the right clothes.
(D) Paul makes himself right at home.
29. (A) Ate all the food.
(B) Cleaned the kitchen.
(C) Fixed the refrigerator.
(D) Left the groceries out.
30. (A) Studying microbiology for a year.
(B) Teaching biology.
(C) Taking a nap.
(D) Taking a different course.
31. (A) Whether the man really saw Joe.
(B) How the man knows Joe.
(C) How Joe's been doing lately.
(D) What show they saw in New York.
32. (A) In the woman's house.
(B) In the man's house.
(C) In the laboratory.
(D) In the library.
33. (A) Potatoes are more nutritious than eggs.
(B) The eggs are next to the potatoes.
(C) Most health food stores sell potatoes and eggs.
(D) The second course will be potatoes and eggs.
34. (A) Moving office furniture.
(B) Hanging a poster.
(C) Painting a room.
(D) Reading a news bulletin.
35. (A) Harry can't throw the ball very well.
(B) Harry's a good ballplayer.
(C) Harry's not allowed to play baseball.

(D) Harry's sure to play ball today.

Part C

Directions: In this part of the test, you will hear longer conversations and talks. After each conversation or talk, you will be asked some questions. You will hear the conversations and talks and the questions about them only one time. They will not be written out for you.

After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and decide which one is the best answer to the question you heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen. Answer the questions on the basis of what is stated or implied by the speakers in the talk or conversation.

Here is an example.

On the recording, you hear:

Now listen to a sample question.

Sample Answer

A B ☒ D

In your test book, you read

- (A) To demonstrate the latest use of computer graphics.
- (B) To discuss the possibility of an economic depression.
- (C) To explain the workings of the brain.
- (D) To dramatize a famous mystery story.

The best answer to the question "What is the main purpose of the program?" is (C), "To explain the workings of the brain." Therefore, the correct choice is (C).

Now listen to another sample question.

Sample Answer

A B C ●

In your test book, you read:

- (A) It is required of all science majors.
- (B) It will never be shown again.
- (C) It can help viewers improve their memory skills.
- (D) It will help with course work.

The best answer to the question "Why does the speaker recommend watching the program?" is (D), "It will help with course work." Therefore, the correct choice is (D).

Remember, you are not allowed to take notes or write in your test book.

- 36. (A) A librarian.
- (B) A professor.
- (C) A researcher.
- (D) A student.
- 37. (A) All second-year students who failed first-year English.
- (B) All first-, second-, and third-year students.
- (C) Students who don't know how to write a research paper.
- (D) Students who want extra credit in English.
- 38. (A) Take notes.
- (B) Help the other students.
- (C) Speak to her after class.
- (D) Enroll in another English class.
- 39. (A) Astronauts' clothing.
- (B) Products made in space.
- (C) Costume jewelry.
- (D) Problems in manufacturing.
- 40. (A) Medical research.

- (B) Ballpoint pens.
 - (C) Children's games.
 - (D) Jewelry settings.
41. (A) To produce them more cheaply.
- (B) To keep them a uniform size.
 - (C) To make them lighter.
 - (D) To make them perfectly round.
42. (A) Space particles.
- (B) Precious stones.
 - (C) Plastic.
 - (D) Metal.
43. (A) The strength of its shipbuilding industry.
- (B) The physical features of the river itself.
 - (C) The abundance of fruit, vegetables, and livestock.
 - (D) The similarity of climate to that in Europe.
44. (A) There are no rapids or waterfalls.
- (B) There is a constant, strong wind.
 - (C) Navigation is rather difficult.
 - (D) Frequent storms cause problems for riverboats.
45. (A) Big waves pose a threat to commercial navigation.
- (B) The river current never flows faster than ten miles per hour.
 - (C) The river reverses its flow several times a day.
 - (D) High tides can create sudden and unexpected rapids.
46. (A) To allow several sails to be rigged.
- (B) To add to the beauty of the basic design.
 - (C) To catch winds coming from over the hills.
 - (D) To allow the sails to be raised more quickly.
47. (A) He has a lot of free time.
- (B) Many of his friends are actors.
 - (C) She knows he likes acting.

- (D) He's looking for an acting job.
48. (A) One night a week.
(B) Every Wednesday for three hours.
(C) Every other Thursday.
(D) Three times a week.
49. (A) He has to rearrange his evening schedule.
(B) His schoolwork takes up most of his time.
(C) He hasn't been in a play for a long time.
(D) He might not like the way the group works.
50. (A) See her on Wednesday.
(B) Learn his part quickly.
(C) Enjoy the rehearsal.
(D) Pick her up on Thursday.

SECTION 2

STRUCTURE AND WRITTEN EXPRESSION

Time—25 minutes

This section is designed to measure your ability to recognize language that is appropriate for standard written English. There are two types of questions in this section, with special directions for each type.

Directions: Questions 1-15 are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence you will see four words or phrases, marked (A), (B), (C), and (D). Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Then on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen. Fill in the space so that the letter inside the oval cannot be seen.

Example 1

Sample Answer

A B ☒ D

----- are found in virtually every country in the world.

- (A) Swamps and marshes which
- (B) When swamps and marshes
- (C) Swamps and marshes
- (D) Now that swamps and marshes

The sentence should read, "Swamps and marshes are found in virtually every country in the world." Therefore, you should choose answer (C).

Example 2

Sample Answer

A B C ☒

Milk is pasteurized by heating it for thirty minutes at about 63° Centigrade, rapidly cooling it, and then ----- it at a temperature below 10° Centigrade.

- (A) to store
- (B) store
- (C) be stored
- (D) storing

The sentence should read, "Milk is pasteurized by heating it for thirty minutes at about 63° Centigrade, rapidly cooling it, and then storing it at a temperature below 10° Centigrade." Therefore, you should choose answer (D).

Now begin work on the questions.

1. With affection and humor, poet Phyllis McGinley _____ of ordinary life.
(A) the virtues were praised (B) praised the virtues
(C) she praised the virtues (D) her praise of the virtues
2. Scientists think _____ helps some trees to conserve water in

- the winter.
(A) when losing leaves (B) leaves are lost
(C) that losing leaves (D) the leaves losing
3. The ancient Hopewell people of North America probably cultivated corn and _____ crops, but hunting and gathering were still of critical importance in their economy.
(A) another (B) the others
(C) other (D) other than
4. Lunar eclipses occur each time the Earth blocks the Sun's light from the Moon _____ the Moon's full phase.
(A) during (B) whether
(C) in which (D) whenever
5. _____ all data into electronic pulses.
(A) The computer input unit changes
(B) Changing input, the computer unit
(C) Which changes the computer input unit
(D) Changes in the computer input units
6. Robert S. Duncanson was considered a painter of the Hudson River school, _____ on scenes of America's untamed wilderness.
(A) which concentrated (B) which concentrated it
(C) which it concentrated (D) and which concentrated
7. _____ their senses, many-celled animals perceive what is happening in their environment.
(A) Means of (B) By means of
(C) Of the means by (D) By means
8. In central Georgia, archaeological evidence indicates that Native Americans first inhabited the area _____.
(A) since thirteen centuries
(B) thirteen centuries ago
(C) the previous thirteen centuries