

丛书根据**新课标**编写，由全国**18位**特级教师、**42位**骨干教师、**12位**周报和辅导报“功臣奖”“十佳作者”获得者实名联合编审推荐！



总顾问 ◎ 范存智
总主编 ◎ 蔡章兵

花1本书的钱，买4本书的知识

全国名师
大联盟

原创

阅读理解 完形·写作

Reading Cloze Writing
每日练 + 周周测

中考



英语教育专家 蔡章兵



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河北特级教师 张彦军

全国“第1套”超强师资编审的权威教辅

全国“第1套”专项“四合一”的品质教辅

全国“第1套”讲练“四合一”的科学教辅



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奇速英语—全国名师大联盟

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前言

来自媒体/专家/名师/学生的声音

本书特点

全新命制
优质教辅

名师荟萃
收效奇速

选材新颖
时文热点

设题科学
难度适中
层层推进

命题权威

练测结合

精心策划
买名原创

专项突破
重点训练

1

《奇速英语-全国名师大联盟》的出版让人们眼前一亮，本书从创新的角度展现了众多名校名师的风采，提供了优质的教育资源，同时也让所有读到该书的教育工作者和学生感到优质教育资源可以让人们另辟蹊径，走向成功。

——新华网教育频道主编 荆克

2

全国各地近百位著名教师联手共创的一套“学习速度与质量兼得”的专项英语教辅，迄今为止是一种创举。相信各地师生将会受益匪浅！

——北京现代教育报主编 顾超雄

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《奇速英语-全国名师大联盟》所选编的短文尽显时代风采，与时俱进。包括了新课程标准所有24个话题，当前经济危机、海地地震、新时装主义、节水与环保……无一不在其中。名师大联盟中的几十位名师全都是教学第一线的强手，也是研究命题思路的高手。他们精心编纂了这套难度适宜、检测目标明确的练习题帮助同学们顺利走向重点院校的大门。依我看，无论是每日练或是周周练，这书都做到了教师好用，学生适用。是目前市场上难得的好书。

——中学英语教育专家、北大附中特级教师 范存智

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本套书选材原汁原味，问题设计有难度、角度、深度和梯度。整体上难度适中，符合各层次的学生使用，是学生学习英语、提高成绩的有力的必不可少的，又是难得的好书！

——江苏启东中学教研组长 陆建华

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本书主编的高考系列丛书向来采用“创新性、新颖性、原创性、生动性、图文并茂”，本书也不例外。但本书比以前有更大的优势：花大力气聘请了全国英语界3位专家18位英语特级和42位省级骨干教师，精心策划和编写。整书注意了语言的原滋原味，试题编写极具针对性；针对《教学大纲》、《考试大纲》、《考试说明》和学生实际。相信本书会在帮助中学生提高英语学习兴趣和提高应试成绩方面起到良师益友的作用。

——四川考试院英语教育专家 李作诗

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这书材料很新，题材丰富，每天做两篇，每周末进行综合检测，对我们特别实用。

——江苏启东中学学生 张阳

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看到这么多名师，开始还以为同市场上的其他书一样只是打些名师的名字在封面上，但看到目录和每周正文都详细写了命题人、审题人和调研人，所以就抱着很大希望做了做，材料非常新，试题出得很好，有表层次试题，又有很有深度的试题。真是名符其实的名师大联盟！

——湖南邵东创新实验学校学生 翟佳玲

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该书有四个大框架：“每日练+周周测+专项辅导+专题训练”，达到练、测、辅导相结合的效果。内容分为三个方面：“阅读理解+完形填空+写作”，都是考试的重点项目，占全卷总分值大部分，该书做到了专项突破，重点训练，非常实用！

——重庆外国语学校骨干教师 曾晓敏

强大的编写阵容
最新的时文取材

完美的体例设置
科学的练习方式

WEEK ONE 第一周

命题人: 山东省滨州学科带头人 李 岚
审题人: 湖南省英语特级教师 张建荣
调研人: 《英语周报》“中考功臣奖”作者 吕建忠

Monday	1
Passage 1	改正错误永远不晚
Passage 2	出租车司机归还失主钱包
Tuesday	2
	陈雪阳的学校生活
Wednesday	2
Passage 1	援助海地的时装秀表演
Passage 2	日本的米饭香味浓
Thursday	3
	威廉的风能发电机
Friday	4
Passage 1	最易感染感冒病毒的地方
Passage 2	山寨版
Weekend	6
本周专题辅导	阅读理解(一)设题特点与命题趋势
周周测 2	完形·阅读·写作

WEEK TWO 第二周

命题人: 河北省高阳英语教研员 穆建敏
审题人: 江西省英语特级教师 廖晓林
调研人: 湖北省荆州市骨干教师 宋志祥

Monday	9
Passage 1	流行歌手罗志祥
Passage 2	看电视的利弊
Tuesday	10
	NBA明星内特·罗宾逊
Wednesday	11
Passage 1	美国速食品牌——富客
Passage 2	救火的狗
Thursday	12
	爱上学校午餐
Friday	12
Passage 1	不同的国家不同的校园生活
Passage 2	红树林
Weekend	14
本周专题辅导	阅读理解(二)细节理解题
周周测 1	完形·阅读·写作

WEEK THREE 第三周

命题人: 山东省优秀英语教师 段利国
审题人: 湖南省英语特级教师 高利平
调研人: 安徽省塘桥区骨干教师 王 圣

Monday	17
Passage 1	花鼠明星俱乐部
Passage 2	教师对学生的影响
Tuesday	18
	悉尼庆祝中国新年
Wednesday	18
Passage 1	当心街上扒手
Passage 2	修建学校帮助孩子们上学
Thursday	19
	父母捐肾救女儿
Friday	20
Passage 1	颜色的学问
Passage 2	爱人别离,暮年重逢
Weekend	22
本周专题辅导	阅读理解(三)推理判断题
周周测 3	完形·阅读·写作

WEEK FOUR 第四周

命题人: 河北省中学英语教研员 李凌云
审题人: 河南省英语学科带头人 曾亚娟
调研人: 河北省英语学科带头人 王景奥

Monday	25
Passage 1	美国的饮食
Passage 2	拜访美国家庭
Tuesday	26
	助人之乐
Wednesday	26
Passage 1	摩天大厦
Passage 2	纽约宠物狗会展
Thursday	28
	耳 屎
Friday	28
Passage 1	美国式朋友
Passage 2	玫瑰琳凯
Weekend	30
本周专题辅导	阅读理解(四)词义猜测题
周周测 4	完形·阅读·写作

WEEK FIVE 第五周

命题人: 四川省优秀英语教师 冯有凤
审题人: 四川省英语特级教师 陆雅平
调研人: 山东省优秀英语教师 张春英

Monday	33
Passage 1	彼得·巴菲特
Passage 2	酒
Tuesday	34
	烧袜子迎新春
Wednesday	34
Passage 1	怎么吃才能提高记忆
Passage 2	智利大地震
Thursday	35
	海洋垃圾
Friday	36
Passage 1	男与女
Passage 2	为爷爷所做的
Weekend	38
本周专题辅导	阅读理解(五)态度判断题
周周测 5	完形·阅读·写作

WEEK SIX 第六周

命题人: 《学英语》“全国优秀作者” 刘庆收
审题人: 北大附中英语特级教师 范存智
调研人: 重庆市英语特级教师 唐正华

Monday	41
Passage 1	背包游经历
Passage 2	留住胡同文化
Tuesday	42
	日本“节分”
Wednesday	42
Passage 1	网上阅读新闻要收费
Passage 2	历史悠久的北京牛街
Thursday	43
	新女排教练王宝泉
Friday	44
Passage 1	地球上可能存在外星人
Passage 2	卡拉OK
Weekend	46
本周专题辅导	阅读理解(六)意图推测题
周周测 6	完形·阅读·写作

WEEK SEVEN 第七周

命题人: 山东省济宁市骨干教师 赵吉存
审题人: 天津市英语特级教师 吴守利
调研人: 《英语周报》骨干作者 刘亚妮

Monday	49
Passage 1	春季绿色大扫除
Passage 2	夏达的漫画
Tuesday	50
	不怕冷的人
Wednesday	51
Passage 1	自驾车要环保
Passage 2	大狗乔治
Thursday	52
	家电会讲话
Friday	52
Passage 1	北京出租车
Passage 2	大世界,小世界
Weekend	54
本周专题辅导	阅读理解(七)主旨大意题
周周测 7	完形·阅读·写作

WEEK EIGHT 第八周

命题人: 《英语周报》“全国十佳作者” 张汉雷
审题人: 湖南省英语特级教师 刘松
调研人: 《英语辅导报》“全国十佳作者” 王桂杰

Monday	57
Passage 1	旱情告急
Passage 2	太阳能飞机
Tuesday	58
	修复损伤的大脑
Wednesday	58
Passage 1	做事情不可半途而废
Passage 2	英国酒吧
Thursday	59
	天鹅之歌
Friday	60
Passage 1	养孩子花费大
Passage 2	海鸥
Weekend	62
本周专题辅导	完形填空(一)语法与词汇推测
周周测 8	完形·阅读·写作

WEEK NINE 第九周

命题人:《英语辅导报》“全国十佳作者”刘健
审题人:安徽省英语特级教师孙方彩
调研人:“中考一等奖”获得者万小泉

Monday	65
Passage 1	华南虎
Passage 2	户外活动
Tuesday	66
	自行车城——哥本哈根
Wednesday	66
Passage 1	记忆差的安德鲁
Passage 2	东京湾人造岛屿
Thursday	67
	冰上伉俪
Friday	68
Passage 1	未来计划
Passage 2	3D娱乐
Weekend	70
本周专题辅导	完形填空(二)上下文与语境推测
周周测 9	完形·阅读·写作

WEEK TEN 第十周

命题人:山东省东营市优秀教师王传海
审题人:湖南省英语特级教师唐金娥
调研人:四川省优秀英语教师尹艳彬

Monday	73
Passage 1	他们比我们富有
Passage 2	震后的玉树学生
Tuesday	74
	英国作家理查德·萨维奇
Wednesday	74
Passage 1	为西南挖井解决缺水问题
Passage 2	玩就是孩子们的工作
Thursday	75
	一句话改变一生
Friday	76
Passage 1	小狗“甜心”
Passage 2	瑞典开始对外籍学生收费
Weekend	78
本周专题辅导	完形填空(三)背景与常识推测
周周测 10	完形·阅读·写作

WEEK ELEVEN 第十一周

命题人:山东省菏泽市中考试题研究组成员胡勇
审题人:安徽省英语特级教师张云波
调研人:福建省中考命题资格员周荣耀

Monday	81
Passage 1	畅游世博会
Passage 2	花灯节
Tuesday	82
	足坛名人——博比·罗布森爵士
Wednesday	82
Passage 1	住在中国要注意的几点
Passage 2	维也纳一瞥
Thursday	83
	音乐人曹格
Friday	84
Passage 1	颜色的作用
Passage 2	靠自己
Weekend	86
本周专题辅导	书面表达(一)提示作文
周周测 11	完形·阅读·写作

WEEK TWELVE 第十二周

命题人:首批全国外国语学校“名师”陈裕明
审题人:四川省英语特级教师高云霞
调研人:《英语周报》“全国十佳作者”徐勤向

Monday	89
Passage 1	饮食与健康
Passage 2	太阳能飞机
Tuesday	90
	家乡
Wednesday	91
Passage 1	分享你的鞋子
Passage 2	中秋节餐饮广告
Thursday	92
	“救命”的奶牛
Friday	92
Passage 1	水流知识
Passage 2	中国著名钢琴家李云迪
Weekend	94
本周专题辅导	书面表达(二)看图作文
周周测 12	完形·阅读·写作

WEEK THIRTEEN 第十三周

命题人:《英语周报》核心作者 丁士勇
 审题人:江苏省英语特级教师 刘承群
 调研人:江西省赣州市学科带头人 曾晓文

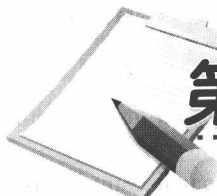
Monday	97
Passage 1	减压攻略
Passage 2	世博会售票情况
Tuesday	98
	如何筹措办学经费
Wednesday	99
Passage 1	预防流感知识
Passage 2	儿童安全问题
Thursday	100
	腾讯QQ
Friday	100
Passage 1	电影《寻找成龙》
Passage 2	伟大的发明
Weekend	102
本周专题辅导	书面表达(三)应用文写作
周周测 13	完形·阅读·写作

WEEK FOURTEEN 第十四周

命题人:安徽省安庆市英语优秀教师 朱益林
 审题人:四川省英语特级教师 张石山
 命题人:河北省邯郸市英语优秀教师 宋丕君

Monday	105
Passage 1	麦莉·赛勒斯
Passage 2	复活节鸡蛋
Tuesday	106
	乒坛二王
Wednesday	106
Passage 1	你是超级英雄
Passage 2	微笑的国度
Thursday	107
	有益的活动
Friday	108
Passage 1	改变之旅
Passage 2	奥巴马阿富汗之行
Weekend	110
本周专题辅导	书面表达(四)话题作文
周周测 14	完形·阅读·写作

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第一周 Week One

命题人: 山东省滨州市学科带头人 李 岚
审题人: 湖南省英语特级教师 张建荣
调研人: 《英语周报》“中考功臣奖”作者 吕建忠

本周编审名师介绍

Introduction



李岚 山东省滨州市优秀教师, 滨州市学科带头人, 主持山东省“十一五”规划课题并结题, 曾获山东省“中小学教育科研优秀成果奖”、“滨州市社会科学成果奖”。撰写论文五十余篇, 发表

于《中国教育报》《中国教师报》等。曾为《英语周报》《学生双语报》《学苑新报》等撰写大量稿件。主编《词汇语法周周练》《时文阅读》《名师大串讲》《志鸿双测卷》《夺冠百分百》《课时训练》等。参编《话题阅读》《金指指南》《英语专项训练》《听力训练》《北大绿卡》等。



张建荣 湖南省特级教师, 2004 年被评为“全国优秀教师”, 并被湖南省政府授予一等功。主编《高考英语应试指导》《高中英语学习

手册》《高三名师导学》等图书, 论文《按高考要求正确处理高三英语新教材中阅读材料之我见》获省一等奖, 并先后在国家级及省级教育刊物上发表论文 30 多篇。



吕建忠 河北省骨干教师, 英语教研组长。《英语辅导报》全国“十佳作者”“全能作者”, 《英语周报》“中考功臣奖”获得者, 年发稿量近 100

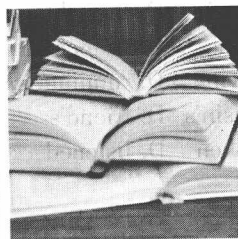
万字。现任《英语辅导报》社外编辑、《英语周报》《学英语报》《英语学习辅导报》《今日英语报》特约通讯员, 《21 世纪英语报》特约课件制作者。并编写有多本学生用书。2009 年命中中考阅读理解近 10 篇。



Passage 1

题材	体裁	难度	字数	题数	阅读时间	正确率
人物故事	记叙文	★★★	186	5	5 分钟	

Because most books aren't worth that much, libraries generally ask a \$25 overdue fee for one book, so that you won't be able to borrow another book until you've paid the fine. But in fact some borrowers don't come back to pay his fine.



But recently, one borrower decided to return what he should pay his high school library. The man checked out two library books he borrowed in 1958 from his high school, and forgot to return them. 51 years later, he was clearing out some of his things from his parents' house when he came across the two books, now dusty with age. So he sent the books back to his old high school—along with a letter and a big overdue fee.

“I've sent the money to cover my fault,” the letter read. “At 0.02 cents per day it works out at \$745.00 for 51 years,” the letter said. “I've sent along a few more dollars in case the rates changed.” He paid \$1, 000—enough to buy quite a few new books for the library.

It's never too late to correct a mistake.
阅读短文, 选择正确答案。

1. The library asks _____ for three books as the overdue fee.
A. \$25 B. \$50 C. \$75 D. \$100

2. The man forgot to return books to _____.
A. his parents
B. his childhood friend
C. his high school library
D. his high school classmate
3. The man paid the overdue fee _____.
A. in 1958 B. in 1959 C. in 2008 D. in 2009
4. Where did the man find the library book?
A. In his office. B. In his car.
C. In his son's house. D. In his parents' house.
5. Which statement is right according to the passage?
A. The man was ordered to pay the overdue fee by the library.
B. The police found the man and asked him to pay the overdue fee.
C. The man found the books and paid the overdue fee.
D. The man paid less than the library wanted the borrowers to do.

Passage 2

题材	体裁	难度	字数	题数	阅读时间	正确率
人物故事	记叙文	★★★	183	5	4 分钟	

Yesterday a friend of mine sent me a story that warmed my heart.
Felicia Lettieri, a 72-year old woman from Italy, visited New York City with her family this holiday season. On Christmas Eve, she left her purse in a taxi. It held \$21, 000 to pay for her trip with other six family members.

Police told her not to have the hope of getting that money back. In the troubled economy, whoever found that purse would take the money and run.



with these words: "Don't worry Felicia...I'll keep it safe."

Mukul told the *N.Y. Post* newspaper, "When I was 5 years old, my mother told me, 'Be honest, work hard and you will raise your station.'" He refused the reward.

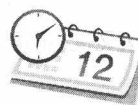
It seems to me his "station" is a lot higher than he realizes.

They were wrong. The taxi driver named Mukul Asaduzzaman drove about 50 miles to a Long Island address he'd found in the purse. No one was home, so he left his phone number and a note

All you need to do is staying open: open heart, open mind, open eyes.

阅读短文,回答问题。

1. Where did the old woman lose her purse?
2. What did the old woman want to use the money to do?
3. Why did the police tell the old woman to give up the hope of getting the money back?
4. What did the taxi driver do with the purse?
5. What can we learn from the taxi driver?



Tuesday

Chen Xueyang is a student in high school. But unlike her friends in 1 schools, her life isn't full of tests or homework late into the night.



Chen is 2 at Beijing World Youth Academy (BWYA) now. "What I like most about the international school is that there are only about 20 students

in a class. 3 there are 60 in a public school. I learn better in a 4 class," said Chen. "I can ask 5 questions whenever I need." Chen wants to have her higher education in the United States next year. So she has 6 application letters to ten universities.

Most of the teachers at international schools are from 7 or the USA. The main language at school is English. The students can be good at 8, reading

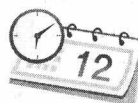
and writing.

"My 9 daily language is English. Her English has been 10 quickly," Chen Bin, Chen Xueyang's father, said.

That's a good news for the young students and their parents, isn't it?

阅读短文,选择正确答案。

1. A. primary B. middle C. high D. public
2. A. teaching B. studying C. visiting D. helping
3. A. And B. But C. Because D. Then
4. A. larger B. smaller C. more friendly D. greener
5. A. parents B. doctors C. cousins D. teachers
6. A. sold B. taken C. sent D. brought
7. A. England B. Japan C. China D. France
8. A. walking B. speaking C. driving D. running
9. A. daughter's B. son's C. cousin's D. friend's
10. A. written B. improved C. spoken D. listened



Wednesday

Passage 1

题材	体裁	难度	字数	题数	阅读时间	正确率
人物故事	记叙文	★★★	201	5	5 分钟	

Naomi Campbell called on the fashion world to do something to help Haiti—and the fashion world answered: Some top models and designers will have a fashion show at New York Fashion Week. "Everyone else is trying to help Haiti," the famous England model said, "No one has said 'no'."

Campbell said she had called upon her friends, including Christy Turlington and the Duchess of York,

asking them to take part in. Famous stylist Rachel Zoe is putting together the styles. Designer Marc Jacobs has already created a special Louis Vuitton handbag. They will be on sale on the Net-a-Porter Web site, with proceeds going to the organization care. The 39-year-old Naomi, who became a model 24 years ago, will be one of



the models. She hasn't left away from the fashion shows although she saved most of her shows for charity.

"Naomi is a superstar and has a lot of connections," said Ivan Bart, senior vice president of IMG Models. "She can make some phone calls and put on a show." Bart promises "Raising money to help people doesn't have to be boring. It's a chance for people who don't normally go to fashion shows to get into this world."

阅读短文, 选择正确答案。

- The passage wants to tell us Naomi Campbell has _____.
A. a big house B. a warm heart
C. lots of fans D. many beautiful dresses
- Where will the fashion show be held?
A. In France. B. In the USA.
C. In the UK. D. In Japan.
- Naomi Campbell became a model when she was _____.
A. 15 B. 24 C. 30 D. 39
- Who is a designer?
A. Christy Turlington. B. Rachel Zoe.
C. Marc Jacobs. D. Ivan Bart.
- Naomi Campbell plans the fashion show _____.
A. to be much more popular
B. to make her friends busy
C. to get more money for herself
D. to raise money to help Haiti

Passage 2

题材	体裁	难度	字数	题数	阅读时间	正确率
风俗习惯	说明文	★★★★	241	5	6 分钟	

“This is very delicious. Where is it from?” the diner asks.

“It's Koshihikari, from Unuma,” the cook replies with pleasure.

This conversation often heard in restaurants around Japan, is just over a simple bowl of white rice.

It is not just the Japanese who say highly about the rice they eat. When a friend from Singapore was in Tokyo in October on business, we had lunch at a

common restaurant. To my surprise, he pronounced the rice to be “excellent”.

Rice is said to have been eaten in Japan for several thousand years. But rice consumption has fallen greatly in Japan. The Japanese ate an average of five bowls a day in 1960, but now, it is just three bowls. Only 20 percent of the Japanese ate rice at every meal, according to a 2007 survey.

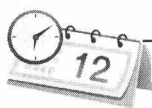
Above all, no one can match the Japanese in their obsession over rice. Only in Japan is plain white rice served at the end of a formal meal.

Koshihikari is a variety of short-grain Japonica rice—the type preferred by the Japanese—which accounts for nearly 40 percent of all rice consumed in Japan. The best Koshihikari reportedly comes from snowy Unuma country in Niigata.

Koshihikari means the “light of Echigo” (the old name for Niigata prefecture). Unuma's Koshihikari is among the most costly varieties of rice sold in Japan and sells at more than 4,000 yen (\$45) for a 5kg pack.

阅读短文, 选择正确答案。

- The passage mainly talked about _____.
A. the Japanese restaurants
B. the Japanese rice
C. the Singapore restaurants
D. the Singapore rice
- I had lunch at a common restaurant in _____ with my friend.
A. Singapore B. Marco C. Seoul D. Tokyo
- In 2007, among 5,000 Japanese, _____ ate rice at every meal.
A. 500 B. 1000 C. 2000 D. 5000
- How much are 10kg Koshihikari?
A. \$135. B. \$180. C. \$90. D. \$45.
- What does the underlined word “obsession” mean in this passage?
A. 困扰 B. 痴迷 C. 厌恶 D. 抗拒



Thursday

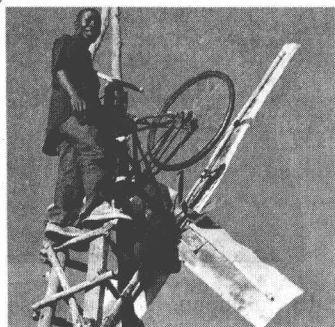
In 2001, 14-year-old William Kamkwamba had a simple wish. He couldn't afford to go to school, but he loved 1. He wanted a light in his room so that he could read books after dark. His big idea came while reading a book in the library. He 2 a picture of a windmill and decided to make one.

People called him crazy as he begged for spare parts. But later, they all came to see 3 windmill

made from PVC pipes and rusty car and bicycle parts.

Since then he has built two more windmills in his 60-person 4. They provide enough electricity to power lights, radios and a public TV, and pump 5 water for both the village's fields and household use.

Now 23, William wants to 6 windmills across Malawi and perhaps beyond. “A windmill means more than just power, it means freedom.”

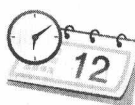


before. But now they know William's words "Whatever happens, never give up hope!"

7 to help with this project has come from all over the world, including China. The village children can all afford to 8 now. They want to learn from William. 9 been interested in science. They had no 10

阅读短文,选择正确答案。

1. A. singing B. dancing C. swimming D. reading
2. A. saw B. buy C. take D. draw
3. A. her B. his C. its D. their
4. A. village B. town C. city D. class
5. A. little B. salty C. clean D. sweet
6. A. buy B. sell C. build D. borrow
7. A. Books B. Money C. Water D. Coats
8. A. go to school B. buy clothes C. see a film D. go for a vacation
9. A. None has B. Much has C. Many have D. Few have
10. A. water B. field C. future D. food



Friday

Passage 1

题材	体裁	难度	字数	题数	阅读时间	正确率
科学研究	说明文	★★★★	232	5	6 分钟	

A new study finds that people who have a cold often leave their germs on the refrigerator door handle and the TV remote, where they can live for two days or longer.

"Doctors don't know how often people catch colds from touching germ surfaces or shaking a sick person's hand," said Dr. Birgit Winther, a doctor who helped with the study.

Two years ago, she and other doctors gave a report in their study that germs survived in hotel rooms a day after guests left, waiting to be picked up by the next person checking in.



For the new study, researchers started with 30 adults showing early symptoms of colds. Sixteen of them got cold indeed. They were asked to name 10 places in their homes they had touched in 18 hours, and researchers used DNA tests to hunt for germs. "We

found that refrigerator doors and handles have about 40 percent of the chance for cold viruses," Winther said.

In another study, the university's Drs. Diane Pappas and Owen Hendley went germ-hunting on toys. The study showed cold viruses on 20 percent of all toys tested. The kids go to see a doctor, they play with the toys and two days later they have a cold.

Washing hands is a good way to avoid spreading germs. Wearing masks and using soaps also can help, a University of Michigan study found.

阅读短文,选择正确答案。

1. The germs that cold sufferers leave can live for _____.
A. one hour B. 18 hours C. 20 hours D. more than two days
2. What does the underlined word "survive" mean?
A. 离开 B. 存活 C. 灭亡 D. 清理
3. Cold viruses are on ____ of the 200 toys' surfaces.
A. 200 B. 100 C. 40 D. 10
4. Which way that can avoid the spreading germs is not mentioned in the passage?
A. Washing hands. B. Wearing masks. C. Using hand sanitizers. D. Changing clothes in
5. Which statement is NOT true according to the passage?
A. The germs are often left on the refrigerator door handles.
B. The researchers used DNA tests to hunt for germs.
C. Birgit Winther studied germs on toys.
D. The germs in hotel rooms can survive for a day.

Passage 2

题材	体裁	难度	字数	题数	阅读时间	正确率
社会文化	议论文	★★★★	228	5	6 分钟	

The word "shanzhai" originally means "mountain village", but it means "copy" in China now.

I started to research this topic and found a whole new shanzhai world. There are shanzhai products and online games, even shanzhai culture. It is so popular that some people say to each other "Have you shanzhaied today?" Like it or not, shanzhai has become part of our life in China.

I even met a young American IT professional recently who has just had his shanzhai mobile phone. He was so proud of it and would not stop talking about all the functions



while showing off the look of his phone. I could hardly see the back cover as he had stuck fake logos "iPhone", "Nokia" & "LG" on it.

But why has shanzhai become so popular in China? Why do over 50 percent of the people surveyed by CCTV support it? Firstly, many may not realize it, but for Chinese people, the word "shanzhai" also reminds us of "the heroes of Liangshan". Secondly, there would be no shanzhai without the Internet. Shanzhai has caught the interest of millions of Chinese online.

There are also shanzhai celebrities. Many shanzhai singers can be seen performing in some remote places where people cannot see performances by the actual "real" stars. These events are very successful, even though people know that they are not getting the "real" thing.

阅读短文, 选择正确答案。

1. Shanzhai means _____ today.
A. mountain village B. the heroes of Liangshan

- C. copy D. terrible accident
2. Shanzhai is a popular word in _____.
A. China B. America C. Poland D. Japan
3. How many fake logos did the IT professional stick on his mobile phone?
A. One. B. Two. C. Three. D. Four.
4. _____ did a survey of the shanzhai.
A. BBC B. VOA
C. CCTV D. Beijing Time
5. Which statement is NOT true according to the passage?
A. Shaizhai has become popular on the Internet these days.
B. Many people are interested in Shanzhai.
C. Some Shanzhai singers perform well and people love to watch.
D. People who watch Shanzhai celebrities didn't know they are false.

【词汇积累】

<i>Monday</i>	overdue fees 逾期费	rate	n. 利息	
	economy	n. 经济状况	reward	n. 奖金
<i>Tuesday</i>	application	n. 申请		
<i>Wednesday</i>	stylist	n. 造型师	designer	n. 设计师
	proceed	n. 收入	charity	n. 慈善
	diner	n. 就餐者		
	consumption	n. 消费量		

	plain	adj. 纯的	consume	v. 消费
<i>Thursday</i>	windmill	n. 风车	rusty	adj. 生锈的
<i>Friday</i>	germ	n. 细菌	handle	n. 把手
	remote	n. 遥控器	symptom	n. 症状
	virus	n. 病毒	professional	n. 专业人员
	function	n. 功能	fake	adj. 假的
	logo	n. 标识	remote	adj. 偏远的

【难句点睛】

1. Because most books aren't worth that much, libraries generally ask \$25 overdue fees for one book, so that you won't be able to borrow another book until you've paid the fine.

因为大多数书不是那么值钱, 图书馆通常对每本书收取25美元逾期费, 这样在你付清罚款之前都不能再借下一本书。本句含有because引导的原因状语从句和so that引导的结果状语从句。(星期一, Passage 1)

2. Many shanzhai singers can be seen performing in some remote places where people cannot see performances

by the actual "real" stars.

很多山寨歌星的表演都能在一些偏远地方看见——那里的人们不可能看见真正明星的演出。句中where people cannot see performances by the actual "real" stars做places的定语从句。(星期五 Passage 2)

3. To build up "proper value" in online games, the Ministry of Culture has asked the company to change the term from "steal" to "harvest".

为了建立网络游戏“正确的价值”, 文化部已要求该公司把“偷”改为“收获”。(周周测, A篇)

本周专题辅导

00000

阅读理解(一)设题特点与命题趋势

阅读理解主要是考查读者综合运用所学语言知识的能力,包括阅读能力、理解能力、归纳概括能力、逻辑推理能力以及对材料的评估能力等。试题中所选的阅读文章题材丰富,涉及政治经济、社会文化、风俗习惯、历史地理、科学技术等各个方面。体裁多样,包括记叙文、说明文、议论文、应用文以及新闻报道、广告、通知、操作说明、表格等各种文体。旨在全面检测读者从语段中获取有效信息的能力,及其对语段主旨大意、事实细节、逻辑关系等方面的把握水平及理解的准确程度。

1. 从测试题的设计和 content 看,对能力测试要求主要可归纳为五点:

- (1) 概括全语段主旨大意,以及理解和掌握用以说明主旨大意的事实和细节。
- (2) 既准确理解具体的事实,也要理解抽象的概念。
- (3) 既准确理解语段语句字面意思,也要理解深层含义,包括作者的态度、意图等。
- (4) 既理解某句、某段的意义,也要了解全语段内部各信息之间的逻辑关系,并据此进行推理和判断。

(5) 既能根据材料所提供的信息去理解,也能结合中学生应有的常识去理解。

2. 通过对近几年初中阅读理解题的对比研究发现,阅读理解题有以下特点:

(1) 考查内容

通观近几年阅读理解题的考查内容,大致有以下几种类型:细节理解题、推理判断题、词义猜测题、态度判断题、意图推测题和主旨大意题等。

(2) 考查重点

细节理解题和推理判断题是阅读理解的重头部分,这是因为近几年阅读理解题加大了对语篇结构的把握及对深层次信息理解的考查力度,着重检测考生对语篇的整体理解能力,侧重考查考生根据语境提示,综合利用有效信息解决实际问题的能力,体现了着重考查考生阅读理解能力的目标与要求。

(3) 题材特点

阅读材料均来源于真实的报刊、杂志、网络资源等,充满时代气息,贴近人们的生活,语言地道,原汁原味,文章的风格更具英语语言的特点。文章体裁多样,题材各异,选材更趋现代化、生活化、知识化,突出实用性与时代性,涉及了社会、能源、人生观与日常生活等方面。

(4) 考查形式

阅读理解多采取选择题的考查形式,也有阅读填空和任务型阅读题型。

3. 通过对近年来的阅读理解题的分析,我们可以预计今后的阅读理解题有以下特点:

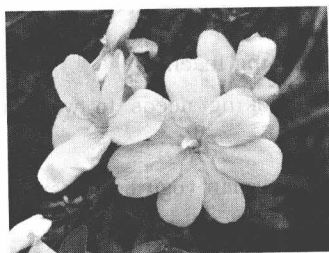
- (1) 在题目设计上,进一步由知识立意转向能力立意,增加运用型、能力型试题。
- (2) 阅读材料密切联系当前我国和世界经济、科技等方面的变化,有关数据的来源真实可靠。
- (3) 阅读内容的社会实用性会愈来愈强,更重视语言和文化的关系,阅读材料会涉及到更多的社会文化背景。

周周测 ①

(测试时间 45 分钟)

一、完形填空

Spring is coming. Are you ready for the beautiful season? Here are some ideas for you:



Take a walk—no cell phones, blackberries, iPhones allowed. Just 1 and the fresh air are enough.

Invite friends over for the 2 of the season. You can go to the mountains, swim in the river or walk in the field. Sing and dance under the blue sky. Have fun!

Quickest 3 change for your table: New placemats and napkins in a spring-like color.

Spring at the 4. There are many baby animals. They are very lovely. Need to say more?

Spring in your office. Take out the waste paper. 5 in a pretty vase for flowers and a new framed photo of you and your family.

Start looking at bathing suits, new baseball or soccer. Set a new 6 goal. It's not too late!

Try on something in the season's bright 7. A yellow bag, a light green shoe, a 8 coat.

Put a 9 smile on your face: Buy a new raincoat or a pair of new rain boots. You'll look forward to 10 showers!

I can't wait. How about you?

阅读短文，选择正确答案。

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1. A. he | B. she | C. they | D. you |
| 2. A. movie | B. food | C. picnic | D. clothes |
| 3. A. spring | B. summer | C. autumn | D. winter |
| 4. A. school | B. home | C. station | D. zoo |
| 5. A. Take | B. Bring | C. Buy | D. Sell |
| 6. A. study | B. clean | C. sports | D. writing |
| 7. A. rooms | B. colors | C. stars | D. eyes |
| 8. A. black | B. brown | C. grey | D. red |
| 9. A. cloud-day | B. snow-day | C. rain-day | D. wind-day |
| 10. A. January | B. April | C. November | D. December |

二、阅读理解

— A —

My parents married in 1980. They have few common interests for these 30 years. But lately, they

both spend hours and hours every day “growing vegetables”, “feeding cows” and “parking Mercedes Benz” on Kaixin001.com. Since they have been enjoying this online world, I have found more laughter and joy in their home.



And, since I discovered they were online gamers, I have learned that my aunts and uncles, my friends and friends' parents are all surfing on the Kaixin website as well.

The website has been very popular with Chinese white collar workers since last year. Its strange activities include “stealing vegetables and flowers” from other people's online gardens. It has become so popular that some netizens have questioned whether the site is turning the country into a “nation of thieves”. To build up “proper value” in online games, the Ministry of Culture has asked the company to change the term from “steal” to “harvest”.

Having just moved to Beijing for three years, my parents do not even have many friends in the city. Now, they can communicate with their relatives and friends by “robbing” their gardens or farms. For my parents, the game offers fresh fun.

A couple of days ago, I bought them a new computer from Zhongguancun. Now they can get on Kaixin without fighting one another for the old computer. They love it.

阅读短文，选择正确答案。

- How long did the writer's parents get married?

A. 10 years.	B. 20 years.
C. 30 years.	D. 40 years.
- The writer's parents moved to Beijing in _____.

A. 1970	B. 2000	C. 2007	D. 2010
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- The term of the game was suggested to change into _____ by the Ministry of Culture.

A. steal	B. plant	C. grow	D. harvest
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- Chinese _____ showed great interest in the “stealing vegetables and flowers” game in 2009.

A. blue collar workers	B. white collar workers
C. middle school students	D. street cleaners
- Which statement is TRUE according to the passage?



- A. The writer's parents have no same hobby at all.
- B. Many people communicate with others by playing the farm game.
- C. The writer was disappointed to see parents playing games for fun.
- D. There are a lot of thieves stealing vegetables and flowers growing in the real farms.

— B —

Maria Kochetova, who works as a sales director at a German yogurt company, goes to a cooking class organized by Kempinski Hotel every month, where she learns how to cook Italian food and pastries. "The cooking class is a great relaxation," she said. "It would be very interesting to spend my weekend going shopping for vegetables and food, cooking a delicious meal and inviting friends over to eat and chat."

Serina Wang, PR manager from Kempinski, said more and more people called the hotel to learn more



about the cooking class. "Food is culture. People shouldn't lose it. That's why we started the cooking class," Wang said.

There are five to ten people in one class. Everyone gets to dress up like a real cook. "People in the class can just follow the instructions from the cook and a delicious meal will be ready in no time," Wang said. After the class, students and the cook will eat together, sharing their cooking experiences and talking about interesting things in life.

JeanLuc Vasseur, the pastry cook from Kempinski who teaches the class, said he passed on not only his knowledge but that of cooking history. "Good food is all about fun and enjoyment," he said.

Maria Kochetova had already told her sister that she would cook for her when she returns to Moscow. "My mom and sister will be so happy, seeing me cooking for them."

阅读短文, 选择正确答案。

1. Maria came from _____.
A. Germany B. Italy C. France D. Russia
2. Kempinski started cooking class _____.
A. to earn more money
B. to keep the cooking culture
C. to invite more people to have meals in the hotel

D. to make others know its name

3. Who felt relaxed to take part in the cooking class?

- A. Maria Kochetova. B. Serina Wang.
C. Jean Luc Vasseur. D. Marathon Green.

4. Maybe _____ people studying cooking together is the best.

- A. two B. three C. seven D. twelve

5. Which statement is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. JeanLuc Vasseur is a cooking teacher.
B. Everyone who studies cooking needs to wear a cook suit.
C. Serina Wang works in a German yogurt company.
D. Maria Kochetova has studied cooking well.

三、写作

假如你是Kevin, 你的中国笔友Lin Hao来信向你寻求学习英语的好建议, 请为你的笔友写一篇关于如何学习英语的回信, 题目自拟。

内容要点:

1. 要对英语学习有浓厚的兴趣;
2. 学唱英语歌曲有助于记单词;
3. 记英语日记(diary);
4. 用英语交流, 表达自己的观点。
5. 90个单词左右。信的开头和结尾已经给出, 但不计入总词数。

Dear Lin Hao,

How is it going? Now I will give you some advice on learning English. _____

Best wishes to you.

Yours,
Kevin

第二周

Week Two

命题人: 河北省高阳英语教研员 穆建敏
 审题人: 江西省英语特级教师 廖晓林
 调研人: 湖北省荆州市骨干教师 宋志祥

本周编审名师介绍

Introduction



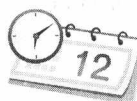
穆建敏 河北省高阳中学英语教研员, 中学高级教师, 县级名师。从事初中英语教学、教研工作 27 年。参与编写了素质教育《优质课堂》八年级上、下册, 八年级《时文阅读》(第三、第四辑), 九年级《时文阅读》(第四辑) 以及《话题阅读》。并长期为《英语辅导报》《学英语》以及《学苑新报》撰稿。



廖晓林 江西省特级教师、全国外语教师“园丁奖”获得者、享受政府专家津贴。正式发表 1000 多篇论文, 正式出版 100 余本论著, 担任主编、副主编的书有 50 余本; 是金太阳教育研究所、《天星教育网》《高考英语》等全国数十家专业机构、编辑部、出版社等的高考研究专家、特约编委、特约编辑和特约撰稿人。



宋志祥 湖北省荆州市骨干教师。先后参与编写了十几本书, 主编了近十本书, 是多家报社的特约编辑; 辅导 20 多名学生获全国中学生英语能力竞赛国家级奖。现任教于荆州市向群中学。



Monday

Passage 1

题材	体裁	难度	字数	题数	阅读时间	正确率
人物	记叙文	★★★	217	5	5 分钟	

Luo Zhixiang thinks it is the best time of his life now. The 30-year-old pop singer from Taiwan recently gave himself full marks when reporters asked him how happy he was.



Luo has many reasons to be so happy. His seventh album, *Luo Seven*, is selling well. It's a collection of 12 songs of different musical styles, including pop, jazz, disco, R&B and slow rock. The album came out in January. It was No. 1 on Gmusic for 10 straight weeks in Taiwan.

Luo will hold six concerts in Hong Kong and Taiwan next month. According to Luo, the concerts are going to be in 3D. "You will be able to enjoy the effect of 3D without wearing special glasses," he said.

The last and most important reason for Luo's happiness is that his mother doesn't get sick very much these days. Luo's father died of cancer in 2005. Luo's mother has diabetes and once even fell into coma. Luo cares about his mother's health a lot. He once said he would plan to open a dessert store and sell healthy dessert to people with diabetes. Why? It was his Mom's wish. Luo said that seeing his Mom laughing, taking

her to places where she wanted to go, was the happiest thing in the world for him.
 阅读短文, 选择正确答案。

- Luo gave himself full marks on _____.
 A. how handsome he was
 B. how happy he was
 C. how rich he was
 D. how hard he worked
- In Luo's seventh album you'll _____.
 A. enjoy twelve beautiful songs
 B. see many beautiful pictures
 C. hear ten different musical styles
 D. know a lot about Taiwan
- If you go to Luo's concert next month, you _____.
 A. have to order a ticket early
 B. have to take a CD player with you
 C. should go to Hong Kong or Taiwan
 D. must wear a pair of special glasses
- The happiest thing for Luo Zhixiang is _____.
 A. his seventh album was sold the most in Taiwan recently
 B. his concerts will be in 3D
 C. his dessert store has earned a lot of money
 D. his mother is getting better than before
- From the passage we know _____.
 A. Luo Zhixiang is a very filial(孝顺的) son
 B. Luo Zhixiang's mother has a serious cancer
 C. Luo Zhixiang's friends often help his mother
 D. Luo Zhixiang's fans often take care of his mother