

新编

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# 初中英语

## 单元综合练习

(试卷集)

第二册 (下)

(初中二年级第二学期用)

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## 编写说明

初中二年级第二学期《英语单元综合练习(试卷集)》是根据人民教育出版社和(英国)朗文出版集团有限公司合编的初级中学英语课本第二册编写的,目的是帮助学习、复习、巩固、掌握和运用本册课本所学到的语音、词汇和语法知识。

本书按照单元编写。共设四个练习四个测试,并设一个综合测试。书末附有参考答案,以便查对。

本练习册由广雅中学教师戚国南、关淑华、陈良翠编写。由于时间仓促,作者水平有限,难免有不当之处。敬请老师和同学们多提宝贵意见。

编者

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## Exercise 5 (Lessons 57—72)

班级\_\_\_\_\_ 姓名\_\_\_\_\_ 得分\_\_\_\_\_

### 1. 给下列单词填上所缺字母 (每小题 0.5 分, 计分 10%)

- |                     |                       |                   |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| 1) afr _ _ d 害怕     | 2) r _ _ _ 给...打电话    | 3) enou _ _ 足够的   |
| 4) seas _ n 季节      | 5) _ _ tumn 秋季        | 6) w _ _ m 暖和的    |
| 7) sn _ _ 下雪        | 8) st _ r _ 故事        | 9) w _ _ _ 穿, 戴   |
| 10) penfr _ _ nd 笔友 | 11) sk _ t _ 溜冰       | 12) r _ _ dy 准备好的 |
| 13) _ _ ine 照耀      | 14) n _ _ _ ly 几乎     | 15) h _ _ vest 收获 |
| 16) br _ _ _ t 明亮的  | 17) str _ _ _ 强壮的     | 18) bl _ _ 吹      |
| 19) c _ _ ntry 国家   | 20) b _ _ _ tiful 美丽的 |                   |

### 2. 根据给出的音标, 写出单词, 使句子合理. 通顺 (每词 0.5 分, 计分 14%)

- 1) \_\_\_\_\_ ( [plɪz] ) tell Mr Li. There was a \_\_\_\_\_ ( [ˈtelɪfəʊn] ) call for him a \_\_\_\_\_ ( [ˈməʊmənt] ) ago.
- 2) He is \_\_\_\_\_ ( [ˈraɪtɪŋ] ) down the \_\_\_\_\_ ( [ˈmesɪdʒ] ) on a \_\_\_\_\_ ( [piːs] ) of paper.
- 3) Could you \_\_\_\_\_ ( [brɪŋ] ) the \_\_\_\_\_ ( [ˈfəʊtəʊ] ) to John tomorrow?
- 4) The \_\_\_\_\_ ( [ˈtʃɪldrən] ) helped the \_\_\_\_\_ ( [ˈfɑːməz] ) to \_\_\_\_\_ ( [pɪk] ) apples.
- 5) He \_\_\_\_\_ ( [ɑːskt] ), “Is autumn from about \_\_\_\_\_ ( [ˈɔːgəst] ) to \_\_\_\_\_ ( [ɒkˈtəʊbə] ) in \_\_\_\_\_ ( [ˈtʃaɪnə] )?”
- 6) It's very \_\_\_\_\_ ( [ˈdɪfrənt] ) from \_\_\_\_\_ ( [ɒsˈtreɪljə] ) at this time of year, isn't it?
- 7) What's the \_\_\_\_\_ ( [ˈweðə] ) like \_\_\_\_\_ ( [təˈdeɪ] )? It's very \_\_\_\_\_ ( [kuːl] ) .
- 8) They have \_\_\_\_\_ ( [ˈbjʊːtəfʊl] ) \_\_\_\_\_ ( [ˈsʌnfaɪn] ) in \_\_\_\_\_ ( [dɪˈsembə] ) .

- 9) What \_\_\_\_\_ ( ['prezənt]) are you going to \_\_\_\_\_ ( [giv]) Ann for her \_\_\_\_\_ ( ['bɜ:θ dei])?
- 10) The sandwiches were on the \_\_\_\_\_ ( [pleit]), and the \_\_\_\_\_ ( ['kæ ndlɪz]) were on the cake.

### 3. 仿照例句编写对话,并按括号的词语提问和问答(每小题 2 分,计分 50%)

Model A: there be, a bird, in the tree, this morning, (a kite)

A: Was there a bird in the tree this morning?

B: No, there wasn't.

A: What was in the tree?

B: There was a kite.

- 1) there be, an apple harvest, in their village, last month, (a banana harvest)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

- 2) there be, some trucks in the street, a moment ago, (some buses)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

- 3) there be, some meat, on the plate, this morning, (some mooncakes)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

Model B: there be, one kind of telephone, in the town, a few years ago.  
(five kinds. now)

A: Was there one kind of telephone in the town a few years ago?

B: Yes, there was.

A: How many kinds of telephones are there in the town now?

B: There are five kinds of telephones.

- 4) there be, one kind of vegetable, in the shop, at this time of last year  
(over ten kinds of vegetables, this year)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

- 5) there be, a teacher, in the village, in 1990, (twelve teachers, now)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

- 6) there be, two conductors on a bus in Shenzhen, a few years ago, (no conductors, this year)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

- Model C: you, be from, England, (France)

A: You are from England, aren't you?

B: No, I am not.

A: Where are you from?

B: I am from France.

- 7) you, be good at, English, (Chinese)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

- 8) it, be cool, in summer, in Guangdong, (hot)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

- 9) there be, a football match, on TV, last night, (a volleyball match)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

Model D: they, not like swimming best. (skating)

A: They don't like swimming best, do they?

B: No, they don't.

A: What sport do they like best?

B: They like skating best.

10) her parents, not live in Canada, (Australia)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

11) the young woman, not be going to do some shopping, tomorrow, (go to the park)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

12) Jimmy, not write to his parents, last week, (to his penfriend)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

13) Mr Li, not go to work, by bus, every day, (on foot)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

Model E: go to see the film, this evening, (The Red Star)

A: Would you like to go to see the film this evening?

B: Yes, I'd love to.

A: Which film are we going to see?

B: The Red Star.

14) go to visit the Great Wall, with me, (next summer holiday.)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

15) lend me, your bike, (in the garden)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

Model F: go to the concert tomorrow, have a lot of work, to do

A: Would you like to go to the concert with me tomorrow?

B: Sorry, I have a lot of work to do.

16) give the message to Mr. Smith, this afternoon, not see him

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

17) go swimming in the river tomorrow afternoon, there be dangerous

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

Model G: the place, be, beautiful

A: Is the place beautiful?

B: Yes, it is. How beautiful the place is!

18) she, be, careful student

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

19) it, be, nice weather

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

20) they, have, some beautiful flowers

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_



21) he, run, fast

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

22) they, work, hard, now

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

23) the wind, blow, strongly, last night

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

Model H: you, have, an interesting book

A: Have you an interesting book?

B: Yes, we have. What an interesting book we have!

24) this station, be, big

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

25) he, take, some nice photos, last week

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

4. 用适当的副词填空, 使前后的意思相符 (每小题 2 分, 计分 10%)

1) She is a good dancer. She dances \_\_\_\_\_.

2) The sun is bright. The sun shines \_\_\_\_\_.

3) Now we live a happy life. We are living \_\_\_\_\_.

4) She is always careful with her study. She always studies \_\_\_\_\_.

5) This is a fast train. The train runs \_\_\_\_\_.

5. 完成下列句子 (每小题 2 分, 计分 16%)

1) 顺便问一下, 你可以拿这纸条给他吗?

\_\_\_\_\_, could you \_\_\_\_\_ this note  
\_\_\_\_\_ him?

2) 今天下午你愿意和我去打篮球吗? 恐怕不行, 我要帮妹妹复习数学。

\_\_\_\_\_ with me this afternoon?

\_\_\_\_\_. I have to \_\_\_\_\_ my sister

\_\_\_\_\_ her maths.

- 3) 明年这时候他会来我们学校吗?

Will he come to our school \_\_\_\_\_?

- 4) 在星期天我们不需要上学。

\_\_\_\_\_ we needn't go to school.

- 5) 春天到了，草和树都变绿。

When spring comes, grass and trees \_\_\_\_\_.

- 6) 多么干净的课室啊!

\_\_\_\_\_ it is!

- 7) 他的想法和我的不同。

His idea \_\_\_\_\_.

- 8) 他没有给票你，对吗？对，没有。

He didn't give the ticket to you, did he? \_\_\_\_\_.



## Test 5 (Lessons 57—72)

班级\_\_\_\_\_姓名\_\_\_\_\_得分\_\_\_\_\_

### 1. 听力 (计分 20%)

1) 把你所听到的单词或词语编号写在括号里 (每小题 1 分, 计分 10%)

- ( ) (1) A. last      B. past      C. best      D. text  
( ) (2) A. road      B. old      C. throw      D. wrote  
( ) (3) A. pair      B. bell      C. hear      D. chair  
( ) (4) A. piece      B. please      C. keys      D. present  
( ) (5) A. world      B. worse      C. work      D. was  
( ) (6) A. sport      B. because      C. box      D. born  
( ) (7) A. four oranges      B. fourteen oranges  
          C. forty oranges      D. thirty oranges  
( ) (8) A. a red pen      B. a black coat  
          C. a bad game      D. a fat pig  
( ) (9) A. 3435276      B. 4816952  
          C. 8963261      D. 9547362  
( ) (10) A. a very windy day.      B. a very rainy day.  
          C. a very sunny day.      D. a very cloudy day.

2) 听写句子, 填上所缺单词 (每词 1 分, 计分 5%)

(11) In \_\_\_\_\_ of China, spring is \_\_\_\_\_ very short.

(12) I \_\_\_\_\_ autumn because it's \_\_\_\_\_ but not too \_\_\_\_\_.

3) 情景反映 (你将听到一段特定的情景介绍, 接着听到一句问话, 请选出最佳答案并把编号写在括号中) (每题 1 分, 计分 5%)

- ( ) (13) A. I want to call Betty. B. I want Betty to listen to the phone.  
          C. Are you Betty?      D. May I speak to Betty?  
( ) (14) A. I want you to help me. B. Could you help me?  
          C. Help me.      D. I need you to help me.  
( ) (15) A. I have no time. B. My mother won't let me go.  
          C. Yes, I am glad.      D. Thank you. I'd love to go.

- ( ) (16) A. How glad to see you!      B. How do you do!  
    C. Where do you study?      D. Thank you.
- ( ) (17) A. It doesn't matter.      B. I'm sorry, too.  
    C. All right.      D. Don't do that again, please.

2. 指出各组划线部分与例词读音相同的词 (每小题 1 分, 计分 5%)

- ( ) 1) ready    A. season    B. pleasure    C. beautiful    D. idea
- ( ) 2) those    A. healthy    B. Thursday    C. twelfth    D. feather
- ( ) 3) shop    A. one    B. post    C. October    D. telephone
- ( ) 4) warm    A. quarter    B. park    C. harvest    D. start
- ( ) 5) danger    A. favourite    B. February    C. happy    D. example

3. 每个句子中都有一个错误的单词, 请将其改正, 写在横线上 (每小题 2 分, 计分 10%)

- 1) How do you sbell this word, please? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2) There were not enought people to pick apples. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3) The children enjoied the interesting story. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) When is winter in Australia? It last from June to August. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) Don't laught at the little girl, please. \_\_\_\_\_

4. 选择 (每小题 1 分, 计分 25%)

A. 近义选择

- ( ) 1) There are lots of trees near the house.  
    A. a few    B. some    C. many    D. much
- ( ) 2) He can't remember the telephone number.  
    A. can't know    B. forgets  
    C. can't understand    D. can't find out
- ( ) 3) All the farmers are busy. They are getting ready for next year.  
    A. have a rest    B. aren't free    C. have time    D. work hard
- ( ) 4) Autumn starts in August, and goes on to October.  
    A. begins    B. ends    C. finishes    D. lasts
- ( ) 5) The scientists came from different countries.  
    A. the same    B. not the same

C. unlike

D. likely

B. 语法选择

- ( ) 6) He began to work in the bookstore \_\_\_\_\_ January; 1980.  
A. at                      B. in                      C. on                      D. about
- ( ) 7) "When was he born?" "\_\_\_\_\_ the afternoon of June 25, 1976."  
A. On                      B. In                      C. At                      D. About
- ( ) 8) The library opens \_\_\_\_\_ half past eight every morning.  
A. on                      B. at                      C. in                      D. about
- ( ) 9) Please give the message \_\_\_\_\_ the doctor.  
A. to                      B. of                      C. for                      D. about
- ( ) 10) Look! there are lots of \_\_\_\_\_ in the sky. I think it is going to rain.  
A. clouds                  B. cloudy                  C. wind                      D. windy
- ( ) 11) I will do my homework a bit \_\_\_\_\_ next time.  
A. carefully                      B. more carefully  
C. careful                          D. more careful
- ( ) 12) He ran very \_\_\_\_\_, so I couldn't catch up with him.  
A. quickly                      B. more quickly  
C. quick                          D. quicker
- ( ) 13) Jim has breakfast at home every morning, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. isn't Jim                      B. haven't Jim  
C. hasn't he                      D. doesn't he
- ( ) 14) Let's go to play football tomorrow afternoon, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. don't we                      B. do you  
C. shall we                      D. won't we
- ( ) 15) \_\_\_\_\_ interesting game it is!  
A. How                      B. How an                      C. What                      D. What an
- ( ) 16) \_\_\_\_\_ the old woman is walking across the road!  
A. How slowly                      B. How slow  
C. What slowly                      D. What slow
- ( ) 17) Does he enjoy \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. cook                      B. cooks                      C. cooked                      D. cooking

- ( ) 18) He hopes \_\_\_\_\_ to his birthday party.  
A. you to go                      B. you go  
C. you can go                      D. you going
- ( ) 19) Is the land \_\_\_\_\_ in spring? Yes, it is.  
A. thick              B. dry              C. wet              D. warm
- ( ) 20) Please give me \_\_\_\_\_ book. I don't like this one.  
A. other                      B. the other  
C. another                      D. others
- ( ) 21) Mrs Wu, together with her children \_\_\_\_\_ to the seaside tomorrow.  
A. go              B. goes              C. is going              D. are going
- ( ) 22) "\_\_\_\_\_ did you \_\_\_\_\_ last night?" "Mr Zhao."  
A. Who, write to                      B. Who, write  
C. Whose, write                      D. Where, wrote
- ( ) 23) Smith got to the small village at seven and Mike got there at six.  
Mike was the \_\_\_\_\_ to get there.  
A. one              B. two              C. first              D. second
- ( ) 24) I think this news \_\_\_\_\_ good for her.  
A. are              B. is              C. was              D. were
- ( ) 25) "\_\_\_\_\_ will the singer stay here?"  
"About half a month."  
A. How often                      B. When  
C. How soon                      D. How long

5. 用适当的动词形式填空 (每小题1分, 计分10%)

- 1) The young man always \_\_\_\_\_ (think) more of others than himself.
- 2) Did they \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the park by bike yesterday?
- 3) There \_\_\_\_\_ (be) some water in the bottle.
- 4) Let me \_\_\_\_\_ (help) you to carry the basket.
- 5) \_\_\_\_\_ (be) there a meeting yesterday morning?
- 6) His uncle \_\_\_\_\_ (come) back to his home town in 1956.
- 7) It \_\_\_\_\_ (rain) heavily a moment ago.
- 8) He \_\_\_\_\_ (begin) to study English at ten years old.

9) Her friend \_\_\_\_\_ (teach) Chinese in a middle school two years ago.

10) They \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a sports meet last week.

## 6. 句型转换 (每小题2分, 计分12%)

A. 按各题要求转换:

1) The driver didn't know the way, \_\_\_\_\_? (反意问句)

\_\_\_\_\_

2) The boy will help the old woman to carry the box, \_\_\_\_\_? (反意问句)

\_\_\_\_\_

3) It is a fine day. (对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_

B. 每格填一词, 使上下句意思相符:

4) How tall the buildings are!

\_\_\_\_\_ are!

5) It snowed all day yesterday.

It \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday.

6) There was a lot of rain last week.

It was \_\_\_\_\_ last week.

## 7. 阅读理解 (每小题2分, 计分10%)

Mr Clark worked in an office, and he did a lot of important (重要的) and hard work, but then he began to forget things, and this made (使) his work very hard. One day he said to himself, "I'm going to go and see Dr. Martin about this."

He waited in the doctor's waiting-room with the other patients (病人), and then the nurse said to him, "You can go in and see Dr. Martin now."

Mr Clark hurried into Dr. Martin's office, and the doctor said, "Please sit down, Mr. Clark. What can I do for you?"

"Oh, doctor," said Mr Clark, "it's terrible. I can't remember anything for longer than half a minute, and it's making my work very hard. What can I do? Can you help me?"

The doctor said, "When did this start, Mr. Clark?" Dr. Martin asked. "When did what start?" Mr. Clark asked.

根据短文, 作出选择



- ( ) 1) Mr. Clark was \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a boss    B. a worker    C. an officer (高级职员)  
D. a clean worker
- ( ) 2) Mr. Clark's work was not \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. easy    B. easily    C. interesting    D. good
- ( ) 3) One day he went to see the doctor. Because \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. he felt tired    C. he couldn't work on  
C. he knew the doctor    D. he didn't feel well
- ( ) 4) He hurried into the doctor's office, because \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. he couldn't wait on  
B. there were too many people there  
C. he wanted to know what was wrong with him  
D. he was angry with the nurse
- ( ) 5) He couldn't remember anything for longer than half a minute.  
That means \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. his work was getting worse and worse  
B. He forgot something all the time  
C. he became old and he couldn't work on  
D. something wrong with his head

**8. 完成句子 (每格填一词, 每词0.5分, 计分8%)**

- 1) 为什么孩子们爱夏天?因为他们可常去游泳。

\_\_\_\_\_ the children \_\_\_\_\_ summer? \_\_\_\_\_ they can often \_\_\_\_\_.

- 2) 你母亲过后会好些的, 不要担心。

Your mother will \_\_\_\_\_. Don't \_\_\_\_\_, please.

- 3) 在英国, 春天大约从三月末到五月。

In \_\_\_\_\_, spring is (lasts) about \_\_\_\_\_ March \_\_\_\_\_ May.