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高考英语 新课标专用

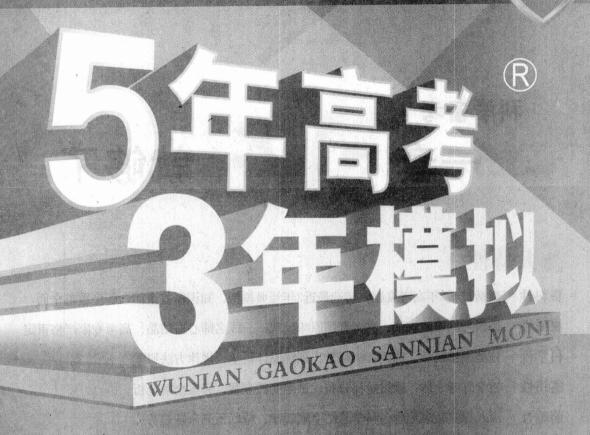
北京市特级教师徐克兴如此评价: 5·3实为高考科学备考领军之作,集学考之精粹,成名世之奇书,有助于迅速提高考试成绩。 北京市特级教师乔家瑞如此评价: 谁选用了5.3, 谁就选择了一条正确的复习道路; 谁选用了5.3,谁就掌握了科学的复习方法;谁选用了5.3,谁就会取得理想的高考成绩。







2011



高考英语

新课标专用

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轻轻地告诉你

Lingqing de gaosu ni

朋友, 我正看着你呢, 你也正看着我。

我不是一幅色彩缤纷、线条优美的画卷,也许不能让你感受生活的美妙、世界的神奇;

我不是一曲余音绕梁、三日不绝的仙乐,也许不能让你领悟高山的淳朴、流水的真挚。

我只是一行行前人的足迹, 引领你登上书山的峰顶;

我只是一句句殷切的叮咛, 提醒你拾起遗漏的点滴。

啊, 朋友!

其实,我是一页页在久久期待,期待着能与你晤谈的文字。

我给予你的, 是需要你辛勤劳作的土地。

我爱你,我对所有的学子充满敬意:你最辛苦,因此你也最美丽。

我爱你,你的勤奋、刻苦、拼搏、进取,将成为我永久的记忆。

我想对你说,拥抱明天,需要你学会做人、学会学习、学会生存,也需要你付出百倍努力,学会考试!

我想对你说,考试就意味着竞争,考试就意味着较量,考试就意味着选拔,考试就意味着优胜劣 汰。考试需要有健康的体魄和挺拔的心理,考试更需要有坚韧的毅力和顽强的斗志。

我想对你说,我可能有点丑陋,只是一本毫无表情的普普通通的书,但我的字里行间,流淌着无数老师的良苦,蕴蓄着无数专家学者的睿智。

- ◆ 五年高考 这是多少命题专家的心血啊,这是多少命题学者的汗滴。这是智慧的结晶,这是精心的设计,这是苦心的创作,这是优美的诗句。洞悉高考试题及命题规律就等于抓住了上帝的一只手,就等于揭开了上帝手中的谜底!
- ★ 解读探究 这是对考纲最权威的解读,这是对命题最深入的探究,明确高考方向,掌握高考规律,科学备考,事半功倍。
- ◆ 知识清单 这是千万老教师的经验,这是无数成功者的累积。这是最系统的归纳,这是最科学的设计。你要记死,不要死记。
- ◆ 三年模拟 这是一线教师团结起来跟命题人的较量,是命题人不得不阅读的重要信息,也是 命题人灵感的发源地。你要精心地去练习,探索个中就里。

Lingqing de gaosu ni

◆ 智力背景 这是知识的拓展,这是能力的延伸,这是智慧的加油站,这是高考的动力臂。如果拥有这个支点,你将会拥有解决所有问题的妙计。

我想对你说,我正迫不及待地走向你。因为你拥有了我,我就拥有了你。你拥有了我,你就多了一份慰藉;我拥有了你,我就多了一份欣喜。

我想对你说,请把我介绍给所有认识你的人,你的成功,你的终生受益是我的唯一。

我想对你说,我虽不是什么"灵丹妙药",但如果你掌握了我给你讲的应试技巧,你确能"妙手回春"。

我虽不是什么"金钥匙",却能开启你通往理想王国的大门。

我虽不是什么"救生符",却是你在短时间内走向成功的阶梯。

我想对你说,军号已经吹响,钢枪正需擦亮,高考正向你走来,东方已露出曙光。时间,不允许你再犹豫;空间,不允许你再逃避。

你和所有人一样都站在同一条起跑线上,既然,天才不常有,蠢材也罕见,既然,智慧就在你的 脑袋里,那么,面对高考,你只有充满自信和乐观,决不能留下遗憾和叹息。

我想对你说,不再回头的,不只是那古老的辰光,也不只是那些个夜晚的群星和月亮,还有你的 青春。青春,这是上帝赋予你的无限高贵的礼品,青春充满着力量、信心和希冀。

请把烦恼和无奈抛给昨天,面对挑战,无论是输是赢,你都须全身心地投入,向着既定的目标冲刺!

我想轻轻地告诉你, 所有的人, 都在祝福着你。

你向上看,上面写着,我永远祝福你;你向后看,后面写着,我永远祝福你。这一点毫不怀疑。 朋友,你正看着我呢,我也正看着你。

诚聘优秀作者 诚征优秀书稿

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(not) at all (90)	in question (301)
have/gain/win an advantage over (96)	insist on(doing sth.) (307)
as a result(of) (104)	lose heart (316)
at first sight ····· (111)	make yourself at home (325)
addto (117)	on account of (335)
after all (120)	if only (343)



第一部分 英语知识运用

第一节 单项填空 专题一 冠词

日年高考

A	组 2010 年全国高	考题组			ā		
1.	(2010 山东,22)If we sit near	front of the bus, we'll have	5. (20)10 浙江.	(2) Many lifesty	le patterns do su	chgreat harm
	better view.	,	to h	ealth that	t they actually s	peed up	weakening of the hu-
	A. 不填;the	B. 不填;a	man	body.			
	C. the; a	D. the; the	А. а	ι;/		B./;the	
2.	(2010 北京,35)First impressi	ons are the most lasting. After all,	С. а	;the		D./;/	
	you never getsecond cl	nance to makefirst impres-	6. (20	110 辽宁	,22)There are	over 58,000 roc	ky objects in
	sion.		spac	ce, about	900 of which co	ould fall down on	toearth.
	A. a;the	B. the; the	A. t	he;the		B. 不填;the	
	C. a;a	D. the; a	C. t	he;不填		D. a; the	
		ere are greatly impressed by the fact	7. (20	10 四川.	,2)Inn	nost countries, a	university degree car
	that people from all w	alks of life are working hard for	give	you	_flying start i	in life.	
	new Jiangsu.	<u>.</u>		he;a		B. the;不填	•
		B. 不填;the	C. 7	不填;不均	į	D. 不填;a	
		D. the; the					price; there is no
		od feeling for people to admire the	sucl	h	thing as a free l	unch in the world	d.
	Shanghai World Expo that gives		Α. ε	ı;a		B. the;/	
	_	B. a,不填	C. t	he;a		D. a;/	
	C. the, a	D. a, the					
		· 新课标地区高考题组				±	
		expectbluer sky unless we	6 . (20	009 江西.	.25)Some peop	le fear that	air pollution may
	createless polluted worl					weather around	
		C. the; a D. the; the				C. an; the	
		cinema—that'll take your					uldn't be there to re
	mind off the problem for			e			
		C. a; the D. a; a			alan-	C. a; the	D. the; the
		erienced heaviest rainfall in					by China have wor
٥.	month of May.	100000					comepopula
		C. the; the D. the; a	nam		····		
		tand what the engineer means, but			B. /:a	C. /:the	D. the:a
	I've gotrough idea of						blue whale, which
	A. the; a B./; the						ht of9-story

智力背景

B. a;a

5. (2009 四川,14) In order to find

study __

A. the; a

The Way to Achieve Success

C. the; the

second foreign language.

Many people say that they owe much of success to the cultivation of certain good habits in early life. In forming good habits, I think we should pay attention to four things, that is honesty, industry, enthusiasm, and thrift.

building.

A. the; the

B. a;a

10. (2009 全国 II, 14) What I need is

__better job, he decided to

D. a; the

"Honesty is the best policy." This is a proverb to which we must pay attention. There are so many temptations in society that through a little carelessness we may be go astray. But when we are honest, people will not be dishonest to us.



book that contains

D. the; a

C. a; the

•)	_
1		
1	1	
١.		
		72

A	BC of oil painting.		24	21. (2007 全国 II,19)—Could you tell me the way toJohn
A. a;/	B. the;/	C. the; an	D. a; the	sons, please?
11.(2008 山	东,21) Students:	should be enco	uraged to use	-Sorry, we don't haveJohnson here in the village.
Internet a	sresource.		*	A. the; the B. the; a C./; the D. the;/
A./;a	B./;the	C. the; the	D. the; a	22. (2007 天津,3) I wanted to catchearly train, but couldn'
12. (2008 iI	苏,21) We wer	nt right round	to the west coast by	getride to the station.
se	a instead of drivin	g across	continent.	A. an; the B./; the C. an; D. the; a
A. the; the	e B./;the	C. the;/	D./;/	23. (2007 辽宁, 21) Christmas is special holiday when
13.(2008全	国川,8) It's not _	good idea	to drive for four hours	whole family are supposed to get together.
without	_break.	E		A. the; the B. a; a C. the; a D. a; the
A. a;a	B. the; a	C. the; the	D. a; the	24. (2007 北京,22) I looked under bed and found
				book I lost last week.
	pular means of tra		,	A. the; a B. the; the C./; the D. the;/
A. a; the	B./;a	C. the; a	D. the; the	25. (2007 福建,22)—How about Christmas evening party?
15. (2008 江	西,30)—I am so		ome late for the meet-	—I should say it was success.
ing.			, 3	A. a; a B. the; a C. a; / D. the; /
—It is no	t your fault. With	rush-ho	ur traffic and	26. (2007 浙江,4) I likecolor of your skirt. It isgood
	i, it is no wonder			match for your blouse.
A. a; a	B. the; the	C./;/	D./;a	A. a; the B. a; a C. the; a D. the; the
			_ news? The price of	27. (2006 山东, 21) For him stage is just means o
	trol is going up as		•	making a living.
			D./;/	A. a; a B. the; a C. the; the D. a; the
			hile I was waiting for	28. (2006 辽宁,21) Of all reasons for my decision to become
20				a university professor, my father's advice was most impor
	B. the; the	C. a;the	D. a;a	tant one.
			go forwalk,	A. the; a B./; a C./; the D. the; the
	t think I've got		,	29. (2006 全国 II, 19) I know you don't like music ver
	B. the; the		D. a; the	much. But what do you think of music in the film we saw
			last all day, so bring	yesterday?
	cked lunch.	•		A./;/ B. the; the C. the;/ D./; the
	B. The;/	C. The; a	D. A;/	30. (2006 海南,宁夏,全国 I,30)—Hello, could I speak to Mr.
			believe that	Smith?
	ing Olympic Game	\ <u>-</u>		-Sorry, wrong number. There isn't Mr. Smith here.
	B. the;/			A. / B. a C. the D. one
•		,	· · · · · ·	
1	□ 夏 秦	* * * * *	* * * * 解倒	









- 1. 名词前不定冠词 a, an 的选用;
- 2. 不用冠词,即零冠词的特殊情况;
- 3. 对冠词与主谓一致的考查;
- 4. 定冠词与形容词、分词连用表一类人;
- 5. 冠词与姓氏的连用;
- 6. 有无冠词的意义及区别;
- 7. 冠词与 such, so, how, what 等词连用时的位置关系。

1. 五年高考有关冠词考点分布表

点	泛指/	特指/	习语	抽象名词	专有名词前的
年份题量	类指	专指	刁垣	具体化	冠词问题及其他
2006	5	7	1	1	2
2007	7	7	4	2	2
2008	8	7	5	0	0



Industry gives every man and woman, every boy and girl, proper work to do. To do nothing is going to ruin

Enthusiasm is a great force. One's soul will expand if one devotes oneself to a noble cause. The difficulties in our way are tremendous, but what can we not accomplish, if with enthusiasm?

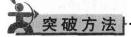
2009	8	4	3	0	4
2010	7	2	6	0	1
合计	35	27	19	3	9

- 2. 近五年高考重点考查冠词的基本用法,对冠词表泛指、特指的考查占对冠词考查总题量的 63%,这反映了近五年高考"回归基础"的特点。
- 3. 对冠词的习惯用法的考查仍然是近五年高考的考查重点 之一(如:2010 辽宁,22)。
- 4. 冠词的活用问题仍是近五年高考的难点。如:2010 山东第 22 小题,2010 四川第 2 小题考查了形容词比较级、最高级前的冠词问题;2010 北京第 35 小题考查了序数词前加不定冠词或定冠词的区别。



2011 年高考将继续把冠词表泛指或特指的用法作为考查重

点,而冠词的活用,如序数词前加不定冠词或定冠词等用法,仍会成为2011年高考考查的难点。



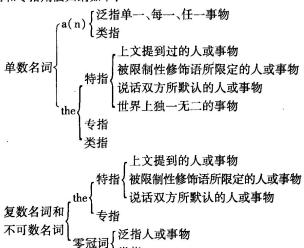
- 1. 备考过程中,应充分重视对最基本的冠词知识的掌握理解,同时注意冠词的活用问题。
- 2. 冠词的用法庞杂,学习时要把握其关键:弄清句子中的单数名词、复数名词和不可数名词;弄清泛指、特指、类指、专指概念。
- 3. 做题时首先搞清名词是单数还是复数,是特指还是泛指, 注意复数名词、不可数名词表泛指时前面不用任何冠词,单数可 数名词前需加冠词。
- 4. 要注意高考中所考查的冠词的用法往往要放在语境中去考虑,复习时要注意冠词的特殊用法,如序数词前用 a/an 表示"又一"、"再一";a 用在 most 前, most 等于 very 等知识点。只有做好充分的准备,才能从容不迫地去应对高考。

知识清单

常考点清单一 冠词用法概述

一、冠词的泛指、特指、类指、专指

泛指是指首次提到的,不限定的人或事物。特指是指在上文已提到的人或事物,或是指被限制性修饰语在其后加以限定的人或事物,也可以是指说话双方心目中所默认的特定的人或事物。类指是指具有共同性质或典型特征的事物的一个类别。专指是指类别中的一员或一部分具体事物。冠词的泛指、特指、类指和专指用法归纳如下:



二、普通名词前使用冠词的类指用法

- 1. 在"a/an + 单数名词""the + 单数名词""零冠词 + 复数名词/不可数名词"中,所用冠词都可表类指,但也有细微区别:
- (1)"the + 单数名词"指的是整个类别,这个类别是可以区别于另一个类别的。如:

The car goes faster than the bike.

汽车比自行车跑得快。

(2)"a/an + 单数名词"侧重于指类别中任何一个的特点。如:

A tiger is a type of very large fierce wild cat that has yellow fur with black bands across.

老虎是一种毛皮为黄色,全身长满黑色条纹,形体很大的凶猛的野生猫科动物。

(3)"零冠词+复数名词/不可数名词"侧重指类别中的许多 个体。如:

Farmers are busy in autumn.

农民们在秋天很忙。

(4) 在使用冠词时要根据所要表达内容的具体情况而 定。如:

The tiger is in danger of becoming extinct.

老虎正面临着灭绝的危险。

(不能说: A tiger is in danger of becoming extinct. 因为濒临灭绝指的是整个虎类,而不是任何一只虎面临灭绝的危险。)

[题组训练] 冠词填空:

①Alexander Graham Bell invented _____telephone in 1876.

②____K(k) nowledge is power.

2. the + 形容词或分词有时也可表类指。如:

the wounded 伤员

the dying 垂死的人

the unknown 未知的事物

the deaf 聋子

the young 青年人

the old 老人

the living 生者

the dead 死者

智力背景

There are many proverbs which set forth the advantages of thrift. Since we live in the world where "money is a very powerful thing", we should always try to save a portion of our earnings for future use.

These are the four things to which we must pay attention. It is only in this way that we can achieve success.





3. 民族词汇前的冠词类指用法是在复数民族词汇前加 the。如:

The Chinese are hard-working. 中国人民是勤劳的。

有些民族词汇有两种复数形式,如: English, Englishmen; French, Frenchmen 等。在这种情况下, the English 表类指, the Englishmen 既可表类指,又可表专指。如:

The French/Frenchmen are romantic.

法国人很浪漫。(类指)

The Frenchmen are playing tennis now.
那些法国人现在正在打网球。(专指)
[题组训练] 完成下列句子:

3 ____use a knife and fork in their meals.

英国人吃饭时使用刀叉。(类指)

4 _____in the dining hall are having supper now.

餐厅里的英国人现在正在吃晚餐。(专指)

常考点清单二 冠词的基本用法

—	、不	定冠	词:	的儿	用	法

1. 不定冠词有 a, an 两种形式, 当紧跟着冠词的第一个音素为辅音音素(注意: 不是辅音字母) 时用 a; 当紧跟着冠词的第一个音素为元音音素(注意: 不是元音字母) 时用 an。如:

a university, a useful animal, a one-eyed dog, a European car, an hour, an honest boy, an X-ray, an ugly man, an honor 等。

Γ	题组训	红门	왕권	埴容	
-	THE STEP WITH	=# 1	THE LIFE	1411	۰

①I earn	10	dollars	hour	as	supermarket	cashier
on Saturdays.						

②The teacher asked us to write _____800-word-long composition.

2. 表示 one, the same, a certain 或 every 的意思。如:

They are of an age. (= the. same)

他们年龄相同。

I will return in a day or two. (= one or two days)

我将在一两天内回来。

Hi, John. A Mr. Smith is waiting for you outside. (= a certain)

嗨,约翰。有个史密斯先生正在外面等你呢。

[题组训练] 冠词填空:

3There's	dictionary or	ıdesk	by	your	side.
0			-		

- (4) I know _____ John Lennon, but not _____ one you know.
- They are twins, so they are of ____age.
- 3. 有些不可数名词如 knowledge, collection, understanding 等是由其动词转化而来的,它们后面加 of...时,前面需用不定冠词a/an。

[题组训练] 冠词填空:

6 Не	haa	fine	collection	ot	maintings
Office	nas	mine	conection	ÓΤ	pammings.

- Their affair is ____public knowledge.
- (8) You need ____specialized knowledge to do this job.
- 4. 与不定冠词连用的习语。如:

have a cold; have a good/happy time; have a gift for; have a word with; in a hurry; once in a while; at a loss; for a while; once upon a time; all of a sudden; with a score of; at a distance(保持一定距离); have a population of; a waste of; a matter of; have/take a rest; have a holiday; get a lift/ride; go on a diet 等。如:

This picture looks beautiful at a distance.

保持一定距离,这幅画看上去很漂亮。

Tom, I want to have a talk with you.

汤姆,我想和你谈谈。

[题组训练] 冠词填空:

9	I don't	want	to	have	words	with	you.	I	prefer	to	have	
word w	ith vou	2										

10	W(w) ord	came	that	the	president	would	inspect
them.							

The power supply was cut off. All of ____sudden, the lights went out.

(2) China has _____rather larger population than Canada.

(3) I will be back in _____ matter of hours. After all, what you have just mentioned is not _____ matter of life and death.

5. 不定冠词的特殊位置

quite/rather + a/an(+ adj.) + 单数名词; what/such/half + a/an + 单数名词; so/as/too/how/however + adj. + a/an + 单数名词; many a/an + 单数名词; not a/an + 单数名词。如:

He is quite a kind guy.

他是一个相当好的人。

He is as great a man as ever lived.

他和从前的任何一个伟人一样伟大。

However clever a student he is, he should follow the teacher's instructions now.

无论他是一个多么聪明的学生,他现在都要听老师的话。

[题组训练] 句型转换:

(4) What an interesting book I have read!

_____book I have read!

This dress is twice as expensive as that one.

This is twice ____ _ dress as that one.

In That was a quite extraordinary experience.

That was _____ experience.

二、定冠词的用法

1. 用在姓氏复数前,表一家人。如:

The Greens are at table. 格林一家在吃饭。

The Chens are going to move to Langfang.

姓陈的一家要搬到廊坊去。

2. 用在年代、朝代名词及逢十的数词(表某个年代)前。如: the Tang Dynasty 唐朝; the Spring and Autumn Period 春秋时期; in the 1990's 在 20 世纪 90 年代

3. 用在表量度单位的名词前,表示"每一"。如:

I have hired the car by the hour.

我已按小时租了这辆车。

智力背景



On Test and Test Taking

The purpose of a test is to check how much we students have learned about a subject. It not only helps make our newly acquired knowledge permanent, but also enables us to find out what needs to take more time to improve. But some students do not deal with tests correctly. Some of them are afraid of failing in a test. They cheat even at the risk of being caught on exams.

Eggs are sold by the dozen.	The likes to talk on the phone while I prefer writing
鸡蛋论打卖。	letters.
[题组训练] 冠词填空:	22 Water is changed intosteam by heat and into
The diet is measured in calories, while the food is sold	ice by cold.
bypound.	23W(w) ater in the well is sweet.
®The cost of this product is calculated byweight.	2. 请牢记以下用零冠词的口诀:
4. 句型"动词 + sb. + 介词 + the + 身体某一部位"中的 the 不	零冠词用法口诀是:月、季、星期、节假、洲,称呼语、头衔、职
可用人称/物主代词代替。如:	务前;三餐、球类、惯用语,学科、棋类名词前。但这种用法是相
take sb. by the arm 抓某人的胳膊	对而言的,在不同的句子中,可能会用到不定冠词或定冠词。因
hit sb. in the face 打某人的脸	此,用哪种冠词要视情况而定。如:
此外,在 be red in the face(脸红), be lame in the right leg(右	Autumn is the harvest season.
腿瘸), be blind in the eye(眼瞎)等结构中,名词前也要用 the。	秋季是收获的季节。
5. 用在某些固定词组中。如:	The organization was founded in the spring of (the year) 2010.
make the most/best of (充分利用); in the daytime; in the end;	这个组织是在 2010 年春天成立的。
in the habit of; not in the least (= not at all); in the distance; in the	[题组训练] 英译汉:
way(挡路); on the whole(总之); on the right/left; on the one	②Young man as he is, he has seen much of the world.
hand, on the other hand; at the same time; at the moment; go to	
the cinema/theatre; go to the doctor's; the other day (= a few days	Diligent student as he was, he didn't pass the exam.
ago); for the time being(暂时); on the radio/phone(通过无线电/	, ,
电话); on the spot; to tell (you) the truth; by the way; to the public	5. 在独立主格结构的某一形式中。如:
「題组训练」 冠词填空:	The teacher came in, book in hand(= with a book in his hand/
Many people are still in habit of writing silly things in	holding a book in his hand/a book held in his hand).
public places.	老师进来了,手里拿着一本书。
20He was hit by a falling tree and killed onspot.	6. 用在某些固定短语中。如:
6. 定冠词的特殊位置:在名词词组中,定冠词一般放在最前	pen and ink(笔墨); master and servant(主仆); at noon/dawn/
面,但名词词组中如果有 exactly, just, half, double, twice, all, both,	daybreak/dusk/night/midnight; on second thoughts; no such boy; come
of 等修饰时,定冠词要放在这些词后面。如:	to light; come to power (= take office); give birth to; in case of; come/
exactly the same color 完全相同的颜色	rank first; out of work/order/control/date/patience/mind/money/ques-
just the right place 就是这个地方	tion/reach/breath/danger; in use/danger/public; ahead of time; in debt;
half the story 故事的一半	under repair; day and night; husband and wife; father and son; sun and
double the amount 双倍的数量	moon; side by side; shoulder to shoulder; from morning till night; hand in
三、零冠词的用法	hand; by weight; by mistake; in place of; by law; on board; at war; every
1. 不可数名词、复数名词表泛指,用零冠词。如:	few days; catch fire; face to face; for certain
Father went to his doctor for advice about his heart trouble.	[题组训练] 冠词填空:
父亲去了医生那里寻求关于他的心脏病的建议。	
Horses are useful animals.	dares to make a speech topublic.
马是有用的动物。	The little girl is very happy,flower onhead.
[题组训练] 冠词填空:	②He turned politician many years ago.
易混点清单	冠词的活用
一、抽象名词具体化时,被具体化的名词可能会与 a/an 连	His new book was a great success.
用。如:	他的新书获得了巨大的成功。
a heavy rain 一场大雨	Oh, John. What a pleasant surprise you gave us!
a surprise 一件意外的事	噢,约翰,你给了我们一个多么大的惊喜呀!
a pleasure 一件乐事	[题组训练] 冠词填空:
a success/failure 一个/件成功的/失败的人/事	①I didn't think my chances ofsuccess were very good.
a pressure 一种压力	②The gift came ascomplete surprise to me.
a concern 一件令人关切的事	3He expressedsurprise that no one had offered to help.
an unforgettable experience 一次难忘的经历	40f her plays, three were successes and one wasfail-
	G == 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
智力背景	

Though cheating might give one "better grades", it adds nothing to one's knowledge. This dishonest behavior will do us students more harm than good.

I think that we go to school in order to have our further studies, and prepare us to be qualified for the future job. Therefore, we should take a correct attitude towards tests. As long as we study diligently and review our lessons regularly, we are sure that tests will serve their real purposes.





ure.

二、形容词比较级前用定冠词表示"两者当中较·····的",而形容词比较级前用不定冠词,表示"再/更·····"。 most 前用定冠词表示"三者或三者以上中最·····的", most 前用不定冠词,并无比较含义,而是等于 very。如:

Which is the larger country, Canada or Australia?

加拿大和澳大利亚,哪个国家更大?

It is a most useful book. (a very useful)

那是一本非常有用的书。

[题组训练] 冠词填空:

(5) This pair of shoes is not fit for me. Would you show me bigger pair?

6He is _____most diligent student in his class.

The first of there were no examinations, we should have ____ much happier time at school.

三、"the + 序数词"表排序,"a/an + 序数词"不表示排序, 而表"又一、再一";序数词修饰动词时,不必与冠词连用。如:

Can you give me a second chance, please? (another chance) 请再给我一次机会好吗?

He was only 5 years old when I first saw him. (adv.)

当我第一次见到他时,他只有5岁。

四、表示世界上独一无二的事物的名词,前面一般加定冠词,但如果此类名词有修饰成分,也可加 a/an。如:

the moon 月球:a full moon 一轮满月

五、牢记高考中常见的纯不可数名词,它们是:weather,fun, space(太空),advice,word(=news),progress,information,news,以上不可数名词永远不能与不定冠词连用。如:

Beyond the stars, the astronaut saw nothing but space.

除了星星,宇航员只看见太空,看不到别的东西。

六、西洋乐器名称前往往用定冠词,但是当此类名词用作普通名词时,可以与不定冠词连用。此外,中国乐器名称前不用冠词。如:

play the piano; play the violin; play erhu(二胡)

He is playing a borrowed violin.

他正在拉一把借来的小提琴。

七、专有名词前冠词的用法比较复杂,但一般情况下,不含普通名词的纯专有名词前不用冠词,如:Beijing, New York 等。但是:

1. 在江河、湖泊、海洋、山脉、群岛、海峡、海湾、运河前用 the。如:

the Changjiang River 长江

the Hudson River 哈得逊河

the West Lake 西湖

2. 在由普通名词构成的专有名词前用 the。如:

the Great Wall 长城 the Summer Palace 颐和园

3. 有一些地名,如果是以纯专有名词开头的,一般不用冠

词,但如果是以普通名词开头的,一般用定冠词。如: Beijing University 北京大学,但也可说 the university of Beijing。

八、有无冠词的区别

「go to school 去上学

l go to the school 到学校去(不一定是去上学)

[go to/be at church 去做礼拜/在做礼拜

lgo to/be at the church 去/在教堂(不一定是做礼拜)

fgo to bed 就寝,上床睡觉

lgo to the bed 向床走去,走到床前(不一定是去睡觉)

「go to sea 出海(是海员)

lgo to the sea 去海边(不一定是海员)

fbe in hospital 在住院

be in the hospital 在医院里(不一定是病人)

[be in prison 在坐牢

be in the prison 在监狱(不一定是犯人)

fin front of 在 (外部)的前面

lin the front of 在……(内部)的前面

sit at table 吃饭

l sit at the table 坐在桌旁(不一定是吃饭)

[by day 在白天

l by the day 按天计算

[take place 发生

take the place of 代替

[in possession of sth. 拥有某物

lin the possession of sb. 为某人所拥有

[in sight of 能看见

lin the sight of 据……的见解

∫in place of 代替

in the place of 在……的地方

ſin future 今后

lin the future 将来

ʃtake advice 征求意见

ltake the advice 听从劝告

[He is still in office. 他仍在执政。

He is still in the office. 他仍在办公室里。

(She is in class. 她在上课。

She is in the class. 她在那个班里。

There is still some food in store. 食物尚有储存。

l There is still some food in the store. 仓库里还有些食物。

It is out of question. 那是毫无疑问的。

(相当于 beyond question)

It is out of the question. 那是根本不可能的。

[[](相当于 impossible)

[He is in charge of the factory. 他负责这个工厂。

The factory is in the charge of him. 这个工厂由他负责。

智力背景



The Dictionary

The dictionary is a living teacher. Whenever you come across a new word, just consult it and you will get a clear definition. Every student, whether attending school or self-taught, should always have a dictionary at hand. As a study aid, it is convenient, inexpensive and almost omniscient (无所不知的).

A	组 20	008—2010	年模拟探究	究专项基础测试				
1.	(2010 山东	烟台模拟) Why	not buy him _	MP4 as			C./;/	
	birthday pro	esent since he like	es music?	v.	11. (2009 福建	泉州质检) We	all know that $_$	man is the only
	A. an; the	B. the; the	C. an;a	D. a;a	creature tha	t has developed	power of	speech.
2.	(2010 太月	原五中模拟)	theme of t	the Shanghai Expo is	A./;the	B. the; the	C./;a	D. the; a
	"Better city	y, better life". It w	ill send	message to people a-	12. (2009 河北	:唐山一次调研) It is well-know	n to us all that knowl-
		vorld to care about			edge is	treasure, but	practice is	key to it.
	A./;a	B. The; a	C. A;/	D. /; the	A. a;/	B. a; the	C. the; the	D./;the
3.	(2010 安徽	(江南十校模拟)	Chile has experi	iencednumber	13. (2009 河南	驻马店二次质	检) As we know	,Stephen Hawking is
	of big quak	es over its history	, including	most powerful one	ma	ın of great ach	ievement, who	is considered one of
		d that occurred in			grea	test scientists of	our time.	
	A./;a	B. the; a	C. the; the	D. a; the	A. the; the	B. the;/	C. a; the	D. a;/
4.	(2010 全国	大联考)—What	do you know al	bout Vancouver?	14. (2008 福建	!顺昌高三模:	以) It's well-kno	wn thatyear
	—It's	host city of the	2010 Winter 0	Olympic Games, and it	2006 saw m	any developme	nts inso	ience and technology
	is also hom	e to North America	a's secon	nd biggest Chinatown.	with those is	n the field of sp	ace science being	g particularly notable.
	A. the;/	B. the; the	C. a;/	D. a; the	A./;/	B. the;/	C. the; the	D./;the
5.	(2010 湖北	发展的模拟)The fa	amous sports sta	ar, who is also	15. (2008 济南	高三质检) Cui	Jianping, who g	gave his life to save a
				huge fortune.	girl in Ame	rica ten years a	go, wash	onor to our school. A
	A. /; the	B. a;a	C./;/	D. the; the			year in	
6.	(2010 高考	έ预测卷)To this ϵ	end, an all-roun	d, balanced and effec-	A. an; the	B. an;/	C. the; the	D./;/
	tive reform	of the internationa	al system is thu	must to pre-	16. (2008 江苏	常州高三统考)Olympi	c Marathon is 26 mi-
		future repeat.			les and 385	yards,c	listance from Ma	rathon to Athens.
	A. the; the	B. a; the	C. a;a	D. the; a	A. The; the	B./;a	C. An;a	D./;the
7.	(2010 湖南	ī师大附中)We ≀	all hold	belief that those who	17. (2008 山东	实验中学高三	模拟) It's clear t	hatlittle mon-
	have	wonderful sense	of humor are m	ore popular.	ey he earns	can hardly sup	portfami	ly as large as his.
	A. the; a	B./;/	C. the;/	D. a; the	A. the; a	B. a; the	C./;a	D. /; the
8.	(2010 江西	六校联考)The d	river was at	loss when	18. (2008 山东	青岛模拟) It	is still believed	thatgraduate
	word came	that he was forbid	den to drive for	speeding.	from	well-known un	iversity is more l	ikely to find a job.
	A. a; the	B. /;/	C. the; the	D. a;/	A. a; a	B. a; the	C. the; a	D. the; the
9.	(2009 山东	維坊一模)	global finan	icial crisis is	19. (2008 天津	南开中学模拟) The party last	night wassuc-
	challenge fe	or the whole world	. Confidence, co	operation and respon-	cess. We sa	ng and danced	until it came to	end at 12:00.
	sibility are	keys to overcomin	g the crisis.		A. a; an	B. a; the	C. the; an	D. /; an
	A. A; the	B. A;a	C. The; the	D. The; a	20. (2008 南京	金陵中学质检) Tom, Jack and	Rose were named as
10	. (2009 山	东外国语学校统约	东) Some resear	chers are finding that	assistant pro	ofessors, Believe	it or not,	three of them were of
	daydreami	ng may be importe	ant ton	nental health. Daydre-	age.			
	aming, the	y say, isgo	ood means of re	laxation.	A. /; an	B./;the	C. the; an	D. the; the
В	组 20	0082010	年模拟探究	究专项提升测试				
1.	(2010 山东	青岛一模)I was	told that	10:15 flight would	classroom wh	nen, all of	_sudden, the lig	hts went out.
		Shanghai in time to			A. /;/	B. a; the	C. the; a	D. the;/
	A. the;/	B. the; a	C. a; the	D./;the	3. (2010 江西道	重点中学二模)	My mother asked	l me to repeat
2.		南郑州测试) The	e students were	e studying in				e could write it down.

智力背景

Language skills will develop with your constant use of various dictionaries. The more you use them, the more familiar you will become with them. Sooner or later, you will be quite skilled in finding the page, scanning the entries and locating the exact meaning of the new words.



8

5年高考3年模拟

\smile									
A. the; a	B. a; the	C. an;a	D. the; the	13. (2009 辽宁沈阳二模)—It seems that Westerners seldom gi					
4. (2010 北京]	西城抽样测试)	—Why not op	oen the windows to let	their friends financial help.					
cool a	air in?			-Maybe. For them friendship is mostly matter					
—I'd rather	you didn't	_ air in our tov	vn is terribly polluted.	providing emotional support and spending time together.					
A. a; The	B./;The	C./;/	D. the;/	A./;the B. the; a C./; a D. a; the					
5. (2010 河北原	唐山一模) The 2	1st Winter Oly	mpic Games were suc-	14.(2009 辽宁抚顺 3 月) I don't think the experiment is					
cessfully held	d ineity	of Vancouver,_	big city in Can-	failure. At least we have gainedexperience for future su					
ada.				cess.					
A. a; a	B. the; a	C. a; the	D. the; the	A./; the B. a; the C. a;/ D./;/					
6.(2010 江苏	苏、锡、常、镇	调研)Some e	xercises appear to be	15. (2009 湖南 12 所重点一联) Launching daily direct passeng					
ones	you have done,	but on	second thoughts, you'll	flights between the mainland and Taiwan means travelers no longer need to switch planes at third point, such a					
find that they	y're different.								
A. /; the	B. the; the	C. the;/	D./;/	Hong Kong.					
7. (2010 四川月	或都石室中学 二	二模) It's often	less expensive to buy	A./; a B. the; the C./; the D. the;/					
goods in	quantity , but	you'd better e	xaminequality	16. (2009 浙江台州一次调研) The tour will provideuniqu					
before buying	g them.	*		opportunity for you to live with an American family for a fortnight					
A./;the	B. the;/	C.a;the	D. the; the	in hope that you will have a better understanding					
8.(2009 北京西	西城4月) W eha	adnice	dinner after the meet-	the US.					
ing with	dishes of fish	, meat , vegetab	les and dessert.	A. a;/ B. an;/ C. a; the D. an; the					
A. a;/	B. the; the	C. a; the	D./;the	17.(2008 江南十校模拟)—Oh, must you? Stay a bit longer, it					
9.(2009 北京3	五中模拟)To m	ake ma	tters worse, Mr. Green	been such fun having you.					
lost his job la	ast year. So the f	amily are strug	gling to make	—Thanks, anyway, I've got early start tomorrow morning.					
ends meet.				A./; the B.a; an C./; an D. the; an					
A. /; the	B. the;/	C./;/	D. the; the	18. (2008 江苏重点中学联考) Hong Kong has a lot of advantages					
10. (2009 湖南	示范性中学一即	美)—We are to	o busy to take	including free flow of information, a fair competitive env					
holiday at p	resent.			ronment andefficient local government.					
—But I thin	nk we'll be able	to take	two weeks away.	A. the; an B./; the C./; an D. the; the					
A. the; that	B. a; one	C. a; it	D. the; one	19. (2008 山东潍坊高三质检)—What's schedule for th					
11.(2009 江苏	苏、锡、常、镇四	市一模)—Wh	at else can we do?	weekend?					
—An intern	ational effort is	required to cop	pe withurgent	greeting ceremony for Professor White will be held in					
need of	earthquake v	ictims.		the lecture hall.					
A. the; the	B. a; an	C. an; a	D. a; the	A. the; The B. a; A C. the; A D. a; The					
12. (2009 江西	九所重点联考)	Obama has bee	en electedfirst	20.(2008 辽宁大连高三模拟)I don't know who invented					
black presid	lent of the United	d States, and th	e international society	telephone, but it's really most wonderful invention.					
expects to ha	avenew	USA under his	leadership.	A. the; a B./; the C. a; the D./; a					
A / AL-	Datha	C the -	Daka aka						





But you should have one thing in mind. As a high school student, you can never become too much attached to dictionaries; basic language skills do not come from dictionaries, but from your practice. Expose yourself to the language by listening, reading and writing more, and that is the only way to the mastery of a language.