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前 言

自国家教委颁布《大学英语教学大纲》,全国实行大学英语四级、六级统考(CET)以后,《大学英语》以崭新的面貌出现在我国外语教学界,从教材的编写和配套,教学方法的研究和探讨到测试手段的确立和完善,都一改过去沉寂、从属的局面,开创出了一整套自具特色的独立系统,全国有六百多所大专院校采用《大学英语》教材,四级和六级统考正在赢得社会上愈来愈广泛的关注和承认,并引起了国际上的注目和反响。

学习英语,如同掌握其他学科一样,非常讲究方法。实际上,英语学习的关键在于词汇和语法。而增加词汇量是提高会话、阅读能力的关键。要想扩大、掌握一定的词汇量,必须要多实践,反复记。有道是:"熟能生巧(Practice makes perfect。)";"会用的词才算掌握的词(A word used is a word learned。)"。可见,运用的关键。只有把词汇反复地运用到具体的语言环境中,才能迅速、熟练地地掌握词汇。

《大学英语小句库》正是出于这种目的而编写的。本书的特色在于注重语言环境,融汇贯通,避免孤立或机械地记忆。我们知道,尽管各种词典给了每个单词或短语以释义,但他们的确切意思以及语势和神韵还是在句子之中,由上下文定夺。因此,一个词的生命在于句子。脱离了句子,脱离了上下文,一个单词或短语的意思就很难稳定,更难入脑记忆。

愿本书能成为大学师生学习英语的良师。

编者 1996年6月

使用说明

- 1. 词目用正黑体按字母顺序排列。词组及短语分别列在关键词目下,并用斜黑体。
- 2. 词条或义项中标有 [E] 都为初级词汇,标有 [I] 都为中级 (1—4) 级词汇,标有 [A] 都为高级 (5—6) 级词汇。
 - 3. 单词注有国际音标。
 - 4. 单词的词性,用英语缩写形式注出:
 - n. 名词
 - v. 动词

pron. 代词

num. 数量词

a. 形容词

ad. 副词

prep. 前置词

coni. 连接词

int. 感叹词

art. 冠词

- 5. 每一词目及词组(或短语)后附有简单的释义。
- 6. 每一词目及词组下设有简洁而具有代表性的例句。各例句用①②③……标出。
 - 7. 例句的顺序基本与义项相对应。
 - 8. 附录 1、2 供读者进一步扩展词汇及句子。

A

a/an (ei, ə/æn, ən) (E) art. 1. 一, 一个; 2. (一类事物中的) 任何一个; 3. prep. 每一

- ①There is a desk in the room. 房间里 有一张书桌。
- ②He is a good student in his class. 他 是他们班的一个好学生。
- ③The car can run 120 Li an hour. 这辆 轿车每小时能行驶 120 里。

abandon [ə'bændən] (I) v. 放弃, 抛弃

- ①She is obliged to abandon that idea. 他不得不放弃那个想法。
- ② In his early days he adandoned madicine for literature. 他早年弃医学文。
- ③Because his mother adviced, he abandoned an attempt. 由于他妈妈的功说,他放弃了尝试。

abandon oneself to 沉溺于,陷入

- ①Do not abandon yourself to pleasures. 不可一味享乐,
- ②Because her mother died, she abandoned herself to despair. 由于她妈妈的去逝,她陷入了绝望。
- ③Soon, she abandon herself to loving.
 不久,她陷入了爱河。

abbreviation [əˌbriːvi'eiʃən] (A) n. 节略,缩写

- ① 'Sept' is an abbreviation for 'September'. 'Sept' 是 September 的缩略 形式。
- ② 'GB' is the abbreviation of 'Great Britain'. 'GB' 是 'Great Britain' 的 缩略形式。
- ③ 'TV' is the abbreviation for 'television'. 'TV' 是 'television' 的缩略形式。

abide [ə'baid] (A) v. 遵守, 坚持

- ①He abides in sin. 他怙恶不悛。
- ②I abide by what I said. 我是言而有信的。

abide by 遵守 (法律、决定等)

- ①The rules were fixed, and we must abide by them. 规章定出来了,我们 就得遵守。
- ②You must abide by the promise. 你必须遵守诺言。
- ③You'll have to abide by the referee's decision. 你必须接受裁判的决定。

ability [ə'biliti] (E) n. 能力,智能,才能

- ①I don't doubt your ability to do the work. 我不怀疑你有能力担任这项工作。
- ②He is a man of great ability. 他是个 极有才智的人。

- ③We found him work more suited to hisabilities. 我们为他找到了更容易 发挥他才能的工作。
- able [eibl] (E) a. 有能力的,能干的
 - ①I haven't been able to go. 我没能去成。
 - ②We need an able worker. 我们需要一个能干的工人。
 - ③He is the ablest man I know. 他是我 所认识最有才干的人。

abnormal [æb'nɔ:məl] (I) a. 不正常的

- ①We must delay our journey because of the abnormal weather conditions. 由于天气反常,我们必须推迟旅行。
- ②I can't abide his abnormal behaviour. 我不能容忍他变态的行为。
- ③ They throw away abnormal specimens. 他们丢掉不正常的样品。

aboard [ə'bɔːd] (I) 1. ad. 在船(飞机,车)上; 2. prep. 在(船、飞机、车)上

- ①They went aboard the ship. 他们上了船。
- ②It's time to go aboard. 是上船(机、车)的时候了。
- ③He was already aboard the ship. 他已经上了船。

abolish [ə'bəliʃ] (A) v. 废除,取消

- ① Abraham Lincon abolished slavery in the United States. 亚伯拉罕·林肯废除了美国的奴隶制。
- ② Should the death penalty be abolished? 死刑该废除吗?
- ③ We should abolish some old customs. 我们应当废除一些旧的习俗。 about (ə'baut) (E) ad. 1. 在周围,附

近; 2. 大约, 差不多; 3. prep. 关于,

- 对于; 4. 在……周围, 在……附近
- ①It costs about £10. 它的价格约为 10 英磅。
- ②I am about ready. 我就要准备好了。
- ③She's somewhere about the place. 她 就在不远的地方。

all about 到处, 各处

- ①The country all about is covered with green. 四周的田野一片葱绿。
- ②The boys were rushing all about. 孩子们到处乱跑。
- ③There were books lying all about on the floor. 有些书散置在地板各处。

be about to (E) 正要, 将要

- ① We were about to leave when you telephoned. 我们正要离开, 你就打电话来了。
- ②He was about to start. 他即将动身。
- ③As I was about to say, when you interrupted me. 我正要说的时候, 你插嘴了。

above [ə'bʌv] (E) 1. prep. 在……上面,超过; 2. a. 上面的,上述的; 3. ad. 在上面

- ①The sun rose above the horizon. 太阳升到地平线之上。
- ②My bedroom is just above. 我的卧室 就在上面。
- ③A voice called down to us from above. 从上面传来呼叫我们的声音。

above all (E) 首先, 尤其

- ① Children need many things, but above all they need love. 孩子们需要许多东西,尤其是爱。
- ②He longs above all to see his family again. 他特别想再见到家人。

③What the bourgeoisie produces, above all, is its own gravediggers the proletariat. 资产阶级首先生产的 是它自身的掘墓人——无产阶级。

abroad [a'bro:d] 1. (I) ad. 国外,海外; 2. (A) 到处,传开

- ①They like travelling abroad. 他们喜欢到国外旅行。
- ② These people are visitors who have come from abroad. 这些人是从海外来的游客。
- ③There's a rumour abroad that he's a thief. 谣言四起,说他是个贼。

absence ['æbsəns] (I) n. 缺席, 不在场

- ①His repeated absence is worrying. 他 一再缺课令人担忧。
- ②It happened during your absence. 那 是在你不在的时候发生的。
- ③ In the absence of the manager I shall be in charge. 经理不在期间由我负责。

absent ['æbsənt] 1. (I) a. 缺席,不在场; 2. (A) a. 漫不经心

- ①He is always absent from school. 他 经常旷课。
- ②A good worker is never absent from work. 一个好工人从不旷工。
- ③We miss the absent friends.. 我们想 念现在不在此地的朋友们。
- ④ He looked at me in an absent way.
 他小不在焉地看着我。

absolute ['æbsəlu:t] (I) a. 绝对的,完全的

- ①That's absolute nonsense. 那纯粹是 一派胡言。
- 2A child usually has absolute trust in

- its mother. 小孩通常完全信任其母亲。
- ③It is an absolute fact. 那是绝对的事实。

absorb (A) v. 1. 吸收; 2. 吸引, 使 专心

- ①He is absorbed in his work. 他专心于工作
- ②Dry sand absorbs water. 干沙吸收水分。
- ③His business absorbs him. 他的业务 使他全神贯注。

abstract ['æbstrækt] (A) 1. a. 抽象的; 2. n. 摘要

- ①A flower is beautiful, but beauty itself is abstract. 花是美的,但美的本身是抽象的。
- ② please write an abstract of your paper. 请把你的论文写个摘要。
- ③ He has some abstract notion of wanting to change the world. 他有 一种抽象的想改变世界的意念。

absurd [əb'sə:d] (A) a. 荒唐的

- ①What an absurd suggestion! 多么荒 谬的一个建议!
- ②It was absurd of you to suggest such a thing, 你竟提议这样的一件事,真可笑。
- ③ That uniform makes them look absurd. 那种制服使他们看起来很滑稽。

abundant [ə'bʌndənt] (I) a. 丰富的,充分的

- ①We have abundant proof of his guilt. 我们有充分的证据证明他有罪。
- 2 This city has an abundant supply of

fruit. 这个城市有充裕的水果供应。

③He can offered abundant books. 他能 提供丰富的书籍。

abuse [ə'bju:z] 1. (I) v. 滥用, 虐待; 2. (A) v. 谩骂

- ①Don't abuse your authority. 不要滥用你的威信。
- ②She is a much abused wife. 她是一个 备受虐待的妻子。
- ③Don't abuse others. 不要谩骂别人。 academic (ˌækə'demik) (I) a. 学院的, 学术的
- ① He remembered his academic days fondly. 他深情地回忆起在大学念书的日子。
- ② He doesn't like studying the academic subjects. 他不喜欢学习学校 里的科目。
- ③ They are talking about academic questions. 他们正在讨论学术问题。
 accelerate (ək'seləreit) (I) v. 加速,促进
 - ①The bad weather accelerated our departure. 坏天气促使我们提前离开。
 - ② The car accelerated as it overtook me. 那辆车超我的车时加快了速度。
- ③ Our country should accelerate the rate of economic growth. 我们国家 应当加快经济增长率。

accent ['æksənt] (I) n. 1. 腔调, 口音; 2. 重音, 重音符号

- ①The old man speaks English with a foreign accent. 这个老人说英语带外国腔调。
- ②The word "American" has it's accent on the second syllable. American 这

个词的重音在第二个音节上。

③His voice has an American accent. 他 的声音有美国腔。

accept [ək'sept] (E) v. 接受, 认可

- ①The girl accepted many gifts on her birthday. 这个女孩在她生日那天收到许多礼物。
- ②The college I applied to has accepted me. 我申请的学校已经接受我了。
- ③I can't accept your apology. 我不能接受你的道歉。
- * acceptable [ək'septəbl] (I) a. 可接受的, 受到欢迎的
- ①Is the proposal acceptable to you? 你 认为这项建议值得接受吗?
- ②A cup of tea would be most acceptable. 来一杯茶将是最受欢迎的。
- ③The teacher's advice is acceptable to us. 老师的建议我们可以接受。
- * acceptance [əkˈseptəns] (I) n. 1. 接受, 领受; 验收; 2. 承认, 认可
 - ① Since we sent out the invitations we've received five acceptances and one refusal. 我们发出请柬后的回复是:5份接受1份拒绝。
 - ②The new laws gained widespread acceptance. 新法律得到广泛的赞同。
- ③She wants to gain the acceptance of her teacher. 她希望得到老师的认可。

acceptant [ək'septənt] (E) a. 愿接受的

- ①This opinion is acceptant to the students. 这个观点学生们是愿意接受的。
- ②This is an acceptant gift. 这是一个愿意接受的礼物。

- access ['ækses] 1. (I) n. 接近,进入; 2. (A) n. 入口,通路
 - ①The only access to the farmhouse is across the fields. 到达那农舍的唯一通路是穿过田间。
 - ②The village is easy of access. 很容易 进入那个村子。
 - ③You can easily get access to him. 你 很容易接近他。

have (gain, get) access to 有接触、进入,使用……的机会或权力

- ①Only a few people have access to the full facts of the case. 只有少数人接触到这问题的全部事实。
- ②He can get access to classified information. 他能接触到机密情报。
- ③Students must have access to a good library. 学生必须有机会利用完善的图书馆。
- * accessory (æk'sesəri) (A) n. 1. 同谋,帮凶; 2. 附件,附属品
- ①He was charged with being an accessory to murder. 他被指控是参与谋杀的从犯。
- ②The lamp is a bicycle accessory. 这个车灯是自行车的附件。
- ③Women don't want to be the accessories of men. 女人不想成为男人的附属品。

accident ['æksidənt] (E) n. l. 事故;

- 2. 意外的事, 偶然的事
 - ①His father was killed in a car accident. 他的父亲在车祸中丧生。
 - ②I had a slight accident at home and broke some crockery. 我家里发生点

③He's very late—I do hope he hasn't met with an accident, 他到现在还没 来—— 我真希望他不致发生意外。

by accident 偶然, 无意中

- ①She found the letter by accident. 她 偶然发现了那封信。
- ②I only found the money in the books by accident. 我只是偶然在书中发现 了钱。
- ③ He met with his friend by accident. 他偶然遇到了他的朋友。

by accident of 因……的机会,由于…… 方面的运气

- ①By accident of birth he was rich. 他 碰巧出生在富裕人家。
- ②By accident of birth he is entitled to British citizenship. 由于出生地的原因,他有权成为英国公民。

accidental [ˌæksiˈdentl] (E) a. 偶然的, 意外的

- ①We are talking about a verdict of accidental death. 我们正在谈论一次意外死亡的裁决。
- ②He can't forget an accidental meeting with his old friend. 他不能忘记与老朋友的一次偶然相遇。
- ③ He can face the accidental trouble. 他能够面对意外的困难。

accommodation [əˌkəməˈdeifən] (A) n. 住宿,膳宿

- ①Hotel accommodation is scarce. 旅馆 房间难找。
- ②The hospital has accommodations for 300 patients. 这所医院有三百张 病床。

3 The villiage offered accommodations

意外,打破了一些坛坛罐罐。

for visitors. 这个村子为来访者提供膳宿。

accompany [ə'kʌmpəni] (E) v. 1. 陪伴, 伴随; 2. 伴奏

- ①I must ask you to accompany me to the police station. 我必须请你陪我去警察局。
- ②He was accompanied on the expedition by his wife. 远征中他有妻子相伴随行。
- ③ The singer was accompanied on the piano by her sister. 那位歌唱家由她 姐姐钢琴伴奏。

accomplish [ə'kəmpli∫] (I) v. 完成

- ① He must be able to accomplish the task. 他一定能完成这项任务。
- ② He couldn't stop untill he accomplishes his purpose. 他不达目的不要休。
- ③I don't want to be a man who will never accomplish anything. 我不想成为一个永远一事无成的人。
- * accordance [ə'kɔːdəns] (I) n. 1. 一致; 2. 给予
 - ① She went to college in accordance with her father's wishes. 依照她父亲的意愿她上了大学。
 - ② We shouldn't always act in accordance with custom. 我们不应当老按照惯例办事。
 - ③Love is accordance to others. 爱是给予。

according [ə'kə:diŋ] (E) ad. 根据,按照

① Everyone contributes according as he is able. 人人都要根据自己的能

力做贡献。

②According to John you were in Edinburgh last week. 根据约翰所说,你上周在爱丁堡。

according to 按照, 依据

- ① According to the weather forecast we can expect snow tonight. 根据天气预报,今晚可能下雪。
- ② You've been in prison six times according to our records. 根据我们的记载你曾坐牢六次。
- ③Everything went according to plan.

 一切按计划进行。

accordingly [əˈkɔːdiŋli] (A) ad. 因此, 相应地

- ① I have told you what the situation is; you must act accordingly. 我已经向你讲明情况,你必须照此办理。
- ②We must ascertain the actual conditions and arrange accordingly. 我们必须了解具体情况,做出相应安排。
- ③The weather has changed suddenly, and we must alter our plans for rush harvesting accordingly. 天气突然变了,因而我们必须改变抢收计划。

account [ə'kaunt] (E) 1. n. 帐, 帐目; 2. v. 说明, 解释 (for)

- ① The accounts show a profit of £ 9000. 帐目上记有 9000 英镑的盈利。
- ②He could not account for his absence from classes. 他说不出缺课的原因。
- ③His illness accounts for his absence. 他因有病,所以缺席。

keep an account of 记录, 记载

1) He kept an account of all his daily

- activities. 他把他每天的活动都记录下来。
- ②The police kept an account of all the traffic accidents. 警察记录下所有交通事故。
- ③The writer keeps an account of many historic events. 这位作家记载了许多历史重大事件。

make (much) account of 看重, 重视

- ①He made much account of Comrade Li's suggestion. 他很重视老李同志 的建议。
- ②The man made much account of money. 这个人很看重金钱。
- ③ The manager made much account of the young man's ability. 经理很看重 这个年轻人的才能。

make little (或 light) account of 不大重 视,看轻

- ①This is not a matter to be made light account of. 这不是一件可以等闲视之的事情。
- ②You can't make little account of your enemy's power. 你不能轻视敌人的力量。
- ③ He failed because he made light account of the difficulty he confronted. 他的失败是由于他忽视了他所面临的困难。

on account of 因为,由于;为了

- ①That was on account of the lack of experience. 那是由于缺乏经验的缘故。
- ②I have come to see you on account of my son; he is very ill. 我来找你,是 为了我儿子的事情;他病得很厉害。

③We delayed our departure on account of the bad weather. 因为天气恶劣, 我们推迟了行期。

on all accounts(亦作 on every account)从 各方面考虑,无论如何,总之

- ①On all accounts you must do it. 无论 如何你一定要这样做。
- ②On every account you are wrong. 总 之是你错了。
- ③On all accounts the suggest is acceptable. 从各方面考虑,这个建议可以接受。

accumulate [əˈkjuːmjuleit] (A) v. 积累, 积蓄

- ①By buying ten books every month, he soon accumulated a library. 他每月 买十本书,不久就积聚了一批藏书。
- ②Dust soon accumulates if the rooms are not swept. 房间如果不打扫, 灰尘不久就堆积起来了。
- ③ By working hard you may accumulate a fortune. 努力工作你就可以积蓄一笔财产。

accurate ['ækjurit] (A) a. 准确的,精确的

- ①His description was accurate. 他的描述是准确的。
- ②Journalists are not always accurate. 新闻记者不总是准确无误的。
- ③Clocks in railway stations should be accurate. 火车站的钟应该准确。

accuse [ə'kju;z] (I) v. 1. 谴责; 2. 指控,告发

- ①The police accused him of murder. 警方告他谋杀。
- 2 The angry man gave her an accusing

look. 那发怒的人狠狠地瞪了她一眼。

③The judge asked the accused man to stand up. 法官要被告站起来。

accustomed [əˈkʌstəmd] (I) a. 惯常的, 习惯的

- ①He took his accustomed seat by the fire, 他坐在火炉边他常坐的座位上。
- ②I solved the problem by accustomed way. 我用惯常的方法解决了这个问题。
- ③ She likes buying food in the accustomed shop, 她喜欢到常去的商店里买食品。

accustomed to 习惯于

- ①He is accustomed to reading late. 他 习惯于夜读。
- ②I soon got accustomed to his strange ways. 不久我就对他的古怪的作风习以为常了。
- ③He quickly became accustomed to the local food. 他很快就吃惯了当地的饭菜。

ache [eik] (I) v./n. 疼痛,酸痛

- ①My body was all aches and pains. 我 全身疼痛。
- ②My head is aching. 我头痛。
- ③He has an ache in his chest. 他胸部疼痛。

ache for 想念,渴望

- ①Is she still aching for home? 她还在 想家吗?
- ②His heart ached for her. 他的心苦念 着她。
- ③He ached to be free. 他渴望自由。 achieve [ə'tʃiːv] (I) v. 1. 完成; 2. 达

到,达成,获得

- ① I've achieved only half of what I'd hoped to do. 我只完成了我希望完成的一半。
- ②He will never achieve anything, will not do anything successfully. 他永不会有所成就。
- ③He works so hard that he can achieve his purpose. 他工作这样努力, 一定能达到目的。

achievement [ə'tʃi;vmənt] (I) n. 1. 完成,达到; 2. 成就,成绩

- ①We are celebrating the achievement of his aims. 我们为他达到目的而庆祝。
- ②This is the greatest scientific achievement of the decade. 这是这十年中最伟大的科学成就。
- ③ The inventor was rewarded by the government for his scientific achievements. 该发明家由于他在科学上的成就受到政府的奖励。

acid ('æsid) (I) n. 酸

- ①Vinegar contains acetic acid. 醋含有醋酸。
- ②Some acids burn holes in wood. 有些 酸类物质能在木料上烧出洞来。

sulphuric acid 硫酸

- ① H₂SO₄ stands for sulphuric acid. H₂SO₄ 代表硫酸。
- acknowledge [ək'nɔlidʒ] (A) v. 1. 承认; 2. 致谢
 - ①He acknowledged it to be true. 他承 认那是真的、
 - ②He refused to acknowledge defeat. 他拒绝承认失败。

③We must not fail to acknowledge his services to the town. 我们必须感谢他对本市的贡献。

acquaintance [ə'kweintəns] (I) 1. 熟人;

- 2. 相识 ①He has some little acquaintance with
 - ①He has some little acquaintance with the Japanese language. 他略懂一点 日语。
 - ② He has a wide circle of acquaintances. 他交际甚广。
 - ③ She's an old acquaintance of mine. 她是我的一位老相识。

acquire [əˈkwaiə] (I) v. 取得, 获得

- ① Gradually they acquired experience in how to guide the work. 他们逐步取得了指导这项工作的经验。
- ②He has acquired a good command of English. 她英语学得很好。
- ③The Party soon acquired great influence among the working class. 不久 党在工人阶级中间就有了很大影响。 acre ('eikə) (A) n. 英亩
- ①There is a three-acre wood near the
- river. 小河旁有一片三英亩的森林。 ②This piece of land is five acre wide. 这片土地有五英亩。

across [ə'krəs] (E) ad./prep. 1. 横越, 横断; 2. 在……那边

- ①Can you swim across? 你能游到对岸 吗?
- ②I helped the blind man across. 我帮助盲人走过街。
- ③We leave Dover at ten and we should be across in France by midnight. 我 们 10 点钟离开多佛, 午夜就能到对 岸法国。

- act [ækt] (E) n. 1. 行为, 动作; 2. 行动, 举动; 3. 起作用; 4. n. 一幕;
- (I) 5. n. 法令,条例; 6. v. 表演
- ① This dreadful murder is surely the act of a madman. 这种可怕的谋杀一定是疯子干的。
- ②The time for talking is past; we must act at once. 空谈的时间已经过去,我们必须立即行动。
- ③ The brakes wouldn't act, so there was an accident. 煞车失灵,故发生车祸。
- ④The hero dies in Act 4, Scene 3. 男主人公在第四幕第三场死去。
- ③Parliament has passed an act, which makes such sports illegal. 议会通过了一条法令,规定这类运动不合法。
- ⑥ John is going to act tonight. 约翰将 在今晚演出。

act as 1. 担任, 充当; 2. 起作用

- ①A trained dog can act as a guide to a blind man. 经过训练的狗可以为盲人引路。
- ②I don't understand their language; you'll have to act as interpreter. 我 不懂他们的语言,你得当翻译。

act for 代理, 代表

- ① During the Minister's absence, the Vice Minister acted for him. 部长不在期间,由副部长代理。
- ②A solicitor acts for his clients. 律师 代表他的当事人。
- ③ During her illness her solicitor has been acting for her in her business affairs. 在她生病期间,她的商业事宜一直由她的律师代理。

put on an act [口] 1. 装腔; 2. 炫耀自己

- ①The woman put on quite a big act in order to get the job. 这女人为了得到这个职业而百般卖弄自己。
- ②She doesn't really mean it, she just puts on an act. 她并不是真有那个意思,只不过作作样子吧。

action ['æk∫ən] 1. (E) n. 行动,动作; 2. (A) n. 作用

- ①I only like films that have got plenty of action 我只喜欢动作片。
- ②The time has come for action. 采取 行动的时候到了。
- ③Let's study the action of the heart. 我们来研究心脏的功能。
- * activate ['ækfiveit] (A) v. 1. 使活动; 2. 使活化

The burglar alarm was activated by mistake. 由于失误,触响了防盗警报.器。

active ['æktiv] (I) a. 1. 活动的,活跃的,活跃的,活泼的; 2. 敏捷的,积极的,主动的

- ① Although he's quite old he's still very active. 尽管他已年迈, 但他仍 很活跃。
- ②He leads an active life. 他过着富有活力的生活。
- ③She takes an active part in local politics. 她积极参加当地的政治活动。

activity [æk'tiviti] (I) n. 活动

- ① His activities include tennis and painting. 他的活动包括网球和绘画。
- 2 Sailing is an activity I much enjoy.

航海是我很喜欢的活动。

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③He has many activities that take up his time when he's not working. 他有很多活动,把工作以外的时间都占满了。

actor ['æktə] (I) n. 男演员

- ①He hoped that he could become an actor. 他希望能成为一名演员。
- ②The handsome man is a famours actor. 这个英俊的男人是一个著名的演员。
- ③The girl married a actor. 这个女孩嫁给了一名演员。

actress ['æktris] (I) n. 女演员

- ①We don't think the actress is beautiful. 我们认为这名女演员不漂亮。
- ②His mother is an actress. 他的母亲 是名演员。
- ③They have seen the actress's act. 他们看过这名女演员的表演。

actual [ˈæktjuəl] (E) a. 实际的,现实 的

- ①What were his actual words? 他实际 讲过的话是什么?
- ② The actual cost was much higher than we had expected. 实际成本比我们预想的高得多。
- ③He looks younger than his wife, but in actual fact he's a lot older. 他看起 来比他妻子年轻,但事实上年长得 多。

actualize ['æktjuəlaiz] (E) v. 实行, 使现实化

- ①Can you actualize your plan? 你能实 行你的计划吗?
- 2 We are trying to actualize our ideas.

我们正努力把我们的想法变成现实。 * acute [ə'kju:t] (A) a. 1. 尖锐的; 2. 急性的,严重的

- ① Dogs have an acute sense of smell. 狗有敏锐的嗅觉。
- ②There was an acute lack of food. 严重缺乏食物。
- ③ Pneumonia is an acute disease, one that comes quickly to a turning-point. 肺炎是一种急性病。

A. D. 公元

1800 A. D. 公元 1800 年

adapt [ə'dæpt] (A) v. 1. 使适应, 使适合: 2. 改编, 改写

- ① This machine has been specially adapted for use under water. 这台 机器特别适于水下使用。
- ②These styles can be adapted to suit individual tastes. 这些式样可以加以更改,以适合个人的喜好。
- ③Difficult books are sometimes adapted for use in schools. 难的书籍有时被改写,以便适用于学校。

adapt from 根据……改写或改编

- ①This film is adpted from a novel. 这 部电影是根据小说改编的。
- ②The play has been adapted from the French. 这剧系由法文本编译而成。
- ③This novel has been adapted for radio from the Russion original. 这部 小说已由俄文原著改编成广播剧。

adapt oneself to 使自己适应 (某种环境),使自己习惯于(某事)

① It is not difficult for him to adapt himself to his new surroundings. 他 对适应新环境并不感到困难。

- ② She adapted herself quickly to the new climate. 她很快适应了新的气
- ③ We adapted ourselves to the hot weather, 我们适应了热天气。

add (æd) (E) v. 1. 加,加上; 2. 增加,增进 (to)

- ① Whisk the egg and then add the flour. 把蛋打匀后再加面粉。
- ②If you add 5 and 5, you get 10. 5 加 5 得 10。
- ③ He added his signature to the petition. 他在请愿书上添上他的签名。

add up to 总计,总数达

- ①The figures add up to 500. 总数达500。
- ②These numbers add up to 100. 这些数目总计为 100。

addition [ə'diʃən] (E) n. 加法,增加

- ①The sign + stands for addition. + 号代表加。
- ②They've just had an addition to the family, another child. 他们家里刚又增加了一口,一个小孩儿。
- ③ He will be a useful addition to the staff of the school, a useful new teacher. 他将是该校教员中新增加的有用的一员。

in addition (I) 另外, 还有

- ①During their stay in China, they visited a cotton mill. In addition they went to a seaside summer resort. 在华逗留期间,他们参观了一个棉纺厂,并游览了一个海滨避暑胜地。
- ②In addition there are six other applicants. 除外,另有六名申请人。

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