



新课标教材课时同步讲练

英语第二册

外研初中起点版

【主编】王凤杰



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北大
BEIJING UNIVERSITY
Permanent Resident Card



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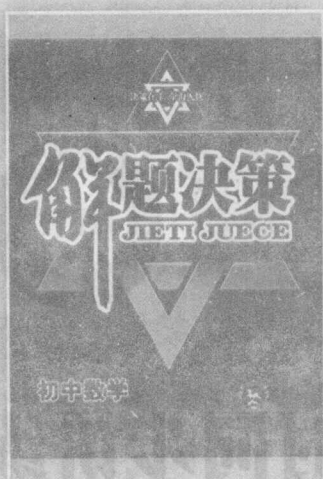
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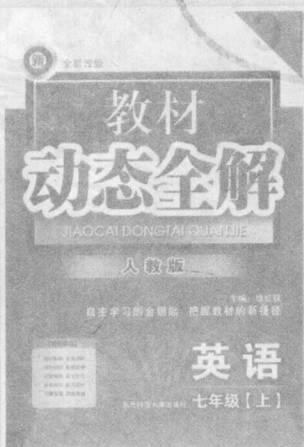
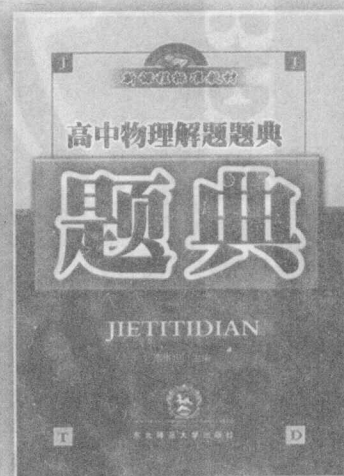


决策在手 学海无忧

本套丛书内容丰富，讲解细致，既注重知识的归纳和总结，又注重方法的启迪和点拨，更重要的是将知识、类型、方法有机融合，既为学生提供全方位的解题指导，又为学生提供多角度的解题技巧，是学生、老师的得力助手和权威性的工具书。

真真正正的实用 实实在在的点拨

《解题题典》丛书自1996年出版以来，多次再版重印。针对高中部分，2008年我社集中精力编写了一套适用于新课标教材使用推广区域的“新题典”。“新题典”在图书的编写思想、内容建构、栏目设置等方面有了质的突破与飞跃。现在的《解题题典》丛书使用地域更广，范围更大，特点更鲜明，实用性更强，是名副其实的解题经典丛书。



用东师教辅 考北大清华

本套丛书充分体现新课标倡导的“动态”思想，教材内容动态讲解，考试大纲动态渗透，知识能力动态整合。图书全面解读教材，注重知识的点面结合，对教材中的知识点详细解析，真正体现了围绕重点，突破难点，解惑释疑，启发思维的教学理念。

出版说明

《北大绿卡》是东北师范大学出版社全力打造、倾情奉献给莘莘学子的系列教辅读物。本书具有以下特点：

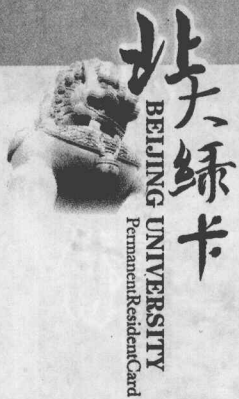
第一，覆盖面全。本丛书以人教社新课标教材为蓝本，配备了从小学到初、高中各科、各年级系列教辅，同时还涵盖了北师大版、华东师大版、沪科版、沪教版、苏教版、沪粤版、浙教版、冀教版等版本。

第二，体例新。本丛书从理顺本章或本节知识切入，在自主学习的基础上采取讲例、讲练对照，以练为主，双栏对照排版，双色印刷的形式，突出重点，使体例清新明了。同时根据各学科的特点，分别设计了不同的编写体例，这样更能突出本书的实用性。

第三，夯实基础。正确并全面地掌握教材中的基本概念。基本理论是学习的根本，任何成绩的取得都源于对教材基础知识的点滴积累及深入体会，基础知识是形成能力的前提，因此，本书特别注重对基础知识的讲解和练习。有专家说：分析问题和解决问题的能力是练出来的，只有运用所学的知识去解决问题，才能不断提高自己的能力。本丛书正体现了这一宗旨。

第四，对教材的讲解精。本书对教材知识点的讲解真正体现了围绕重点，突破难点，精讲精析，使学生透彻地理解并掌握教材，能以不变应万变，举一反三，触类旁通。

第五，注重能力培养。本丛书注重考纲、考点的提炼总结，注重对考试题型的变化和掌握，注重例题和习题的典型性和迁移性，避免随意性和孤立性。体现从基础到提高，由课内到课外，由综合创新再到中考和高考，实现从知识到能力的飞跃，使学生获得可持续发展的能力。



用东师绿卡 考北大清华

Module 1 School Life

模块盘点

1. life n. 生活	8. very adv. 非常
2. festival n. 节日	9. some adj. 一些
3. day n. 白天	10. each adj. 每个
4. course n. 经过	11. history n. 历史
5. minute n. 分钟	12. best adv. 最
6. journey n. 旅行	13. teach v. 教, 教授
7. take v. 花费	14. speak v. 说话

Unit 1 There are fifty students in the class.

单元自评

- I. 翻译下列短语。
1. 与……相同
 2. 乘公共汽车去
 3. 春节
 4. 当然
 5. 三十五分钟长
 6. 想要某人做某事
 7. 在你们的学校
 8. 每天
 9. 学校生活
 10. 我的第一天
- II. 单项选择。

1. Can I ask you _____ questions?
A. any B. some C. /
 2. The lessons _____ forty-five minutes long.
A. are B. be C. is
 3. How long _____ the journey _____?
A. do, take B. does, take C. do, takes
 4. I like _____.
A. it very much B. very much it C. very it much
 5. I'd like _____ meet some of my classmates.
A. he to B. him for C. him to
 6. It's very nice _____ meet you.
A. for B. of C. to
 7. Today is my _____ first day.
A. / B. the C. to
 8. _____ do you like your teacher?
A. What B. How C. What's
 9. It takes me ten minutes _____ go to school by bus.
A. to B. for C. of
 10. This book is the same interesting _____ that one.
A. so B. as C. to
- III. 按要求完成下列各句。
1. That's the same as my old school. (变成否定句)
That's _____ my old school.
 2. How do you like our school? (改为同意句)
_____ do you _____ our school?

Module 1 School Life
Unit 1 There are fifty students in the class.
I. 1. the same as... 2. go by bus 3. Spring Festival 4. of course 5. thirty-five minutes long 6. would like sb to do sth 7. at your school 8. each day 9. school life 10. my first day
II. 1. B 在一般疑问句中, 表示征求对方的意见, 希望得到

单词讲解

对教材中的重点词汇的意义、用法进行讲解。

重点、难点

单词讲解

1. life 的复数形式: lives
以 f 或 fe 结尾的词变复数时, 去掉 f 或 fe, 再加 ves, 如: half—halves; knife—knives.
2. day 白天, 天
反义词: night. 短语: all day and all night 整日整夜; two days 两天.
3. the same as... 与……同样
This book is the same as that one. 这本书与那本书相同.
反义词组: different from... 与……不同
This book is different from that one. 这本书与那本书不同.

难句攻克

1. Can I ask you some questions?
我可以问你一些问题吗?
some 用在一般疑问句中, 表示征求对方的意见.
2. I'd like you to meet some of my friends. 我想要你见一见我的一些朋友.
句中 some of... 表示“……中的一些”. 如: some of the books 其中一些书; some of them/ us 他们/我们当中的一些.

语法讲解

- 一般现在时中由 how 引导的特殊疑问句
- (1) How long...? / How many + 名词复数 / How + do + 主语 + 动词原形...? / How + does + 主语(单三) + 动词原形...?
How many lessons do we have each day? 每天我们上多少节课?
How long does the journey take? 这次旅行要花费多长时间?

难句攻克

对教材原句中的句式结构、句型用法和疑难语言点进行讲解。

语法讲解

对教材中涉及的语法知识进行系统、全面的讲解。

参考答案

- 肯定回答时, 用 some 而不用 any.
2. A 主谓要一致, 主语 the lessons 是复数, 那么谓语也应该是复数 are.
 3. B 主谓要一致, 主语 the journey 是单数, 那么助动词应该用 does, 并且实义动词是原形.
 4. A very much 是副词性短语, 应位于句尾做状语.
 5. C 固定用法 would like sb to do sth, sb 做宾语用宾格形式.
 6. C it 是形式主语, 真正的主语是后边的不定式, 故选 C.



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BEI-DA LÜKA

Module 1 School Life



模块盘点

词汇	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. life <i>n.</i> 生活 2. festival <i>n.</i> 节日 3. day <i>n.</i> 白天 4. course <i>n.</i> 经过 5. minute <i>n.</i> 分钟 6. journey <i>n.</i> 旅行 7. take <i>v.</i> 花费 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 8. very <i>adv.</i> 非常 9. some <i>adj.</i> 一些 10. each <i>adj.</i> 每个 11. history <i>n.</i> 历史 12. best <i>adv.</i> 最 13. teach <i>v.</i> 教, 教授 14. speak <i>v.</i> 说话
短语	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. the same as... 与……相同 2. go to school 去上学 3. go by bus 乘公共汽车去 4. very much 很 5. my first day 我的第一天 6. each day 每天 7. school life 学校生活 8. Spring Festival 春节 9. have a break 休息一下 10. in my class 在我班里 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 11. half an hour 半小时 12. after school 放学后 13. play basketball with sb 与某人玩篮球 14. of course 当然 15. start school 开学 16. come and meet sb 来见某人 17. go home 回家 18. at your school 在你的学校 19. some of my friends 我的一些朋友 20. forty-five minutes long 四十五分钟长
句型	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Can I ask some questions? 我可以问些问题吗? 2. How long are the ...? ……多长时间? 3. —How do you go to school? 你怎么去上学? —I go to school by...我乘……去上学。 4. —How long does the journey take? 旅行花费多长时间? —The journey takes...minutes. 旅行花费……分钟。 5. —Who's/What's your favourite...? 谁/什么是你最喜欢的……? —My favourite...is.../—...is my favourite... 我最喜欢的……是…… 6. sb would like sb to do...某人想让某人去做…… 7. It's very nice to meet you. 见到你很高兴。 8. Pleased to meet you. 见到你很高兴。 9. —How many lessons do we have each day? 我们每天上几节课? —We usually have...我们通常上…… 10. I like...best. 我最喜欢…… 11. I like sb very much. 我非常喜欢某人。 12. She's here to teach us. 她在这儿教我们。 	
语法	一般现在时: 由 how/what 引导的特殊疑问句。	
话题	谈论学校生活。(Talking about school life.)	



Unit 1 There are fifty students in the class.



单元自评

I. 翻译下列短语。

1. 与……相同 _____
2. 乘公共汽车去 _____
3. 春节 _____
4. 当然 _____
5. 三十五分钟长 _____
6. 想要某人做某事 _____
7. 在你们的学校 _____
8. 每天 _____
9. 学校生活 _____
10. 我的第一天 _____

II. 单项选择。

1. Can I ask you _____ questions?
A. any B. some C. /
2. The lessons _____ forty-five minutes long.
A. are B. be C. is
3. How long _____ the journey _____?
A. do, take B. does, take C. do, takes
4. I like _____.
A. it very much B. very much it C. very it much
5. I'd like _____ meet some of my classmates.
A. he to B. him for C. him to
6. It's very nice _____ meet you.
A. for B. of C. to
7. Today is my _____ first day.
A. / B. the C. to
8. _____ do you like your teacher?
A. What B. How C. What's
9. It takes me ten minutes _____ go to school by bus.
A. to B. for C. of
10. This book is the same interesting _____ that one.
A. so B. as C. to

III. 按要求完成下列各句。

1. That's the same as my old school. (变成否定句)
That's _____ my old school.
2. How do you like our school? (改为同意句)
_____ do you _____ our school?

重点、难点

单词讲解

1. life 的复数形式: lives

以 f 或 fe 结尾的词变复数时, 去掉 f 或 fe, 再加 ves。如: half—halves; knife—knives.

2. day 白天, 天

反义词: night. 短语: all day and all night 整日整夜; two days 两天。

3. the same as... 与……同样

This book is the same as that one. 这本书与那本书相同。

反义词组: different from... 与……不同

This book is different from that one. 这本书与那本书不同。

4. take 花费(时间, 金钱等)

It takes sb+时间+to do sth 花费某人……时间做某事

It takes me 30 minutes to finish the work each day. 每天完成这项工作要花费我三十分钟的时间。

take sth to+地点, 把某物拿到某地

I took the books to my teacher's office. 我把这些书拿到我老师的办公室去了。

难句攻克

1. Can I ask you some questions? 我可以问你一些问题吗?

some 用在一般疑问句中, 表示征求对方的意见。

2. I'd like you to meet some of my friends. 我想要你见一见我的一些朋友。

句中 some of... 表示“……中的一些”。如: some of the books 其中一些书; some of them/ us 他们/我们当中的一些。

3. 同意句: How do you like ... 与 What do you think of ...?

你认为……怎么样?



How do you like the film? =
What do you think of the film?
你认为这部电影怎么样?

语法讲解

一般现在时中由 how 引导的特殊疑问句

(1) How long...? / How many + 名词复数 / How + do + 主语 + 动词原形...? / How + does + 主语 (单三) + 动词原形...?

How many lessons do we have each day? 每天我们上多少节课?

How long does the journey take? 这次旅行要花费多长时间?

(2) 主系表结构。

How long / How many + 名词复数 / How + be + 主语 ...?

How many books are there in your bag? 你的书包里有多少本书?

- Nice to meet you. (改为同意句)
_____ to meet you.
- The lessons are forty-five minutes long. (对画线部分提问)
_____ the lessons?
- There are 500 students in our school. (对画线部分提问)
_____ are there in your school?
- I go to school by bus. (对画线部分提问)
_____ you go to school?

IV. 句型转换。

- The students get home at 5:30 pm. (改为同意句)
The students _____ home at 5:30 pm.
- They meet some women on their way to the market. (变为一般疑问句)
_____ they _____ women on their way to the market?
- There is a sheep on the hill. (变为复数形式)
There _____ on the hill.
- She has an egg for breakfast. (变为否定句)
She _____ an egg for breakfast.
- They are going to visit the Great Wall tomorrow. (就画线部分提问)
_____ they going to _____ tomorrow?

Unit 2 What's your favourite lesson?

重点、难点

单词讲解

1. some 表示“一些”，常用于陈述句中；any 表示“一些”，常用于一般疑问句中。

She has some new friends now. 现在她有一些新朋友。

2. best 是 good 的最高级。

3. teach 教

teach sb sth 教某人某事

He teaches us English now. 现在他教我们英语。

teach sb to do sth 教某人做某事

He often teaches us to sing. 他经常教我们唱歌。

4. by

by + 交通工具的意思是“乘坐……”。by train = take a train = on a train.

He goes to school by train each day. 他每天乘火车去上学。

单元自评

I. 翻译下列短语。

- 上五节课 _____
- 休息一下 _____
- 在九点二十分 _____
- 九点三十分 _____
- 最喜欢…… _____
- 在上午 _____
- 当然 _____
- 乘火车 _____
- 教某人做某事 _____
- 在十点钟 _____

II. 单项选择。

- Can I ask you some questions _____ your family?
A. of B. about C. for
- How many _____ you have each day?
A. lesson do B. lessons do C. lessons does
- Do you _____ games in the afternoon?
A. play each day B. plays C. played



4. —What time is it?
—It's _____ seven to ten.
A. at B. / C. on
5. —What time is the meeting?
—It is _____ seven to ten.
A. at B. / C. on
6. I like the book _____.
A. good B. best C. better
7. Who _____ your favourite teacher?
A. is B. are C. am
8. —Whose is this book?
—It is _____.
A. my B. me C. mine
9. She often teaches us _____ write.
A. to B. for C. with
10. I often go to school _____.
A. by bike B. by a bike C. on bike

III. 按要求完成下列各句。

1. English is my favourite subject. (改为同意句)
I _____ English _____.
2. I often go to work by bus. (改为同意句)
I often _____ to work.
3. We go to school at seven forty each day. (改为同意句)
We go to school at _____ each day.
4. —Is this your book?
—Yes. It is my book. (改为同意句)
—Is this your book?
—Yes. It is _____.
5. She teaches us English. (变成一般疑问句)
_____ she _____ you English?

IV. 用所给词的适当形式填空。

1. Mr Tang teaches _____ (our) math.
2. I want to go home _____ (help) my mother.
3. The teachers tell us _____ (not be) late for school.
4. Today is very _____ (cloud), so I stay at home.
5. Paul is very funny. He often makes us _____ (laugh).
6. Keep quiet. I _____ (read) a newspaper.
7. It's time for us _____ (have) dinner.
8. Why not _____ (go) to ask for his help?

V. 从右栏中选择适当的答语。

1. What's your favorite food? A. No, it isn't.
2. Here's a present for you. B. Sure.
3. Let's go boating. C. Fish and potato chips.
4. Can you help me? D. Thank you.
5. Is the e-mail from Canada? E. Good idea.

相当于: He takes a train to school each day.

相当于: He goes to school on a train each day.

5. am 意为“上午”; pm 意为“下午”。

如: at 9:45 am 在上午九点四十五分。

同意句

1. 你最喜欢什么课?

What's your favourite lesson?

What lesson do you like best?

2. 现在是九点四十分。

It's twenty to ten.

It's nine forty.

3. 王小姐是我最喜欢的老师。

Miss Wang is my favourite teacher.

My favourite teacher is Miss Wang.

4. 我最喜欢历史学科。

I like history subject best.

My favourite subject is history.

5. 当然。

Sure. / Of course. / Certainly.

难句攻克

1. What's yours? 你最喜欢的课是什么? (联系上下文译为: 此意)

句中 yours 是名词性物主代词。相当于 your favourite lesson.

—Whose is that book? 那本书是谁的?

—It is mine. 相当于 It is my book. 它是我的书。

2. —What time is the break? 什么时间间休?

—It's at twenty to ten. 是在九点四十分。

句中 at 表示“在”的意思。

比较:

—What time is it? 几点了?

—It's twenty to ten. 九点四十。

语法讲解

一般现在时中由 what 引导的特殊疑问句

What / What time + 一般疑问句结构?

—What does she teach? 她教什么?

—She teaches English. 她教英语。



Unit 3 I love basketball!

重点、难点

单词讲解

1. **love sb/sth** 喜欢某人/某物
I love the book. 我喜欢这本书。
love to do sth 或 love doing sth
喜欢做某事
I love to play basketball. = I
love playing basketball. 我喜欢
打篮球。

2. **high adj.** 高的
a high mountain 一座高山

3. **sometimes adv.** 常与一般现在时连用, 放在 be 动词之后、实义动词前。

He sometimes goes to school by bus. 他有时乘公共汽车去上学。

We are sometimes tired. 我们有时很累。

4. **fun n.** 不可数名词, 前面不能加冠词 a。

Playing games is good fun. 做游戏是很有趣的事。

What fun it is! 它是多么有趣啊!

同义句

1. I like it very much. = I like it a lot. 我非常喜欢它。

2. How old are you? = What's your age? 你几岁了?

词汇拓展

1. half an hour 半小时
one and a half hours = an hour and a half 一个半小时
after school 放学后
before school 上学前

2. be good for...对...有利
Vegetables are good for us. 蔬菜对我们有益。

The medicine is good for headache. 这药可以治头疼。

难句攻克

1. I like it very much. 我非常喜欢它。
句中 very much 是副词性短语, 修饰动词 like, 常放在宾语之

单元自评

I. 翻译下列短语。

1. 半小时
2. 在我的班里
3. 非常
4. 一个大的班级
5. 我的第一课
6. 一位很善良的老师
7. 乘公共汽车上学
8. 放学后
9. 跟某人一起玩
10. 喜欢做某事

II. 单项选择。

1. I want _____ a teacher.
A. be B. to be C. to like
2. Jim is from America. He _____ English.
A. says B. tells C. speaks
3. We are going to have lots of fun _____ TV all day.
A. to watch B. watching C. watch
4. The _____ lesson is _____ interesting one.
A. four, a B. forth, an C. fourth, an
5. I like to play with _____.
A. he B. her C. they
6. Here are some famous holiday places all _____ the world.
A. about B. on C. over
7. _____ is the capital of the USA.
A. Washington B. London C. Rome
8. He usually _____ two hours _____.
A. relaxes, every day B. relaxes, everyday
C. relaxs, everyday
9. Thank you for _____ me the good news.
A. tell B. telling C. to tell
10. The library is _____ the park and the post office.
A. across B. between C. in

III. 按要求改写下列各句。

1. My favourite subject is science. (对画线部分提问)
_____ your favourite subject?
2. He is really busy today. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ really busy today?
3. He often studies English for one and a half hours each day. (改为同意句)
He often studies English for _____ each day.



4. What's your age? (改为同意句)
_____ are you?
5. I go to school by bike. (改为同意句)
I go to school _____.
I _____ to school.

后,意思是“很”。

2. I really love my school. 我真的喜欢我的学校。

句中 really 是副词,常放在 be 动词之后、实义动词前。意思是“真的,很,十分”。

4 It's nice to meet you.

★ 单元自评

I. 句型转换。

1. I like going shopping on Sunday. (就画线部分提问)
_____ you like doing on Sunday?
2. I like visiting parks. (就画线部分提问)
_____ do you like _____?
3. We are going to Beijing. (就画线部分提问)
_____ you going?
4. He is going to stay for one week. (就画线部分提问)
_____ is he going to stay?
5. I like doing some shopping. (改为同意句)
I like _____.

II. 单项选择。

1. _____ girl in a red skirt is Meimei's sister.
A. A B. an C. The
2. He _____ to school by bus.
A. isn't goes B. doesn't go C. doesn't goes
3. Could I have _____ break now?
A. a B. / C. some
4. —How _____ the meat?
—Ten yuan a kilo.
A. much is B. many are C. much are
5. She often goes out _____ a walk after _____ supper.
A. for, / B. to, a C. to, /
6. Mike doesn't like eggs _____.
A. and bread B. or bread C. or breads
7. I usually go to work _____ my bike.
A. on B. by C. at
8. _____ you like working in China?
A. How B. How do C. What do
9. Please don't _____ her Lucy.
A. call B. calls C. called
10. Is there _____ water in the bottle?
A. many B. some C. any

→重点、难点←

📖 单词讲解

- China *n.* 中国
Chinese *adj.* 中国的,
n. 汉语, 中国人
England *n.* 英国
English *adj.* 英国的
n. 英语
Japan *n.* 日本
Japanese *adj.* 日本的
n. 日语, 日本人
America *n.* 美国
American *adj.* 美国的
n. 美国人

📖 同意句

- 见到你非常高兴。
It's nice to meet/see you.
Nice to meet/see you.
Pleased/Glad to meet/see you.
I'm pleased/glad to meet/see you.

📖 语法讲解

祈使句

表示请求或命令的语气。

肯定形式: 动词原形 + ...

否定形式: Don't + 动词原形 + ...

Come and meet my friends. 来见我的朋友。

Sit down, please. 请坐。

Don't speak so loudly here. 不要在这儿这么大声地讲话。

Don't be late next time. 下次不要迟到了。

Don't forget to tell him. 不要忘记告诉他。



Module 2 On the Telephone



模块盘点

单 词	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. afraid <i>adj.</i> 遗憾的, 害怕的 2. message <i>n.</i> 消息 3. call <i>v.</i> 打电话 4. visit <i>v.</i> 拜访 5. leave <i>v.</i> 委托, 托付 6. tell <i>v.</i> 告诉 7. help <i>v.</i> 帮助 8. just <i>adv.</i> 只是 9. moment <i>n.</i> 一会儿 10. busy <i>adj.</i> 忙的 11. join <i>v.</i> 参加 12. hold <i>v.</i> 抓住
短 语	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. speak to sb 与某人讲话 2. be afraid... 恐怕…… 3. play football 踢足球 4. take a message 捎口信 5. leave a message 留口信 6. ask sb to do sth 请求某人做某事 7. at school 上学 8. offer to do... 提出做…… 9. help sb with sth 帮助某人做某事 10. just a moment 稍候 11. be busy 很繁忙 12. right now 现在 13. See you soon. 回头见。待会见。 14. call about... 打电话关于……事 15. be out doing... 在外面正在做…… 16. talk to sb 跟某人谈话 17. call sb later 晚些时候打电话给某人 18. be with sb 与某人在一起 19. a lovely day 明媚的一天 20. be sick 生病 21. run after sb 追某人
句 型	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. I'm afraid ... 恐怕…… 2. Lucky them! 他们多么幸运啊! 3. I hope... 我希望…… 4. Can I speak to sb, please? (打电话用语) 请让某人接电话好吗? 5. Can I take/leave a message? 我可以带/留个口信吗? 6. No, that's OK. 不, 那行了。 7. Can you ask sb to call me? 你可以让某人给我打电话吗? 8. This is Peter (speaking). 我是彼得。 9. Hold on, please. 请稍等。 10. Who's that? (打电话用语) 你是谁? 11. Why don't you join us? 你为什么不加入我们呢? 12. Is that...? 你是……吗?
语 法	现在进行时态: be + doing 结构。
话 题	打电话。(Making telephone call.)



Unit 1 Can I speak to Gu Ming, please?



单元自评

I. 写出下列动词的现在分词。

1. speak _____
2. visit _____
3. call _____
4. leave _____
5. ask _____
6. take _____
7. go _____
8. play _____
9. offer _____
10. skip _____

II. 用所给动词的适当形式填空。

1. Her mother _____ (go) to work by bus every day.
2. Look! Who _____ the boy _____ (play) with?
3. Please _____ (not call) me.
4. We _____ (read) English now.
5. Mary _____ (help) the sick boy now.

III. 单项选择。

1. _____ I speak _____ Gu Ming, please?
A. Must, to B. Can, to C. Do, to
2. I'm afraid _____ he's not here. He _____ football.
A. that, is playing B. what, is playing C. that, is plays
3. Can I _____ a message?
A. bring B. take C. give
4. I'll call _____.
A. again late B. again later C. late again
5. _____ Mr Zhang. (打电话语言)
A. This is B. He is C. I am
6. Can I _____ a message?
A. leaving B. leaves C. leave
7. Can you ask him _____ call me?
A. for B. on C. to
8. They _____ football now.
A. play B. are playing C. will play
9. He can _____ English.
A. say B. tell C. speak
10. She is not _____ now.
A. in home B. at home C. at the home

IV. 按要求改写下列各句。

1. I often help Wei Hua. (就画线部分提问)
_____ you often help?
2. I'm in Grade Three. (就画线部分提问)
_____ you in?

重点、难点

单词讲解

1. speak v. 讲

speak to sb 与某人讲话; speak 接语言。如: speak English/Chinese 讲英语/汉语。

2. afraid

be afraid of + sth

I am afraid of the dog. 我害怕这条狗。

be afraid to do sth 害怕做某事

He is afraid to play football. 他害怕踢足球。

3. message

take a message 带口信, leave a message 留口信

4. tell

tell sb about ... 告诉某人关于……的事

tell sb sth 告诉某人某事

tell sb to do sth 告诉某人做某事

5. offer

offer to do 提供/提出做

He often offers to help me. 他经常提出要帮助我。

offer sb sth 提供给某人某物

I often offer him some books. 我经常给他提供一些书。

难句攻克

1. I'm afraid he's out here. 恐怕他不在这儿。

I'm afraid... 句型意为“我恐怕……”可与 that 连用, 但通常将 that 省略掉。后面一般接表示拒绝的话。这个句型表示一种委婉的拒绝或歉意。

I'm afraid (that) we will be late. 恐怕我们会迟到。

2. I'll call again later. 晚些时候我会再打电话过来。

We will go to the zoo by bike this Sunday. 这个星期天我们



将骑自行车去动物园。

语法讲解

现在进行时态

表示现在正在进行或发生的动作，常与 now 连用。

结构：主语 + be + 动词的现在分词 + 其他。

We are having an English lesson now. 我们现在正在上英语课。

3. Lucy is Number Six. (就画线部分提问)
_____ is Lucy?
4. I'm OK. (就画线部分提问)
_____ you?
5. There is an apple tree in front of the house. (就画线部分提问)
_____ apple _____ in front of the house?

Unit 2 Hello! This is Peter speaking.

重点、难点

单词讲解

1. **just adv.** 只是，仅仅，正好，恰好

在句中放在 be 动词之后，实义动词之前。

He is just an ordinary man. 他只是个普通人。

It's just two o'clock. 现在刚好两点。

just now 此刻，现在，刚才

Tom came in just now. 汤姆刚才进来了。

2. **join v.** 参加，加入（某种组织）

join the army 参军；join a club 加入俱乐部。

take part in=join in 参加（活动）

May I join in the game? 我可以参加这个游戏吗？

难句攻克

1. **Can you help me with it?** 你能在……方面帮助我吗？

help sb with sth 在某事上帮助某人

Jim often helps me with my English. 吉姆经常帮助我学习英语。

2. **Just a moment, please.** 请稍等。

这是请对方稍等一下的日常用语。

Just a moment, please. I have to check my computer. 请稍等，我得查查我的电脑。

单元自评

I. 翻译下列短语。

1. 打电话关于……事 _____
2. 我是……（打电话语言） _____
3. 帮助某人做某事 _____
4. 你是哪位（打电话语言） _____
5. 稍等 _____
6. 忙于…… _____
7. 在公园 _____
8. 别挂断 _____
9. 现在，此刻，刚才 _____
10. 晚些时候再打电话 _____

II. 单项选择。

1. This is Li Ping _____.
A. speak B. speaking C. to speak
2. _____ is Peter. (打电话语言)
A. This B. I C. That
3. Who is _____?
A. that B. you C. this
4. He is calling _____ my school.
A. on B. to C. about
5. Can you help me _____ my English?
A. about B. on C. with
6. Can you help me _____ English?
A. study B. studying C. on
7. Just _____ moment, please.
A. / B. an C. a
8. Is he busy _____ this work?
A. with B. of C. do
9. Let me see _____ she's here.
A. if B. that C. where



10. They _____ a club last Sunday.
A. joined B. take part in C. joined in

III. 同意句改写。

1. Why not join us?

_____ join us?

2. Hold on, please.

_____, please.

3. She isn't here now.

She isn't here _____.

4. May I take part in the game?

May I _____ the game?

5. This is Mary.

This is Mary _____.

IV. 补全对话。(从方框中选出合适的句子)

After school Jim and Li Ping go to a shop near their school. They want to buy something to eat and something to drink.

J: Li Ping, (1) _____

L: Yes, I am thirsty (渴) now.

J: (2) _____

L: I'd like a bottle of water, please.

J: Have you are. (3) _____

L: No, thank you. I'm not hungry. (4) _____ Do you want something to eat?

J: Yes, I'm hungry now. I'd like some bread.

W: (5) _____

J: A small box, please. And a bottle of orange juice.

W: Anything else (别的)?

J: No, that's all.

W: Here you are.

- A. Would you like something to eat?
B. What about you?
C. Would you like something to drink?
D. What would you like?
E. How many boxes would you like?
F. How much is it?

3. Hold on, please. 请稍等 (别挂断)。

此句为打电话用语, 与 "Just a moment, please." 同意。

4. I'm calling about our Maths homework. 我正在打电话问关于我们数学家庭作业的事。

句中 about 是介词, 表示 "关于……事" 的意思。介词 + 名词/代词构成介词短语。

5. Who's that? 你是谁?

此句是打电话语言。在打电话语言中, that 表示 "你" 的意思, this 表示 "我" 的意思。

—Who's that? 你是谁?

—This is Mary (speaking). 我是玛丽。

6. Are you busy now? 现在你忙吗?

be busy with sth 忙于某事

I'm busy with the work. 我在忙着这个工作。

be busy doing sth 忙于做某事

I'm busy studying English. 我正忙着学习英语。

7. Why don't you join us? 你为什么 not 加入我们当中呢?

此句用否定式的问句表示征求对方的意见。与 "Why not join us?" 同意。

8. Let me see if she is here. 让我看看她是否在这儿。

句中 if 后的部分是宾语从句。if 是连词, 表示 "是否" 的意思。

Do you know if Mr Smith is at home? 你知道史密斯先生是否在家吗?

3

My sister is reading a book.



单元自评

I. 翻译下列短语。

1. 繁忙的 _____

2. 在外面 _____

重点、难点

单词讲解

1. talk v. 谈话

talk to sb 跟某人谈话

2. read v. 读 (书)

read English 读英语