



朗读（全国高考试卷英语听力主播） Kris Tushka

主编 李威



基础演练

Nothing is difficult to the man who will try.

ENGLISH LISTENING



外文出版社

FOREIGN LANGUAGES PRESS

By reading we enrich
the mind;
by conversation
we polish it.

朗读 (全国高考英语听力主播)
Kris
Tushka

听力天下

1

Listening to the world.

主 编 李 威

副主编 姜丽霞 李 鹏 徐莉苹 李鹏飞 王宗华



外文出版社

FOREIGN LANGUAGES PRESS

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

听力天下. 1 / 李威主编. —北京: 外文出版社, 2010

ISBN 978-7-119-06630-1

I. ①听… II. ①李… III. ①英语—听说教学—高中—习题 IV. ①G634.415

中国版本图书馆CIP数据核字(2010)第159593号

听力天下系列丛书

听力天下(1)

主 编 李 威

责任编辑 王 蕊 夏伟兰

©2010外文出版社

出版发行 外文出版社

地 址 中国北京西城区百万庄大街24号 邮政编码 100037

网 址 <http://www.flp.com.cn>

印 制 山东峰威印务有限公司

开 本 880 × 1230毫米 1/16

印 张 14

印 数 5000

装 别 平

版 次 2010年8月第1版 2010年8月第1版第1次印刷

书 号 ISBN 978-7-119-06630-1

定 价 42.80元

Preface

前言

为响应高中教学及高中学子对高品质英语听力参考书的呼声，我们组织高知名度高考英语听力专家，严格遵循《高中英语课程标准》，参照2011年高考英语考试大纲要求，综合2011年全国及各自主命题省、市高考真题试卷的命题趋向及试题特点，参考最新高考权威信息，潜心钻研而成一本为应考学子提供丰富的高考英语听力训练的一本好书：《听力天下》。旨在帮助高考学子提升英语听力水平，加强高考学子对英美文化的了解，双管齐下，全面提高高考学子的英语成绩，实现高考学子的梦想，为国家培养栋梁人才的伟大事业做出贡献。

本书特色具体如下：

一、高品质

本书特聘高考英语听力录音的英美专家朗读，语音纯正地道，发音清晰流畅，语速完全符合高考英语听力的要求。

二、命题严谨、针对性强

本书出自权威高考听力命题专家之手，认真分析高考学子听力水平低的原因，旨在纠正高考学子的发音，使学子们对英语发音更有亲切感。本书中编写的考点全面，涵盖理解主旨大意，获取事实性具体信息，推断对话背景及对话者的关系，理解对话者意图，观点态度等。与高考英语听力要求及题型完全匹配，逐一分析高考英语听力的各个考点，使学子们在驾驭高考英语听力时更加自如！

三、选材信息量广泛


本书中的听力题材均取材于最新最真实的英语语库，语境涵盖现代英语国家真实各个生活场景，涉及到英语文化背景、风俗习惯、人为景观、世界范围内的科技、历史、日常生活等社会生活中方方面面的知识，亲切自然，原汁原味。

四、前沿、科学

本书编者根据最新高考英语听力的要求，命题趋向，理解难度，涉及范围等精心编制而成，其中涉及的英语文化更是拓展高考学子们的视野，试题设计科学合理，题干设问简洁明了，难度控制与高考真题难度一致，是对教科书内容的补充和延伸，科学的进行听力训练，提高高考学子们的应试技能，减少高考模拟训练中的盲目性，全面提升高考学子们的听力能力。

“千里之行，始于足下”，携手《听力天下》，勤奋训练，走向英语高分的巅峰。

Believe yourself! Let's begin!



目录 CONTENTS

第一部分 专项训练

英语听力专项模拟训练(一)	1	英语听力模拟训练(三十)	62
英语听力专项模拟训练(二)	1	英语听力模拟训练(三十一)	64
英语听力专项模拟训练(三)	2	英语听力模拟训练(三十二)	66
英语听力专项模拟训练(四)	2	英语听力模拟训练(三十三)	68
英语听力专项模拟训练(五)	3	英语听力模拟训练(三十四)	70
		英语听力模拟训练(三十五)	72
		英语听力模拟训练(三十六)	74
		英语听力模拟训练(三十七)	76
		英语听力模拟训练(三十八)	78
		英语听力模拟训练(三十九)	80
		英语听力模拟训练(四十)	82
		英语听力模拟训练(四十一)	84
		英语听力模拟训练(四十二)	86
		英语听力模拟训练(四十三)	88
		英语听力模拟训练(四十四)	90
		英语听力模拟训练(四十五)	92
		英语听力模拟训练(四十六)	94
		英语听力模拟训练(四十七)	96
		英语听力模拟训练(四十八)	98
		英语听力模拟训练(四十九)	100
		英语听力模拟训练(五十)	102
		英语听力模拟训练(五十一)	104
		英语听力模拟训练(五十二)	106
		英语听力模拟训练(五十三)	108
		英语听力模拟训练(五十四)	110
		英语听力模拟训练(五十五)	112
		英语听力模拟训练(五十六)	114
		英语听力模拟训练(五十七)	116
		英语听力模拟训练(五十八)	118
		英语听力模拟训练(五十九)	120
		英语听力模拟训练(六十)	122
		英语听力模拟训练(六十一)	124
		英语听力模拟训练(六十二)	126

第二部分 基础演练

英语听力模拟训练(一)	4
英语听力模拟训练(二)	6
英语听力模拟训练(三)	8
英语听力模拟训练(四)	10
英语听力模拟训练(五)	12
英语听力模拟训练(六)	14
英语听力模拟训练(七)	16
英语听力模拟训练(八)	18
英语听力模拟训练(九)	20
英语听力模拟训练(十)	22
英语听力模拟训练(十一)	24
英语听力模拟训练(十二)	26
英语听力模拟训练(十三)	28
英语听力模拟训练(十四)	30
英语听力模拟训练(十五)	32
英语听力模拟训练(十六)	34
英语听力模拟训练(十七)	36
英语听力模拟训练(十八)	38
英语听力模拟训练(十九)	40
英语听力模拟训练(二十)	42
英语听力模拟训练(二十一)	44
英语听力模拟训练(二十二)	46
英语听力模拟训练(二十三)	48
英语听力模拟训练(二十四)	50
英语听力模拟训练(二十五)	52
英语听力模拟训练(二十六)	54
英语听力模拟训练(二十七)	56
英语听力模拟训练(二十八)	58
英语听力模拟训练(二十九)	60



第一部分 专项训练

英语听力专项模拟训练(一)

——有关 Where 的提问

1. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. In the classroom. B. In the music hall. C. At the party.
2. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. In a meeting room. B. In a hotel. C. In a lecture hall.
3. Where does our food come from according to the woman?
A. All our food comes from the soil. B. All our food comes from animals.
C. Some food comes from animals.
4. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. In an office. B. At a restaurant. C. At the airport.
5. Where will the speakers go together?
A. To the party. B. To the cinema. C. To the concert.
6. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. In a post office. B. At a restaurant. C. In a library.
7. Where is the woman's husband now?
A. In Japan. B. In England. C. In France.
8. Where is the woman?
A. In a kindergarten. B. In a theater. C. At her house.
9. Where is the woman's father?
A. In China. B. In America. C. In England.
10. Where is the man going?
A. To a park. B. To a party. C. To an office.

Difficult Words and Phrases

contest 比赛, 争论

available 可用的, 空闲的

luggage 行李

kindergarten 幼儿园

at the moment 现在, 目前



英语听力专项模拟训练(二)

——有关 How 的提问

1. How does the man feel about the movie?
A. Bad. B. Excellent. C. New.
2. How will the woman inform Mr. Bright?
A. By giving him a call. B. By sending him an e-mail. C. By paying him a visit.
3. How is the woman driving?
A. Very fast. B. Too slowly. C. Just so-so.
4. How many pills should the woman take a day?
A. Four pills. B. Six pills. C. Eight pills.
5. How much do the typewriters cost now?
A. \$ 3. 00. B. \$ 3. 15. C. \$ 3. 50.
6. How does the woman feel about driving to work?
A. Tired. B. Just so-so. C. Too long.
7. How much does each handbag cost?
A. \$ 40. B. \$ 45. C. \$ 80.
8. How much are the apples a pound?
A. 80 cents. B. 18 cents. C. 8 cents.
9. How long will the man stay at the Science Museum?
A. Four hours. B. Less than four hours. C. More than four hours.
10. How long does it take the man to go to work on foot?
A. 15 minutes. B. 30 minutes. C. 45 minutes.

Difficult Words and Phrases

former 过去的, 以前的

inform 告诉, 通知

typewriter 打字机



英语听力专项模拟训练(三)

——有关 What 的提问

1. What does the man mean?
 A. He's not feeling well.
 B. He can't see very clearly.
 C. His eye doesn't hurt very much.
2. What does the man think of the film?
 A. It's a very good film.
 B. It isn't as good as the novel.
 C. It is much better than the novel.
3. What does the man say about the cakes?
 A. He doesn't like the cakes.
 B. He has never eaten such good cakes before.
 C. He doesn't understand why the woman likes the cakes.
4. What does the woman want to do?
 A. To borrow a book.
 B. To buy a book.
 C. To return a book.
5. What language can't the woman speak?
 A. Chinese.
 B. French.
 C. German.
6. What does the woman usually do on Sunday evenings?
 A. Listen to music.
 B. Watch television.
 C. Visit friends.
7. What can we know from the conversation?
 A. The woman used to live in the village.
 B. The man used to live in the village.
 C. The man lives in the city now.
8. What does the man think of Xiao Ying?
 A. Honest.
 B. Untruthful.
 C. Agreeable.
9. What's the man doing?
 A. Leaving.
 B. Driving a car.
 C. Waiting for a car.
10. What do we know about the woman?
 A. She stays in the bed.
 B. She gets up.
 C. She is sick.

Difficult Words and Phrases

untruthful 爱说谎的;不真实的

agreeable 令人愉快的,讨人喜欢的

much better than 比……好得多;胜过



英语听力专项模拟训练(四)

——有关 When 的提问

1. When will the play start?
A. At 8:15 p. m. B. At 8:15 a. m. C. At 8:50 p. m.
2. When will the man have examinations next week?
A. Every day. B. Wednesday and Thursday.
C. Monday, Tuesday and Friday.
3. When does the woman play Ping-Pong?
A. In the morning. B. After school. C. On Sunday.
4. When does the woman's husband work?
A. On Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.
B. On Tuesday, Wednesday, and Saturday.
C. Every day except Tuesday and Thursday.
5. When will the book arrive?
A. On Thursday. B. On Wednesday. C. On Tuesday.
6. When does the woman's plane leave?
A. At 6:30. B. At 7:30. C. At 8:00.
7. When shall the man return the book?
A. June 6 th. B. June 7 th. C. June 9 th.
8. What time is it now?
A. 7:00. B. 7:30. C. 7:45.
9. When should Linda get here?
A. At 8:30. B. At 8:50. C. At 9:00.
10. When does the conversation take place?
A. At 4:45. B. At 5:00. C. At 5:15.

Difficult Words and Phrases

be supposed to 应该,被期望



英语听力专项模拟训练(五)

——有关 Why、Which 和 Who(Whom) 的提问

1. Why are the speakers trying to call David?
A. To tell him that they are busy. B. To invite him to see a movie with them.
C. To ask him a question about the homework.
2. Why didn't the man go to see the doctor last week?
A. His injury kept him at home. B. He didn't think it necessary.
C. He forgot to make an appointment.
3. Why did the woman's parents give her the skirt?
A. As a gift for her birthday. B. As an encouragement to enter a contest.
C. As a reward for doing well in a contest.
4. Why is the woman late for the work?
A. She got up late. B. The bus came late. C. She rode to work.
5. Why does the man come to San Francisco?
A. To settle down. B. To look for work. C. To visit his brother.
6. Why can't animals think like people?
A. They can't learn. B. They have no language. C. They have no brains.
7. Why didn't Arnold pass the driving test?
A. He hadn't enough time to practice. B. He wasn't good at driving.
C. He was too nervous.
8. Why can't the woman go to the party?
A. She doesn't want to. B. She has to work. C. She wants to eat out.
9. Which is the best word to describe the man's character?
A. Humorous. B. Strict. C. Kind.
10. Who did the woman have a wonderful time with?
A. Her old friend. B. Her new friend. C. Her boyfriend.

Difficult Words and Phrases

bullet 子弹

encouragement 鼓励, 支持

get in touch with sb 与某人取得联系

humorous 滑稽有趣的, 有幽默感的

make an appointment 预约

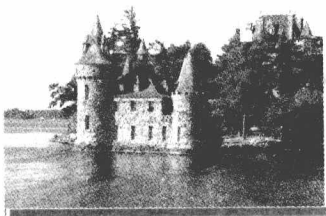
settle down 定居, 过安定生活

come across 偶然发现, 偶然遇见

reward 奖赏



第二部分 基础演练



高中英语听力模拟试题(一)

第一节(共5小题,每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话,每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the man mean?
A. He doesn't plan to move. B. He's looking for an apartment.
C. He was told the dormitory was full.
2. What can we know about the man?
A. He doesn't like basketball. B. He likes football.
C. He will be busy this afternoon.
3. What can we learn from the conversation?
A. The woman refuses the man's apology. B. The man had hurt the woman's feelings.
C. The man had forgotten the whole thing.
4. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?
A. Policewoman and thief. B. Mother and son. C. Teacher and student.
5. Where are the speakers?
A. In a supermarket. B. In the public house. C. In a hotel.

第二节(共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白,每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

6. Who is the woman probably talking to?
A. A man from Japan. B. A man from America. C. A man from England.
7. What does the man's friend do?
A. She's a doctor. B. She's a nurse. C. She's a baby-sitter.

听第7段材料,回答第8至10题。

8. When does the conversation take place?
A. In the morning. B. In the afternoon. C. In the evening.
9. What did the woman buy last week?
A. A pair of green shoes. B. A new sofa. C. A green dress.
10. What color is the speakers' old sofa?
A. Light blue. B. Brown. C. Yellow.

听第8段材料,回答第11至13题。

11. What do we know about the man?
A. He is very sick. B. He has stress recently. C. He sleeps very well every night.



12. What is the woman's suggestion to the man?
A. He should manage to be relaxed. B. He should eat more vegetables.
C. He should see the doctor.
13. Where does the conversation most likely take place?
A. At the man's home. B. At a restaurant. C. At school.

听第9段材料,回答第14至16题。

14. Why was the man late for work?
A. He got up late. B. He didn't catch the bus.
C. The traffic was heavy.
15. What can we know from the dialogue?
A. People who join a car pool live nearby and ride in one car.
B. Car pool is the name of a company that helps people hire cars.
C. A car pool is a kind of organization that owns cars and sends people to work.
16. How does the woman know so much about the car pool?
A. She works in it. B. She has joined a car pool.
C. She has read about it in the paper.

听第10段材料,回答第17至20题。

17. Where is Newcastle?
A. On the River Tyne. B. On the Thames. C. In the north of England.
18. How many bridges are there on the River Tyne?
A. One. B. Five. C. Ten.
19. What's the main industry of Newcastle now?
A. Shipbuilding. B. Coal-mining. C. Chemical and soap industries.
20. Why does the man miss Newcastle so much?
A. Because of the special name.
B. Because of the wide and beautiful countryside.
C. Because of the wild and nice countryside with so many hills and streams.

美文欣赏

Doing good

To help others, you don't have to be an efficient expert in the art; the main thing is the intention. You may be crude and clumsy, wasteful and ineffective, but if you sincerely try to help, your attempt produces nothing but benefit. The one you are trying to help knows your intention and is strengthened and encouraged by the magic of your sharing. In nearly every case, your simple desire to help, converted into action, produces the good sought. But perhaps the greatest good is the good that yourself get out of the attempt.

行善

你若想助人,并不一定要在助人的艺术方面猛下工夫,重要的是你有没有一颗助人的心。你或许粗里粗气,笨手笨脚,徒劳又无成效,但你若真心去帮忙,你的努力只会带来善果。你想要帮助的人得知你有心相助时,会因为你共担困苦的魔力而振作起来。你单纯的助人之心每次付诸行动时,几乎都会产生预期的善果。但或许最大的善果却是你从自己努力的企图中所得到的善果。



高中英语听力模拟试题(二)

第一节(共 5 小题,每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话,每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What are the speakers doing?

- A. Meeting a friend. B. Waiting for the train. C. Watching a film.

2. When does the second show start?

- A. At 7:00. B. At 7:10. C. At 9:10.

3. Where is the man going?

- A. The station. B. The airport. C. The office.

4. Why can't the man attend the woman's wedding?

- A. He is very ill. B. He has no time. C. He is badly injured.

5. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

- A. Neighbors. B. Friends. C. Strangers.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白,每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. What are the people doing in the house?

- A. Having dinner. B. Having a party. C. Watching TV.

7. Who is Karl Black?

- A. The woman's daughter's boyfriend. B. The man's daughter's boyfriend.
C. Miss Zhong's boyfriend.

听第 7 段材料,回答 8 至 10 题。

8. What can't the speakers agree on?

- A. When to watch TV. B. What they are going to do.
C. What program they are going to watch on TV.

9. Why does the man want to watch the football game?

- A. The game is the most important of the season.
B. He wants to see his favorite players.
C. The game is over today.

10. What will the speakers do at last?

- A. Watch the game together. B. Go to the cinema together.



C. Do different things separately.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 11 题至 13 题。

11. Where does the conversation most probably take place?
A. In the classroom. B. In the computer room. C. In the dormitory.
12. What is the man going to do tomorrow?
A. To give a report in class. B. To hand his reading report in.
C. To play tennis with the woman.
13. Why can't the man do the reading at home?
A. He won't go home tonight. B. He doesn't have a computer at home.
C. His computer at home is not connected to the Internet.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 14 题至 16 题。

14. What job would the woman do?
A. Cook meals. B. Do house work. C. Take care of children.
15. How many hours would the woman work a week?
A. 14 hours. B. 25 hours. C. 40 hours.
16. What can we learn about the woman from the conversation?
A. She is well qualified for the job. B. She has a big family to support.
C. She has several children.

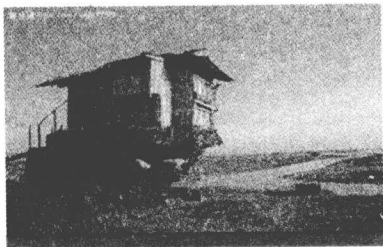
听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 题至 20 题。

17. What is the speaker mainly talking about?
A. New technology. B. Blue sea. C. Sea animals.
18. Who can get around like fish in the sea according to the speaker?
A. The divers. B. The scientists. C. The robots.
19. What connects the sea with the land?
A. Today's diving suits. B. New wireless technology.
C. The newest robots.
20. What is the use of the underwater hydrophones?
A. They can produce sounds. B. They can send back ocean sounds.
C. They can receive and record ocean sounds.

美文欣赏

Service to others delivers more joy to you than the joy you deliver to them. In doing good, you free yourself from the terrible burden of self; you escape from yourself into a clean world of joy and light. The good you simply try to do, regardless of the outcome, is always a success inside yourself.

服务人们给你所带来的快乐要多于你带给他们的快乐。行善时, 你便摆脱了以自我为中心的可怕重担, 而进入一个充满喜悦及光明的清新世界。你一心想行的善, 不论结果如何, 在你心中始终是一种成功。



高中英语听力模拟试题(三)

第一节(共5小题,每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话,每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- What would the man want to buy?
A. A horse.
B. A house down the mountain.
C. A house near the sea.
- How did the man cross the river?
A. By swimming.
B. By boat.
C. By bridge.
- What is the probable relationship between Mary and the man?
A. Wife and husband.
B. Secretary and boss.
C. Daughter and father.
- What does the woman mean?
A. The man needs a vacation.
B. The man should be preparing for his tests.
C. The man doesn't need to worry about his exams.
- When will Alice be back?
A. At 10 o'clock.
B. At 11 o'clock.
C. At about 11:10.

第二节(共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白,每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

- How long is the woman going to stay at the hotel?
A. Two days.
B. Three days.
C. Six days.
- When will the woman check out?
A. On September 27.
B. On October 2.
C. On October 3.

听第7段材料,回答第8至10题。

- What's the woman doing?
A. Buying a gift for her son.
B. Looking at a birthday cake.
C. Buying herself a bicycle.
- How old is Bob now?
A. 14.
B. 15.
C. 24.
- What color does the woman buy?
A. Blue.
B. Yellow.
C. Black.

听第8段材料,回答第11至13题。

- How does the woman feel at first?
A. She is a bit angry with the man.
B. She is very happy to see the man.
C. She is very surprised to see the man.



12. When should the man have arrived?
A. At 7:50. B. At 8:00. C. At 8:10.
13. What can we learn from the conversation?
A. The speakers hate each other. B. The speakers misunderstand each other.
C. The speakers come from different countries.

听第9段材料,回答第14至16题。

14. What nationality is the woman most likely to be?
A. English. B. Spanish. C. French.
15. Which language does the English teacher teach her students?
A. In English. B. In Spanish. C. In French.
16. How is the woman's studying of English?
A. Not very good. B. So-so. C. Excellent.

听第10段材料,回答第17至20题。

17. What happened to the speaker and her husband?
A. They got lost in the dark. B. They couldn't find their seats.
C. They found their seats with difficulty.
18. Why were there no lights?
A. To make the seats cheaper. B. To save money probably.
C. To get it repaired.
19. What was the cinema like?
A. It was not very crowded. B. It was very crowded.
C. It was half empty.
20. What did the speaker and her husband want to see?
A. Different films. B. Only the first film. C. Only the second film.

美文欣赏

Joy in living

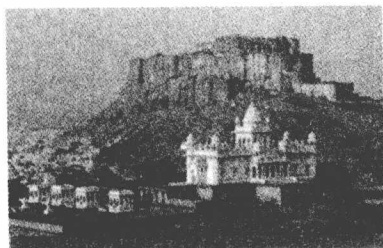
Joy in living comes from having fine emotions, trusting them, giving them the freedom of a bird in the open. Joy in living can never be assumed as a pose, or put on from the outside as a mask. People who have this joy do not need to talk about it; they radiate it. They just live out their joy and let it splash its sunlight and glow into other lives as naturally as bird sings.

We can never get it by working for it directly. It comes, like happiness, to those who are aiming at something higher. It is a byproduct of great, simple living. The joy of living comes from what we put into living, not from what we seek to get from it.

生活的乐趣

生活之乐趣来源于良好的情绪,信赖这些情绪,并任由它们如同鸟儿高翔于天空般地自由自在。生活的乐趣是无法靠姿态摆出来的,也无法用戴上一张面具来伪装。拥有这种乐趣的人们无需挂在嘴边,他们自然会焕发出快乐的气息。他们自己生活在快乐当中,也将这样的快乐自然而然地感染着他人,犹如是鸟儿必将歌唱。

直接追求生活的乐趣却只会使乐趣远离我们,它与幸福一样青睐胸有大志的人们。生活过得高雅、简单便会产生乐趣。它是我们对生活的投入,而非所求。



高中英语听力模拟试题(四)

第一节(共5小题,每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话,每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- What does the woman mean?
A. Please smoke over there. B. Just smoke here. C. You can't smoke anywhere.
- What can we know about the woman?
A. She's too busy to help the man today. B. She'll have time later in the day.
C. She'll finish the report by noon.
- What does the woman mean?
A. The professor should be more serious. B. She will not go to the movies with the man.
C. The man should review his lessons just in case.
- Why is the man going to Hong Kong?
A. To see a doctor. B. To meet his friend. C. To be an assistant of his teacher.
- What is Peter going to do this afternoon?
A. Play basketball. B. Ride a bicycle. C. Go swimming.

第二节(共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白,每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

- Why is the man upset?
A. The boss knows his secret. B. The boss doesn't like him.
C. He is too tired to work.
- What do we learn from the conversation?
A. The boss doesn't mind his workers having part-time jobs.
B. The man is astonished that the woman could have told the boss.
C. The woman was not willing to help the boss.

听第7段材料,回答第8至10题。

- Where did the woman spend her holiday?
A. At home. B. In an interesting place. C. At a native's home.
- What did the man do during the holiday?
A. Traveled some places. B. Played with his friends.
C. Taught himself on the Internet.
- How did the woman feel about her holiday?
A. Very interesting. B. Very boring. C. Very meaningful.