

吉林大学合校纪念版 college

中国大学英语 测试教程

第二册

TESTING

2

English

For
Chinese Students



吉林大学出版社

吉林大學合校紀念版 college

中國大學英語 測試教程

第二冊

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Chinese Student

◎ 吉林大學出版社

中国大学英语

测试教程

第二册

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中国大学英语测试教程

第二册

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序

大学英语是我国高等教育的一门重要的基础课程。无论是培养同现代化要求相适应的数以亿计的高素质劳动者，还是培养数以千万计的专门人才，都离不开对其外语（尤其是英语）运用能力的培养。时代发展趋势、经济发展趋势、科技发展趋势以及知识本身的信息化和市场化的总体趋势，都在使我们不断加快大学英语教学改革步伐。

应当看到，改革开放以来，我国大学英语教学质量和师资水平，都有长足的进步。十年来，我国大学英语四、六级统考成绩不断提高，考试体系引人注目，师资队伍更新换代已经基本完成。然而，我国大学英语教学质量还是跟不上社会发展的要求，这也是一个不争的事实。大学毕业生从中学到大学，学了十年英语，大部分人仍然不具备用英语去阅读、交际的能力，更谈不上用英语去工作的能力。从教育经济学的角度看，这不能不说是教育资源的浪费；至少也是教育资源的低效益使用。造成这种状况的原因很多：有教学指导思想的偏差；有课程设置的失当；有师资水平的不平衡；有教学条件的欠缺等等，然而，大学英语教材体系的种种弊端，也是造成这种英语教学低效益的重要原因。我国现有千余所高等学校，各校教学条件、师资水平和生源差异很大。而一个教学大纲，一种课程模式，一套统编教材，显然既不能满足需要，也是不切实际的。因此，在遵循大学英语教学大纲的基础上，统一教材体系和课程设置的矛盾，在主干教材中加大交际能力培养的比重；在自主教材中培养学生自学能力，走内涵式发展的道路，成为必然。基于此，孙怀庆教授等长期从事大学英语教学的同志提出构建 2+3 中国大学英语教材体系。本体系力求既强调语言知识的传授和研习，又注意英语交际能力的培养和发展，同时既限制教学课时的无限膨胀，又培养学生自主学习的习惯和能力，巧妙地解决教与学、学与考、短期教学与长期应用的矛盾。

首先，本套教材体系符合大学英语教学目标。大学英语教学的目的是培养学生具有较强的阅读能力和一定的听、说、写、译能力，使他们能用英语交流信息。本套教材体系完全贯彻了 1999 年教育部最新颁布的《大学英语教

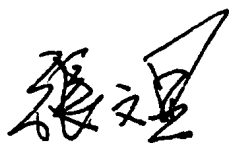
学大纲》对学生的语言应用能力在二个层次上的要求精神，培养学生全方面的英语交际和应用能力。

其次，本套教材体系符合大学英语教学实际。一周4课时的教学量，很难同时完成5种课程任务，导致教师左冲右突，学生无所适从，既浪费了教学资源，也伤害学生的学习热情，其结果是造成学习效益低下。而本套教材体系分课堂主干教材和自主学习教材，目标一致，却分工不同，既给教师发挥主导作用创造了广泛的课堂讲授空间，也给学生保留了自由的课后自学余地，充分发挥了学生是教学的主体作用，培养他们掌握良好的语言学习方法，自觉理解、吸收外国文化素养，提高英语学习效率和效益。

第三，本套教材体系符合中国国情。在我国，英语是在讲汉语的环境中作为一门外语来教的，而不是在英语环境中作为第二语言来教的，因此，不能照搬国外的 TESOL 那套做法。本套教材体系以交际教学法作为基本进路，对其它教学法博采众长，兼收并蓄，从材料选择、体例设计、课堂活动、课后自学、到学业测试全部贯彻培养和发展学生的英语交际能力的教学宗旨，实事求是地采用各种行之有效的方法提高教学效果。

综上，2+3 中国大学英语教材体系是一种先进、合理、实用的教材模式。在庆祝新吉林大学建立之际，谨祝 2+3《中国大学英语》系列教程的出版。这套教程是新吉林大学建立后出版的第一套教材，也是与其它高校联合科研的成果。愿我们各高校之间加强联系、交流和合作，创作具有中国特色的大学英语教材精品，走一条具有中国特色的大学英语教学之路。

吉林大学副校长



前 言

2+3《中国大学英语》是根据1999年教育部最新颁布的《大学英语教学大纲》(高等学校本科用)编写的一套系列教程。所谓“2”是指课堂主干教材:大学英语精读教程和大学英语听说教程;所谓“3”是指学生自主学习教材:大学英语泛读教程、大学英语语法教程、大学英语测试教程。精读、听说教程纳入教学课时,供四个学期使用,其它三种教程以教师指导、学生自学、阶段检测为主,亦在四个学期内同步完成。

本套教材以培养学生具有较强的阅读能力和一定的听、说、写、译能力为宗旨;以体现语言交互活动和激发学生自主学习兴趣的设计为形式;增加内容价值含量,扩大教师的讲授空间,突出学生的学习地位,巧妙地处理了教与学、学与考的关系,追求教学素质、效率和效果的和谐统一。

本套教材具有以下鲜明特色:

1. 中国性:大学英语教材的使用环境在中国,所以本套教材遵循中国学生学习英语的规律,照顾中国学生学习英语的习惯,即体现大学英语教材的中国特色。

2. 大学性:大学英语教材的使用主体是大学生,因而本套教材体现了与中学英语教材的衔接性和差异性,充分发挥大学生的自主学习热情,培养大学生的自主学习能力。

3. 科学性:本套教材无论是选材,还是设计都注意思想性、实用性和趣味性,妥善处理了知识性与可思性、系统性与灵活性、可接受性与前瞻性、语言典范和时代气息的关系。

4. 实用性:本套教材体现了课堂教学与课后自学的关系,博采众长,揉进各种先进的语言学习理论和方法,以在最短时间内以最快速度和最高质量把英语教好、学好为目标,把素质教育做为重点,使教师在传授知识、培养能力和提高素质上下大力气,使学生在语言索取、语言应用与语言创造性上协调发展,最大限度地提高大学英语教学的综合效益。

全套教材由吉林大学、长春工业大学、长春理工大学、吉林建筑工程学院合作编写。吉林大学副校长张文显教授,全国大学外语教学指导委员会副主任、全国大学英语四、六级考试委员会委员刘龙根教授对本套教材的设计与编写自始至终给予关心和支持。

《中国大学英语测试教程》由吉林大学、长春理工大学、长春工业大学、吉林建筑工程学院合作编写。王丽荣、孙怀庆教授担任总主编。由于编者水平与经验有限,教材中难免还有不足之处,希望广大教师和学生批评指正。

编 者

使 用 说 明

本书为《中国大学英语测试教程》第二册,供大学英语二级学生使用。

本书以新大纲的要求和教学内容为基本编写依据;以大学英语标准化测试形式为体例,适当兼顾一定比例的主观试题;以教师指导、学生自主学习、阶段考试检测为手段,着重考核语言基础和语言应用能力。本书讲练结合,融学习与测试为一体,使学习的过程同时成为自我测试的过程,并且使学生通过测试提供的反馈信息不断调整学习过程,使语言测试真正达到信度和效度完美结合的理想境界。

全书共分十个单元,每一单元包括 *Listening Comprehension*, *Vocabulary*, *Structure*, *Reading Comprehension*, *Short Answer Questions*, *Cloze*, *Translation* 和 *Writing* 等项目。

Listening Comprehension 以主题模式构建内容,适当兼顾功能意念训练,做到题材广泛,体裁多样,内容由浅入深,语言朗朗上口。

Vocabulary 将大纲和教材中出现的应知应会的核心单词和词组多角度、多层次、循序渐进地揉进练习中,既充分保证了语言信息的输入量,又为一切语言应用做了基础准备。

Structure 撷取英语语法中的重点、难点、疑点进行专题训练,目的在于使学生在做题的同时掌握语法,在学习语法的同时学会应用。

Reading Comprehension 以主题模式构建内容,在题材和体裁选择上,体现时代性、知识性、趣味性和多样性,所设题项涉及词汇和语法、事实和细节、概括和逻辑等,有助于提高学生在语篇水平上的理解能力。

Cloze、*Short Answer Questions* 和 *Translation* 按“三三一”的比例合理搭配设置,内容和形式均符合测试规范,力求信度和效度合理统一。

Writing 以大学英语标准化作文题型为分析和训练基础,讲练结合,为学生提供了丰富的英语作文知识和写作实践园地。

新大纲指出:测试是贯彻执行教学大纲的重要保证。科学的测试结果可以为教学提供良好的反馈,帮助教师了解教学效果,改进教学方法,提高教学质量;还可以帮助学生了解自己的学习情况,改进学习方法。因此,各院校在使用本教程时,可以因地制宜,严格在总体教学目标的指导下进行测试教学,使大学英语测试真正为大学英语教学服务。

编 者

CONTENTS

Unit One	(1)
Key to Unit One	(24)
Unit Two	(27)
Key to Unit Two	(50)
Unit Three	(53)
Key to Unit Three	(76)
Unit Four	(79)
Key to Unit Four	(102)
Unit Five	(105)
Key to Unit Five	(127)
Unit Six	(130)
Key to Unit Six	(154)
Unit Seven	(157)
Key to Unit Seven	(181)
Unit Eight	(183)
Key to Unit Eight	(207)
Unit Nine	(209)
Key to Unit Nine	(234)
Unit Ten	(236)
Key to Unit Ten	(261)

Unit One

Part I Listening Comprehension

——主题听力分类训练(学校生活)

Section A Conversations

Directions: In this section, you will hear 10 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. The conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the choices marked A, B, C and D, and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on your book and check your answer with the KEY.

- | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| 1. A. To school. | B. Home. | C. To the grocery store. | D. To her friend's house. |
| 2. A. Ten o'clock. | B. Nine-thirty. | C. Nine o'clock. | D. Five o'clock. |
| 3. A. At a lawyer's office. | B. At a library. | C. At a post office. | D. At an airport. |
| 4. A. Monday, Wednesday and Friday. | | B. Saturday and Sunday. | |
| | C. Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday. | D. Monday, Friday and Saturday. | |
| 5. A. That John is usually late. | | B. That John will be there at eight-thirty. | |
| | C. That John will not show up. | D. That John is usually on time. | |
| 6. A. Not to go home for spring vacation. | | B. Not to take a vacation. | |
| | C. Not to graduate. | D. Not to go home after graduation in May. | |
| 7. A. He will eat everything on the table. | | B. The delicious food made him eat some more. | |
| | C. He looks like a fool when he eats. | D. He refuses the woman's offer. | |
| 8. A. In a bank. | | B. In a private home. | |
| | C. In a department store. | D. In an art supply shop. | |
| 9. A. He believes that Jack will not be able to sell his house. | B. He believes that Jack was joking. | | |
| | C. He agrees with the woman. | D. He believes that Jack will quit his job. | |
| 10. A. She's tired of teaching. | | B. She was dismissed from her job. | |
| | C. She's changing jobs. | D. The school is too hot. | |

Section B Passages

Directions: In this section, you will hear 3 short passages. At the end of each passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passages and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A, B, C and D. Then mark the corresponding letter on your book and check your answer with the KEY.

Passage 1

Questions 11 to 13 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| 11. A. Work here. | B. Sit still. | C. Keep quiet. | D. Be good. |
| 12. A. Someone was unkind to him. | | B. He missed his mother. | |

- C. He couldn't do anything there. D. He was afraid of the other children.
 13. A. Get along with his classmates. B. Read and write.
 C. Miss his mother. D. Carry his pens and books.

Passage 2

Questions 14 to 17 are based on the passage you have just heard.

14. A. To tell her parents about the fire.
 B. To ask for a million dollars to pay for the damage caused by the fire.
 C. To inform her parents of her failure in her exams.
 D. To tell her parents she would be forced to leave school.
 15. A. Smoking cigarettes. B. Being naughty.
 C. The results of the exams. D. Burning waste paper in the bedroom.
 16. A. She had failed her exams. B. It was her fault that the school had caught fire.
 C. She had been caught smoking in bed. D. She had not phoned the fire department in time.
 17. A. To warn them about what the headmaster was going to do.
 B. To let them get ready to pay for the damage.
 C. To ask them to take her back home.
 D. To make them less angry at the real news.

Passage 3

Questions 18 to 20 are based on the passage you have just heard.

18. A. On the train. B. In their car. C. On the plane. D. On the picture.
 19. A. He jumped over a low wall on the field. B. He played football with his son for a while.
 C. He was seated immediately to watch a football game. D. He tried to find a seat by the low wall.
 20. A. In Joe's dormitory. B. Off the campus.
 C. In the dining room of the college. D. On the playing field.

Part II Vocabulary

Section A Words to know

Directions: Write out the following words according to the Chinese definition on your book. Then check your answer with the KEY.

一、Verbs

- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. 祈祷(p _ _ _) | 10. 维持, 负担(m _ _ _ _ _) |
| 2. 输, 失去(l _ _ _) | 11. 倾泻(p _ _ _) |
| 3. 贴出(p _ _ _) | 12. 运转(o _ _ _ _ _) |
| 4. 锁住(l _ _ _) | 13. 欢迎(g _ _ _ _) |
| 5. 视察(i _ _ _ _ _) | 14. 指向(p _ _ _ _) |
| 6. 聚集(g _ _ _ _ _) | 15. 引进(i _ _ _ _ _) |
| 7. 打算, 想要(m _ _ _) | 16. 冒犯(o _ _ _ _) |
| 8. 放, 搁(l _ _) | 17. 匹配(m _ _ _ _) |
| 9. 列入(l _ _ _) | 18. 逼迫(p _ _ _ _) |

19. 证明有理(j_____)

20. 眨眼(w_____)

21. 输送(t_____)

22. 战胜(t_____)

23. 传送节目(t_____)

24. 改造(t_____)

25. 冒险(v_____)

26. 撕(裂、碎)(t_____)

27. 解开(t_____)

28. 卸货(u_____)

29. 发出(u_____)

30. 松(解)开(u_____)

31. 利用(u_____)

32. 拧(t_____)

33. 保证(u_____)

34. 经历(u_____)

35. 低估(u_____)

36. 目击, 见证(w_____)

37. 着手做(u_____)

38. 跌倒(t_____)

二、Nouns

58. 货运(f_____)

59. 矿物, 矿产品(m_____)

60. 投掷物(m_____)

61. 才能(f_____)

62. 细菌(g_____)

63. 全体教职员(f_____)

64. 魔鬼(g_____)

65. 集(聚)会(g_____)

66. 频率(f_____)

67. 基金会(F_____)

68. 维持, 保持(m_____)

69. 分数(f_____)

70. 讲座(l_____)

71. 摩擦(力)(f_____)

72. 收获(g_____)

73. 泄漏(l_____)

74. 箔片, 金属片(l_____)

75. 天才(g_____)

76. 请假(l_____)

77. 跳跃(l_____)

78. 女仆人(m_____)

39. 蜷缩(t_____)

40. 经受(w_____)

41. 珍惜(t_____)

42. 哄骗(t_____)

43. 拖(t_____)

44. 受伤(w_____)

45. 步行(t_____)

46. 跟踪(t_____)

47. 烤(t_____)

48. 摇摆(t_____)

49. 兴奋, 激动(t_____)

50. 威胁(t_____)

51. 生锈(r_____)

52. 获得, 得到(s_____)

53. 大声吼(t_____)

54. (如塔般)高耸(t_____)

55. 使晃动(r_____)

56. 抢劫(r_____)

57. 承担(u_____)

79. 基本常识(知识)(f_____)

80. 教训(l_____)

81. 闪电(l_____)

82. 魔术师(m_____)

83. 愤怒的目光(g_____)

84. 伙伴(m_____)

85. 碎片(f_____)

86. 图表(解)(g_____)

87. 忠诚(l_____)

88. 白光(g_____)

89. (学术研究的)新领域(f_____)

90. 成绩, 分数(g_____)

91. 制造商(m_____)

92. 缺乏(l_____)

93. 层面(l_____)

94. 好(善)事(g_____)

95. 词汇表(g_____)

96. 相象点(处)(l_____)

97. 拨款, 津贴(g_____)

98. 指南, 手册(m_____)

99. 边, 宽余(m_____)

100. 局限性(l _ _ _ _ _)

101. 大笑(l _ _ _ _ _)

102. 优美(雅)(g _ _ _ _)

103. 凝视(g _ _ _ _)

104. 篱笆(f _ _ _ _)

105. 梯子(l _ _ _ _)

106. 团, 块(m _ _ _)

107. 火柴(m _ _ _ _)

108. 工厂(m _ _ _)

109. 大惊小怪(f _ _ _)

110. 反馈(应)(f _ _ _ _ _)

111. 慷慨(g _ _ _ _ _)

三、Adjectives

124. 向上的(u _ _ _ _)

125. 国内的(d _ _ _ _ _)

126. 内部的, 室内的(i _ _ _ _ _)

127. 自然的(f _ _ _ _ _)

128. 卑贱的, 恭顺的(h _ _ _ _)

129. 本质的(t _ _ _ _ _)

130. 强烈的(i _ _ _ _ _)

131. 坚持的(i _ _ _ _ _)

132. 明显的(p _ _ _ _)

133. 崇高的(l _ _ _ _)

134. 与...相等的(e _ _ _ _)

135. 不可缺少的(i _ _ _ _ _)

136. 相等的(e _ _ _ _ _)

137. 紧凑的(c _ _ _ _ _)

138. 朴素的(p _ _ _ _)

四、Adverbs

154. 室内(i _ _ _ _ _)

155. 很快地, 立即(d _ _ _ _ _)

156. 暗淡地(d _ _ _ _)

157. 向下, 往下(d _ _ _ _ _)

158. 清晰地(d _ _ _ _)

五、Phrases

163. 爆发(b _ _ _ _ o _ _ _)

164. 照顾(c _ _ _ f _ _)

165. 打电话(c _ _ _ u _)

166. 突然中止(b _ _ _ _ o _ _)

167. 突破(b _ _ _ o _ _ of)

168. 逃跑(b _ _ _ _ a _ _)

169. 进行, 实施(c _ _ _ _ o _ _)

112. 特征, 面貌(f _ _ _ _ _)

113. 汽油(g _ _ _ _ _)

114. 功能(f _ _ _ _ _)

115. 巨人(g _ _ _ _)

116. 一代(g _ _ _ _ _)

117. 手套(g _ _ _ _)

118. 传单(l _ _ _ _ _)

119. 一瞥, 瞥见(g _ _ _ _ _)

120. 告别(f _ _ _ _ _)

121. 喜欢(f _ _ _ _)

122. 危险(害)(h _ _ _ _)

123. 帮助(a _ _)

139. 变化的(v _ _ _ _)

140. 已确立的(e _ _ _ _ _)

141. 与世隔绝的(i _ _ _ _ _)

142. 醒着的(a _ _ _ _)

143. 有效的(v _ _ _ _)

144. 无用的(u _ _ _ _)

145. 可取的(a _ _ _ _ _)

146. 侵略性的(a _ _ _ _ _)

147. 有...倾向的(l _ _ _ _)

148. 暗示的(i _ _ _ _ _)

149. 特殊的, 罕见的(e _ _ _ _ _)

150. 驯养的(d _ _ _ _ _)

151. 金融的(f _ _ _ _ _)

152. 永久(存)的(e _ _ _ _)

153. 额外的, 超额的(e _ _ _ _)

159. 厉害地, 猛烈地(h _ _ _)

160. 自由地(f _ _ _ _)

161. 真正地, 严格地(p _ _ _ _ _)

162. 直接地, 就近(d _ _ _ _ _)

170. 燃尽(b _ _ _ _ u _)

171. 取消(c _ _ _ o _ _)

172. 拜访(c _ _ _ o _)

173. 赶上(c _ _ _ _ up w _ _)

174. 抢走(c _ _ _ _ o _ _)

175. 脱掉(c _ _ _ o _ _)

176. 迎合(c _ _ _ _ to)

177. 与...一致(c _ _ _ _ _ w _ _ _)

178. 作弊(c _ _ _ _ on)

179. 相当于(a _ _ _ _ _ to)

180. 抓住(c _ _ _ _ on)

181. 经历...仍活着,熬过来(c _ _ _ _ t _ _ _ _ _)

182. 达到(c _ _ _ _ to)

183. 封闭,停止(c _ _ _ _ down)

184. 喜欢(c _ _ _ _ m _ _ _ f _ _)

185. 结果是(c _ _ _ _ o _ _)

186. 结束(c _ _ _ _ to an e _ _)

Section B Practice

Directions: For each sentence in this section, there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the one that best completes the sentence. Then mark the corresponding letter on your book and check your answer with the KEY.

1. I tried to _____ you _____ last night, but no one answered the phone.
A. call...on B. call...up C. call...off D. call...for
2. Appearance seldom _____ reality.
A. coincides with B. comes with C. resembles D. looks like
3. This train ticket is _____ for ten days.
A. valuable B. serviceable C. valid D. functional
4. Father _____ at Dick as a sign for him to keep still.
A. twinkled B. winked C. gleamed D. flashed
5. Many people enjoy _____ their friends at Christmas time.
A. calling on B. calling after C. calling for D. calling out
6. With the invention of the train, man could travel overland _____ without need of horses.
A. voluntarily B. freely C. independently D. readily
7. The _____ of the heart is to pump blood through the body.
A. design B. activity C. occupation D. function
8. Your help is _____ for the success of the project.
A. independent B. indispensable C. indefinite D. impressive
9. It began to blow quite _____, just before midnight.
A. hard B. difficultly C. hardly D. firmly
10. The children _____ with joy at the sight of the Christmas tree.
A. stimulated B. terrified C. interested D. thrilled
11. It is believed that ten inches of snow is _____ an inch of rain.
A. equal by B. equal with C. equal to D. equal at
12. I didn't want the medicine, but the nurse was so _____ that I finally agreed to drink it.
A. lucky B. rich C. welcome D. insistent
13. We _____ the game, because our opponent was strong.
A. failed B. won C. lost D. played
14. I will _____ to god for your safety.
A. ask B. pray C. beg D. prey
15. Cows and dogs are _____ animals.
A. rival B. ridiculous C. domestic D. revolutionary
16. The house _____ before the firemen got there.
A. burned with B. burned up C. burst out D. burst in

17. Someone was _____ a gun at you.
A. holding B. putting C. pointing D. showing
18. There are obvious _____ to this type of solution, which sounds reasonable though.
A. limitations B. advantages C. distances D. shortages
19. The Empire State Building _____ into the sky.
A. builds B. situates C. towers D. places
20. Our local radio station only _____ from 4 o'clock in the afternoon to 10 o'clock.
A. sends B. programmes C. gives off D. transmits
21. He was _____ in the leg while fighting the Japanese during the war.
A. hurt B. harmed C. injured D. wounded
22. You thought I did wrong but the results _____ my action.
A. agree B. approve C. prove D. justify
23. When you want to go home, you should ask for _____.
A. left B. leave C. leaf D. legend
24. I hurried to _____ Smith so that we could have a chat on our way.
A. come up with B. overtake C. catch up with D. go along with
25. You'll have to pay _____ postal charges on this letter.
A. excessive B. excited C. excellent D. excess
26. The company welcomes _____ from people who use the goods it produces.
A. warm B. heart C. feedback D. answer
27. He changed his pounds for the _____ amount of dollars.
A. same B. equivalent C. more D. many
28. The _____ of medical knowledge are being pushed farther onwards as time goes on.
A. ways B. frontiers C. methods D. earth
29. He is one of the _____ of the game of football.
A. tall B. high C. giants D. big
30. A new war _____ between the two countries.
A. broke through B. broke off C. broke out D. broke up
31. Many students complain that they find it difficult to _____ themselves on the grants they receive.
A. maintain B. repair C. go on D. emphasize
32. After destroying the village the enemy _____ all the cattle.
A. carried off B. carried forward C. brought about D. gave off
33. We're not _____ affected by the changes in taxation.
A. directly B. straightforward C. instructively D. anxiously
34. The food which I bought _____ \$ 3.
A. altogether B. came to C. all D. spent
35. London is one of the important _____ centres of the world.
A. principal B. financial C. historical D. economical
36. —You must see a doctor.
—Oh, it's not worth a _____.
A. fuss B. look C. fuse D. fury
37. All the technical terms are shown in the _____ at the back of the book.

- A. preface B. body C. glossary D. outline
38. He persuaded his partner to buy the paper _____.
A. mill B. mean C. meal D. mail
39. The main _____ of Southern California are the climate and scenery.
A. feathers B. features C. properties D. characters
40. How did the movie finally _____? I couldn't wait to see the ending.
A. come out B. come on C. come through D. come over
41. Power from the generator is _____ through cables to every house.
A. transported B. transplanted C. transmitted D. translated
42. A man fell overboard, he _____ a rope thrown to him, but missed it and sank.
A. caught at B. caught up C. caught on D. caught it
43. We finally managed to _____ the committee's approval of our plans.
A. secure B. arouse C. acquire D. execute
44. Some Swedish research workers have _____ experiments with human being which have also yielded significant and unexpected results.
A. carried out B. carried in C. carried on D. carried with
45. He was standing at the door of the theater handing out _____.
A. leaflets B. leaves C. sheets D. manuals
46. _____ experimental evidence is very destructive for his theory to be accepted unanimously in the world.
A. A lack of B. A shortage of C. The lack of D. The shortage of
47. This tie doesn't _____ this coat.
A. suit B. fit C. become D. match
48. As the storm drew nearer, black clouds were _____ over the sky.
A. wondering B. gathering C. picking D. watering
49. When miners dig for gold, which is an uncommon and valuable _____, they do not usually make deep holes.
A. mixture B. mineral C. product D. alloy
50. He has _____ ideals about life.
A. high B. lofty C. tall D. upper
51. The book proved to be very unreliable and so was quite _____ to him in his research.
A. invaluable B. unimportant C. useless D. unusable
52. The professor thanked the audience for listening to his _____ on Shakespeare.
A. lecture B. rehearsal C. conference D. recital
53. He'd _____ himself out of the house and had to get in by breaking a window.
A. closed B. locked C. bolted D. left
54. Grandfathers, fathers and sons belong to three different _____.
A. generations B. families C. people D. centuries
55. He has _____ at last over all his enemies.
A. occupied B. got C. conquered D. triumphed
56. The police managed to _____ down the man in Chicago.
A. trace B. track C. pursue D. search
57. The newspapers will have to _____ if it can't increase its circulation considerably.
A. close up B. close down C. close off D. close out

58. The crowd suddenly burst into loud _____.
A. laugh B. laughing C. laughter D. laughters
59. I knew he has ability to _____ such a job.
A. take B. intake C. undertake D. overtake
60. The actor moved with an extraordinary _____.
A. gripe B. grand C. great D. grace
61. Keeping what belongs to another _____ stealing.
A. adds up B. amounts to C. is to D. equals to
62. Switch on the lamp, it casts such a nice warm _____ on the polished desk.
A. shine B. beam C. glow D. flush
63. If you _____ the handle to the right, the box will open.
A. wind B. bend C. wrap D. twist
64. In their common struggles against the interference of the superpowers, the friendship between the two countries has _____ a severe test.
A. witnessed B. withdrawn C. withstood D. welded
65. He _____ his engagement just before the wedding.
A. broke out of B. broke away C. broke off D. broke up
66. The little boy keeps the insect in a _____.
A. match box B. box of the match C. box of matches D. box match
67. The music aroused a(n) _____ feeling of homesickness(乡愁) in him.
A. intense B. hopeless C. intensive D. sad
68. I don't _____ movies.
A. care much for B. care about C. care much D. care
69. The boy _____ the teacher's opinion above all else.
A. estimated B. treasured C. dealt D. prized
70. Is there any way to _____ this old bus as a small shop?
A. change B. convert C. utilize D. transform
71. John was so ill he was lucky to _____ his operation.
A. come through B. come off C. come by D. come out
72. When we divide one unit into ten, we can write the _____ like this: 1/10, 2/10, 3/10, 4/10, 5/10, and so on.
A. direction B. fraction C. equation D. division
73. The ship _____ about on the stormy sea.
A. swung B. tossed C. tipped D. towed
74. It was decided to _____ the match because of the rain.
A. call on B. call in C. call out D. call off
75. Tie your car to ours and we'll _____ yours to the garage.
A. bring B. tow C. push D. propel
76. The earthquake _____ the house.
A. floated B. ventilated C. rocked D. surprised
77. They should not _____ on the river in such a small boat.
A. venture B. chance C. endanger D. threaten