

# 大学英语短语 直通车

康 青 / 编著

# FAST TRACK

Fast-track  
College English Phrases

上海科学普及出版社

# 大学英语 **短语** 直通车

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## 前 言

英语词汇丰富浩瀚极具表现力。有许多词既可以作为单词在句中单独表达,也可以短语的形式串联出现。有时,同一个词在单独使用时是一个意思,如果与不同的介词或后置词组成短语则意思迥然不同。例如:

air 空气,大气,空中

by air 乘飞机

Are you going to Nanjing *by air*? 你打算乘飞机去南京吗?

in the air 在空中,未决

Butterflies fly *in the air*. 蝴蝶在空中飞舞。

The date of the conference is still *in the air*. 会议的日期尚未确定。

on the air 播送中

The Queen will be *on the air* at 9 this evening. 今晚9点女王将发表广播讲话。

put on airs 摆架子

Don't *put on airs* with them. 不要在他们面前摆架子。

有时,即使是同一个短语,在不同的句子中,其含义也会大相径庭。例如:

pick up

1. 拾起,拿起

He *picked up* the phone and asked me to answer it. 他拿起电话让我接。

2. 搭载客人

Shall I *pick you up* at the school? 要我开车去学校接你吗?

3. 恢复,变好

I believe she will *pick up* soon. 相信她很快会恢复健康。

#### 4. 获得

The boy *picked up* the knowledge all by accident. 那男孩获得这一知识纯属偶然。

由上述例子不难看出,短语的表现形式也非常丰富,而且更富有变化。显然,熟练掌握和运用这些短语,无论是对于英语阅读还是口头表达都具有不可忽视的重要性。

为了使读者在较短的时间内,能尽快地了解 and 掌握这类短语,本书汇集了大学英语四、六级词汇考试中所出现的短语,以及英语日常用语中最常见的短语。

也许很少有人会认为背记单词或短语是一件快乐的事。本书将所选短语配上生动的例句,力图使读者在阅读中背单词,在休闲中记短语,期望背记词汇能够成为一个愉快的过程。

本书释义简明,举例生动。通过研读词条例句,有助于读者提高对英语单词及其短语的理解和运用。

本书既可以作为大学英语四、六级备考者的良师益友,也可以作为研究生入学考试及 TOFEL、GRE 和雅思等各类英语考试的参考书。

在本书的编写过程中,曾经得到 Ian Hutcheon 夫妇的热情帮助;李宏、黄志阳、王华、邓志强、龚林波、马俊睿、祖思敏、刘海霞、丛雷、李雯梅和刘桂英等同学在书稿的录入打印中给予大力的支持。在此,一并致以衷心的感谢!

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大学英语短语手册

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### **aback**

**be taken aback** 吃一惊,被弄糊涂

*She was taken aback when he suddenly turned up.*  
他的突然出现让她大吃一惊。

### **abbreviate**

**abbreviate... to** 把……缩写为

*The United Kingdom is commonly abbreviated to U. K.*  
英国通常缩写成“U. K.”

### **abbreviation**

**abbreviation for / of...** ……的缩写

*“HR” is an abbreviation for “Human Resources”.*  
“HR”是人力资源的缩写。

### **abide**

**abide by** 坚持;遵守,依从

*Students should abide by the school rules and regulations.*  
学生应该遵守校纪校规。



# A

## 大学英语短语手册

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### ability

**of ability** 有才干的,有本领的

**to the best of one's ability** 竭尽全力

He is a man *of great ability*. 他本领高强。

She will help you *to the best of her ability*. 她会竭尽全力帮助你的。

### able

**be able to (do)** 能够,会

He *is able to* solve the problem by himself. 他能自己解决这个问题。

### abound

**abound in** 富于

**abound with** 富于,充满

Iraq *abounds in* crude oil. 伊拉克盛产原油。

The pond *abounds with* frogs. 这个池塘里有很多青蛙。

### about

**be about to (do)** 将要,打算

**How about...** 你认为……怎么样?

**What about...** ……怎么样?

The teacher *is about to* dismiss the class. 老师准备下课。

*How about* taking a walk in the garden? 去院子里走走怎么样?

*What about* the film? 那部电影怎么样?

*What about* going for a swim this afternoon? 下午去游泳怎么样?



## above

**above all** 首先,尤其是

**from above** 从上面;从上级

*Above all*, he is a reliable person. 首先,他是一个可信赖的人。

This news came *from above*. 这则消息是从上级传出的。

## abreast

**abreast of / with** (使)与……齐头并进

He reads newspaper everyday to *keep abreast of* what is going on. 他每天看报以跟得上形势。

## abroad

**at home and abroad** 在国内外

**from abroad** 从国外

He has friends *at home and abroad*. 他在国内外都有朋友。

She has just returned *from abroad*. 她刚从国外回来。

## absence

**in one's absence** 当某人不在场

**in the absence of** (人)不在时;缺少(物)

They spoke ill of the manager *in his absence*. 他们在背地里说经理的坏话。

The child took the money *in the absence of* his uncle. 趁他叔叔不在,那孩子拿走了钱。



A

B

C

**absorb**

**be absorbed in** 全神贯注于, 专心于  
He *was absorbed in* his work when we called on him.  
我们拜访他时, 他正专心致志地工作。

**abstain**

**abstain from** 有意回避, 弃权  
He was determined to *abstain from* cigarettes. 他决心戒烟。

**abstract**

**in the abstract** 抽象地, 在理论上  
Language *in the abstract* is our facility to talk to each other. 抽象意义上的语言就是指人们交谈的能力。

**abundance**

**in abundance** 充足, 富于; 大量  
Oil flows *in abundance*. 石油滚滚流。

**abundant**

**abundant in**  
The area is *abundant in* fresh fruits. 该地区盛产各种新鲜水果。

**access**

**gain / have access to** 可以进入, 可以接近  
They *gained access to* that country. 他们获准去那个国家。

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**accident****by accident** 偶然,无意中

I heard that *by accident*. 我是偶然听到的。

**accommodate****accommodate oneself to** 使自己适应**accommodate... with** 为……提供

It took her quite a time to *accommodate herself to* the new surroundings. 她花了相当长的时间才使自己适应了新环境。

We *accommodated* them *with* enough food. 我们向他们提供了足够的食物。

**accompany****be accompanied by** 有……的陪伴,带有**be accompanied with** 带有,兼有

The girl came in, *accompanied by* her mother. 女孩在她妈妈的陪伴下走了进来。

SARS *is accompanied with* fever. “非典”伴随发热。

**accord****be in accord with** 和……一致;符合**be out of accord with** 和……言行不一致**of one's own accord** 自愿的,自动的**with one accord** 一致地,自动地

His deeds *are in accord with* his words. 他言行一致。

His deeds *are out of accord with* his words. 他的言行不一致。

He offered to help the poor *of his own accord*. 他自愿帮



A  
B  
C

A

大学英语  
听力  
口语  
写作  
翻译

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助穷人。

*With one accord*, the crowd shouted its approval.

人们异口同声地高呼同意。

### **accordance**

**in accordance with** 根据,依照;和……一致

*In accordance with* traffic rules, you should be fined. 依据交通法规,你应该被罚款。

They are not *in accordance with* each other in the matter. 在这件事情上,他们俩观点不一致。

### **according**

**according as** 依据……而……,按照……而……

**according to** 按照,依据……所说

You may go or stay *according as* you decide. 是留还是走由你自己决定。

It's 10 o'clock *according to* my watch. 我的表现在是10点整。

### **account**

**account for** 说明(某原因),解释

**call to account** 要求……的解释

**on account of** 为……的理由,为……的缘故;为……的利益

**on one's account** 为了(某人的)缘故;记(某人的)账

**on no account** 绝不……

**take... into account/take account of** 对……加以考虑,顾及



**take no account of** 对……丝毫不加考虑;忽视  
**turn... to (good) account** 利用……,有效应用

Can you *account for* your absence from the meeting?

你能解释一下你缺席会议的原因吗?

The cashier was *called to account* for the missing cash.

出纳被要求对这笔遗失的现金作出解释。

The plane was delayed *on account of* heavy fog. 飞机因为大雾而延误。

We were worried for them *on their account*. 我们为他们感到担忧。

*On no account* shall we let you go. 我们绝对不会让你走。

We should *take his age into account*. 我们应该考虑他的年纪。

She *took no account of* what her mother said. 她把她妈妈的话当耳边风。

He *turned his previous experience to good account*. 他有效地利用了自己以前的经验。

### accustom

**accustom sb./oneself to** 使某人习惯于……,养成习惯

**be accustomed to** 习惯于……,有……的习惯

**get/become/accustomed** 习惯于

She found it necessary to *accustom her son to* listening to English every day. 她觉得有必要让其儿子养成每天听英语的习惯。

I *am accustomed to* going to bed early and getting up early.



A  
B  
C

A

大学英汉  
短语手册

我习惯早睡早起。

He will soon *get accustomed* to the life in Britain.

他很快就会习惯在英国的生活。

### acquaint

**acquaint sb. with** 使(人)知道,告知,使熟悉

**acquaint oneself with** 熟悉,通晓,精通

**be acquainted with** 与某人相识;了解

**get/become/acquainted with** 与某人相识;熟知,精通

They *acquainted me with* the rules of the game. 他们告知我那项游戏的规则。

He *acquainted himself with* the surrounding by walking around. 他到处走走以熟悉环境。

She seemed to *be acquainted with* everyone at the party. 她似乎认识派对上所有的人。

The man wanted to *get acquainted with* that beautiful girl. 那男人想与那位漂亮的姑娘相识。

### act

**in the act** 正在行动时,当场

**act as** 担任……的职务

**act for** 代理……,为……尽力

**act on** 按照……行动;对……起作用;(药)对……有效

The thief was caught *in the act* of stealing. 小偷正在行窃时被当场抓获。

She *acted as* a babysitter there. 她在那儿当临时保姆。



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She *acted* for the general manager while he was away.

总经理不在时,由她代理。

The soldiers *acted on* what the commander ordered.

士兵们按照指挥官的命令行事。

The medicine *acts on* the flu. 这药对流感有效。

### action

**bring...into action** 使开始行动;发动;使起作用

**in action** 活动中;在运转中;在起作用;战斗(交战)中

**out of action** 不活动的;不起作用的;失去机能的

**put...in/into action** 实行,付诸实施

**take action** 采取行动

The workers *brought* the machine *into action*. 工人们让机器运转起来。

The machine was *in action*. 这台机器正开动着。

He said his car was *out of action* that day. 他说那天他的车没法开。

A new labor law has been *put into action*. 一项新劳动法得以实施。

The whole nation *took action* to prevent SARS. 全国上下行动起来防“非典”。

### adapt

**adapt sb. to** 适应

**adapt sth. for** 改造;修改,改编

**adapt oneself to** 适应……

He found it hard to *adapt* his communication style to the



## A

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new surroundings. 他觉得自己的沟通风格无法适应新环境。

John *adapted the balcony for use as a study*. 约翰将阳台改为书房使用。

He learned to *adapt himself to the new surroundings* quickly. 他学会快速适应新环境。

### add

**add to** 增加, 添加

**add up to** 总计; 总之; 意味着

She asked to *add her name to the list*. 她要求在名单上加上其名字。

These figures *add up to 300*. 这些数字总计为 300。

### addition

**in addition** 加之; 另外

He collects old match boxes *in addition to* old stamps.

除了收集旧邮票, 他还收集旧的火柴盒。

### address

**address sth. to sb.** (在信封上) 写上收件人的姓名和地址

**address oneself to** 针对……而说(而写); 致力于, 专心于

The invitation letter is not *addressed to me*. 这封邀请函不是寄给我的。

He *addressed himself to* all the employees. 他是针对所有员工的。

The manager *addressed himself to* the tough problem.



经理着手解决这个棘手的问题。

### **adequate**

**adequate for** 对于……充分的

**adequate to do** 足够做……

**adequate to/for** 适合的,适当的

The mountain climbers have taken *adequate* food for the trip. 登山者们带足了食物去旅行。

His salary was not *adequate to* support his family. 他的薪水不够养家糊口。

They presented proposals *adequate to* the problem: 他们提出了解决这个问题的建议。

### **adjust**

**adjust sth. to** 调整……,调节……

**adjust oneself to** 使自己适应

You may *adjust* the desk to the height of the child. 你可以将书桌调整到适合孩子的高度。

She gradually *adjusted herself to* the local climate. 她逐渐适应了当地的气候。

### **admit**

**admit doing...** 承认做了某事

**admit... into** 允许……进入,准许……加入

**admit of** 容许,给予机会;留有余地

**admit to** 承认

The boy refused to *admit breaking* the windows. 男孩拒不承认自己打破了窗户。

She was *admitted into* this club many years ago. 她在许

A

大学英语四级词汇



## A

### 大学英语四级词汇

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多年前就被接纳为该俱乐部的成员了。

This sentence *admits of* at least two interpretations.

这个句子至少有两种解释。

She *admitted to* shoplifting at last. 她最终承认在商店里行窃。

### advance

**advance on** (向)……前进,向前移动

**in advance** 在前面;预先,事先

**in advance of** 比……先进,比……进步

The two men *advanced on* her in the dark. 黑暗中那两个男人向她逼近。

The writer demanded *an advance on* royalties. 作者要求预付版税。

The guard of honor marched *in advance*. 仪仗队走在前面。

His ideas are generally *in advance of* his times. 他的思想一般都比较超前。

### advantage

**of advantage to** 对……有利

**have/gain, win, get/an/the advantage over** 胜过, 优于

**take advantage of** 趁……不备,利用……

**to advantage** 有利地,有效地

**to one's advantage** (对人)有利的

This will be *of great advantage to* him. 这对他来说将非常有利。