

专业技术人员

# 英语实用词典

郝 成 主编

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辽宁大学出版社

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## 图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

专业技术人员英语实用词典/郝成主编. 沈阳: 辽宁  
大学出版社, 1999.10  
ISBN7-5610-3868-2

I. 专… II. 郝… III. 英语—词典 IV. H316

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (1999) 第 63606 号

辽宁大学出版社出版

(沈阳市皇姑区崇山中路 66 号 邮政编码: 110036)

朝阳新华印刷厂印刷

辽宁大学出版社发行

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开本: 850×1168 毫米 1/32 字数: 500 千字 印张: 13.5

印数: 20 001—25 000 册

1999 年 11 月第 1 版

2002 年 1 月第 2 次印刷

---

责任编辑: 晓 书

责任校对: 金 云

封面设计: 刘桂湘

版式设计: 张 霞

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定价: 25.00 元

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## 前 言

这是一本为广大专业技术人员编写的英语实用词典。我们编写这本词典的初衷是:自去年起,国家人事部在全国实行专业技术人员职称英语统一考试。对于工作在各行各业的广大专业技术人员来讲,这既是一次机遇,又是一次挑战。说它是机遇,是因为它提供了一次检验自己英语水平的机会;对于英语基础功底稍差的人来讲,则是一次挑战。然而,为了迎接新的世纪,适应新的世纪,我们必须学习一门外语,并且掌握这门外语。

在词典编写过程中,我们遵循以下几条原则:

1. 收词要适当。理论上讲,英语词汇浩如烟海。对于一个以英语为母语的人来讲,他都不敢说任何英语词汇都认识。本词典到底应该收录多少词汇是一个颇为头疼的问题。考虑到国家人事部对我国专业技术人员外语水平的要求,本词典所收词汇的依据是最新出版的《全国专业技术人员职称英语等级考试大纲》所附词汇表,同时我们也参考了最新出版的大学英语四、六级词汇表。

2. 学习、掌握一个单词,除了会拼写之外,还要会读。只有这样才能记得准、记得牢,才不致于出现哑巴英语。为此,本词典的每个词条都注有最新国际音标。

3. 学习英语除了能拼、会读之外,最重要的是要会用。单纯背记单词是没有意义的,记得快,忘得也快。为此,对每个词条的每个义项都提供了例句。例句不仅典型,而且体现了词汇的用法。

4. 为了提高记忆效果,我们为多数词条的释义提供了同义词和反义词。

在编排上,本词典自成体系。词性均以缩写形式出现,各自代表的意义是:art. 冠词;n. 名词;pron. 代词;a. 形容词;ad. 副词;prep. 介词;num. 数词;conj. 连词;int. 感叹词;aux. v. 助动词;vt. 及物动词;vi. 不及物动词;v. 表示既可用作及物动词,也可用作不及物动词;(=)表示同义词;(≠)表示反义词。

除主编外,参加本词典编写的还有李正林、王华锋、林志光、马晓康等。限于编者水平有限,错误不当之处在所难免,欢迎广大读者朋友批评指正。

编 者

## 目 录

A .....	1
B .....	28
C .....	45
D .....	84
E .....	109
F .....	126
G .....	146
H .....	158
I .....	170
J .....	188
K .....	191
L .....	193
M .....	207
N .....	229
O .....	239
P .....	251
Q .....	285
R .....	287
S .....	315
T .....	373
U .....	395
V .....	402
W .....	409
X .....	422
Y .....	423
Z .....	424

## A

**a** /eɪ/, **an art.** ● 一(个)(= one): He gave me a pen. 他给了我一只钢笔。● 每一(个)(= per): There are four weeks in a month. 每个月有四个星期。● (同类事物中的)任何一个: A table has four legs. 桌子有四条腿。

**abandon** /ə'bəndən/ **vt.** ● 放弃, 遗弃(= give up): We shouldn't abandon all hope. 我们不应放弃一切希望。

● 丢弃, 抛弃(= desert): How should the cruel parents abandon their daughter? 那狠心的父母怎么竟遗弃了他们的女儿?

\***abbey** /'æbi/ **n.** 修道院; 寺院

+**abbreviation** /ə'bri:vɪ'eɪʃən/ **n.** (用首字母组成的)缩写: Jan is the abbreviation for January. Jan 是 January 的缩写。

**ABC** /eɪbi:'si:/ **n.** ● 字母表: Has the child learnt his ABC yet? 这孩子学字母了吗? ● 基础知识: the ABC of science 科学入门

+**abide** /ə'baɪd/ **vi.** (by) 遵守; 坚持: Please feel assured that we will abide by our promise. 请放心我们一定遵守诺言。

**ability** /ə'biɪlɪ/ **n.** ● 能力, 本领(= capability, capacity): He showed ability in (for) organization. 他表现出了很好的组织能力。● (pl.) 才能, 才识: This shows his many abilities. 这显示了他多方面的才能。

\***abnormal** /æb'nɔ:ml/ **a.** ● 反常的, 变态的(≠ normal): Is the child abnormal in any way? 这孩子有没有在哪些方面不正常? ● 不规则的: This warm

weather is abnormal for February. 在 2 月里, 如此温暖的天气不太正常。

**aboard** /ə'bo:d/ **ad.** / **prep.** 在船(车、飞行器)上, 上船(车、飞行器): It's time to go aboard. 是上船(车、飞机)的时候了。

**abolish** /ə'bolɪʃ/ **vt.** 废除, 取消: There are many bad customs and laws that ought to be abolished. 有很多不良习俗和法律都应该废止。

**abortion** /ə'bo:ʃən/ **n.** 流产, 堕胎: Abortion is dangerous in the past. 过去流产很危险。

+**aboriginal** /ˌæbə'ridʒɪnəl/ **a.** 土著的: Indians are aboriginal in America. 印第安人是美洲的土著居民。**n.** 土著居民, 土生动植物

**about** /ə'baʊt/ **prep.** ● 在...周围: I saw it about here. 我在这附近看到过它。● 关于, 对于: I spoke with him about the matter. 关于那件事我和他谈过了。**ad.** ● 附近, 周围, 到处: There is nobody about. 附近都没有人。● 大约: About fifty people were present. 大约有 50 人出席。

**above** /ə'baʊ/ **prep.** 在...之上, 高于: I saw the moon above the roof. 我看到月亮在屋顶上方。

**above all**: 尤其是, 最主要的是 **a.** 上述的, 上面的: The above is the most important fact. 上述是最为重要的事实。**ad.** ● 在上面, 往上: A cry from above warned me of the danger. 上面传来一声喊叫, 警告我有危险。● 更多: 20 and above 二十及二十以上

**abroad** /ə'brɔ:d/ **ad.** ● 到国外, 在海

外: He lived abroad for much of his life. 他们一生大半是在国外度过的。● 遍布,到处: A rumor is abroad about his death. 关于他的死亡谣言纷纭。

+**abrupt** /ə'brʌpt/ *a.* ① 突然的: The car made an abrupt turn. 车子突然转弯。● 粗鲁的, (态度) 生硬的: He behaved in an abrupt manner. 他行为很粗鲁。

**absence** /'æbsəns/ *n.* ① 缺席 (≠ presence): Behave yourself during my absence. 我不在时要规矩点。● 缺乏, 缺少 (= lack): Absence of rain caused the plants to die. 因缺少雨水导致植物枯死。

**absent** /'æbsənt/ *a.* ① 缺席的 (≠ present): He was absent at roll call. 他点名时不在。● 缺乏的: In the Manx type of cat, the tail is absent. 曼岛猫没有尾巴。● 不在意的, 茫然的: He had an absent look on his face. 他脸上带着茫然若失的神情。

**be absent from**: 缺席

**absolute** /'æbsəlu:t/ *a.* ① 绝对的, 完全的 (= complete, utter): I have absolute trust in you. 我完全信任你。● 确实的, 肯定的: The detective found absolute proof of man's guilt. 侦探发现了那个人犯罪的确切证据。

**absorb** /əb'sɔ:b, -'zɔ:b/ *vt.* ① 吸收 (= take in): This blotting paper absorbs ink well. 这吸墨纸的吸墨力很强。● 使全神贯注: The task absorbed all his energies. 他把全部精力投注在这件工作上。

**abstract** /'æbstrækt/ *a.* 抽象的, 不具体的 (≠ concrete): The idea of happiness is extremely abstract. 幸福是个非常抽象的概念。 *n.* 摘要, 提要: This is the abstract of the article. 这是这篇文章的摘要。

+**absurd** /əb'sɜ:d/ *a.* 荒谬的, 荒唐可笑

的: It is absurd to believe that the number 13 brings bad luck. 相信数字 13 会带来恶运是荒诞不经的。

\***abundant** /ə'bʌndənt/ *a.* 丰富的, 充裕的 (= plentiful; rich): The tree is abundant in fruit. 这棵树果实累累。

\***abuse** /ə'bju:z/ *vt./n.* ① 滥用, 妄用: Don't abuse your power. 不要滥用你的权力。● 辱骂, 诬蔑 (= insult): Tom abused his teacher. 汤姆辱骂了他的老师。

**academic** /ækə'demik/ *a.* ① 学术的: He has an academic interest in politics. 他对政治具有学术上的研究兴趣。● 学院的: He is in an academic dress. 他穿着大学礼服。● 学究的: The question of how many souls exist in heaven is academic. 天堂到底有多少灵魂的问题根本不切实际。

**academy** /ə'kædəmi/ *n.* ① (高等) 院校, 研究院: He studies in a riding academy. 他在骑术学校学习。● 学会, 协会: The Chinese Academy of Sciences 中国科学院

\***accelerate** /ək'seləreɪt/ *vt.* ① 加速 (= speed up): He accelerated the car. 他将车子的速度加快。● 促进: We should do our best to accelerate world peace. 我们应尽力促进世界和平。 *vi.* 增加速度: He accelerated. 他将速度加快。

**accent** /'æksənt/ *n.* ① 口音 (= tone): He spoke in a German accent. 他说话带有德国腔。● 重音 (= stress): In the word "happy" the accent is on the first syllable. "happy" 这个词的重音在第一音节。

**accept** /ək'sept/ *vt.* ① 接受, 领受 (≠ refuse): He accepted my gift gladly. 他高兴地接受了我的礼物。● 认可, 同意: I cannot accept an excuse like that. 我无法相信那样的辩解。 *vi.* 同

意, 认可: He accepted. 他同意了。

**acceptable** /ək'septəbl/ *a.* ① 可接受的: The proposal is acceptable. 这个提议是可取的。② 合意的, 受欢迎的: His work is acceptable. 他的工作是令人满意的。

**acceptance** /ək'septəns/ *n.* ① 接受: We should write a letter of thanks with the acceptance of a present. 我们收到礼物后应写封谢函。② 承认, 认可: His idea gained wide acceptance. 他的观点获得广泛赞同。

**access** /'ækses/ *n.* ① 接近, 获得(机会等): Access to the resort is quite easy. 这个度假胜地很容易去。② 入口, 通道 (= entry, entrance) Fallen rocks cut off the only access to the village. 落石阻断通往村庄的唯一通道。

**have/gain access to**: 有(机会、手段、权力)得到/接近/进入

\***accessible** /ək'sesəbl/ *a.* 可得到的, 易接近的, 可进入的: Dictionaries should be put where they will be easily accessible. 字典应该放在容易取阅的地方。

+**accessory** /ək'sesəri/ *n.* 附件, 附属品: Do these accessories match that brown dress? 这些配件和那件褐色衣服相配吗? *a.* ① 附属的: The bag is accessory. 这个手提包是附属的。② 同谋的: He is accessory. 他是同谋犯。

**accident** /'æksɪdənt/ *n.* 意外事件, 事故: He had an accident on his way home. 他在回家途中发生事故。

**by accident**: 意外地, 偶然地

**accommodate** /ə'kɒmədeɪt/ *vt.* ① 为...提供住宿: This hotel can accommodate more than 500 guests. 这家旅馆可为 500 位以上的旅客提供住宿。② 容纳, 接纳: This table accommodates six persons. 这张桌子可以坐 6 个人。③ 使适应, 调节: He soon accommodated

himself to the new conditions. 他很快适应了新环境。

**accommodation** /ə'kɒmə'deɪʃən/ *n.*

① 膳宿供应 (= lodging) Can we find accommodations at a hotel for tonight? 我们今晚能找到旅馆住宿吗?

② (*pl.*) 提供便利的设备(或用具) ③ 适应, 调节: His accommodation to the new school make his parents happy. 他对新学校的适应令他父母很高兴。

**accompany** /ə'kʌmpəni/ *vt.* ① 陪伴, 陪同 (= go with): He accompanied his friend to the concert. 他陪同朋友去听演奏会。② 为...伴奏: She accompanied the singer on the piano. 她弹钢琴为那位歌手伴奏。

**accomplish** /ə'kʌmplɪʃ, 'kɒm-/ *vt.* 完成, 实现, 成就 (= achieve, attain): I've accomplished my task. 我已完成了任务。

**accordance** /ə'kɒdəns/ *n.* 一致, 相符 (= agreement): He acted in accordance with your instructions. 他根据你的指示行动。

**in accordance with**: 依照, 依据, 与...一致

**according to** /ə'kɒdɪŋ/ *prep.* 按照, 根据: According to the TV, it will be fine today. 根据电视报道, 今天会是个晴天。

\***accordingly** /ə'kɒdɪŋli/ *ad.* ① 依照: These are the rules. Please act accordingly. 这是规则, 请照此行事。② 由此, 于是 (= therefore) ③ 相应地: Please write down the English words and their Chinese meaning accordingly. 请把英语单词及其汉语意思相应地写下来。

**account** /ə'kaʊnt/ *vi.* 说明(理由等) (= explain): He accounted for his actions. 他对自己的行为做出了解释。  
**account for**: 说明, 解释(原因等) *n.*



① 陈述,说明 (= statement): He gave a brief account of what had happened. 他简略地陈述了一下发生的事情。● 账户, (pl.) 帐目 (= bill): The accounts show that they spent more than they received. 帐目显示, 他们花出去的钱比他们的收入多。● 原因,理由: On this account, it is best to do so. 因为这个缘故, 最好就这么做。

**on account of**: 基于, 由于

**on all accounts**: 无论如何

**on no account**: 决不

**take into account**: 考虑, 重视

**accountant** /ə'kauntənt/ *n.* 会计, 出纳: His brother is an accountant. 他哥哥是位会计。

**\*accumulate** /ə'kju:mjuleɪt/

*vt.* 积累, 积聚 (= pile, stock) He accumulated a large fortune. 他积累了大量财富。*vi.* 堆积, 积累 (store up) Dust accumulated on the desk. 桌上积满了灰尘。

**accurate** /ækjʊrɪt/ *a.* 准确的, 精确的 (= precise, correct) Is your watch accurate? 你的表准吗?

**accusation** /ækju:'zeɪʃən, ækju-/ *n.* 告发, 控告: He is under an accusation of cheating. 他因欺骗而被控告。

**accuse** /ə'kju:z/ *vt.* ① 指责 (= blame) She accused him of being late. 她指责他迟到。● 控告 (= charge): The police accused him. 警察控告了他。

**accuse... of**: 为...指责某人, 控告某人

**accustom** /ə'kʌstəm/ *vt.* 使习惯: Children are quick to accustom themselves to new surroundings. 孩子们很快就会适应新环境。

**be accustomed to**: 习惯于

**ace** /eis/ *n.* ① “A”牌: the ace of spades 黑桃A。● 能手, 专家: He's an

ace at baseball. 他是位优秀的棒球手。

● 发球得分: He got two aces: 他两次发球得分。

**ache** /eɪk/ *vi.* 痛: My heart aches for you. 我为你心痛。*n.* 痛, 疼痛 (= pain): I have an ache in my stomach. 我胃痛。

**achieve** /ə'tʃi:v/ *vt.* ① 完成, 实现: No one can achieve anything without effort. 没有人能够不努力而有所成就。● (经过努力) 获得/达到: He achieved his goal. 他达到了他的目标。

**achievement** /ə'tʃi:vmənt/ *n.* ① 成就, 成绩 (= accomplishment): The inventor was rewarded by the Government for his scientific achievement. 该发明家由于他在科学上的成就受到政府的奖励。● 实现, 达到: the achievement of one's aims 某人目标的实现

**+ acid** /'æsid/ *a.* 酸的, 酸性的 (= sour): A lemon is an acid fruit. 柠檬是酸的水果。*n.* 酸: Vinegar contains acetic acid. 醋含有醋酸。

**acknowledge** /ək'nɒlɪdʒ/ *vt.* ① 承认: She acknowledged having been defeated. 她承认输了。● 感谢: She acknowledged his help in her book. 她在书中对他的帮助表示谢意。● 告知收到 (信件等): Did you acknowledge his letter? 你有没有告诉他来信已经收到?

**\*acquaint** /ə'kweɪnt/ *vt.* 使熟悉, 使认识: acquaint a newcomer with the rules of the club 让新来的人熟悉俱乐部的规则

**\*acquaintance** /ə'kweɪntəns/ *n.* ① 认识的人, 熟人: Smith is an acquaintance of mine. 我与史密斯先生相识。● 认识, 了解: I have a nodding acquaintance with him. 我和他是点头之交。

**acquire** /ə'kwɪə(r)/ *vt.* ① 获得, 取得 (= obtain, get): He acquired a bad reputation. 他得到了坏名声。② 学到(知识等), 养成(习惯等): She acquired a habit of smoking. 她养成了抽烟的习惯。

**acquisition** /ækwi'zɪʃən/ *n.* 获得(物): This is the latest acquisition to my library. 这本是我最近增添的书。

**acre** /'eɪkə(r)/ *n.* 英亩: The field has an area of about two acres. 这块田地的面积约为2英亩。

**across** /ə'krɒs/ *prep.* ① 横过, 穿过: That bridge across this river is the oldest in the town. 横跨这条河的那座桥是镇上最古老的桥。② 在...的对面: He lives across the street from us. 他住在我们的对面大街。③ 交叉: The two roads cut across each other. 这两条路相互交叉。④ 经过(一段时间) *ad.* ① 横过, 穿过: The old man walked across the road carefully. 那老人小心地越过马路。② 在另一边: Can you swim across? 你能游到对岸去吗?

**act** /ækt/ *vi.* ① 行动, 做: It's time to act. 到行动的时候了。② 起作用: The medicine took long to act. 这药经过长时间才起效用。③ 表演 (= perform): Who act in this film? 谁在这部电影中扮演角色。 *vt.* ① 扮演(角色): He acts Hamlet. 他演哈姆雷特。② 装作: Don't act the child any more. 别再孩子气了。 *n.* ① 行为, 行动 (= action): It's a brave act to save a child from a burning house. 从着火的屋子里救出小孩是勇敢的行为。② 法令, 条例 (= decree): The Parliament passed the act. 议会通过了这条法令。③ (戏剧的)一幕: The act ended and the lights were turned on. 幕终于灯亮。

**action** /'ækʃən/ *n.* ① 活动, 行为 (= act): All we need now is action, not discussion. 现在我们需要的是行动而不是讨论。② 作用 (= effect): the action of acid on metal 酸对金属的作用

**\*activate** /'æktɪveɪt/ *vt.* ① 使活动: The national campaign aimed at activating the labour movement. 这次全国性运动旨在推动工人运动。② 使激活, 使活化

**active** /'æktɪv/ *a.* 有活力的, 积极的, 主动的 (= energetic): He is the most active member of the club. 他是俱乐部里最积极的会员。

**activist** /'æktɪvɪst/ *n.* 活动分子, 积极分子: He is an activist. 他是个活动分子。

**activity** /æk'tɪvɪti/ *n.* ① (pl.) 活动, 所做的事情: Classroom activities are things done by pupils in the classroom. 教室活动是学生们在教室里所做的事情。② 活动性, 活跃: When a man is over 70 his time of full activity is usually past. 当人活到70岁时, 他充满活力的时期通常已经过去了。

**actor** /'æktə(r)/ *n.* ① 演员, 男演员: He is a famous actor. 他是一名著名的演员。② 行动者

**actress** /'æktɪs/ *n.* 女演员: She is an actress. 她是个演员。

**actual** /'æktʃʊəl/ *a.* 事实上的, 实际的 (= real, true): The actual price was lower than I had thought. 实际价钱比我想像的便宜。

**actually** /'æktʃʊəli/ *ad.* 实际上 (= in fact): Did you actually see the accident? 你真正地看到那场意外事故了吗?

**acute** /ə'kjʊt/ *a.* ① (头脑或五官) 灵敏的, 敏锐的: He has an acute sense of hearing. 他听觉很灵敏。② 急性的: He got an acute alcoholism. 他得了急性酒精中毒。

**A.D.** /ˌeɪ 'di:/ 公元: PRC was built in 1949 A.D. 中华人民共和国成立于公元1949年。

**ad** /æd/ *n.* 广告: A want ad is seeking a typist. 一个招聘广告正在征求打字员。

**adapt** /ə'dæpt/ *vt.* ① 使适应, 使适合: He can't adapt his way of life to the company. 他的生活方式无法适应公司的要求。② 改写, 改编: It's hard to adapt this story for children. 要將这小说改编为适合小孩子很困难。

**adapt...to**: 使适合, 使适用

**add** /æd/ *vi.* ③ 增加 (= increase): Please add the figures up. 请将这些数字加起来。④ 加, 相加: My boy can't add properly yet. 我儿子还不太会做加法。

**add (up) to**: 累计为, 总数达 (= amount to) *vt.* ⑤ 加, 增加: Will you add more sugar to your coffee? 你的咖啡要多加些糖吗? ⑥ 接着讲(或写): He added that he didn't believe it. 他补充说他不相信。

**addict** /'ædɪkt/ *vt.* 使成瘾, 热衷于: He is addicted to drugs. 他吸毒成瘾。  
**be addicted to**: 嗜好, 爱好

**addiction** /ə'dɪkʃən/ *n.* 沉溺, 吸毒成瘾

**addition** /ə'dɪʃən/ *n.* ① 加, 加法: The sign "+" stands for addition. + 号代表加。② 附加部分, 增加: They've just had an addition to the family, another child. 他们家刚又增加了一口。

**in addition to**: 除...之外, 另外

**additional** /ə'dɪʃənəl/ *a.* 附加的, 另外的 (= extra): We need some additional information. 我们需要更多的资料。

**address** /ə'dres/ *n.* ③ 地址, 住址: Let me know if you change your address. 假若你变更通讯处请通知我。④

讲话, 演说 (= speech): She gave an address of welcome. 她致欢迎辞。 *vt.*

① 向...讲话: Mr Green will now address the meeting. 现在由格林先生向大会演说。② 写姓名地址: The letter was wrongly addressed. 这封信地址写错了。

**adequate** /'ædɪkwɪt/ *a.* 足够的, 充分的 (= satisfactory): £ 10 a week is not adequate to support a family. 十镑一周不足以维持一个家庭。

**+adhere** /əd'hɪə(r), æd-/ *vi.* (to) ① 粘着 (= stick fast): Gum adhered to the sole of my shoe. 口香糖粘在我的鞋底。② 坚持, 遵守: We decided to adhere to the programme. 我们决定坚持这项计划。③ 依附, 追随

**+adjacent** /ə'dʒeɪsənt/ *a.* (to) ① (时间上) 紧接着的: The day adjacent to Saturday is Sunday. 星期天紧挨星期六。② 邻近的, 毗邻的 (= next): The house adjacent to the church is the vicarage. 那栋毗邻教堂的房子是牧师住宅。

**+adjoin** /ə'dʒɔɪn/ *vt.* 贴近, 与...毗邻 (= be next to) The playing-field adjoins the school. 运动场临近学校。

**adjust** /ə'dʒʌst/ *vt.* ③ 调整, 调节 (= set right) The body adjusts itself to changes in temperature. 身体能自行调节以适应气温变化。④ 校准, 校对: Will you please adjust the clock? It's slow. 这钟慢了, 请你调一下好吗? *vi.*

⑤ 调整, 校准 ⑥ (to) 适应于: She soon adjusted to his way of life. 她很快地适应了他的生活方式。

**\*administer** /əd'mɪnɪstə(r)/ *vt.* ① 管理, 支配: It takes brains to administer a company. 经营一个公司需要智慧。② 实行, 实施: The government administer help to people who are

suffering from floods. 政府对水灾灾民施以救助。● 给予, 用(药等): Our team administer a severe blow to the opposing team. 我们队给对手队严重的打击。

**administration** /əd'mɪnɪ'streɪʃən/ *n.*

● 管理, 经营: the administration of a corporation 企业的经营管理 ● 行政机关: Successive Administrations failed to solve the country's problems. 历届政府均未能解决该国的问题。

**admire** /əd'maɪə(r)/ *vt.* 羡慕, 赞美,

钦佩 (= envy): Visitors to Britain usually admire our policemen. 来英国的游客通常钦佩我们的警察。

**admission** /əd'mɪʃən/ *n.* ● 允许进入:

Admission to the school is by examination only. 就读该校必须通过考试。● 入场费: Admission free. 不收门票 ● 坦白, 承认: To resign now would be an admission of failure. 现在辞职等于承认失败。

**admit** /əd'mɪt/ *vt.* ● 承认: The accused man admitted his guilt. 被告承认了他的罪行。

● 接纳, 招收: Only one hundred boys are admitted to the school each year. 该校每年只收一百名男生。

**adolescence** /ˌædə(ʊ)'lesns/ *n.* 青春

期, 青少年: Adolescence is a very important period in one's life. 青春是人一生中很重要的阶段。

+ **adolescent** /ˌædə(ʊ)'lesnt/ *a.* 青少年的,

青春期的: Many students are facing adolescent problems. 许多学生面临青春期的问题。 *n.* 青少年: Adolescents are children from 12 to 18. 青少年是指 12 岁到 18 岁的孩子。

**adopt** /ə'dɒpt/ *vt.* ● 采用, 采取(态度

等): Our school has adopted a new teaching method. 我们学校采用了新的教学法。● 选定(道路、职业等):

Congress adopted the new measures. 国会通过了新的议案。● 收养: They are not my real parents. I am adopted. 他们不是我的亲生父母, 我是被收养的。

**adult** /ə'dʌlt, 'ædʌlt/ *a.* 成年人的, 已

成熟的 (= mature): This is an adult movie. 这是一部成人电影。 *n.* 成年人 (= grown-up): Admission for adults is three dollars. 成人入场费是 3 美元。

**advance** /əd'vɑːns/ *vt.* ● 促进, 推进:

The successful Apollo landings on the moon advanced the space development program. 阿波罗号成功地登陆月球, 加快了太空发展计划的脚步。●

提升, 提高: He worked so well that his boss advanced him to a higher position. 他工作表现非常好, 所以上司将他提升。● 提出: He advanced his plan to the manager. 他向经理提出他的计划。

*vi.* 前进, 进展 (= progress): Scientific knowledge has greatly advanced since the 16th century. 科学知识自 16 世纪以来已有显著的进步。

*n.* ● 发展, 前进 (= progress) The Red Army stopped the enemy's advance. 红军阻止了敌军前进。● 预付

款项: Can I have an advance on my salary? 我可以预支薪水吗? ● 增长, 抬高: The aim of a university should be the advance of learning. 大学的目标应该是促进学术的发展。

*in advance*: 预先, 在前面

**advantage** /əd'vɑːntɪdʒ/ *n.* ● 优势,

优点 (= privilege): Living in a big town has many advantages. 住在大都市有许多优点。● 利益, 好处 (= benefit): He gained little advantage from his visit to London. 他游历伦敦获益甚少。

*take advantage of*: 利用, 趁机

+ **advent** /əd'vent, -vent/ *n.* 出现, 到

来: Since the advent of atomic power, there have been great changes in industry. 自从原子动力问世之后,工业方面起了很大的改变。

**adventure** /əd'ventʃə(r)/ *n.* ① 冒险活动: A flight in an aeroplane used to be quite an adventure. 从前乘飞机是相当冒险的事。② 奇遇: The explorer told the boys about his adventures in the Arctic. 那探险家把他在北极的奇遇讲给那些男孩子听。

+**adverse** /'ædvɜ:s/ *a.* 不利的,有害的: The conditions are adverse to our interests. 环境对我们不利。

\***advert** /əd'vɜ:t/ *n.* 广告: The advert of cocacola is a successful one. 可口可乐的广告是成功的。

\***advertise/-ize** /'ædvətaɪz/ *vi.* 登广告,做广告: The factory advertised in all the newspapers. 这家工厂在所有的报纸上登了广告。*vt.* ① 为...做广告: The company advertised its goods. 这家公司为其货品做广告。② 通知

**adviser** /əd'vaɪzə/ *n.* 劝告者,顾问: He is the government's adviser on the pollution problem. 他是污染问题的政府顾问。

**advertisement** /əd'vɜ:tɪzmənt, -tɪs-/ *n.* ① 广告: If you want to sell your piano, put an advertisement in the newspaper. 如果你要卖掉你的钢琴,可在报纸上登一则广告。② 做广告,登广告: Advertisement helps to sell goods. 登广告有助于销路。

**advice** /əd'vaɪs/ *n.* 忠告,劝告

\***advisable** /əd'vaɪzəbl/ *a.* 明智的,可取的: Do you think its advisable to wait? 你认为应该等候吗?

**advise** /əd'vaɪz/ *vt.* ① 劝告,建议 (= counsel): The doctor advised a complete rest. 医生劝告要完全休息。② 通

告,通知 (= inform): Please advise us when the goods are dispatched. 货物交运时请通知我们。

\***advocate** /'ædvəkət/ *vt.* 提倡,鼓吹: Do you advocate keeping all children at school till the age of 16? 你主张将义务教育延长至16岁吗? *n.* 提倡者,鼓吹者: He is an advocate of equal pay for men and women. 他是提倡男女同酬者。

+**aerial** /'eəriəl/ *a.* ① 空气的,大气的: aerial currents 气流 ② 航空的: aerial transportation 空运 *n.* 天线: Aerial is used to send out or receive signals. 天线是用来接收和发送信号的。

**airplane** /'eəpleɪn/ (英: **aeroplane**) *n.* 飞机: Have you ever flown in an airplane? 你曾乘过飞机吗?

**affair** /ə'feə(r)/ *n.* ① 事情,事件 (= matter): The railway accident was a terrible affair. 那次火车车祸是一可怕事件。② (*pl.*) 事务,事态: That's my affair, not yours. 那是我的事,不是你的事。

**affect** /ə'fekt/ *vt.* ① 影响,作用 (= influence): The climate affected his health. 气候影响了他的健康。② 感动 (= move): He was much affected by the bad news. 这个凄枪的消息使他十分难过。③ (疾病)侵袭: The left lung is affected. 左肺受到感染。

**affection** /ə'fekʃən/ *n.* ① 慈爱,爱,感情: Every mother has affection for her children. 每个母亲都爱她的孩子。② 作用,影响: This affair has some affection on the relation between two countries. 这次事件对两国关系有影响。

+**affirm** /ə'fɜ:m/ *vt.* ① 断言,肯定: He affirmed his innocence. 他坚称自己是清白的。② 批准,使生效: He was af-

firmed as a candidate. 他被确定为候选人。

**afford** /ə'fɔ:d/ *vt.* ① 担负得起, 买得起, 抽得出(时间等): How can you afford so much money for a bicycle? 你怎么付得起这么多钱买一部自行车呢? ② 提供: Music affords us pleasure. 音乐给我们快乐。

**afraid** /ə'freɪd/ *a.* ① 害怕的, 畏惧的 (= frightened): There's nothing to be afraid of. 没有什么好害怕的。② 恐怕的, 担心的: I was afraid of hurting his feelings. 我怕伤了他的感情。

**be afraid of**: 害怕

**Africa** /'æfrɪkə/ *n.* 非洲: Africa is one of the five continents. 非洲是五大洲之一。

**African** /'æfrɪkən/ *a.* 非洲(人)的: Most African countries are poor. 大部分非洲国家都很贫穷。 *n.* 非洲人: Africans are black. 非洲人是黑人。

**after** /'ɑ:ftə(r)/ *prep.* 在...以后, 在...后面 (= behind): I'll call you after two o'clock. 两点后我给你打电话。 *ad.* 以后, 后来 (= afterwards): He fell ill on Monday and died three days after. 他于星期一生病, 三天以后就死了。 *conj.* 在...以后: I arrived after he left. 我在他离开以后到达。

**afternoon** /'ɑ:ftə'nun/ *n.* 下午, 午后: I have classes during the afternoon. 我下午有课。

**afterward(s)** /'ɑ:ftəwəd/ *ad.* 以后, 后来: I'm busy now. I'll go there afterward. 我现在很忙, 待会儿再过去。

**again** /ə'geɪn, ə'geɪn/ *ad.* ① 再, 又: If you fail, try again. 如果你失败了, 再试一次。 ② 倍: His house is as big again as mine. 他的房子有我的两倍大。

**again and again**: 反复地

**now and again**: 不时地, 常常地

**time and again**: 反复地, 一次又一次地

**against** /ə'geɪnst, ə'geɪnst/ *prep.* ① 逆, 反(对), 违反: We were rowing against the current. 我们逆水划船。 ② 紧靠着, 倚在: Place the ladder against the tree. 把梯子靠在树上。 ③ 与...对照, 对比: The picture shows up well against the white wall. 这幅画在这白璧的衬托下很显眼。

**age** /eɪdʒ/ *n.* ① 年龄: What's his age? 他多大了? ② 时代 (= period): We are in the age of atom. 我们处于原子时代。 *v.* (使)变老, (使)老化: He is aging fast. 他老得很快。

**agency** /'eɪdʒənsi/ *n.* ① 代理(权), 代办: The company has agencies in all parts of Africa. 该公司在非洲各处均有代理店。 ② 力量, (能动)作用: Rocks are worn smooth through the agency of water. 岩石由于水的作用而变得光滑。 ③ 机构: the Central Intelligence Agency 中央情报局

**agenda** /ə'dʒendə/ *n.* 议事日程, 记事册: What's the next item on the agenda? 议程上的下一个项目是什么?

**agent** /'eɪdʒənt/ *n.* 代理人, 经办人: He is a publicity agent. 他是广告员。

**aggression** /ə'ɡreɪʃən/ *n.* 侵略, 攻击: It was difficult to decide which country was guilty of aggression. 很难判定那一国犯侵略之罪。

**aggressive** /ə'ɡresɪv/ *a.* ① 侵略的, 侵犯的: This war is an aggressive one. 这是一场侵略性战争。 ② 爱挑衅的, 放肆的: He is an aggressive man. 他是好与人争吵的人。 ③ 有进取心的, 敢作敢为的: A successful person must be aggressive. 一个成功的人必然敢想敢做。

**ago** /ə'ɡəʊ/ *ad.* 以前: How long ago is it that you last saw her? 你上一次

看见她是多久以前的事?

**agony** /'æɡəni/ *n.* (极度的)痛苦, 创痛: He looked on in agony at his child's suffering. 他在一旁痛苦地看着他的孩子受苦。

**agree** /ə'ɡri:/ *vi.* ①赞同, 答应 (= approve): I asked him to help me and he agreed. 我请他帮忙, 他答应了。②适合, 一致: The verb agrees with its subject in number and person. 动词的数与人称与主语一致。③商定, 约定: We agreed to start early. 我们同意早些出发。

**agree on / upon**: 对...意见一致

**agree to**: 同意, 答应

**agree with**: 赞同, 适合

**\*agreeable** /ə'ɡri:əbl/ *a.* ①令人愉快的: She has an agreeable voice. 她的声音很悦耳。②(to) 一致的, 符合的: Practice should be agreeable to theory. 实践应与理论一致。

**agreement** /ə'ɡri:mənt/ *n.* ①协议, 约定: The meeting ended when we reached an agreement. 当我们达成协议时, 会议就结束了。②同意, 达成协议: We're all in agreement. 我们意见一致。

**agriculture** /'æɡri:kaltʃə(r)/ *n.* 农业: He is engaged in agriculture. 他从事农业。

**ahead** /ə'hed/ *ad.* 在前, 提前: I saw a lake ahead. 我看见前方有一片湖。

**ahead of**: 在...之前

**aid** /eid/ *n.* ①帮助, 援助 (= assistance): She came to my aid. 她来帮助我。②助手, 辅助设备 (= helper): Dictionaries are a great aid in learning English. 字典对学习英语有很大的帮助。③救护: We should give aid to the people in danger. 我们应该帮助危难中的人。vt. ④帮助, 援助: I want to aid the handicapped. 我想要帮助残疾

人。⑤急救: The doctor aided the man hurt in an accident. 医生急救了一个车祸中受伤的人。

**aim** /eɪm/ *n.* ①目的, 目标 (= objective): What's your aim? 你的目标是什么? ②瞄准, 针对: Take careful aim at the target. 仔细瞄准靶子。vi. (at) ③目的在于, 企图 (= intend): Harry aims at becoming a doctor. 哈利立志要当医生。④瞄准, 对准 (= direct): He aimed at the lion. 他瞄准了狮子。vt. 把...瞄准, 把...对准 (= point): He aimed his gun at the boy. 他以枪瞄准那个男孩。

**air** /eə(r)/ *n.* ①大气, 空气: Let's go out and have some fresh air. 我们出去呼吸点新鲜空气。②态度, 神态: He has an air of dignity. 他有一种威严的神态。

**by air**: ①通过航空途径 ②用无线电 vt. 通风: Open the window and air the room. 打开窗子, 给房间通通风。

**aircraft** /'eəkrɑ:ft/ *n.* 飞机, 飞艇, 航空器: He went to London by aircraft. 他坐飞机去伦敦。

**airline** /'eəlaɪn/ *n.* ①(飞机的)航线: The meal is something you wouldn't expect to find on an airline. 那顿饭与你预料中的航空饭可不一样。②航空公司: The plane is from Trans World Airline. 这架飞机是环球航空公司的。

**airmail** /'eəmeɪl/ *n.* 航空邮件, 航空邮政: I sent a parcel by airmail. 我以航空邮件寄包裹。

**airport** /'eəpɔ:t/ *n.* 飞机场: I went to the airport to see him off. 我到机场送他。

**+aisle** /aɪl/ *n.* 走廊, 通道: Aisle seats have more room for carry-on luggage. 靠过道的座位有较宽裕的空间可放手提行李。

**alarm** /ə'lɑ:m/ *n.* ①惊恐: She

jumped up in alarm. 她惊恐地跳起来。

●警报: I heard a fire alarm last night. 我昨夜听到了火警。●警报器: a fire alarm 火警警报器 *vt.* ①使…惊恐: We were alarmed by a sudden shriek. 我们被突然的尖叫声吓了一跳。

●向…报警

**album** /'ælbəm/ *n.* 相片册, 邮票簿: She put her photographs in an album. 她把她的像片放进了相片册。

**alcohol** /'ælkəhɒl/ *n.* ①酒精, 乙醇: Many drinks contain alcohol. 许多饮料中含有酒精。●含酒精的饮料: I never drink alcohol. 我从来不喝酒。

+**alert** /ə'leɪt/

*a.* ①机警的, 警觉的: The thief looked around with alert eyes. 小偷以机警的眼光环视四周。●机灵的, 活泼的: He is an alert boy. 他是一个机灵的男孩。 *vt.* 使…警觉: The government has alerted the veterans to stand by. 政府已令退伍军人待命, 随时准备行动。

+**alien** /'eɪljən/ *a.* ①外国(人)的, 异己的: These principles are alien to our religion. 这些原则性质上与我们的宗教相异。●性质不同的: cruelty was quite alien to his nature. 残忍与他的天性格格不入。 *n.* 外国人, 外来人, 外侨: An Englishman is an alien in the United States. 英国人在美国便是外国人。

+**alienate** /'eɪljənət/ *vt.* ①使疏远, 离间: The Prime Minister's policy alienated many of his followers. 首相的政策使许多拥护他的人疏远了他。②让渡(财产)所有权: Enemy property is often alienated in time of war. 在战时, 敌产常被没收。

+**align** /ə'laɪn/ *vt.* ①使成一线, 校直: align the sights of a rifle 将步枪瞄准。

●结盟, 合作: They aligned themselves with us. 他们已与我们密切合作。●调节, 调准 *vi.* ①成一线, 排成一行 ②(with) 结盟: Britain aligned with United States. 英国和美国结盟。  
**alike** /ə'laɪk/ *a.* 相似的, 相象的: You and your brother are very much alike. 你和你弟弟长得非常相象。

**alive** /ə'laɪv/ *a.* ①活着的, 存在的: Is the fish still alive? 那条鱼还活着吗? ②有活力的, 活泼的: My grandfather is still very much alive, more alive than many young people. 我祖父还很有活力, 比很多年轻人更活跃。

**all** /ɔ:l/ *a.* ①全部的, 整个的: All the students go home early on Saturday. 星期六所有的学生很早就回家。●非常的, 极度的 *ad.* 完全地, 十分地: She was all excited. 她非常兴奋。 *pron.* 全体, 一切: He wanted all or nothing. 他要么就全要, 要么就全不要。

**above all**: 首先, 尤其是

**after all**: 终究, 毕竟

**all over**: 到处, 遍及

**in all**: 总计

**allege** /ə'ledʒ/ *vt.* 断言, 声称: She alleged that he was guilty. 她宣称他有罪。

**allegation** /ælɪ'geɪʃən/ *a.* 断言, 主张, 见解: You have made serious allegations, but can you substantiate them? 你已作郑重的供述, 但你能证实吗?

**alleged** /ə'ledʒd/ *a.* 被说成的, 被指称的: He is the alleged murderer. 他是凶手嫌疑犯。

**allegedly** /ə'ledʒɪdli/ *adj.* 据说: He is allegedly a thief. 据说他是个小偷。

+**alleviate** /ə'li:vɪət/ *vt.* 减轻, 缓解, 缓和: The medicine can alleviate the pain. 这种药物可以减轻疼痛。



\***alley** /'æli/ *n.* 小巷, 胡同: There are many alleys in Beijing. 北京有许多胡同。●小径, 小路: There's a alley in the garden. 花园中有条小路。

**alliance** /ə'laɪəns/ *n.* 结盟, 联盟, 联姻: China won't enter into an alliance with any country. 中国不与任何国家结盟。

**allied** /ə'laɪd, 'æləɪd/ *a.* 联合的, 同盟的, 联姻的: Germany and Italy were allied. 德国与意大利联合。

\***allocate** /'æliə(u)kert/ *vt.* 分配, 分派, 派给, 拨给: The teacher allocated duties to students. 老师给学生分配任务。

**allow** /ə'laʊ/ *vt.* ●允许, 准许 (= permit): Smoking is not allowed here. 此处禁止吸烟。●承认: We must allow him to be a genius. 我们必须承认他是一个天才。●给予: How much money does your father allow you for books? 你的父亲给你多少钱买书? *vi.* (for) 考虑到, 估及: It will take thirty minutes to get to the station, allowing for traffic delays. 到车站去将需要 30 分钟, 连路上交通的耽搁都算在内。

+**allowance** /ə'laʊəns/ *n.* ●补贴, 津贴: She has a dress allowance of £70 a year. 她有一年 70 英镑的制装津贴。●允许, 准许: Nobody can get into this building without allowance. 未经允许, 任何人不能进入这座大楼。

**ally** /ə'laɪ/ *n.* ●同盟者: France was the ally of Britain. 法国是英国的同盟国。●伙伴: Tom is my ally. 汤姆是我的伙伴。●同类

**almost** /'ɔ:lməʊst/ *ad.* 几乎, 差不多 (= nearly): I get up at 6 almost every day. 我几乎每天 6 点钟起床。

**alone** /ə'ləʊn/ *a.* ●单独的, 孤独的: She feels alone. 她感到孤独。●唯一

的 (= only) *ad.* ●单独地, 独自地 (= by oneself): She lives alone in an apartment. 她独自住在公寓里。●只有, 仅仅: Smith alone knows what happened. 只有史密斯知道发生了什么事。

**along** /ə'ləŋ/ *prep.* 沿着 (= down): He walked along the road. 他沿着马路走。

**all along**: 始终, 一直 *ad.* 向前 (= forward): Move along, please. 向前走。

**alongside** /ə'ləŋ'saɪd/ *prep.* 在... 旁边, 沿着... 的边: He parked his car alongside the fence. 他把车顺着围墙停放。●和... 在一起: I was sitting alongside of your brother. 我和你弟弟坐一起。●和... 相比: His money doesn't look much alongside of a millionaire's. 同百万富翁相比他的这点钱就不显得多了。 *ad.* 在旁边, 并排地: The boat came alongside. 船靠岸了。

**aloud** /ə'laʊd/ *ad.* ●大声地: Please read the text aloud. 请大声朗读课文。

●响亮地: He called aloud for help. 他高声喊救命。

\***alphabet** /'ælfəbɪt, -bet/ *n.* 字母表: When we learn English, we first learn the alphabet. 学英语时, 我们首先要学字母表。

**already** /ɔ:ɪ'redɪ/ *ad.* 已经, 早已: Tom was already dressed. 汤姆早就穿好了衣服。

**also** /'ɔ:lsəʊ/ *ad.* ●也, 同样: Tom has been to Canada. Harry has also been to Canada. 汤姆去过加拿大, 哈利也去过加拿大。●而且, 还: He not only read the book but also remembered what he had read. 他不但读过此书, 而且记得所读内容。

**not only... but also...**: 不但... 而且...