# FOREIGN LANGUAGES PRESS

外次社英汉大词典

An English-Chinese Dictionary

《英汉大词典》编写组/编





An English Chinese



English-Chinese Dictionary

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# 前言

《英汉大词典》由多名长期从事英语教学工作的专家、教授和学者精诚合作,潜心编纂而成。本词典是一本以广大学生、英语爱好者、以及初中级水平的英语学习者为主要对象的中型英汉词典。其主要有以下特点:

#### 1. 收词丰富

本词典共收词语约 30,000 条,加上短语、派生词、复合词约达 65,000 余条,其中包括了我国大、中学英语课本的词汇以及公共英语等级考试、职称英语等级考试、MBA、TOEFL、GRE、IELTS 等多种考试中的常考词汇。

医侧位立面目。词义、用注笔只在一处出源。另

#### 2. 广收新词新义

本词典选收了近年来政治、经济、科技等方面频繁出现以及已经进入人们日常生活的大量新词或新义。

#### 3. 编排科学

本词典释义准确,简明清晰,且提供了常用搭配和精选的能体现单词基本意义和主要用法的例句。这些例句多选自国内外权威辞书和国内通用的大学英语教材,口笔语兼收,语言地道,浅显易懂,足资模仿。

### 4. 采用最新版国际音标

本词典采用了第十五版国际音标。

### 5. 附录实用

本词典附录部分包括英语不规则动词表;标点符号;部分国家、首都、 人民、语言及货币一览表;世界地理之最等部分。这些附录为读者学习和 查阅相关信息,扩大知识面,提供了便捷而独特的帮助。

本词典内容全面、精准;版式清晰、紧凑,不仅适合广大英语学习者使用, 更是备考四六级的广大学生学习英语的好帮手。诚望读者朋友能把使用中 发现的错误和疏漏及时告诉我们,以便我们加以修正,使本词典日臻完善。

prese\_ 10.表示现在分词, pd. 表示名词的复数形式,

# 体例说明

### 

- 建1.词目用黑方正体排印。华大九以本一县典同本。为而募款。是
  - 2. 拼法相同,但词源、语义不同的词分立词目。
- 3. 一个词有不同拼法时,拼法相近的合并为一个词目,拼法相差较大者则分立词目。词义、用法等只在一处出现,另一处则加等号(=),表明等于某词。
- 4. 英美拼法不同者,一律以英式拼法为词目,再将美式拼法列在英式 拼法之后,中间用逗号隔开,美式拼法前加〈美〉标出。如果两种拼 法相差较大而排序相距较远,为了便于检索,则将美式拼法再单立 词目,以等号(=)引至英式拼法处。

# 

点调典选收了近年来政治、经济、科技等方面頻繁出现以及已经进入

- 5. 本词典用国际音标注音,主要采用宽式注音法。音标紧接词目给出,置于双斜线//内。重音符号(')置于重读音节前上方,次重音符号(i)置于重读音节前下方。
  - 6. 本词典主要提供英式读音,每个词目一般只给一种读音,十分常用的有时也给出两种读音。两种读音之间用逗号分隔。
  - 7. 不同拼法合并为一个词目时,读音相同者只注一个读音;读音不同者分别注出读音。

# 三、词性及屈折变化

- 8. 词性按语法范畴用缩略形式标出,用斜体印刷:名词 n.;形容词 adj.;副词 adv.;数词 num.;代词 pron.;动词 vt. & vi., vt., vi., aux. v., link v.;介词 prep.;连词 conj.;感叹词 int.;冠词 art.。词目的不同词性用■分开排列。
  - 9.本词典给出动词的不规则屈折变化(过去式和过去分词相同者只列出一个),在有需要处还给出形容词和副词的级和名词的数。其符号分别为:3rd pers. sing. pres. t.表示单数第三人称现在时,pt.表示过去式,pp.表示过去分词,pres. p.表示现在分词,pl.表示名词的复数形式。

10.不规则屈折变化形式一般注在词性之后,前后加圆括号。必要时还给出读音。 11. 释义相同而词性不同时,词性可以合并,以逗号(,)分开。

### 四、释义

- 12.本词典只提供汉语释义。
- 13.同一词语有两个或两个以上不同意义时分立义项,用①,②…等数码标出顺序。
- 14.同一义项中有两个或两个以上意义时依其意义远近分别用分号或 逗号隔开。
- 15.汉语中无适当的对应词语、概念不完全或者需加以补充说明者,可 酌加说明,用圆括号标出。
- 16.本词典中名词的释义前均加注其可数性。[C]表示可数名词;[U]表示不可数名词;[C][U]表示多用做可数名词,也可用做不可数名词;[U][C]表示多用做不可数名词,也可用做可数名词;[S]表示只用单数形式;[P]表示用复数形式或其本身是复数名词。
- 17.本词典中形容词前根据需要加注[A]表示定语形容词;[P]表示表语 形容词。
- 18.有关语体、语域、修饰色彩、所属学科等标签置于尖括号(())内,排在所辖释义之前。

## 五、例证

19.本词典词释义后以冒号(:)引出作为例证的搭配和例句。例证和例证之间以斜线号(/)分隔。

### 六、习语

- 20.本词典在释义和例证之后收入习语。例证和习语之间用平行号(川)分隔,习语和习语之间以斜线号(/)分隔。
- 21.习语用黑体字母排印,按字母顺序排列,冠词及括号中的词计算在内。
- 22. 习语词条的归属按以下原则处理:
  - ①动词与副词、介词、代词等组成的习语,一般收在动词词条内。
  - ②动词与名词、介词与名词、形容词与名词等组成的习语,一般收在名词词条内。

- ③动词与形容词、介词与形容词等组成的习语,一般收在形容词词条内。
  - ④介词与代词组成的习语,一般收在代词词条内。
  - ⑤句子或从句形式的习语,一般收在作为主语的词条内。主语为代词的收在其他起关键作用的词条内。
  - ⑥不属于上述情况者,一般收在除冠词外第一个词或起关键作用的词的词条内。
- 23.多词性词目词下所收的习语按习语中词目词所属词性排列。
  - 24. 习语有两个或两个以上不同意义时分立义项,用①,②…标出顺序。

## 七、派生词和复合词

- 25.本词典酌收了一些派生词与复合词,一般排在词目词内部,习语之后。
- 26.习语和派生词之间、派生词和复合词之间以平行号(||)分隔,派生词和派生词之间、复合词和复合词之间以斜线号(/)分隔。
- 27.派生词和复合词均给出汉语释义。派生词和连写、半连写的复合词还给出词性。

### 八,其他

- 28.本词典中 one 代表"本人[自己]",one's 代表"本人[自己]的",sb代表"某人[别人]",sb's 代表"某人[别人]的",sth代表某物[某事]。
  - 29.本词典中可替换的部分以六角括号[]表示,例如 about[over]。
  - 30.本词典中可省略的部分用圆括号()表示。
  - 31.本词典中代字号(~)代表词目词;连字符(-)代表词目中省略的部分。
  - 32.本词典中中文省略号一律用"…"。
  - 33.本词典的附录中提供多种实用知识。

三语用黑体字母排印,按字母随序排列,冠词

二 臣词亲的归属按以下原则处理:
①社司与副词 本词 华词集组总统 马斯佐克兹词词龙齿

2分引与各词,介到与名词,形容强与名词等组成的习语,一般收

名词同条内。

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A, a/ci/n. ①[C][U] 英语字母表中的第一个字母②[C][U] 学业成绩达最高标准的评价符号③(A)[U](ABO 血型分类中的)A型血④[U][C] A型号纸(国际标准纸张型号代号)⑤[C](A)A字形(物)⑥[U]假定的第一个人或例子②[C](与电项目、分类或尺码等的第一位A项,A类,A号。(A)[C](为市场营销而划分的社会经济类别中的)最高收入群体(包括高层管理层和高级专业人员)⑨(A)[U][C](英国的)干线公路(非高速公路)⑩[U][C](香)C大调音阶中的第六音·A音;发出A音的键⑪[U](数)(代数表达式中的)第一已知量∥from A to B从一处到另一处/from A to Z从头到尾;彻底地

Saila 植放体等托养孩子的全家员任。由 DE 位

- a /a,强 ei/ art. ①表示"一(个,件…); He needs an assistant.他需要一位助手。/Is this a book? 这是 一本书吗? / Pass me an apple, please. 请递给我一 个苹果。/Rome was not built in a day. 冰冻三尺, 非一日之寒。/Not a word was said.一个字也没有 说。/Wait a moment. 等一会儿。②(非特指的)-(个): He works in a factory. 他在一家工厂工作。/ When I entered the room, I saw a man standing at the window. 我走进房间时,看见一个男人站在窗 前。③(同类事物中的)任何一(个): A child needs love. 儿童需要爱。 / A new car costs a lot of money. 买一部新车得花好多钱。/A horse is a useful animal. 马是有用的动物。/A triangle has three angles. 三角形有三个角。/A cat is similar to a tiger in many respects. 猫和虎在很多方面相似。/A town is bigger than a village. 城镇要比村庄大。④ (用于表示时间、速度、价格等意义的)每一: The boy was paid two dollars a day. 那男孩每天挣两美 元。/ Apple costs five dollars a kilogram. 苹果每千 克五美元。⑤(用在某些物质名词和抽象名词前)一 阵、一场、一种: A gentle wind disturbed the surface of the water. 微风拂动水面。/He was caught in a heavy rain.他遇上了一阵大雨。/A fire broke out. 发生了一场火灾。/I'd like to have an ice-cream.我 想来一份冰淇淋。/It's a shame to behave like that.那样行事简直是耻辱。/To gossip is a fault; to libel, a crime; to slander, a sin.背后说人是一 种缺点;污蔑诽谤是一种犯罪;诋毁中伤是一种罪 孽。
- a- pref. ①表示"不","无","非": amoral/asexual ② 表示"处于…状态或过程中": asleep/awake
- A-1/'e'wan, et'wan/ adj. (旧,口)第一流的, 极好的, 头等的: Our holiday was really A-1. 我们的假日过得真是好极了。

AA/ei'ei/ abbr. Associate of Arts (美国的)文科准学士

aardvark/'ɑ:dvɑ:k/ n. [C] 土豚,食蚁兽 AB/¡eɪ'bi:/ abbr. Bachelor of Arts 文学学士

- aback/o'bæk/ adv. 意外地; 吃惊地 || be taken aback 吃了一惊: He was somewhat taken aback by the news that the police intended to arrest him. 得知 警方要抓他,他有点吃惊。
- abacus /ˈsebəkəs/ n.(pl-cuses /-kəsız/)[C] 算盘; on the abacus 用算盘,打算盘/work(use) an abacus 用算盘,打算盘
- abaft/ə'buft/ adv. 在船尾;向船尾 prep. 在… 后面: abaft the beam 在船的横梁的后面
- abalone/æbəˈləuni/ n. ①[C] 鲍鱼②[U] 鲍鱼肉
- abandon /ə'bændən/ vt. ①离弃,丢弃: abandon wrecked ship 丢弃失事的轮船/Jackson has abandoned his old car. 杰克逊把他那辆旧车扔 T. The car badly damaged, so they abandoned it.那辆车坏得太厉害了,所以他们丢弃了它。②遗 弃,抛弃: abandon one's friends 抛弃朋友/I'm sorry I abandoned you like that. 很抱歉我那样突然抛下 你走了。/She abandoned her husband and children and went off with another man. 她抛弃了自己的丈 夫和孩子,跟另外一个男人跑了。③放弃:abandon a design 放弃设计方案/abandon a plan 放弃计划/ abandon a policy 放弃政策/abandon land 放弃领 土/abandon one's right 放弃权利/We will never abandon our principles. 我们应该坚持原则。/She abandoned her journey temporarily. 她暂时放弃了 旅行。 | abandon for 放弃[停止]…而从事[进行] ··· : She abandoned law for the fine arts . 她放弃法律 而改学美术。/She abandoned paganism for Christianity. 她放弃异教而改信基督教。/ Contemplation was abandoned for action. 停止思 考,起而行动。/abandon to 使全然陷入: He abandoned his daughter to her fate. 他遗弃了女儿, 任其受命运摆布。/They abandoned their lands to the invading forces. 他们丢下土地, 遭侵略军占 额。 / The affairs of the nation have been abandoned to dishonest politicians. 治国大权已落入诡诈的政 客手中。/The sailors abandoned themselves to drinking. 水手们纵情饮酒。/After her mother died, she abandoned herself to grief. 母亲死后,她沉 浸于 悲痛之中。 n. [U] 放任;纵情 || with abandon 放纵地,尽情地 || abandonment n. 放弃;

抛弃;遗弃;放任

- abandoned /ə'bændənd/ adj. ①自暴自弃的; 放任的: an abandoned young woman 放荡的年轻女子②被抛弃的;被放弃的: an abandoned car 废弃的汽车③无拘束的,无度的: abandoned laughter 狂笑 || abandonedly adv.
- abase /ə'beis/ vt. 贬低;降低;A man who betrays a friend abases himself. 叛友者实为自贬身份。 || abase oneself 自贬身份(地位) || abasement n.
- abash /ə'beef/ vt. 使羞愧,使局促,使窘迫; He refused to abash himself in the eyes of others. 他不愿 在他人面前被贬低。
- abashed /ə'bæft/ adj. 羞愧的; 尴尬的; 局促不安的; His boss's criticism left him feeling rather abashed. 老板批评了他, 他感到有些难为情。 || stand abashed 感到羞愧; 局促不安/feel abashed 感到羞愧; 局 促 不安 || abashedly adv. / abashedness n.
- abate /o'bent/ vt., vi. ①減少, 减轻, 减退; abate a tax 减税/abate sb's pain 减轻某人的痛苦 ②消除; abate a nuisance 排除骚扰 || abate oneself(暴风雨等)减弱, 减缓 || abatement n. 减少, 减轻, 减退
- abattoir /'æbətwa:(r)/ 〈法〉n. [C] ①赌场②角 斗场
- abaxial /æbˈæksɪəl/ adj. 离开轴心的;〈植〉远轴的
- abbacy /ˈæbəsi/ n. [C] 修道院院长的职务或辖区
- abbatial /əˈbeɪfəl/ adj. 修道院院长的;修道院 的;大教堂的
- abbess /ˈæbes/ n. [C] 女修道院院长
- abbey /'æbi/ n.[C] ①修道院 ②大教堂,大寺院: Westminster Abbey(伦敦)威斯敏斯特大教堂
- abbot /ˈæbət/ n. [C] 男修道院院长
- abbreviate /a'bri:viett/ vt. ① 节略,省略,缩写: The United States of America is commonly abbreviated to U.S.A. 美利坚合众国常被缩略为U.S.A。②缩短(刑期等)③(数)约分
- abbreviated /əˈbri:vieitid/ adj. ①缩短的,短 小的,简化的; I give her an abbreviated account of what had happened the other day. 我向她简单介绍 了一下几天前发生的那件事。②小型的
- abbreviation /əˌbriːvi'eɪʃn/ n. [C] 縮写;縮写 词; A. D. is the abbreviation for "advertisement". A. D. 是 advertisement 的缩写。 /Each Reader's Digest condensed book is an abbreviation of an originally longer work.《读者文摘》都是较长原著的缩写本。
- ABC'/iei bit'sit/ n. ①[S] 字母表: Does the boy know his ABC? 这个男孩儿认识字母了吗? ②(某一学科等的)基础知识: the ABC of finance 財政学人门
- ABC<sup>2</sup>/<sub>1</sub>et bit'si:/ abbr. ① (American Broadcasting Company)美国广播公司: watch ABC 收看美国广播公司的节目②(Australian Broadcasting Company)澳大利亚广播公司
- ABD /ieibi:'di:/ abbr. all but dissertation (已完成课程通过考试但尚未通过论文答辩的)准博士
- abdicate /'æbdɪkeɪt/ vt.放弃(职责、权力等):

- He abdicated all responsibility for the care of the child. 他放弃了抚养孩子的全部责任。vi. 退位; 逊位: King Edward III abdicated in 1936 to marry a commoner. 国王爱德华八世于 1936 年退位与一个平民结婚。
- abdomen / sebdəmən/ n. ①腹,腹部②昆虫、蜘蛛或甲壳类动物的腹部: head, thorax and abdomen 头部、胸部及腹部
- abdominal /eeb'dominl/ adj. 腹的:腹部的 || abdominally adv.
- abduct /æb'dʌkt/ vt. 劫持;诱拐 | abductor n. 劫持者;诱拐者/abduction n. 劫持;诱拐
- abed /ə'bed/ adv. 在床上: lie abed 躺在床上;坐 月子 ■ adj. 在床上的
- aberrant /æ'berənt/ adj. 不循常轨的;不走正路的: aberrant behaviour 越轨行为
- aberration /ˌæbə'reɪʃn/ n. ①[U] 偏差;越轨: kill sb in a moment of aberration — 时糊涂而杀人 ②[C] 〈医〉心理失常; — 时失去记忆力 ③[C] 差 错;毛病: an aberration in the computer 计算机的差 错
- abet /ə'bet/ vt. (-tt-) 教唆(犯罪): abet the commission of a crime 教唆犯罪/He abetted the thief in robbing the bank. 他教唆贼去抢劫银行。 || abetment n. 教唆
- abeyance /ə'betəns/ n. [U] 搁置;中止;缓办 lbe in abeyance 暂停;未定 /fall into abeyance (法律、规则等)失效;(习惯等)不再被人遵守;(计划等)搁置;延期; The law go into abeyance. 这项法律停止生效。
- abhor /əb'hɔ:(r)/ vt. (-rr-) 憎恶, 厌恶, 讨厌:
  They abhor all forms of discrimination on the basis
  of race or sex. 她们憎恶种族和性别上的歧视。
  abhorrer n. 憎恶者, 厌恶者
- abhorrence /əb'horəns/ n. ①[U] 憎恨;厌恶: The president expressed his abhorrence at the murder. 总统对这宗谋杀案深表痛恨。②[C] 极其 讨厌的人(物) || have an abhorrence of 厌恶,深恶 痛绝
- abhorrent /əb'horənt/ adj. 讨厌的;可恶的;可 恨的: Violence is abhorrent to him. 他厌恶暴力。 || be abhorrent to 和(某人)不相投,和(某人意见) 不合 || abhorrently adv.
- abide /ə'baid/ vt. (pt., pp. abided or abode) 1 容忍,忍受: How can you abide such a person? 你怎 么能屈从于这样的人? /She can't abide his rudeness.她不能忍受他的粗鲁行为。/The boy was too young to abide such heavy work. 这孩子太小,干 不了这样的重活。/She couldn't abide to live in poverty. 在贫困中度日,她忍受不了。/She cannot abide seeing such cruelty. 她不忍看见这种残暴行 为。②等候: abide an event 等待某件事的发生/ abide the result 等候结果/She'll abide her time.她 将等待时机。/We all abide your coming.我们等待 你的到来。vi.逗留,居住 || abide by ①遵守,信 守: You must abide by what you have said. 你说话 要算数。②忠于(某人): He abides by his friends. 他 忠于朋友。③接受,承担: You must abide by the results of your mistakes. 你必须承担你的错误所造 成的后果。/abide in[at] (旧)在…居住[逗留]:

They abide in a remote village. 他们住在一个偏远的村子里。/abide with (旧)与(某人)住在一起:
The child abode with his grandparents for three years before being returned to his home. 那个孩子和祖父母一起居住了三年才回到自己的家里。

abiding/ə'baɪdɪŋ/ adj. 持久的;永久的: abiding friendship 持久的友谊/abiding place 住宅,家/an

abiding faith 不变的信念

- ability/ə'biləti/n.① [U]能力;力量; improve (increase) one's ability 提高能力/lose the ability 失去能力/measure sb's ability 獨量某人的能力/His ability is limited.他的能力有限。/She has no ability in that kind of work.她没有做那种工作的能力。/The ability to use a language can be acquired by the act of using the language.运用语言的能力只能通过不断练习才能获得。② [U] [C] 智慧,才智;天资; natural ability 天赋/develop ability 发挥才能/display(show) ability 显露才能,表现才能/Most schools cater for children of different abilities.大多数学校能够满足具有不同天资的儿童的需要。‖ to the best of one's ability 尽自己最大努力:I tried to do my work to the best of my ability.我竭尽全力地做好工作。
- -ability/ə'biləti/ suf. (构成名词)表示"能力", "可能性":capability, curability
- abject/ˈæbdʒekt/ adj. ① (指境况) 凄惨的; 绝望的 ② (指人、动作或行为) 无耻的, 下贱的, 卑鄙的 ‖ abjectly adv. 绝望地; 无耻地, 卑鄙地/abjectness n. 凄惨; 绝望; 无耻
- abjure/əb'dʒuə(r)/ vt. 发誓弃绝(信仰等);公开放弃(国籍、权利等);abjure one's religion 发誓放弃宗教信仰②避免,戒绝;abjure extravagance 不再铺张浪费 || abjuration /æbdʒu'reɪʃn/ n.
- ablative/'æblətɪv/ n. [C] (拉丁语法中)夺格 adj. 夺格的
- ablaut/'æblaut/ n. 〈语〉元音交替

ablaze /ə'blerz/ adj. ①[P] 着火; 燃烧: The wooden house was soon ablaze. 那幢木头房子很快就烧起来了。②明亮; 灿烂: The palace was ablaze with lights. 那座宫殿灯火辉煌。③非常激动: His face was ablaze with anger. 他满脸怒容。

able/'eibl/ adj. ①[P] 能够…的,得以…的; Most children are able to walk before they are able to talk. 多数孩子在会说话前就会走路。/ The patient was soon able to sit up. 病人很快就能坐起来了。②有才干的,有本事的; an able doctor 能干的大夫/an able lawyer 能干的律师/an able manager 能干的经理/He is an able leader. 他是位有才干的领导。/ He was acknowledged as an able statesman. 他被公认为是个有才干的政治家。/ The general impression at the studio was that he was able. 在这个画室获得的总的印象是他很有才能。 || ableminded adj. 能干的

-able, -ible/əbl/ suf. (放在名词或动词后面结合构成形容词) ①表示"可…的";"能…的";"应… 的": enjoyable; payable; washable ②表示"有…性质的";"有…倾向的": comfortable; fashionable

abloom/ə'blu:m/ adj.,adv. (常作表语)开着花 (的)

ablution/ə'blu:fn/ n.[P] 净身礼,洗手礼

ably /'erbli/ adv. 能干地; 巧妙地: This is ably done. 这事干得好。/She has done her work very ably, 她很巧妙地做完了工作。

-ably /əbli/ suf. (用以构成副词); notably; peaceably

ABM/er bi:'em/ abbr. anti-ballistic missile 反弹道 导弹

- abnegate/'æbnigeit/ vt. ①否认;放弃(权利等); abnegate the idea of freedom 放弃自由的观念②克制(私心、欲望等) || abnegation n. 自制;克己/abnegator n.
- abnormal/geb'no:ml/adi. 反常的,异常的;变态 的: abnormal behaviour 异常行为/abnormal child 变异儿童/abnormal conditions 反常的情况/That is simply abnormal. 那简直是反常的。/I don't want to get married and have children. Is that abnormal? 我不想结婚生子,这是不正常的吗?/ Large families are abnormal today. 如今大家庭是不 多见的。/They thought his behaviour was abnormal.他们认为他行为反常。/Is the child abnormal in any way? 这孩子是否在哪方面有点不 正常? / This warm weather is abnormal for February. 二月里这种温暖的天气不太正常。/It is abnormal to eat so much. 吃那么多是不正常的。/ It is abnormal for a man to eat so much at a meal. 一个人一顿饭吃这么多是不正常的。/It is abnormal for a man to have six fingers on each hand.一个人每只手有六根手指时即为畸形。/It is abnormal if snow falls in October here. 这里在 10 月份下雪是不正常的。 || abnormally adv. 反常 地,异常地;变态地

abnormality/ˌæbnɔːˈmæləti/ n.[U][C] 不正常,变态

abo/'ebou/ n. [C] (澳)土佬(对澳洲土著的篾砾)
aboard/s'boxd/ prep.在(船、飞机、车)上,上(船、飞机、车):They were all aboard the ship last night.
昨天夜里他们都在船上。/They got aboard the
train.他们上了火车。/The two girls went riding
together aboard a horse's back.两个女孩一起躺在马背上出游。 adv.在船(或飞机、车)上,上船(或飞机、车): It's time to go aboard.上船时间到了。/
The diesels roared, the conductors jumped aboard,
and off the train went. 內燃机发出轰鳴声,列车员跳上车厢,火车开走了。/We mustn't take
combustible goods aboard.我们不可带易燃品上车。/The captain is aboard.船长在船上。/The
lane crashed, killing all 180 people aboard.飞机坠
毁了,机上180人全部週难。

abode/ə'bəud/ n. [C] 住所;住处:one's place of abode 居住处/Welcome to our humble abode! 欢迎 光临寒舍!

abode /əˈbəud/ abide 的过去式及过去分词

abolish/ə'bolif/ vt.废除,废止: The Americans abolished slavery in 1863. 美国于 1863 年废除奴隶制度。/Do abolish this kind of bad custom. 一定要废除这种不好的习俗。/Should we abolish the death penalty? 我们应当废止死刑吗?/Some students would like to abolish homework.有些学生希望取消家庭作业。/The government abolished the tax on food. 政府取消了食品税。/They

abolished a department last year. 他们去年撤销了一 个部门。/A fog abolished landscape.大雾把风景破 坏了。/There are many bad customs and laws that ought to be abolished. 许多不好的习俗和法律应当 予以废止。 || abolishable adj. 可废除的/ abolisher n. 废除者/abolishment n. 废除,废止

abolition / iæbə'lıʃn/ n. [U] 废除,废止: the abolition of slavery 奴隶制度的废除 || abolitionism

n. 废奴主义;废除主义

A-bomb /'eɪbom/ n. 「C] 原子弹 ™ vt. 用原子 弹轰击(或炸毁)

abominable /əˈbɒmɪnəbl/ adj. ①讨厌的,可恶 的②糟糕的,极坏的 || abominably adv. 讨厌地, 可恶地;糟糕地,极坏地

abominate /ə'bomineit/ vt. 憎恶,厌恶,不喜欢 aboriginal /ˌæbəˈrɪdʒənl/ adj.(尤指人)从很早

的时期就居住于某地的;土著的: aboriginal plants 土生植物

aborigine /ˌæbəˈrɪdʒəni/ n. ①[C] 土著人,土 著居民②(Aborigine)[C]澳大利亚土著居民③ (aporigines) 土生动物(或植物)群

abort /ə'bət/ vt., vi. ① (使) 流产, (使) 堕胎: abort an expectant mother 为孕妇做人工流产 ② (使某事物)中止,夭折: abort a space mission 中止 次航天任务 || aborted adj. 未发育的;退化的

abortion /ə'bɔ:ʃn/ n.①[U][C]人工流产(手 术), 堕胎: produce the abortion 引起流产/The abortion arose from an accidental fall. 流产是由于 (孕妇)不慎摔倒所致。/Abortion is illegal in many countries.在许多国家,堕胎都是违法的。/She had an abortion at the women's health clinic.她在妇女 保健医院做了流产手术。②[C](计划等)失败,中 止: His plan proved an abortion. 他的计划中途夭

abortive /ə'bɔtɪv/ adj. 落空的,失败的: an abortive attempt 落空的尝试/an abortive plan 落空 的计划 || abortively adv. 失败地/abortiveness n.

落空,失败

abound /ə'baund/ vi. 大量存在;充满,富于: Apples abound here all the year round. 这里一年到 头都有很多苹果。/Questions abound as to the reasons for the president's decision.关于总统作出这 决定的理由,人们提出了各种各样的疑问。/ Wild animals abound in the park.公园里有许多野 生动物。/He abounds in courage.他浑身是胆。/ China abounds in prawns. 中国盛产对虾。/ That region abounds with rain all the year round. 那个地 区终年多雨。/This place used to abound with snakes.这个地方过去蛇很多。

about /ə'baut/ prep. ①(表示位置)在…周围;在 …的各处;在…的附近: Fish are abundant about the reefs.暗礁附近鱼很多。②(表示对象)对,对于:1 am very sorry about your troubles. 对于你遇到的麻 烦我非常遗憾。③(表示原因)由于,因为: John is anxious about his exam results. 约翰为考试结果而 担忧。④(表示论及)关于;涉及;在…方面: What is the book about? 这本书是关于什么内容的? ⑤(表 示所属)属于,体现在…身上: His face is the worst thing about him.他吃亏就吃在他的面孔上。⑥(表 示过程)忙于,从事: Henry's gone a long time. I

wonder what he's about. 亨利去了很长时间了,我不 知道他在干什么。⑦(表示伴随)在身边:Do vou happen to have his letter about you? 你是否正好带 着他的信了? adv. ① 大约, 差不多: She died about two years ago. 她大约在两年前就死了。②在 四周,处处: He lay asleep with his clothes scattered about.他躺着睡了,脱下的衣服四处放着。③在附 近: Nobody seemed about, so I went in. 附近好像没 人,于是我就进去了。 || be about to-v 即将做…, 马上做…: He was about to leave when Mark arrived. 他正要走的时候,马克来了。

above /ə'bʌv/ prep.①(表示位置)在…正上方: The aeroplane was flying a few feet above the sea. K. 机正在距海面几英尺的上方低空飞行。/The chorus was seated above the orchestra. 合唱队的座 位高于乐队席。②(表示方向)在…的另一侧:在… 往北: The water is smoother above the dam. 坝的另 边水面平静些。/The greatest part of Europe is situated above the 45th degree of Northern Latitude. 欧洲绝大部分地区位于北纬 45 度以北。③(表示 比较)优于,胜于;较…更为;高出:Because of her beauty, she has managed to marry above her. 由于 貌美,她得以嫁给一个地位比她高的人。④(表示环 境)处在…之中;逆着,透过:The captain's voice was heard above the din. 透过一片嘈杂声听到了船长的 说话声。⑤(表示程度)超过,超越:为…所不及. above one's head 超过…的理解力/You can't expect to succeed if you attempt tasks above your ability. 如果你要做能力达不到的事,就别指望成功。⑥(表 示等级)在…之上,高于: above the law 不受法律约 東/A lieutenant colonel ranks above a major. 陆军 中校比少校级别高。⑦(表示否定)不受…的影响; 不至于: He is above meanness and deceit. 他不至于 搞卑鄙和欺骗行为。/He was quite above owing his meal to the request of a little girl. 他绝不屑于应一 个小姑娘的邀请去吃饭。⑧(表示数目)超过,超出: Above two hundred people attended the meeting. \_ 百多人出席了会议。 || above all 尤其是,最重要的 是/above oneself 自高自大 adv. ①在上面: My room is just above. 我的房间就在楼上。②以上: This is a military meeting for captains and above. 这 是一个由上尉及上尉以上军官参加的军事会议。③ 上述: As is stated above, this principle applies to all cases. 如前文所讲,这一原则适合所有案例。

above-board /əibʌv'bɔːd/ adj. [P] 公开的; 光明正大的: Don't worry; it's all open and aboveboard.别担心,一切都是光明正大的。 adv. 公 

above-cited /əibʌv'saɪtɪd/ adj. 上面所述的

above-mentioned /əibʌv'menʃənd/ adj. 上 述的 \*\* n. (与 the 连用)上述人员:... Williams, Brown, and Jones. The above-mentioned will attend the meeting. …威廉姆斯、布朗和琼斯。以 上诸位将参加这次会议。

abracadabra / iæbrəkə dæbrə/ n. [C] (尤指 魔术师表演魔术时所说的)咒语

abrade /ə'breid/ vt.磨,擦;磨掉,擦伤

abrasion /əˈbreɪʒn/ n. ①[U] 磨损;擦伤;刮除 ②[C] 磨损处;擦伤处: the abrasion of the arm 手 臂上的一块擦伤③[U] 磨蚀,剥蚀

abrasive /a'bressv/ adj. ①有磨蚀作用的 ②使 人厌烦的; 粗鲁的; He has an abrasive way of treating people, 他待人粗鲁。

abreast/ə'brest/adv.并列,并排:Five cars stood abreast. 五辆汽车排成一行停靠。/They lined up six abreast. 他们排成六人一一个。‖ be [keep] abreast of 与…并进,了解…的最新情况:Brooks was abreast of the leading runner for a few minutes but then fell behind.布鲁克斯赶上领先的赛跑运动员好几分钟,可是后来落后了。/This building is abreast of the tip of the island.这幢建筑物与该岛的尖端齐头。/Read the papers if you want to keep abreast of time.如果你想跟上时代就要看报。/She kept abreast with the flood of communications that had poured in.她及时回复如雪片般飞来的大批信件。/Even this arrangement did not keep wages abreast of the rising living cost.即使这样的安排也不能使工资水平跟上日益上涨的生活费用。

abridge /ə'bridg/ vt. ①删节,节略,缩短: It was abridged from the original work. 这是由原本删节的。/I have to abridge my stay here. 我只得缩短在这里的逗留时间。②剥夺: abridge one of his rights剥夺某人的权利 || abridg(e) ment n. ①(书等的)删节,节略②节本;摘要/abridger n.

abridged /ə'bridʒd/ adj. 削減的, 删节的; abridged notation (数)速记法/an abridged edition 节略本/an abridged version of "War and Peace"《战争与和平》的节略本

abroad /ə'bro:d/ adv. ①到国外,在国外: All my near relations live abroad. 我所有的近亲都在国 外。/ We always go abroad in the summer. 我们总 是在夏天出国。/We try to go abroad at least once a year. 我们争取一年至少出国一次。/He is keen on going abroad to study. 他渴望出国学习。/Are you going abroad for your holidays? 你打算去国外 度假吗? / He is adverse to going abroad. 他反对出 国。/Don't bank on going abroad this summer, we may not have enough money. 别一心指望今年夏天 出国,我们的钱也许不够。②到处,广泛流传: The news soon spread abroad.消息迅速传开。③在户外, 在室外: The young people were still abroad at the dead of night. 这些年轻人深更半夜还在外边。/ It's unsafe to be abroad at night in some parts of New York City. 在纽约市某些地方,晚上呆在户外 是不安全的。/There was no one abroad so early.这 么早的时候室外没有人。 || be all abroad 感到莫 名其妙;离题: I was all abroad when I heard the news. 听到这消息时我感到茫然。

abrogate /ˈæbrəgent/ vt. 取消;废除: abrogate a treaty 废除一条约/This custom was abrogated years ago. 这一惯例多年前业已废除。‖abrogation n.

abrupt /ə'brʌpt/ adj. ① 突然的,意外的; an abrupt bend 急转弯/an abrupt change 骤然变化/an abrupt ending 突然终止/I don't know the cause of his abrupt leave. 我不知道他突然离去的原因。/ There were abrupt weather changes. 天有不测风云。②唐突的,鲁莽的; an abrupt manner 无礼的态度/She always sounds abrupt on the telephone. 在电话中就起来她总像很无礼。③陡峭的; an abrupt peak 突兀的险峰/an abrupt slope 陡峭的斜坡 ||

abruptly adv. 突然地,猛然地/abruptness n. 突然,意外

abruption /ə'brʌpʃən/ n. [U] 分裂,分离

ABS / |ei bi: 'es/ abbr. anti-skid brake system 〈汽〉 防滑煞车系统

abscess/'æbses/ n. [C] 脓肿;脓疮:abscesses on the gums 齿龈脓肿 ■ vi. 形成脓肿

abscise /eeb'saɪz/ vt.,vi. (被)切除;(被)截去 abscissa /eeb'sɪsə/ n. (pl. abscissae /eeb'sɪsi:/) 「C] (数) 権坐标

abscission /eb/sigen/ n. ①[U][C] 截去;切除②[U] 〈植〉脱离

abscond /eeb'skond/ vi. 潜逃;逃离: abscond from one's creditors 逃债/abscond with the money 携款潜逃

abseil /ˈæbseɪl/ vi. 缘绳而下

absence /ˈæbsəns/ n. ① [U] 缺席,离开,不在场: temporary absence 暂时离开/unavoidable absence 不得已的缺席/She called in your absence. 你不在时她来过。② [C] 不在场的次数或时间: numerous absences 数 次 缺 席/Ade's constant absences from work made his boss very angry. 艾德经常旷工使他的老板很生气。③ [C] 缺乏,不存在: absence of definite proof 缺乏确凿的证据/A major problem is the absence of water. 主要的问题是缺水。/Absolute liberty is absence of restraint. 绝对的自由就是无约束。 || absence of mind 心不在焉,神不守舍: Her absence of mind during driving nearly caused an accident. 她驾车时心不在焉,几乎攀祸。/absence without leave 擅离职守,开小差/absence without notice 不辞而别

absent /ˈæbsənt/ adj. ① 缺席的, 不在场的: absent friends 不在场的朋友 ②缺乏的, 不存在的: Snow is absent in some countries. 有些国家不下雪。 ③ [A] 心不在焉的, 恍惚的: absent expression 茫然 的表情/an absent look 茫然的样子

absentee /ˌæbsən'ti:/ n.[C] 缺席者,缺勤者,不 在者

absenteeism / ¡œbsən'ti:ɪzəm/ n. [U](尤指 经常性的、无正当理由的) 旷课;矿工;旷职

absent-minded / pebsont maindid / adj. 心不在焉的; 健忘的; become absent-minded with age 因上了年纪而变得丢三落四/She is getting absent-minded, 她开始心不在焉了。 || absent-mindedly adv./absent-mindedness n

absinthe, absinth / ˈsebsint/ n. [U] 苦支酒 absolute / ˈsebsəlut/ adj. ① 绝对的,完全的: absolute alcohol 无水濱精/absolute ignorance 全然 无知/absolute music 纯音乐/absolute power 绝对 的权力 ②不受任何限制[约束]的;无条件的 ③有 无上权力或权威的;专制的: an absolute ruler 独裁 统治者 ‖ absoluteness n. 专制/absolutist n. 专 制主义者;绝对论者

absolutely /ˈsebsəluitli/ adv. ①完全地,绝对地; absolutely impossible 绝对不可能的/You are absolutely right. 你完全正确。/He refused absolutely 他彻底拒绝了。②无条件地③确实地; 全然地; He did absolutely no work. 他简直什么都设干。④(用于答话)是,当然是;正是如此:—Do

A

you think so? — Absolutely. — 你是这样想吗? ——当然是。

absolution/ieebsə'lu:jn/n.[U](尤用于基督教)赦罪;免罪;解罪:grant sb absolution 赦免某人的罪

absolutism /ˈæbsəlutɪzəm/ n. [U] 专制主义; 专制统治

absolve/əb'zolv/ vt. ① 赦免;免罪; absolve a person from blame 赦免某人②解除(承诺、义务等); They agree to absolve us from our obligation. 他们同意免除我们的责任。 || absolver n./absolveness n.

absorb/ab'so:b,-'zo:b/ vt. ①吸收: absorb energy 吸收能量/absorb experience 吸取经验/absorb light 吸收光/Dry earth absorbs water quickly.干土吸水很快。②把…并入,同化: absorb a small state 吞并小国 ③吸引…的注意力,使全神贯注: absorb sb's attention 吸引某人的注意力 || absorber n. 吸收器

absorbed /əb'sə:bd, -'zə:bd/ adj.被…吸引住; 专心致志;全神贯注: He eyed the coming tide with an absorbed attention. 她凝视着上涨的潮水。 || be absorbed in(with) 全神贯注于,专心致志于: They are absorbed in the experiment. 他们专心于实验。/ Mary was absorbed in thought. 玛丽在沉思。/He had been so absorbed in watching the car passing by that he didn't notice his friends coming.他注视那辆 车县如此地专心,以至于他的朋友来了都没有看 到。/absorb into ①吸收: Animals absorb foods into their bodies. 动物把食物吸收到身体里。/ Certain chemicals are easily absorbed into the bloodstream, while others are not.某些化学药品很 容易溶于血液,有些则不行。②把···并入: That country had absorbed the small states into her empire.那个国家曾将几个小国合并到她的帝国中 去。

absorbent/əb'sɔ:bənt,-'zɔ:b-/ adj.,n. [C] 能吸收水分等的(物质)

absorbing /əbˈsɔːbɪŋ,-ˈzɔːb-/ adj. 吸引人的,非常有趣的: an absorbing novel 一本非常吸引人的小设

absorption/əb'sə:pʃn,-'zə:p-/ n. [U] 吸收,专

abstain/əb'stein/ vi. ①戒(尤指酒),戒除: His doctor ordered him to abstain from beer and wine. 他的医生嘱咐他戒酒。/I've abstained from smoking for two years. 我已经戒烟两年了。/If you abstain from eating candy and rich food, you will not be so fat. 如果你不吃糖果和油腻食物,你就不 会这样胖。②弃权(不投票): In the referendum many people abstained.在这次公民投票中许多人弃 权。/Some delegates abstained from voting.一些代 表放弃投票。/In other words, the country would abstain from a resolution favouring a cease-fire in place.换言之,对于一项赞同就地停火的协议,那个 国家将投弃权票。/They collectively abstained (from voting) in the elections for local councillors. 他们在地方议会议员选举中集体弃权。 abstainer n. 戒…的人(尤指不喝酒的人);不投票 的人

abstemious/əb'sti;miəs/ adj. 节俭的;(饮食)

有节制的;克制的:an abstemious meal 节俭的一餐/abstemious habits 节制饮食的习惯。 abstemiously adv./abstemiousness n.

abstention/əb'stenʃn/n.①[U] 弃权(尤指不 投选票)②[C] 弃权票

abstinence/'æbstɪnəns/ n.[U] 禁绝(尤指食物或酒): total abstinence 完全戒酒

abstract / 'ebstreekt / adj. ① 抽象的: abstract words 抽象的话语/an abstract idea 抽象概念/an abstract noun 抽象名词 ②抽象派的: an abstract painting 抽象圖 n. [C] ①抽象,抽象概念,抽象性: lt's the abstract that is called system analysis. 这就是所谓系统分析这个抽象概念。②抽象派艺术作品: There're two abstracts on the wall. 墙上挂着两幅抽象源画。③摘要,梗概: He made an abstract of a long article. 他对一篇长文章做了摘要。 || in the abstract 抽象地; 在理论上: l like dogs in the abstract, but l can't bear this one. 一般来说我喜欢狗,可是我不能容忍这一只。/ Consider the problem in the abstract. 就事论事地考虑一下这个问题。 || / eb/streekt/ vt. ①提取,抽取②做…的摘要: He has abstracted the speech. 他对讲话作了摘要。

abstracted/æb'stræktid/adj. 心不在焉的;走神儿的: with an abstracted air 心不在焉॥

abstractedly adv.

abstraction /æb'stræksn/ n. ①[U] 心不在焉; 出神: His abstraction was so deep that he did not eat for two days. 他太专注了,以至于两天都没吃东西。②[C] 抽象: 抽象概念: The idea of redness is an abstraction. 红色概念是一种抽象概念。③[U] 抽出; 取出; 分离出: the abstraction of the juice from an orange 从橘子中取汁④[U] 〈婉〉偷窃 ‖ abstractional adj.

abstractionism /eb/streekfnızəm/ n. [U] 〈美〉抽象主义;抽象派艺术;抽象主义理论 || abstractionist n. 抽象派画家(艺术家)

abstruse /əb'strus, eeb-/ adj. 雅解的,深奥的: a very abstruse theory — 种很深奥的理论/abstruse ideas 难懂的概念 || abstrusely adv. 难解地,深奥 地/abstruseness n. 深奥

absurd /əb'sə:d/ adj. 荒谬的, 荒唐的: absurd mistake 可笑的错误/absurd opinion 荒谬的主张/What an absurd suggestion! 多么荒唐的建议! /It was absurd of you to do such a thing. 你做那样的事是愚蠢的。/It is absurd that they (should) deny my request. 他们拒绝我的要求是荒唐的。

absurdism/əb'ss:dtzəm/n. [U] (哲学和文艺方面的)荒诞主义: True absurdism is not less but more real than reality. 真正的荒诞主义不是比现实更虚幻,而是更为真实。

absurdity/əb'sə:dni/n. [C] [U] 愚蠢;荒谬; 谬论;荒唐事(话等):the height of absurdity 荒唐透 顶/We had to laugh at the absurdity of the situation. 对这种荒唐的境况,我们不由得发笑。

abundance /ə'bʌndəns/ n. [U] [S] 大量, 充 足, There was an abundance of corn last year. 去年 玉米丰收。/There is a great abundance of sunshine here. 这里阳光充足。/Abundance of meat is consumed every day. 每天消耗了大量的肉食。/ Abundance of watermelons are on sale. 大量的西瓜上市。 || in abundance 充足, 丰富: At the feast there was food and drink in abundance. 宴会上有丰富的饮食。/Everyone wishes to own money in abundance. 每个人都希望富有。

abundant /ə'bʌndənt/ adj. 大量的, 充足的: Next year will be an abundant year. 明年将是一个 丰收年。/There is abundant evidence that cars have a harmful effect on the environment. 充分的证据表 明,汽车对环境有害。/ Alpine flowers are abundant there. 那里有很多高山地带的花。 Courage was abundant among the volunteers. 志愿 者中不乏勇猛之士。/Fish are abundant in the lake. 湖里鱼很多。/Rainfall is abundant in the region. 该地区降雨丰沛。/Rice is abundant in the river valley.河谷地区盛产大米。/The apple trees are abundant in fruit. 苹果树上结满了累累果实。 The salmon is abundant in the river. 这条河盛产鲑 鱼。/Cheap consumer goods are abundant in this part of the world. 这地方有大量的廉价消费品。/ The coastline is abundant in species of plants. 海岸 线上有丰富的植物。/The district was abundant in fruit. 这地区水果丰富。/The river is abundant in salmon. 这条河盛产鲑鱼。/ The ship was abundant in rats. 船上鼠多为患。/Apples are abundant on its east coast. 它的东海岸盛产苹果。/But evidence that tattoos are growing more popular is abundant on beaches, in health clubs, and on the streets. 但 是文身日益流行,在海滨、健身俱乐部和大街上均 可见到。/China is abundant with natural resources. 中国自然资源丰富。/The rivers and forests of the New World were abundant with fish and game. 美洲大陆的河流和森林里有大量的鱼类 和猎物。 | abundantly adv. 大量地,充足地

abuse /ə'bju:s/ n.① [U] [C] 滥用,妄用,虐待: drug abuse 濫用药品/child abuse 虐待儿童/sexual abuse 性虐待/I'm afraid the position is open to abuse.恐怕这个职位容易使人滥用职权。② [C] 恶 习,不正之风: eliminate abuses 根除弊端/put an end to abuses 废止恶习/They decided to reform social abuses.他们决定改革社会陋习。③ [U] 恶 言,辱骂: verbal abuse 口头谩骂/heap abuse on sb 肆意谩骂某人/take abuse 受辱骂/He burst into a storm of abuse.他破口大骂。■ /ə'bju:z/ vt.①滥 用,妄用: abuse one's authority [power] 滥用职权 [权力]/He never abuses his privilege.他从不滥用特 权。②虐待,伤害: Stop abusing the child. 住手,不 要伤害这孩子。③辱骂,毁谤: Most of the foremen abused the workmen in the foulest languages. 大多数 的工头用极其污秽的语言辱骂工人。

abusive /əˈbjuːsɪv/ adj. 辱骂的;骂人的,攻击性的: Good manners ban abusive language anywhere. 讲礼貌就是在任何地方都不能讲粗话。/He became openly abusive. 他开始公然大骂。

abut /a'bat/ (-tt-) vi. 邻接;毗连;紧靠着; Our house abuts on the church. 我们的房子紧靠教堂。 vt. 与…邻接; 与…毗邻‖ abuttals n. 地界/ abutter n. 〈律〉毗邻业主

abutment /a'batment/ n. ①[U][C] 邻接,接 界;接合(点)②[C](建)桥墩,支柱

abysmal /əˈbɪzməl/ adj. ①深不可测的;无底

的, an abysmal cliff 万丈深渊②深重的;无边的; abysmàl misery 无边的苦难③极糟的; an abysmal performance 糟糕的演出 || abysmally adv.

abyss /əˈbɪs/ n. [C] 深渊; an abyss of despair [ignorance] 绝望(无知]的深渊

abyssal /ə'bısl/ adj. 深海的,深渊的,深不可测的: abyssal intrusion 深层浸入

AC / jet'si:/ abbr. Alternating Current 交流电

AC / er'si:/ (化)元素锕(actinium)的符号

ac-/eek, ək/ pref. (只用在 c, k 和 q 前): accept, acquire

-aC /æk, ək/ suf. (用以构成形容词,由此构成的形容词常用做名词) ①"有…特性的"; elegiac②"有… 的"; coeliac③"患…的"; maniac

acacia /ə'keɪʃə/ n. 〈植〉①[C] 金合欢,阿拉伯 胶树②[U] 金合欢属③[C] 刺槐,洋槐

academe / wekadi:m/ n. [C] [C] ①学术界,学术团体,学术生活②学究

academia / ækə di:miə/ n. [C] 学术界

academic /ˌækə'demik/ adj. ①学校的,学院的: academic costumes 校服/academic degree [rank]学位/The university is composed of five academic schools.整个大学由五个学院组成。②学术性的: academic exchanges 学术交流/They asked for academic freedom.他们要 求学术自由。③ 纯理论的,不切实际的: That is merely an academic discussion.那只是一个理论性 的讨论。』n. [C] 大学教师;专业学者

academician /əˌkædəˈmɪʃn/ n. [C] 院士

academy /o'kæedəmi/ n. [C] ①专科学校: a fencing academy 击剑学校/a literary academy 文学 院/This is an academy of music. 这是一所音乐专科 学院。②研究院, 学会: I visited the Academy of Science of China yesterday. 我昨天去访问了中国科 学院。

accede /ak'si:d/ vi. 答应, 同意: Will you accede to her request? 你答应她的请求吗?

accelerando /əkˌseləˈrændəʊ/ adj., adv. 加速的(地) ■ n. (pl.accelerandos) [C] 加速

accelerate /ok'selorent/ vt., vi. (使) 加快, (使) 增速: accelerate the heartbeat 使心搏加速/ accelerate the train 使火车加速/The car suddenly accelerated. 汽车突然加速。/Our country should accelerate the economic growth. 我国应加快经济增长。

acceleration /əkˌseləˈreɪʃn/ n. ①[U] [C] 加速;加快;促进;②[U] 加速度③[U] 加速性能: This bus has good acceleration. 这辆公共汽车的加速性能很好。

accelerator /ək'selərertə(r) / n. [C] ①(汽车的)油门;加速器;加速装置②粒子加速器

accent /'seksent,-sont/ n. ① [C] [U] 口音,腔调:affect an accent 影响口音/assume an accent 带有口音/imitate an accent 模仿口音/He speaks in his broad accent. 他说话地方口音很重。② [C] 重音,重音符号: indicate the accent 显示重音/primary accent 主重音/This is a secondary accent. 这个是次重音。③ [S] 强调,重点: The accent of the report is on safety. 报告的重点是安全问题。 //

A

ek'sent/vt.重读: Please accent the first syllable.请重读第一个音节。

accented /ækˈsentɪd/ adj. 带有口音的

- accentuate /əkˈsentʃueɪt/ vt. 突出(某事物); 强调
- accept /ək'sept/ vt:, vi. ① 接受, 领受, 收受: accept a favour [gift, task] 接受恩惠[礼物,任务]/ If you accept, please let me know. 如果你接受的话,请通知我。②承担责任;承兑: accept a note (bill) of exchange 承兑票据 vt. 承认,同意;认为,相信: accept defeat 承认失败/accept one's fate 认命/Please accept me as a friend. 请把我当做朋友。/ The police accepted his story as true. 警察对他的话信以为真。/ He accepted me as having seen the much of the world. 他承认我见识广。』accepted adj. 公认的
- acceptable /ək'septəbl/ adj. ①值得接受的,可接受的: The terms of the contract are acceptable to us. 我们认为这个合同的条件可以接受。②可容忍的: acceptable profit margin 可容许的利润幅度 || acceptably adv. 可接受地;可容忍地
- acceptance /ək'septəns/ n. ①[C] [U] 接受, 认可: meet[obtain] acceptance 受到欢迎/We have the pleasure to ask your acceptance of our presents. 恭请接受我们的礼物。②[U] 赞成,赞同: receive [win] acceptance 获得赞同/The new laws gained widespread acceptance. 新法令受到广泛赞同。③ [C] 承兑,认付;承兑汇票
- acceptant /ək'septənt/ adj. 容易接受的: the most acceptant mind 最易接受外界影响的头脑
- acceptation / ieeksep'tei ʃn/ n [C] (词语或概念的)通用意义,公认意义
- access / \*ækses/ n. [U] ①通道,人口 ②接近(取得)…的方法(权利等): You can easily get access to her. 你很容易接近她。 ■vt. 存取(计算机文件)
- accessible /əkˈsesəbl/ adj. 容易取得的,容易 达到的
- accession /ək'seʃn/ n. [U] 就职,就任,即位: accession to power 掌 权/His accession to the important post was a big event.他就任这一重要职 务是一个重大事件。
- accessory /ək'sesəri/ n. ①[P] 附件,配件 ② [C] 同谋,帮凶,包庇犯: He is an accessory to the murderer. 他是这个杀人凶手的同谋。
- accident / 'seksident/ n.① [C] 意外遭遇,事故: avoid an accident 避免事故/cause an accident 酸成事故/An awful accident has happened. 发生了一起可怕的意外事故。② [U] 机遇,命运,造化: It was a lucky accident that we saw each other. 你我邂逅相遇,幸运之至。 || a chapter of accidents 接踵而来的灾祸/by accident 偶然地: He made this mistake by accident. 他犯这个错误纯属偶然。/in an accident 由于事故;遭遇事故: The little girl's parents were killed in a traffic accident.那小女孩的双亲在一次交通事故中丧生。/without accident 安全地: The night passed without accident.那一夜平安无事地过去了。
- accidental / neekst'dentl/ adj. 意外的;偶然(发生)的: He can face the accidental trouble. 他能够面对意外的困难。/Our accidental meeting led to our

- becoming friends. 我们的偶然相遇使我们成为朋友。/We are talking about a verdict of accidental death. 我们正在谈论一次意外死亡的裁决。/His death was quite accidental. 他的死亡非常偶然。/ The damage was accidental. 造成损坏是意外的。/Our meeting in New York was quite accidental. 我们在纽约的会见完全是偶然的。/It was suggested that the fire was not accidental. 予查教表明这场大火并非偶然。/ The shooting was not accidental, but a deliberate attempt to kill him. 枪击并非偶然事件,而是故意谋杀他。/ Songs are essential to musical comedy, but accidental to Shakespeare's plays. 歌唱在音乐喜剧中是基本的,但在莎士比亚的戏剧中却是次要的。 || accidentally adv. 意外地、偶然地
- accident-prone /ˈæksɪdəntɪprəun/ adj. 易遭 遇意外的
- acclaim /ə'kleim/ vt. ①向…欢呼,向…喝彩; acclaim the winner of a race 向赛跑得胜者喝彩/ They acclaimed the astronauts. 他们以欢呼迎接字 航员。②称赞…; It was acclaimed as a great discovery.那被赞誉为伟大的发现。③欢呼或拥戴 (某人)为…; They acclaimed him their leader. 他们 期戴他为领袖。■n. [U] 热烈欢迎或赞同;称赞: He was welcomed with great acclaim. 他受到十分热 烈的欢迎。
- acclamation / teckla met [n/n. ①[U] 欢呼;喝彩;拥护; hail with acclamation 热烈欢迎/a motion passed by acclamation 鼓掌欢呼表决通过的提案②[P] 欢呼声;喝彩声; the acclamation of the crowd 群众的欢呼声
- acclimatize,-ise /əˈklaɪmətaɪz/ vt. 使习惯于;使适应;使服水土; acclimatize oneself to the conditions 使自己适应环境/ He tried to acclimatize himself to living in this city. 他努力使自己适应在这个城市生活。vi. 适应(或习惯于)环境(或气候);服水土: It takes a long time to acclimatize to life in a tropical climate.要用好长时间才能适应热带生活。 ‖ acclimatization n.
- acclivity /əˈklɪvəti/ n. [C] 〈地〉上行坡
- accolade /ˈækəleɪd, ˌækəˈleɪd/ n. [C] ① 嘉奖; 赞许 ②册封爵士的仪式(用剑面在肩上轻拍一下)
- accommodate /əˈkɒmədeɪt/ vt. ① 容 纳. accommodate six beds 容纳六张床/Are there enough shelves to accommodate all our books? 有足 够的书架容纳我们所有的书吗?②向…提供住处: The hotel can accommodate 600 guests. 这家旅馆可 供 600 位来宾住宿。③ 使适应,顺应 || accommodate to 改变[调节]…以适应: You should soon accommodate yourself to the new circumstance. 你应尽快适应新环境。/This chair accommodates its shape to a person's position. 这把 椅子的形状能随就座者的姿势进行调节。/ accommodate with 为…提供…: It was very good of you to accommodate me with the ticket for my journey. 你真好,为我的旅行提供车票。 || accommodator n. (帮佣的)替工
- accommodating /əˈkɒmədeɪtɪŋ/ adj. 乐于助人的,与人方便的
- accommodation /əikoməˈdeɪʃn/ n.[U] 住

处(尤指仅供短期使用的)

- accompaniment /əˈkʌmpənimənt/ n.[C] ① 伴随物 ②伴奏
- accompanist /əˈkʌmpənɪst/ n. [C] 伴奏者; 伴唱者
- accompany /ə'kʌmpəni/ vt. ① 陪伴,陪同: accompany one's friends 陪朋友/May we accompany you on your walk? 我们陪你一起散步好吗? ②伴随 … 同 时 发生: Thunder often accompanies lightning. 雷 声 常 伴 着 风 电。③ 伴 奏:He accompanied me at the guitar. 他用吉他给我伴奏。‖ accompany with 伴 随 着,兼 带 着:He accompanied his words with actions.他言行一致。/He accompanied his speech with gestures.他演讲时做着手势。/He accompanied the advice with a warning.他的规劝带有警告。/And then poverty was accompanied with illness. 贫穷之外又加上疾病。
- accomplice /əˈkʌmplɪs/ n.[C] 从犯,帮凶,同 谋
- accomplish /əˈkʌmplɪʃ/ vt. 完成,实现,做成 功: Ideas just don't accomplish themselves. 光有主 意并不能成事。/The explorer accomplished the voyage in three weeks. 探险家在三周内完成了这次 航行。/And the note would accomplish a dual purpose.这封便笺可以达到双重目的。/Do you think you can accomplish your purpose? 你认为你 能达到目的吗? / Have you accomplished your mission? 你完成任务没有? / They planned very carefully how they would accomplish their mission. 他们为该如何完成任务制定了周密的计划。/We are determined to accomplish the great cause of unification of the motherland. 我们一定要完成统一 祖国的伟大事业。/He accomplished his promise. 他实现了自己的诺言。/My grandmother has accomplished the age of 97 years of her life. 我祖母 已达 97 岁高龄。/Think of all the things you've accomplished already! 你做得已经不错了。/I don't feel our visit really accomplished anything. 我 觉得我们的访问真的没什么成效。/I never seem to accomplish anything. 我似乎永远干不成什么事。
- accomplished /ə'kʌmplɪʃt/ adj. ①已完成的;已实现的;accomplished facts 既成事实②熟练的;有才艺的;有造诣的;an accomplished singer 技艺高超的歌唱家/an accomplished pianist 有造诣的钢琴家 || be accomplished in 擅长、精通;The girl is accomplished in music. 这个女孩擅长音乐。
- accomplishment /ə'kamlıʃmənt/ n. ①[U] 完成; 实现; 成功: The accomplishment of this objective took us two months. 我花了两个月的时间实现了这个目标。②[C] 成绩; 成就: It was a real accomplishment to finish the work in such a short time. 这么短的时间做完这项工作真是一个了不起的成就。③[P] 技能; 才艺; 造诣: a girl of many accomplishments 多才多艺的姑娘/Dancing and singing were among her many accomplishment. 她多才多艺,能歌善舞。
- accord /ə'kəxd/ n. [C] ①一致,符合:come to an accord 达成谅解/reach an accord 达成一致 ②(尤指国与国之间的)谅解,协议 || in accord with 与…

一致,融合: I am in accord with your plan. 我的计 划与你的相同。/Most people are in accord with their desire for peace. 在渴望和平这一点上,大多数 人都是一致的。/We live in perfect accord with each other. 我们生活在一起十分融洽。/of one's own accord 主动地, 自愿地: She mentioned it of her own accord. 她自动谈及此事。/with one accord 全体一致;一致地: The club members voted with one accord to raise the dues. 俱乐部成员一致 通过提高会费。/They praised Tom with one accord.他们异口同声地表扬汤姆。™ vt.给予,赠 平: accord a heavy reception 降重接待/We accorded the boy due praise. 我们给了孩子适当的表扬。/ The committee accorded a scholarship to her. 委员 会批准给她奖学金。vi.符合,一致: The two statements accord superficially. 这两项声明表面上 - 致。/Most of my classmates accord in that opinion. 我们班大多数同学都是那个意见。 accord with (正)与…相一致;与…相符合: What he has just said does not accord with the views of the majority. 他刚才所说的同大多数人所持的观点不 一致。/His story accords with what I saw. 他讲的与 我看到的是吻合的。

- accordance /əˈkɔːdns/ n. [U] 一致,和谐,符合 lin accordance with (to) 依照,根据,与…一致: In accordance to your request, I am sending you sample pages of the dictionary.根据你的要求,现寄上词典的样张。/I am in accordance with him in this matter.在这件事情上,我同他是一致的。
- accordant /ə'kə:dnt/ adj. 一致的;和谐的;相 符合的
- according /əˈkodny/ adj. ①相符的,一致的②根据…而定的 || according as (用于从句前)根据…而…;随着…而…; Everyone contributes according as he is able. 每个人根据自己的能力而做出贡献。/according to 根据;按照;根据…所说;取决于: According to your brother you were in Shanghai last week. 据你哥哥说,你上星期在上海。/Everything went according to plan. 一切都是按照计划进行的。
- accordingly /s'ko ingli/ adv. ①照着, 相应地:
  Please inform us of you decision and we will act
  accordingly. 请把你们的决定通知我们, 我们会照着
  去办的。②因此, 所以, 干是: He was told to speak
  briefly; accordingly he cot short his remarks. 人家叫
  他说话简短,于是他就上话短说了。
- according to /əˈkoxdun tə/ prep. (表示依据) 根据,按照; You've been in prison three times according to our records. 根据我们的记录,你曾人 狱三次。/Fill up the form according to the instructions.按照说明将表填好。
- accordion /əˈkəːdiən/ n.[C] 手风琴
- accost /o'kost/ vt. ① 贸然上前跟(某人)说话: He was accosted by a beggar. 乞丐向他乞讨。②勾引(异性)
- account /o'kaunt/ n. [C] ①账,账户: balance an account 结清账目/close an account 结账/The sum of money has been transferred into my account. 那笔钱已转到我账上。②记述,描述,报道: falsified account 伪造的报道/running account 连续的报道/