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大学英语四级考试

# 听力对话

总主编 王迈迈

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时代出版

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# 序

拒绝四六级考试复习备考的沉重负担,轻松搞定四六级考试是本套丛书编写的宗旨。

本系列丛书具有下列 5 大特点:

1. 针对性强:按试卷测试项分 8 个类别编撰,能让学生针对自己的弱项自由选择其中一项或几项,在短时间内进行强化训练,达到预期效果。

2. 语料新颖:本系列中的 16 本书均选自国内外最新材料。材料大多出自国外原版期刊和原版英语网站。

3. 短小精悍:将试卷复杂内容分解编撰成短小的单行本,符合考生心理需求,能让考生以轻松心情应对,在轻松之中将四六级备考之繁重任务各个击破。

4. 内容充实:本系列丛书短小精悍,却不失容量充足。四六级训练书籍通常为十套试卷,而本系列丛书每本的容量一般都超过 10 套:《作文与翻译》作文 30 篇,翻译 25 套;《快速阅读》10 套;《听力对话》12 套;《听力短文与填空》各 12 套;《外台英语新闻》42 篇;《选词填空》25 套;《简短回答》25 套;《仔细阅读》10 套 20 篇;《完形填空》15 套。

5. 实用性与前瞻性:认真分析最近两年的四六级考试真题试卷,可以发现听力短文的测试已经将外台英语新闻的内容纳入了测试范围,故本系列丛书专门编撰了《外台英语新闻》,以提高该书的针对性和实用性,强调英语新闻在大学英语听力测试中的地位。同时也凸显其前瞻性,英语新闻也是正在试点的大学英语四六级机考的主要内容。

愿“轻松搞定四六级考试”系列丛书助备考大学英语四六级的考生一臂之力,祝朋友们以轻松之心情快快搞定四六级考试!

编者

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听力对话

*Part I*

命题特点与应试策略





## 一、题型分析

听力测试的对话部分包括“短对话”和“长对话”。



### 1. 短对话

短对话部分包括 8 个短对话题(男女各说一句话,并就说话内容提出一个问题),语速为每分钟 130 - 150 个字,连读较少,选项以短语或单句形式居多,且每题的选项结构比较相似。涉及的话题以日常生活为主,如工作、学习、租房、购房、天气变化、与朋友进餐、朋友见面等。根据题型,短对话部分可以分为推理提问、观点提问、归纳提问、身份提问、数字信息提问、场景提问六大类型。



### 2. 长对话

长对话部分包括 2 个长对话(每个对话有 6 - 10 轮对话,对话结束后提出 3 - 4 个问题),语速为每分钟 130 - 150 个字,问题之间停顿 15 秒,涉及的话题包括学习、面试、问路、购物、讨论等。根据题型,长对话部分的设问也会涉及到短对话部分提到的六大题型。与短文部分相比,长对话的难度要低许多,因为对话部分属于口语体,生词量比较小,而且句子比较短,不涉及复杂的主题或内容。另外,信息量比短文要少很多。因此,对于英语基础比较差的同学来说,这部分的分数相比较容易拿一些。



## 二、解题技巧



### 1. 预测试题题型

在听力测试的过程中,每两个问题之间都会有 15 秒的间隔;在每个部分

的开头还有长达 1—2 分钟的 Directions。这些看似不起眼的时间在听力考试的过程中都是相当重要的,因为我们可以充分利用这些时间浏览试卷上的各个选项:一般来说,当我们把三到四个问题的十来个选项浏览完之后,就会知道这篇文章的主要内容,浏览的时候重点应该放在那些重复出现的词和短语上。对于每一个问题来说,利用间隔浏览各个选项也能预测出所要问的问题。通过纵向、横向的比较,我们能发现一些解题的重要信息,选项中的否定词、转折词、重复出现的词都可以确定所问问题的类型。



## 2. 做简要记录

由于长对话比较长,信息量比较大,特别有些细节问题,类似的信息比较多,例如数字、时间、人名、地名、年、月、日。如果仅凭脑子来记忆的话,就会忘掉其中的一些重要信息,有时会弄混,出现张冠李戴的情况。这时,就需要我们边听边做一些简明的记录,不仅要记录下这些数据,而且还要记下与之相关的信息。这样做,我们就可以把它们一一归类,在做选择题的时候,也就不会乱猜了。有时,还会出现比较题,即比较同一范畴内的几个短语,这些短语可能会涉及到时间、地点、人物、数据等。这时也需要我们从笔记中去找到正确的答案。



## 3. 根据常识判断

有些时候,在听的过程中,由于这样或者那样的原因,可能会错过一些信息,例如:材料中出现了考生不熟悉的生词。这时候,就需要利用相关的常识作出判断。这里所讲的常识不仅仅指的是我们对于某些日常事物的认识,而且指的是在语法、文章结构、构词法等方面的知识来进行判断。有些时候,我们还可以根据已获得的部分信息以及一些常识来挑选可能性比较大的选项。



## 4. 全神贯注听录音

在四级考试的所有题型中,只有听力部分要求考生全神贯注,尤其是短对话部分。稍一走神,几秒钟的时间就把整个对话读完了。因此,各位考生一定要集中注意力,克服掉一切杂念。



轻松搞定

听力对话

*Part II*

听力短对话训练

## I 推理提问

这类问题需要对对话中关键信息进行综合后作出判断性推理。四级听力考试短对话中常用的推理性设问句式有：

What will the man most probably do?

What are the speakers probably going to do?

What can be inferred from the conversation?

What does the man imply?

What does the man mean?

### Section 1 Part 1 Test 1

11. A) She earns very little money from her job.  
B) Her father doesn't give her any money now because she is already an adult.  
C) She spends money too casually.  
D) She wants to borrow some money from her father.
12. A) She will tell him the way to the library.  
B) She will help him with his heavy luggage.  
C) She will show him where his dormitory is.  
D) She will share some knowledge with him about the Chinese history.
13. A) He doesn't agree with the woman.  
B) He is offended by what the woman said.  
C) He suggests the woman to warn the smokers in the room.  
D) He is also unhappy with the dirty air in the room.
14. A) The man wants to become the mayor of the city.  
B) The man has the same complaint about the traffic problem in the city.  
C) The man wants to get a job as a traffic policeman on the street.  
D) The man intends to take part in the next election of mayor.

15. A) A brand-new expensive car.      B) A big secondhand car.  
C) A small cheap car.                  D) A small new car.
16. A) Mike will sell everything he has to pay back his debt.  
B) Mike doesn't like the Rolls-roy at all.  
C) The Rolls-roy is Mike's favorite.  
D) Mike always tells lies to his friends and family members.
17. A) He dislikes the scenery of the bay.  
B) He thinks that the rent for the room is a bit too high.  
C) He holds the same opinion with his wife in regard to the views.  
D) He doesn't agree with the woman when they are talking about the sceneries.
18. A) He believes that they should go on working.  
B) He believes that they still have sufficient time to accomplish such a mission.  
C) He insists that they could have a leave of longer time.  
D) He hopes that the project can be finished much earlier.

## Test 2

11. A) The professor was unable to talk with him.  
B) Professor Smith had no time at that moment.  
C) He thought the assignment was so difficult.  
D) He wanted to talk about her project.
12. A) She did nothing with the model.  
B) She destroyed the model herself.  
C) She broke the model, but not on purpose.  
D) She liked the motorcycle model.
13. A) He will not agree with her thought.  
B) He will convince her to explain.  
C) The man is going to swim with her.  
D) The man will not like swimming.
14. A) She would buy other things for her husband.

- B) She would give him more information about her husband.  
C) She would buy that magazine instead of running shoes.  
D) She would read the magazine first.
15. A) He is to have a meeting first.  
B) He will go home to find their office keys.  
C) He is going to find the file for the lady.  
D) He will help the lady to find the keys in her home.
16. A) She must borrow this book at once.  
B) She bothers the man in fact.  
C) She will have to return this book by herself.  
D) He doesn't want to help her.
17. A) There are so many delicious food tonight.  
B) These crabs can be cooked for today's party.  
C) Most of the crabs have already died.  
D) The woman should throw away the crabs.
18. A) She must turn in a disk about her project.  
B) She maybe electrifies the cabin for the professor.  
C) She will give a copy of the project to the professor immediately.  
D) She is going to give up the project.

## II 观点提问

这类问题需要对谈话中说话者对某一争议性话题的观点进行总体性的把握。四级听力考试短对话中常见的这类提问有：

How does the man feel about ...?

How did the two speakers find ...?

What does the man/woman think of...?

# Test 1

11. A) He will fly to Rome for travelling.  
B) He will stay at home reading some books.  
C) He will go to Chicago for sight-seeing.  
D) He will delay his travel to next year.
12. A) He will go to the Arts Museum.  
B) He will go skating with his friends.  
C) He will go to the weather forecast center.  
D) He will stay at home.
13. A) Go to the hospital.  
B) Make a telephone call to the doctor.  
C) Keep on giving up smoking.  
D) Take some cigarettes from time to time.
14. A) He spent his vacation in Shanghai.  
B) He disliked the rainy weather of the village.  
C) He believed that the village was over-crowded.  
D) He enjoyed his days in the small village very much.
15. A) He thinks the woman's cabinet is big enough.  
B) He suggests that the woman should buy a bigger cabinet.  
C) He implies that the woman buys too many unnecessary clothes.  
D) He holds that the woman's cabinet is too old.
16. A) Bill and Joe are exactly the same.  
B) The woman can tell the differences between Bill and Joe.  
C) There exists some difference in height between the twins.  
D) He suggests the woman to make more careful observation next time.
17. A) She should have more balanced meals.  
B) She should have taken more Vitamin pills.  
C) She should have paid a visit to the doctor.

- D) She should have taken in Vitamin through other ways.
18. A) He believes this interview is rather frustrating.  
B) He believes this interview is a failure.  
C) He believes this interview won't offer him a post.  
D) He believes this interview is promising.

## Test 2

11. A) They lost the game.  
B) The team made the atmosphere exciting.  
C) They made a perfect performance.  
D) The team missed the supper.
12. A) The woman is so frustrated.      B) She feels very angry.  
C) The woman is sick.                  D) She feels so fatigued.
13. A) The new air conditioner is so expensive.  
B) He has no money to buy a new one.  
C) He knows that the new air conditioner will be discounted next year.  
D) He does not want a new air conditioner.
14. A) Absolutely pooped.                  B) Most enjoyable.  
C) So admirable.                          D) Very expectant.
15. A) The sun usually leads to skin cancer.  
B) The sunlight can cause a burning of skin sometimes.  
C) The sunlight can reduce the disease rate.  
D) In small doses, the sun can be quite healthy for you.
16. A) Change the class at any moment.  
B) Try her best to pass the exam.  
C) She must insist on this course.  
D) Her effort to learn is really praiseworthy.
17. A) He misses his leaders very much.  
B) He does not want to join the football club.

- C) He felt tired about the exercises.  
D) He will reduce family time for the club.
18. A) He feels enriched.                      B) He expects his examination.  
C) He is so tired.                              D) He should work harder.

### III 归纳提问

此类问题需要从对话中归纳概括出说话者试图表达的中心思想。四级听力考试短对话中常见的归纳提问句型有：

What can we learn from the conversation?

What are the speakers talking about?

What do we learn about this woman?

What is the man trying to say to the woman?

## Test 1

11. A) He agrees to take the man with them to the beach.  
B) He wants to invite his parents to the beach.  
C) He is reluctant to give the man a lift.  
D) He is very happy to give a hand to the man.
12. A) By car.      B) By bus.      C) By train.      D) By air.
13. A) It is much faster.  
B) It can save much money.  
C) It can express their ideas more completely.  
D) It can make them healthier.
14. A) Mary is already in Chicago.  
B) Mary will go to Chicago by ship instead of by air.  
C) Mary will take a plane to Chicago two weeks later.

- D) Mary has a bad memory.
15. A) A waiter. B) The woman's husband.  
C) The man. D) The man's wife.
16. A) The dog will stay with his kids.  
B) The dog will travel to Hawaii with his keeper.  
C) The dog will be taken care of by his neighbors.  
D) The dog will live by itself at home.
17. A) Jack has already played golf with his friends.  
B) Jack has been to a place very near to the bench.  
C) Jack has been to any place far away from the tree.  
D) Jack has gone to buy himself a pair of sneakers.
18. A) Bob stays up to study for the final exam since the beginning of this term.  
B) Bob feels tired because he has too many examinations to take.  
C) Bob doesn't follow the man's advice of starting earlier.  
D) Bob should study hard since the beginning of this term.

## Test 2

11. A) The man wants to put off the work.  
B) They are far from being prepared for the project.  
C) They are going to practice hockey together.  
D) Their project will be finished ahead of schedule.
12. A) There is a slight chance of wage increase.  
B) The man will live up to the woman's expectation.  
C) Their salary has never been increased.  
D) The woman is asking for promotion.
13. A) The woman turns down the man's request.  
B) The restaurant will close soon.  
C) The man can't get the discount.  
D) The woman cannot offer the service right now.



14. A) They are going to have lunch together.  
B) The woman declines the man's invitation.  
C) The woman is trying to lose weight and improve her health.  
D) The woman is reluctant to go out with the man.
15. A) The man feels sorry for his decision.  
B) The man finds the course too hard for him.  
C) The man is troubled by the course.  
D) The man is eager to learn about the operating mechanism of computers.
16. A) The woman appreciates the man's hard work.  
B) The woman offers to help him.  
C) The woman suggests the man turn to a teacher for help.  
D) The woman suggests the man make more effort to figure it out.
17. A) Jack will most probably choose the taxation law.  
B) Jack shows equal interest in the two subjects.  
C) Jack will choose any subject but international law and taxation law.  
D) Jack becomes much more independent of his parents.
18. A) The man will figure out how it works on his own.  
B) The woman will show the man how to get it working.  
C) They will find another man to explain the instruction sheet.  
D) The instruction sheet is impractical.

## IV 身份提问

这类提问需要通过对话中细节的把握或者对对话场景的判断推测说话者的身份或者人物之间的关系,常见的提问句型有:

Who is the man?

Who is the woman talking to?

What is the probable relationship between the two speakers?