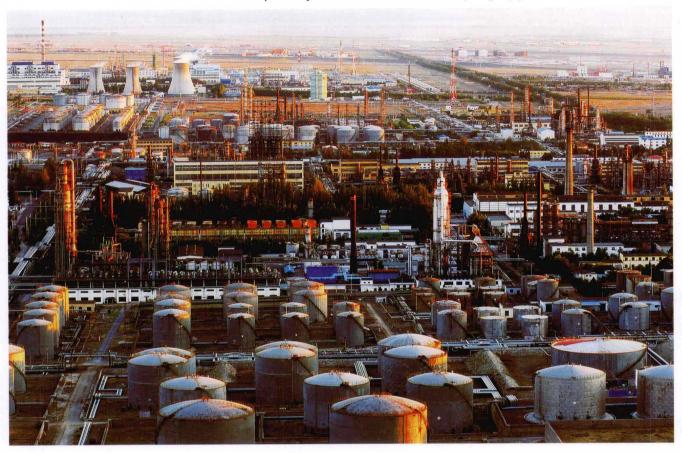
新疆统计年鉴

XINJIANG STATISTICAL YEARBOOK



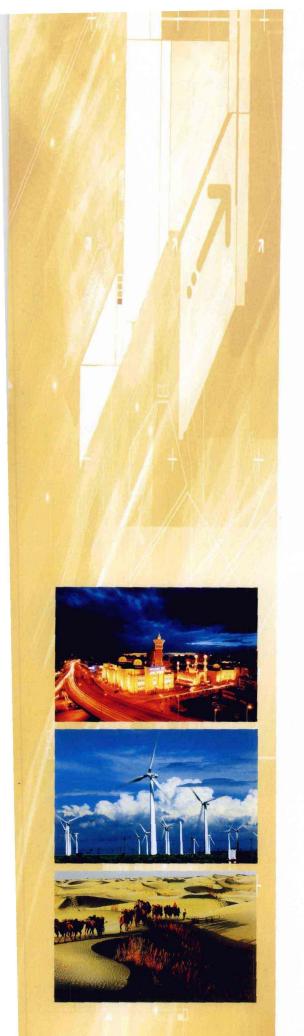
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新疆 统计年鉴

XINJIANG STATISTICAL YEARBOOK

2010



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作 者/新疆维吾尔自治区统计局

责任编辑/佘竞雄 王立群 韦 红

责任校对/仲 玲

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E-mail / yearbook@gj.stats.cn

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光盘开发 王立群 仲 玲

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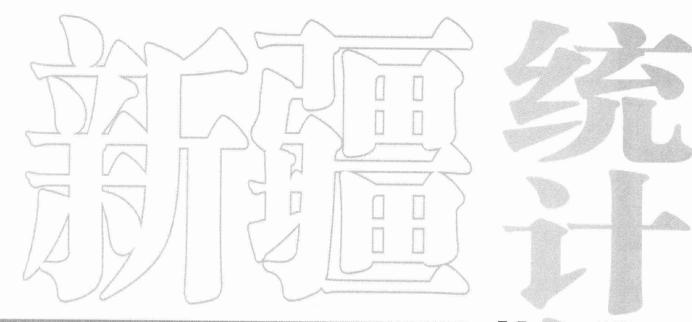
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编者说明

- 一、《新疆统计年鉴—2010》(中英文对照),是一部信息高度密集的统计资料书。本书收录了2009年新疆经济和社会等各方面的统计数据,以及重要年份和改革开放以来的主要统计数据,是一部全面反映新疆经济和社会发展情况的资料性年刊。
- 二、全书内容分为:特载(新疆维吾尔自治区 2009 年国民经济和社会发展统计公报);综合;国民经济核算;人口与就业;固定资产投资;财政、金融和保险;物价指数;人民生活和社会保障;城市概况;自然资源和环境保护;农业;工业;建筑业;运输和邮电;批发和零售、住宿和餐饮业;能源生产和消费;对外经济贸易和旅游;教育、科技和文化;体育、卫生及其他;各地、州、市主要经济指标排序;附录(各省、市、区主要经济指标排序)等,各篇末均附有《主要统计指标解释》。
- 三、与 2009 年版《新疆统计年鉴》相比较,在统计内容和编辑上主要做了如下修订:
 - 1、在《体育、卫生及其他》篇中增加了社区卫生服务中心工作量等内容。
- 2、为了体现建区 55 年以来新疆经济建设取得的突出成就,在《综合》篇 新增了新疆建区以来主要年份国民经济主要指标一表,并计算了平均增速。
- 3、由于统计方法制度的调整,在《人民生活和社会保障》篇中取消了主要 年份离休、退休、退职人员情况等三张表。
- 4、因企业集团统计已取消,为此,将企业家信心指数与企业景气指数两部 分内容调整到综合篇,取消《企业集团及企业景气指数》篇。
 - 四、资料中所使用的计算单位均采用国家法定计量单位。
 - 五、本《年鉴》总量指标计算所采用的价格均为现行价格。
- 六、本《年鉴》伊犁哈萨克自治州的数据包括伊犁州直属县(市)、塔城 地区和阿勒泰地区。
 - 七、本《年鉴》使用符号说明:
 - "#"表示其中项;
 - "..."表示不足小数位的数据;
 - "空"表示没有或未掌握该指标数据。
- 八、本《年鉴》在编辑过程中得到自治区内外许多单位和同志们的大力支持,在此深表谢意。限于我们的水平,加之时间仓促,不足之处,敬请各级领导、各界人士和统计战线的同仁批评指正。

Editor's Explanatory Notes

- I . Xinjiang Statistical Yearbook-2010 (in both Chinese and English) is an annual statistic publication of comprehensive information with highly density. The yearbook covers very comprehensive data in 2009 and some selected data series in important years and the data since reform and opening of Xinjiang, reflects various aspects of Xinjiang's social and economic development.
- II. The yearbook comprises such sections as: Special Article (Statistical Communique on National Economy and Social Development of Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region in the year 2009); general survey; national accounts; population and employment; investment in fixed assets; government finance, financial intermediation and insurance; price indices; people's livelihood and social security; general survey of cities; natural resources and environment protection; agriculture; industry; construction; transport, post and telecommunication services; wholesale & retail trades, hotels and catering services; production and consumption of energy; foreign trade & economic cooperation and tourism; education, science & technology and culture; sports, public health and others; ranking of main economic indicators by region of Xinjiang; appendix (ranking of main economic indicators by region), etc. Each section is equipped with Explanatory Notes on Main Statistical Indicators at the end.
- III. Compared with the Xinjiang Statistical Yearbook 2009, some changes are made in contents and in editing mode, including the following:
- 1) In the chapter of sports, public health and others are increased new tables of medical services in health service centers for community.
- 2) In order to reflect economic of outstanding achievements since Xinjiang established 55 years, in the chapter of comprehensive main indicators of national economic of Xinjiang and it's increased rate are increased.
- 3) Because of the change in statistical method and regulations for departmental statistics, in the chapter of people's living condition and social secutity are canceled the table of number of retired and resigned persons at the year-end in main year.
- 4) Because of statistics of enterprises group and prosperity index on enterprises are canceled. So in the chapter of general survey are increased enterpreneur confidence index and prosperity index on enterprises.
- IV. The units of measurement used in this yearbook are internationally standard measurement units.
 - V. The computation of all the indicators in the yearbook is equipped with current prices.
- VI. The data about Ili Kazak Autonomous Prefecture in the present Xinjiang Statistical Yearbook covers counties (cities) direct under Ili Prefecture, Tacheng Prefecture and Altay Prefecture.
 - VII. Description of signs or symbols in the yearbook:
- "#"stands for interim item; "..." for data with insufficient decimal place; "blank" for absence of data indicators or ignorance of them.
- VIII. In the course of compilcation, the yearbook has received great support from many units and comrades in and out of Autonomous Region, we acknowledge their help to the book. Mistakes and faults are inevitable to take place for inadequate proficiency and limited time. Leaders, personnel from all walks of life and colleagues from statistical sector are welcome to make their critical comments and suggestions.



特载

SPECIAL ARTICLE



XINJIANG STATISTICAL YEARBOOK

2010



XINJIANG STATISTICAL YEARBOOK 2010



新疆维吾尔自治区 2009年国民经济和社会发展 统 计 公 报

2009年,全区各族人民在自治区党委、人民政府的坚强领导下,以邓小平理论和"三个代表"重要思想为指导,深入贯彻落实科学发展观,全面落实党的十七届三中、四中全会和胡锦涛总书记关于新疆工作的重要讲话精神,克难攻坚,奋力拼搏,紧紧围绕"保增长、保民生、保稳定"的总体要求,积极应对国际金融危机冲击,国民经济较快发展,各项社会事业取得新的成就。

一、综合

初步核算,全年实现地区生产总值(GDP) 4277.05亿元,按可比价格计算,比上年增长8.1%, 其中,第一产业增加值759.74亿元,增长4.5%; 第二产业增加值1929.59亿元,增长8.5%;第三产业增加值1587.72亿元,增长9.2%。三次产业比例为17.8:45.1:37.1。人均地区生产总值19942元,按可比价格计算,增长6.5%,以当年平均汇率折算,人均地区生产总值2920美元。

居民消费价格比上年上涨0.7%,其中,食品价格上涨2.1%。服务项目价格上涨0.8%。工业品出厂价格下降14.5%。原材料、燃料、动力购进价格下降9.4%。农产品生产价格上涨6.4%。农业生产资料价格下降0.5%。固定资产投资价格下降2.0%。

表 1 ; 2009 年居民消费价格比上年涨跌幅度

指标	涨跌幅度(%)
居民消费价格	0.7
城市	0.2
农村	2.0
食 品	2.1
粮食	2.9
肉禽及其制品	0.8
油脂	-23.0
蛋 类	1.7
水产品	0.2
烟酒及用品	1.5
衣 着	-1.4
家庭设备用品及维修服务	1.9
医疗保健和个人用品	1.9
交通和通信	-1.0
娱乐教育文化用品及服务	-0.1
居住	-0.1
水、电、燃料	-1.4
租房	1.4
建房及装饰材料	3.6

二、农 业

农林牧渔业总产值1297.61亿元,按可比价格 计算,比上年增长5.1%,其中,农业产值898.62 亿元,增长7.8%;林业产值26.65亿元,增长6.5%; 畜牧业产值318.37亿元,下降1.5%;渔业产值 11.14亿元,增长6.9%;农林牧渔服务业产值42.83 亿元,增长3.4%。 农作物播种总面积7065.39万亩,增长3.8%, 其中,粮食播种面积2990.25万亩,增长20.8%; 棉花播种面积2113.97万亩,下降15.5%;油料播 种面积405.08万亩,下降5.8%;甜菜播种面积 95.61万亩,下降10.4%;蔬菜播种面积393.26万亩,增长1.6%。

粮食产量1152万吨,增长23.8%。棉花产量252.40万吨,下降16.3%。油料产量63.91万吨,增长12.4%。甜菜产量418.41万吨,下降4.7%。蔬菜产量1383.21万吨,增长42.5%。特色林果业产品产量565.15万吨,增长25.3%,其中,红枣29.00万吨,增长1.2倍;核桃12.27万吨,增长52.1%。

年末牲畜存栏3844.75万头(只),增长2.6%; 全年牲畜出栏3135.72万头(只),下降7.4%。肉 类总产量115.31万吨,增长0.4%,其中,羊肉产 量43.77万吨,下降4.9%;牛肉产量33.88万吨, 增长4.6%;猪肉产量22.03万吨,下降1.2%。牛奶 产量120.88万吨,下降12.0%。绵羊毛产量7.16万 吨,下降14.7%。水产品产量9.70万吨,增长4.8%。

当年人工造林面积399.45万亩,增长23.1%。

年末农业机械总动力1503.27万千瓦,增长9.4%。拥有大中型拖拉机21.78万台,增长22.1%。小型拖拉机37.14万台,下降1.4%。化肥施用量(折纯)156.28万吨,增长5.0%。农村用电量58.97亿千瓦时,增长9.4%。

三、工业和建筑业

全部工业增加值1555.84亿元,接可比价格 计算,比上年增长6.2%。规模以上工业增加值 增长7.2%,其中,轻工业增长10.2%,重工业增 长6.9%。

表 2: 2009 年工业主要产品产量及增速

	•	·	
产品名称	单位	产量	比上年 增长%
原煤	万吨	8812.55	30.3
原 油	万吨	2512.86	-7.4
天然气	亿立方米	245.39	4.0
原油加工量	万吨	1864.60	7.0
乙烯	万吨	49.15	90.1
发电量	亿千瓦时	571.31	16.8
成品糖	万吨	40.77	-24.2
卷 烟	化支	135.00	12.5
罐头	万吨	120.34	66.4
化学纤维	万吨	14.00	11.8
纱	万吨	38.61	-2.8
布	万米	1.52	-1.0
机制纸及纸板	万吨	35.58	18.0
化肥(折 100%)	万吨	159.10	-1.1
粗钢	万吨	653.32	21.8
钢材	万吨	690.81	19.8
生 铁	万吨	764.62	51.2
水 泥	万吨	2050.00	22.5
变压器	万千伏安	2612.20	15.3

规模以上工业企业产品销售率95.6%,下降1.7个百分点,其中,轻工业92.9%,下降0.8个百分点;重工业95.9%,下降1.9个百分点。出口交货值39.51亿元,下降44.6%。实现利润484.58亿元,下降37.8%。

全社会建筑业实现增加值373.75亿元,按可比价格计算,增长20.9%。具有资质等级的总承包和专业承包建筑企业实现总产值760.57亿元,增长24.0%。

四、固定资产投资

全社会固定资产投资2827.24亿元,比上年增 长25.1%。分城乡看,城镇固定资产投资2535.86 亿元,增长25.1%;农村固定资产投资291.38亿元,增长24.8%。分产业看,第一产业投资172.26亿元,增长14.2%;第二产业投资1295.22亿元,增长12.8%;第三产业投资1359.76亿元,增长41.3%。第一产业占投资总额的6.1%,比上年下降0.6个百分点;第二产业占45.8%,下降4.7个百分点;第三产业占48.1%,上升5.3个百分点。

房地产开发投资235.88亿元,增长3.2%,其中,经济适用房投资17.09亿元,增长3.8%。房屋施工面积3064.41万平方米,增长16.1%;竣工面积1032.72万平方米,下降1.6%。商品房销售面积1327.64万平方米,增长39.1%;销售额351.01亿元,增长64.2%。

五、国内贸易

社会消费品零售总额1177.53亿元,比上年增长14.8%,扣除物价上涨因素,实际增长14.3%。

分城乡看,城市消费品零售额834.42亿元,增长14.4%;农村消费品零售额343.11亿元,增长15.9%。分行业看,批发和零售业零售额956.64亿元,增长15.4%;住宿和餐饮业零售额177.21亿元,增长15.0%;其他行业零售额43.68亿元,增长2.3%。

六、对外经济

货物进出口总额138.28亿美元,比上年下降 37.8%,其中,出口108.24亿美元,下降43.9%; 进口30.04亿美元,增长3.0%。

外商直接投资合同金额4.70亿美元,下降 26.7%。实际利用外资2.16亿美元,增长13.6%。

表 3 : 2008 年货物进出口总额及增速

	单位	立: 亿美元
指标	绝对数	比上年增长 (%)
货物进出口总额	138.28	-37.8
货物出口额	108.24	-43.9
其中:一般贸易	16.81	-42.1
加工贸易	3.22	-27.2
边境小额贸易	75.42	-52.2
其中: 机电产品	17.61	-17.4
高新技术产品	0.88	8.4
货物进口额	30.04	3.0
其中:一般贸易	12.87	39.5
加工贸易	0.25	38.3
边境小额贸易	15.74	-16.0
其中: 机电产品	7.25	75.5
高新技术产品	2.74	1.0 倍

七、交通、邮电和旅游

铁路完成货运量6413.15万吨,比上年增长4.8%;公路(不含非营运性车辆,下同)46787万吨,增长4.0%;民航3.80万吨,增长1.0%;管道6959.15万吨,增长14.5%。铁路完成客运量1371.40万人,增长4.6%;公路41604万人,增长3.0%;民航435.13万人,增长6.2%。

年末铁路营业里程3837公里,增长31.2%; 民航通航里程15.24万公里,增长3.1%;公路里程 15.07万公里,增长2.7%,其中,高速公路1420 公里,增长28.2%。

年末民用汽车保有量110.65万辆(包括三轮车和低速货车),增长18.5%,其中,私人汽车65.19万辆,增长25.9%。

邮电业务总量479.65亿元,比上年增长26.6%,其中,邮政业务总量13.35亿元,增长17.0%;电信业务总量466.30亿元,增长26.9%。

年末本地交换机总容量930.00万门,下降8.0%。 固定电话用户573.10万户,下降9.7%。移动电话 用户1119.60万户,增长6.5%。互联网用户133.70 万户,下降6.3%。电话普及率79.5部/百人,增长 0.5%,其中,固定电话普及率26.9部/百人,下降 9.7%;移动电话普及率52.6部/百人,增长6.7%。

接待国际旅游人数35.49万人次,比上年下降2.8%;国际旅游外汇收入1.37亿美元,增长0.7%。接待国内旅游人数2098万人次,下降4.4%;国内旅游收入176.75亿元,下降10.7%。

八、财政和金融

全口径财政收入883.71亿元,比上年增长7.9%。地方财政收入493.07亿元,增长2.8%。地方财政一般预算收入388.78亿元,增长7.7%,其中,各项税收收入301.13亿元,增长5.1%。分税种看,营业税收入112.37亿元,增长22.9%;契税收入11.18亿元,增长28.6%。地方财政支出1474.11亿元,增长25.3%。地方财政一般预算支出1346.91亿元,增长27.1%,其中,教育支出240.15亿元,增长20.6%;农林水事务支出196.78亿元,增长37.5%;社会保障和就业支出177.49亿元,增长62.7%;医疗卫生支出84.94亿元,增长44.8%;交通运输支出65.91亿元,增长94.8%。

年末金融机构(含外资)人民币各项存款余额6845.07亿元,比年初增加1445.73亿元,比上年增长26.8%,其中,企业存款余额2043.54亿元,增长38.7%;储蓄存款余额3049.91亿元,增长19.6%。金融机构(含外资)人民币各项贷款余额3782.92亿元,比年初增加956.39亿元,增长33.8%,其中,短期贷款1526.10亿元,增长26.8%;

中长期贷款2033.13亿元,增长42.0%。个人消费贷款312.01亿元,增长43.8%。在短期贷款中,工业贷款327.05亿元,增长21.2%;农业贷款309.81亿元,增长40.3%;私营企业及个体贷款66.13亿元,增长1.5倍。

年末境内上市公司34家,比上年增加2家;股票总股本169.91亿股,增长15.2%;股票总市值3021.29亿元,增长1.1倍。全年上市公司通过资本市场融资43.60亿元,其中,IPO(首发上市融资)2家,募集资金9.33亿元;定向增发2家,募集资金24.27亿元;发行公司债券1家,募集资金10亿元。

保费收入156.69亿元,比上年增长2.7%,其中,寿险100.37亿元,下降3.7%;财产险56.33亿元,增长16.6%;健康险12.24亿元,增长21.5%;意外伤害险4.10亿元,增长18.1%。各类保险赔款及给付48.12亿元,增长8.4%,其中,财产险26.60亿元,增长12.7%;寿险15.32亿元,增长1.4%;健康险5.27亿元,增长12.3%;意外伤害险0.93亿元,下降5.9%。

九、教 育

年末共有普通高等学校32所。全年研究生教育招生4189人,比上年增长18.9%;在校研究生11635人,增长12.8%;毕业生3021人,增长8.4%。本专科招生6.97万人,下降2.0%;在校生24.16万人,增长0.1%;毕业生5.71万人,与去年持平。

各类中等职业教育招生8.85万人,下降3.8%; 在校生21.76万人,增长3.1%;毕业生5.94万人, 增长38.7%。普通高中招生14.89万人,增长0.6%; 在校生41.71万人,下降0.4%;毕业生13.73万人, 增长1.5%。初中招生34.10万人,下降2.5%;在校 生102.77万人,下降3.5%;毕业生35.50万人,下降4.5%。小学招生31.85万人,下降3.1%;在校生197.39万人,下降1.9%;毕业生33.98万人,下降2.7%。幼儿园在园幼儿49.06万人,增长24.1%。

小学学龄儿童入学率99.4%,其中,农村99.2%。初中阶段适龄少年入学率95.6%。初中毕业升入普通高中(含技工)升学率73.6%。

十、文化、卫生和体育

年末拥有广播电台6座,电视台8座,广播电视台83座,其中,地、市级广播电视台8座,县级广播电视台75座。广播综合人口覆盖率94.4%,电视人口综合覆盖率94.8%。有线电视用户180.99万户,增长10.4%;有线数字电视用户102.88万户,增长2.2倍。拍摄故事片2部,译制少数民族语故事片117部。

全区共有卫生机构7288个,拥有床位10.72万 张,卫生技术人员11.45万人。其中,医院、卫生 院1669个,床位10.26万张;疾病预防控制中心214 个;妇幼保健机构90个。乡镇卫生院894个,床位 1.87万张,卫生技术人员1.61万人。每万人拥有卫 生机构床位数49.65张,增长9.3%;卫生技术人员 53.03人,增长5.8%。

我区运动健儿在2009年女子摔跤世界杯赛上获得冠军,在其他国际比赛中获得3个第1名,3个第2名;在全国正式比赛中,获得17个第1名,13个第2名,22个第3名。

十一、人口与人民生活

年末总人口2158.63万人,比上年增长1.3%, 其中,城镇人口860.21万人,增长1.8%; 乡村人 口1298.42万人,增长1.0%。城镇化率为39.9%。 男性人口1098.31万人,女性人口1060.32万人,性 别比为103.6。全年出生人口34.52万人,出生率 15.99‰;死亡人口11.72万人,死亡率5.43‰。人 口自然增长率10.56‰。

初步核算,城镇居民人均可支配收入12258 元,比上年增长7.2%;农村居民人均纯收入3883 元,增长10.8%。城镇居民家庭恩格尔系数36.3, 农村居民家庭恩格尔系数41.6。

十二、劳动就业和社会保障

年末就业人员866.15万人,比上年增加18.57万人,增长2.2%,其中,城镇就业人员379.41万人,增加4.88万人,增长1.3%。通过各种途径实现城镇就业再就业42.59万人。城镇登记失业率为3.8%。

年末全区参加城镇失业保险169.60万人,比上年增加6.84万人。参加基本养老保险232.08万人,增加9.92万人,其中,参保职工177.58万人,增加7.11万人;参保离退休人员54.50万人,增加2.81万人。城镇职工参加基本医疗保险279.09万人,增加15.56万人,其中,参保职工210.85万人,增加12.00万人;参保退休人员68.24万人,增加3.56万人。企业参加基本养老保险离退休人员52.73万人,增加2.55万人。领取失业保险金6.34万人,减少0.10万人。参加工伤保险167.70万人,增加16.62万人。参加生育保险176.07万人,增加11.05万人。

城镇居民中有64.54万人得到政府最低生活保障救济。年末各类收养性社会福利单位拥有床位2.70万张;收养各类人员2.03万人。销售社会福利彩票15.82亿元,增长22.9%;筹集社会福利资

金4.93亿元,增长12.0%。直接接受社会捐赠1.29亿元。

开展新型农村合作医疗工作的县(市)89个, 覆盖农牧业人口1021.64万人,比上年增加15.74 万人。实际参加农村合作医疗的农牧民993.33万人,增加43.03万人。

十三、资源、环境和安全生产

新发现大中型矿产地25处,其中,能源矿产地13处,金属矿产地9处,非金属矿产地1处,水气矿产地2处。

新增废气污染物二氧化硫削减量3.82万吨, 新增废水污染物化学需氧量削减量1.99万吨。

在监测的19个城市中,有10个城市空气质量达到国家Ⅱ级以上标准,城市空气质量好于Ⅱ级的优良天数占85.5%,提高0.7个百分点。首府乌鲁木齐市空气质量好于Ⅱ级的优良天数占71.8%,提高0.5个百分点。

在监测的62条河流154个断面中, I~Ⅲ类优良水质断面比例为88.3%, 提高6.4个百分点; IV~ V类轻中度污染水质断面比例为6.5%; 劣V类重 度污染水质断面比例为5.2%。

在监测的30座湖库中, I~Ⅲ类优良水质湖库占43.3%; IV~V类轻中度污染水质湖库占23.3%; 劣V类重度污染水质湖库占33.4%。

各类国家和自治区级自然保护区28个,保护区总面积21.49万平方公里,占全区国土面积的13.0%,其中,国家级自然保护区9个。

发生生产安全事故10561起,比上年下降9.4%。死亡2589人,下降6.7%;受伤5911人,下降8.5%;生产安全事故直接经济损失9788.33万元,下降74.8%。

亿元生产总值生产安全事故死亡0.60人,比上年下降10.4%。工矿商贸就业人员十万人生产安全事故死亡7.61人,下降1.7%。道路交通万车死亡7.81人,下降25.6%。煤矿百万吨死亡1.27人,下降17.5%。

说明:

- 1、规模以上工业是指年主营业务收入500 万元以上的工业企业。
 - 2、金融机构含外资金融机构。



Statistical Communique on the 2009

National Economic & Social Development of the Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region

In 2009, under the correct leadership of the Autonomous Region Party Committee and the People's Government, the people in different nationalities of the Autonomous Region followed the guidance of Deng Xiaoping Theory and the important principle of the "Three Reprensents", fully implemented the view Scientific Developments Stratgy, fully implemented the spirit of the third and forth plenum of the 17th communist party ov china central committee. government at all levels and people overcomed difficulties, perform to the best of their abilities, adjusted the economic structures and expanded the domestic aggregate demand, and to promote the economic growthand keep the people's livelihood and welfare and maintain the soceity stable. Made great effort to reducing various of important natural disasters and unfavorable influences of international financial crisis, united hard and soul, rised with force and spirit, bringing the new achievements on development of the national economic and social overall undertakings.

I. General Outlook

According to the Preliminary statistics, the gross domestic product (GDP) of Xinjiang was 427.705 billion yuan up by 8.1% over the previous year, of which,the added value of the primary industry was 75.974 billion yuan,up by 4.5%;that of the secondary industry was 192.959billion yuan,up by 8.5%;and that of the tertiary industry was 158.772 billion yuan,up by 9.2% over the previous year. The composition of three industries was 17.8:45.1:37.1. The permanent-population-based per-capita GDP reached 19 942 yuan, up by 6.5% over the previous year, equivalent to US\$2 920 at current exchange rate.

The total consumer price index of the year was up by 0.7% over the previous year, of which, the price of food was up by 2.1%. The price for service up by 0.8%. The ex-Factory price index of industrial product was up by 14.5%. The purchasing

price of raw material, fuel and power was down by 9.4%. The production price of agriculture products up by 6.4%. The price index of agriculture products was down by 0.5%. The price of fixed asset investment was down by 2.0%.

Table 1: Span of rise and decrease on the consumer price indices

unit: %

Items	2009
Consumer price index	0.7
rural	0.2
urban	2.0
#Food	2.1
Grain	2.9
Meal poultry and processed products	0.8
Oil and Fat	-23.0
Eggs	1.7
Aquatic products	0.2
Tobacco, Liquor and Articles	1.5
Clothing	-1.4
Household Facilities, Articles and Services	1.9
Health Care and Personal Articles	1.9
Transportation and Communication	-1.0
Recreation, Education and Culture Articles	-0.1
Residence	-0.1
#Water Electric and fuel	-1.4
Renting	1.4
Building and building decoration materials	3.6

II. Agriculture

Gross output value of agriculture, forestry, animal husbandry and fishery was 129.761 billion yuan, up by 5.1% over the previous year, of which, Gross output of agriculture was 89.862 billion yuan, up by 7.8%; Gross output of forestry was 2.665 billion yuan, up by 6.5%; Gross output of animal husbandry was 31.837 billion yuan, down by 1.5%; Gross output of fishery was

1.114 billion yuan,up by 6.9%;Gross output of services of griculture,forestry, animal husbandry husbandry was 4.283 billion yuan,up by 3.4%.

The total sown areas of farm crops was 70.6539 million acres, up by 3.8% over the previous year; of which, The sown area of grain crops was229.025 million hectares, up by 20.8%; The sown area of cotton crops was 21.1397 million acres, down by 15.5%; The sown area of oil bearing crops was 4.0508 million acres, down by 5.8%; The sown area of sugar crops was 95.61 ten thousand acres, down by 10.4% over the previous year.

The sown area of vegetable crops was 3.9326 million acres, up by 1.6%.

The total output of grain was 1152 ten thousand tons, up by 23.8% over the previous year; The output of cotton was252.40 ten thousand tons, down by 16.3% over the previous year; The output of oil-bearing crops was 639.10 thousand tons, an increase of 12.4%; The output of sugar was 4.1841 million tons, a decrease of 4.7%. The output of vegetable was 13.8321 million tons, an increase of 42.5% over the previous year; The output of fruit was 565.15 ten thousand tons, an increase of 25.3%, of which, the output of red date was 29.00 ten thousand, an increase of 1.2 times.the output of walnut was 12.27 ten thousand, an increase of 52.1%.

The year-end domesticated animals in stock numbered 38.4475 million heads, up by 2.6% over the previous year; the domesticated animal out of stock 31.3572 million heads, down by 7.4%; the total output of meat reached 1.1531 million tons, up by 0.4%; of which, the output of pork reached 43.77 ten thousand tons, down by 4.9%, the output of poultry reached 22.03 ten thousand tons, down by 23.3%; the output of mutton reached 45.40 ten thousand, down by 1.2%, the output of milk reached 1.2088 million tons, down by 12.0%.the output of sheep wool was 7.16 ten thousand tons, down by 14.7%.the output of aquatic product reached 9.70 ten thousand tons, up by 4.8%.

The area of man-made forests was 399.45 ten thousand mous.

Total agricultural machinery power was 15.0327 million kilowatt, up by 9.4% over the previous year. There were 21.78 ten thousand large and medium-size tractors, up by 22.1%; and 37.14 ten thousand small-size tractors, down by 1.4%. The

consumption of chemical fertilizer was 156.28 ten thousand tons(100% equivalent), up by 5.0%. Electricity consumed in rural areas was 5.897 billion kwh, up by 9.4%.

III. Industry and Construction

The total value-added of the industrial sector was 155.584 billion yuan, up by 6.2% over the previous year. The added value of industrial enterprises above designated size was up by 7.2%. Of which, The added value of light industry was up by 10.2%; the added value of heavy industry was up by 6.9% over the previous year.

Table2: Output of Major Industrial Products 2009

Item	Unit	Output	Increase over 2008(%)
Coal	10 000 tons	8812.55	30.3
Crude oil	10 000 tons	2512.86	-7.4
Natural gas	100 million cubic meters	245.39	4.0
Processed oil	10 000 tons	1864.60	7.0
Ethylene	10 000 tons	49.15	90.1
Electricity	100 million kilowatt-hours	571.31	12.0
Refind sugar	10 000 tons	40.77	-24.2
Cigarettes	100 million pieces	135.00	12.5
Can	10 000 tons	120.34	66.4
Chemical Fiber	10 000 tons	14.00	11.8
Yarn	10 000 tons	38.61	-2.8
Cloth	10 000 meters	1.52	-1.0
Machine-made paper and paperbord	10 000 tons	35.58	18.0
Chemical fertilizers (100% equivalent)	10 000 tons	159.10	-1.1
Crude steel	10 000 tons	653.32	21.8
Rolled steel	10 000 tons	690.81	19.8
Pig Iron	10 000 tons	764.62	51.2
Cement	10 000 tons	2050.00	22.5
Transformer	10 000 kilovolt-ampere	2612.20	15.3

The proportion of industrial enterprises above designated size of products sold was 95.6%, a decrease of 1.7percentage points. Of which, the proportion of light industry of products sold was 92.9%, a decrease of 0.8 percentage points. The proportion of heavy industry of products sold was 95.9%, a decrease of 1.9 percentage points. The value of delivered exported goods creat by industrial enterprises above designated size was 3.951 billion yuan, down by 44.6%. The profits achieved to 48.458 billion yuan, down by 37.8%.