

一本涵盖**最新话题**的背诵版作文书

英语四级考试 **写作**必背范文 140篇

龙金顺 苏宗文 编著

- ✧ 140篇经典范文，揣测命题方向
- ✧ 热点词汇注释，突破写作难关
- ✧ 标准口译，全面解读



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前言

大学英语四级写作不仅考查考生综合运用语言的能力,而且考查考生的知识面、思维的逻辑性和条理性。如何在较短的时间里较为迅速、较为有效地提高英语写作能力?对于这一问题历来仁者见仁、智者见智,说法不一。但是,有一点却是相似的,那就是:坚持经常朗读和背诵各种类型的英语四级高分短文,对于全面增强英语语感、对于整体提升英语写作水平,有着不可估量的积极作用。

本书共收录了 140 篇高分范文。书中第一部分为“大学英语四级考试·写作相关信息剖析”,简明扼要地介绍了《大学英语四级考试大纲》,大学英语四级写作类型、命题形式以及评分原则及标准,为帮助考生了解大学英语考试短文写作部分以及怎样充分使用本书做了铺垫。书中第二部分为本书的重中之重,共给出了 140 篇经典背诵短文。根据命题形式,此部分又分为段首句作文、关键词作文、情景作文、命题作文、提纲作文、图表作文、书信与应用文等七个部分,各有各的特色以及值得称许和模仿的地方;且经以英语为母语的人士审读过,语言规范地道。此外,这些短文还配有难点词汇注释和译文,便于朗读与背诵,利于记忆和模仿,一定会对考生们的四级备考有较大的裨益。书中附录第一部分为历年四级写作实考试题命题趋势分析。这一部分对历年四级考试作文试题进行分类、归纳和小结并对四级写作命题趋势进行了有益的探索和预测。附录第二部分则收集近十年四级写作实考试题,可供夯实基础热身练笔之用。

作者在编写本书的过程中,参考并借鉴了国内外许多图书资料,难以一一列举与彰显,特此说明,并表示诚挚的谢意;另外,还有幸得到美国友人 Barbara Toews 女士,James Pongrass 先生,Tennant Wright 先生,William Walsh 先生;澳大利亚友人 Kenneth Evans 先生和 Ron Gui 先生;英国友人 Melville 夫妇以及集美大学的同仁等的支持与指导。值此本书附梓之际,特表由衷的感谢。

编者

2011 年 2 月

第一部分 大学英语四级考试·写作相关信息剖析	1
第二部分 必背范文 140 篇	13
一、段首句作文(20 篇)	14
1. The Advantages of Travel /15	13. How to Get Along with Your Roommates /36
2. Work and Health /16	14. We Should Respect the Elderly /37
3. The Rush to Cities /18	15. Should Class Attendance Be Required /39
4. Education /20	16. How People Spend Their Leisure Time /41
5. Protection of Environment /22	17. Sports and Games /42
6. Internet and Privacy /23	18. Internet and Our Life /44
7. City Life or Rural Life /25	19. Travel Alone or Travel with a Companion? /46
8. Dictionaries and Students /27	20. Keeping a Diary in English /47
9. Challenges /29	
10. Young People Should Have Ideals /30	
11. The Harm of PC Games /32	
12. Ambition and Action /34	
二、关键词作文(15 篇)	49
1. Problem of Piracy /50	Internet /62
2. Campus Lectures /51	10. How to Make Full Use of Reference Books /64
3. Home /53	11. Life /65
4. My View on Job-hopping /54	12. The Expansion of Enrollment /67
5. Sense of Humor /56	13. On Dieting /68
6. Why Do Some Animals Die Out? /57	14. On Hardships /70
7. Parental Hopes and Personal Ideals /59	15. The Functions of Music in Daily Life /71
8. Money /61	
9. Making Friends through the	
三、情景作文(20 篇)	75
1. Keeping a Good Mood /74	4. The Importance of Social Practice /79
2. The Role of Migrant Workers /76	5. Reading—The Best Way to Acquire Knowledge /81
3. Holiday Economy /77	

6. Skipping Classes on College Campus /82	13. Learn How to Learn /94
7. Choosing Careers /84	14. College Romance /96
8. Certificate Craze on Campus /86	15. Appearance and Capability /97
9. Fast Food /87	16. Cheating in Examinations /99
10. Craze for Civil Service Examinations /89	17. Should College Students be Tutors? /101
11. Multi-media Teaching Protocols /91	18. How to Prevent Energy Crisis /102
12. Knowledge and Diploma /92	19. A Witness of a Theft Incident /104
四、命题作文(20篇)	20. A Food Poisoning Accident /106
1. Salary or Interest /109	11. On Punctuality /125
2. Haste Makes Waste /110	12. Is it Necessary to Attend Training Classes? /126
3. Failure Is the Mother of Success /112	13. Responsibility /128
4. The Graduate Mania /113	14. Manners on Campus /129
5. Environment and Development /115	15. Mutual Understanding /131
6. Campus Extracurricular Activities /117	16. Self-confidence /132
7. University Students' Pursuit of Famous Brands /118	17. A Joy Shared Is a Joy Multiplied /134
8. School Tuition /120	18. Silence Is Golden /135
9. Shopping Online /122	19. Education for All /137
10. Learning: A Lifelong Career /123	20. E-mail or Letter-writing? /139
五、提纲作文(30篇)	12. How to Improve Public Morals /162
1. Read Good Books /142	13. Where There Is a Will There Is a Way /164
2. The Career I'd Like: Teaching /144	14. Going Abroad to Study /166
3. The Prevalence of Western Holidays /145	15. More Academic Pressure Does Harm to Health /167
4. How Will Our Life Go on without Internet? /147	16. Criticism /169
5. Blood Donation without Repayment /149	17. Blindly Worshipping Stars /171
6. Psychological Problems of University Students /151	18. How to Deal with Depression /173
7. The Rise of "Shanzhai" Culture /153	19. Depend on Yourself /175
8. Part-time Jobs /155	20. It's Time to Stop Software Piracy /176
9. How to Deal with Peer Pressure /156	21. Opportunity /178
10. Hobbies /158	22. Popular Music /180
11. The Popularity of Blog /160	23. Petroleum Crisis /182

24. How to Deal with Sub-health /183	28. Fire Prevention on Campus /191
25. Technological Advance /185	29. On Making Friends /193
26. Happiness /187	30. Online Games /194
27. How to Live a Healthy Life /189	
六、图表作文(10篇)	197
1. What Job Do They Want to Do? /198	Opportunities with Men? /208
2. The Trend towards Urbanisation /200	7. Changes in Student Enrollment Status /210
3. Average Annual Expenditure of a Family in Britain /202	8. The Bus and the Subway Train /213
4. Car Accidents Declining in Walton City /204	9. What Students Need English for? /215
5. The Birth Rate in China /206	10. A Boom in Continuing Education /217
6. Should Women Have Equal Job	1. Welcome to the Camera Club /221
七、书信与应用文(25篇)	220
2. A Letter of Recommendation /223	Lecture /241
3. Recommendation of Traveling Yangshuo /225	13. An Invitation Letter /243
4. A Letter of Application for a Job /227	14. A Letter of Complaint about Noise Upstairs /245
5. A Letter Applying for a Bank Loan /229	15. A Congratulation Letter /247
6. An Application Letter for the M.A. Course in Business Law /231	16. A Letter Declining a Job Offer /249
7. Inquiry on Scholarship for Overseas Students /233	17. A Letter of Resignation /251
8. A Letter of Inquiry /234	18. A Letter of Thanks /253
9. Apology for Delaying the Interview /236	19. A Speech at the Opening of a Conference /255
10. Suggestions on Installing Internet /238	20. A Speech at a Graduation Farewell Party /256
11. A Letter to the University President /239	21. Chinese Speech Contest /258
12. Invitation of a Professor to Give a	22. Resume /260
	23. Asking for Leave of Absence /262
	24. A Want AD /264
	25. Contributions Wanted /265
附录	268
附录一 历年四级写作实考试题命题趋势分析	268
附录二 近十年四级写作实考试题集锦	275

| 第一部分 |

大学英语四级考试·写作

相关信息剖析

1. 《大学英语课程教学要求》

教育部高等教育司颁布的《大学英语课程教学要求》是高等学校组织非英语专业本科生英语教学的主要依据。它对培养学生的英语书面表达能力提出了明确而又具体的要求,共分为三个层次:

基本要求:能完成一般性写作任务,能描述个人经历、观感、情感和发生的事件等,能写常见的应用文,能就一般性话题或提纲在半小时内写出 120 词的短文,内容基本完整,用词恰当,语意连贯。能掌握基本的写作技能。

较高要求:能就一般性的主题基本表达个人观点,能写所学专业论文的英文摘要,能撰写所学专业的英语小论文。能描述各种图表,能在半小时内写出 160 词的短文,内容完整,条理清楚,文理通顺。

更高要求:能就一般性主题比较自如地表达个人的观点,做到文章结构清晰、内容丰富、逻辑性强。能用英语撰写所学专业的简短的报告和论文。能在半小时内写出 200 词的说明文或议论文,内容完整,文理通顺,思想表达清楚。

2. 《大学英语四级考试大纲》对写作部分的要求

《大学英语四级考试大纲》对写作部分做了如下的规定:写作选用考生所熟悉的题材。考生根据规定的题目和所提供的提纲、情景、图片或图表等,写出一篇不少于 120 词的短文。写作要求表达准确、意义连贯、无重大语法错误。所占分值比例为 15%,考试时间 30 分钟。

3. 大学英语四级写作的类型

纵观历时 24 年大学英语考试写作部分所出现的 48 份作文题目,可以看出:英语作文考查的类型基本包括议论文、说明文、图表作文和应用文。议论文写作剖析事物、论述事理、发表意见、提出主张;说明文写人、记事,或者解释现象,比较能真实地反映语言水平;图表作文写作要求描述性的语言要贴近图表信息;而应用文写作则包括书信、便条、通知、海报等实用性文体。

4. 四级英语写作的命题形式

根据教育部颁布的《大学英语课程教学要求》和《大学英语四级考试大纲》，大学英语四级考试的命题形式有以下几种：

- | | |
|-----------|--------------|
| (1) 标题作文 | (5) 提纲作文 |
| (2) 段首句作文 | (6) 图表作文 |
| (3) 关键词作文 | (7) 书信与其他应用文 |
| (4) 情景作文 | |

5. 四级英语写作的考核技能

四级英语写作部分考核的技能是：

- (1) 思想表达
 - ① 表达中心思想
 - ② 表达重要或特定信息
 - ③ 表达观点、态度等
- (2) 篇章组织
 - ① 围绕所给的题目叙述、议论或描述，突出重点
 - ② 连贯地组句成段，组段成篇
- (3) 语言运用
 - ① 运用恰当的词汇
 - ② 运用正确的语法
 - ③ 运用合适的句子结构
 - ④ 使用正确的标点符号
 - ⑤ 运用衔接手段表达句间关系(如对比、原因、结果、程度、目的等)
- (4) 写作格式

运用正确的符合英语表达习惯的写作格式

6. 四级英语写作的评分原则及标准

(1) 评分原则：

- ① CET-4 是检查考生是否达到《大学英语课程教学要求》规定的四

级教学要求的考试,因此对作文的评判应以此为准则。

② CET-4 作文题采用总体评分方法。阅卷人员就总的印象给出奖励分而不按语言点的错误数目扣分。

③ 从内容和语言两个方面对作文进行综合评判。内容和语言是个统一体,作文应表达作文题目所规定的内容,而内容要通过语言来表达。要考虑作文是否切题,是否充分表达思想,还要考虑是否用英语清楚地表达思想,也就是要考虑语言上的错误是否造成理解上的障碍。

④ 避免趋中倾向。该给高分的给高分,该给低分的给低分,包括 0 分。作为阅卷人员在所评判的全部试卷当中不应只给中间的几种分数。

(2) 评分标准:

四级英语写作部分满分为 15 分。阅卷标准共分五个等级:2 分,5 分,8 分,11 分及 14 分。阅卷人员根据阅卷标准,对照样卷评分。若认为与某一分数(如 8 分)相似,即定 8 分;若认为稍优或稍劣于该分数可加一分(即 9 分)或减一分(即 7 分),但不得加或减半分。此外,白卷、作文与题目毫不相关,或只有几个孤立的词而无法表达思想,则给 0 分。

2 分——条理不清,思路紊乱,语言支离破碎或大部分句子均有错误,且多数为严重错误。

5 分——基本切题。表达思想不够清楚,连贯性差,有较多的严重语言错误。

8 分——基本切题。有些地方表达思想不够清楚,文字勉强连贯;语言错误相当多,其中有一些是严重错误。

11 分——切题。表达思想清楚、文字连贯,但有少量的语言错误。

14 分——切题。表达思想清楚、文字通顺,连贯,基本上无语言错误,仅有个别小错误。

《大学英语四级考试大纲》和上述评分标准,除了要求对作文的内容、语言的应用进行考查外,还对作文的字数做出明确的规定。作文字数不足应酌情扣分。具体扣分的细则如下:

累计字数在 110—119 之间,扣 1 分;

累计字数在 100—109 之间,扣 2 分;

累计字数在 90—99 之间,扣 3 分;

累计字数在 80—89 之间,扣 4 分;

累计字数在 70—79 之间,扣 5 分;

累计字数在 60—69 之间,扣 6 分;

累计字数在 50—59 之间,扣 7 分;

累计字数在 < 49,扣 9 分;

这里要特别提醒考生注意两点: 1) 题目中给出的主题句、起始句、结束句,均不计入所写字数。2) 规定的内容未写全,也要按比例扣分。

7. 四级英语写作评分实例分析

以下为 1997 年 1 月全国大学英语四级考试写作部分作文 Practice Makes Perfect 的实例。这些样卷实例分别代表五个不同的得分档次。

Directions: For this part, you are allowed thirty minutes to write a composition on **Practice Makes Perfect**. You should write at least 100 Words and you should base your composition on the Outline (given in Chinese) below:

1. 怎样理解“熟能生巧”?
2. 例如:在英语学习中...
3. 又如...

【实例 第一档 -1】14 分作文

Practice Makes Perfect

It is a famous saying that practice makes perfect. The truth of it is self-evident. The more you practice, the more skillful you will be. Moreover, you will find better ways of doing things. As everyone can see, practice helps us to be efficient.

When we study English, we have so much to learn, such as grammar, vocabulary. In order to learn it well, we need much practice. We must read a lot, write a lot and listen to a lot. Only through practice can we have a good command of it. Do remember to practice if you want to speak English fluently and express yourself freely.

Another case in point is typing. A good typist can type fast and accurately. But you will not be surprised at her performance if you know how much time she has spent practicing. Through practice, she has both her typing speed and accuracy to be improved.

It goes without saying that practice makes perfect. Since all of us have realized the importance of practice, why not put it into practice?

点评:本文最大的特点是文笔流畅,例证得当。该考生在文中用了大量的过渡词语,如:moreover, as, when, in order to, if, but, since 等;第二段还使用一个 only 开头的倒装句,收到了很好的效果;文章的最后一句与标题相呼应,意味深长。

【实例 第一档 -2】14 分作文

Practice Makes Perfect

There is a popular saying "Practice Makes Perfect". This proverb tells us that consistent practice can result in perfect performance. Practice is of vital importance in doing everything.

Let me take as an example my personal experience in learning English. When I came to the university two years ago, I had great trouble with listening comprehension. I had difficulty in understanding what the teacher said, let alone following the tapes. This was obviously due to the lack of practice when I was at middle school. With the determination to improve my listening ability, I started to read English aloud every morning and listen to tapes and radio programs every evening. My efforts paid off and in the final examination of the first term I got high marks in listening.

This proverb is also applicable in other fields. It is impossible for an athlete to break the world record without hundreds and thousands of times of exercise. A dancer's graceful movements are attributed to constant practice. Therefore, whatever we do, we should persist in it and keep on working until we are successful.

点评:这篇文章从解释谚语的含义入手,随即过渡到它在实际工作中的重要意义。之后,该考生举出三个例子加以证明。从整篇文章看,该考生能紧扣主题,过渡自然,例子详略得当,说服力强,文句典雅通顺,是一篇值得大家模仿的文章。

【实例 第二档 -1】11 分作文

Practice Makes Perfect

We all know that Practice Makes Perfect. But how to grasp its spirit is still a problem. When you first do a special job, you will find it is hard for you to complete it very quickly and correctly. The way to solve this problem is to practice. After some time, when you do it again, you will find you can do it better than before. It is because your practice makes perfect.

It is very important to remember many new words when you study English. At first, perhaps you can not remember so many new words in short time. Then you need practice. When you practice more and more, you will find it is not so difficult to remember new words, there is many rules in their spellings. The more you practice, the more rules you can grasp. Then you can easily remember new words.

For another example, if you are asked to play basketball, perhaps you've never toughed basketball before, perhaps you can not control the ball and can not shoot. That's not a problem. The success lies in practice. If you practice more, soon you can became a good player. You can control the ball freely and shoot precisely. If you don't trust it, just try it.

点评:整篇文章表达思想清楚,文字连贯,但有少量语言错误,例如:“in so short time”,“there is many rules”,“remember”,“toughed”等等。另外,文章每段的字数都差不多,在详略安排方面,明显不如前面两篇作文。

【实例 第二档 -2】11 分作文

Practice Makes Perfect

I think nearly everyone of us knows the saying that Practice makes Perfect, but how should we understand it? Have you ever felt it in you everyday life? The saying put an emphasis on practice. If you have a good way to do a

thing, you just need a lot of practice according to your method and you'll succeed.

For example, in our English studies, the saying is very useful. Howen clever you are or whatever a good way you are studying in, if you can't keep on your study every day, the final result will not be satisfying. On the Contrary, I think the methods everyone takes in learning English will not have many differences Those who finally became excellent in English are the people who had a good persistence and never stopped listening, speaking, reading and writing English.

The saying that Practice makes Perfect is verified in many things. If you observed carefully, you can find it in your everyday life.

点评:此文表达的思想还比较清楚,文字也较连贯。不足之处是有地方表达的准确性还不够,文中还有一些语言错误,例如:第一段中的 The saying put an emphasis ... 是一个主谓搭配错误;第二段中的 Howen 为拼写错误。

【实例 第三档】8 分作文

Practice Makes Perfect

It's often said that practice makes perfect. The saying means if you pay plenty of practice and make many efforts on one job, at last you will get perfect on doing it and gain much experiences. Generally speaking, It's impossible for a person to get very familiar to each new thing initially. For example a for years ago, when you began to study English, you might feel unaccustomed, And even a very short word only including two or three letters is hard for you to remember. However, after study and practise year by year, you can now retell a rather long word including more than ten or even twenty letters with only one sight. What's more, in other areas of your life practice is imperative. We can hardly do things well without practice an preparedness. Therefore, we can say practice is necessary and can't be ignored.

点评:文章基本通顺,但有些地方表达不够清楚,例如:第一段第二句和第二段最后一句;且有相当多的语言错误,有的还比较严重。

【实例 第四档】5 分作文

Practice Makes Perfect

"Practice makes perfect" often be said by people. It's to say that if we do one thing many times then we can do it well. Although we may do it bad at once, but through sometimes we must can do it perfect. So, The English learning is the same. In order to improve our English level we must do many exercises and recite many words. On other side, if we speaking more, we will learn English speaking better. Other thing also like this, such as type. One typist perherps only can type 40 words in one mintue, at once. But through practice this recorder can improve to 100 words in one minute. and some more perfect, they can type 150 words in one mintue. Therefore "practice makes perfect" suitable everything.

点评:文章基本切题,但有较多的严重语言错误。该考生的语言表达能力明显跟不上所要表达的思路。

【实例 第五档】2 分作文

Practice Makes Perfect

As we all known, practice makes perfect what's the means? I think it is said if you do more preactice, you can found a good method to do all practice easily. For example, in the English study, if you do more excicise. remember more words. At last you will found all the excicise is easy to do. it seemed that you do it ever no matter how hard the excicisee. Another. in the live of us. There are somebody who seemed can do everything what's the reason, it just because they do it ever. They do the practice for many times so they can do it easily. So practice makes perfect.

点评:文章句子不连贯,语法错误甚多,并且许多地方的错误还很严重,通篇找不出一个完整无误的句子。可以看出该考生基本上尚未具备英语书面表达的能力。

8. 如何扫除四级英语写作的主要障碍

作为主观题,四级英语写作能从词汇、组句、成篇以及逻辑思维等几个方面考察出学生综合运用语言的能力。要在规定的时间内写出一篇高分作文并不是一件容易的事情。有的学生即便掌握一定的词汇和语法知识,也未必就能写出一篇较为地道的英语文章。由于不少学生把大量的时间花在做客观题上,忽略了书面表达能力的训练和培养。一旦要他们拿起笔来,在规定的时间内写出一篇作文,他们往往束手无策,一落笔就错误百出。究其原因,具体体现在以下三个层次。

(1) 词法层次:

语言基础薄弱,中学所学的语言基础知识在大学里没能够得到巩固和发展,主要表现为:

① 对许多词语的形式掌握不牢。单词拼写错误,词组错漏残缺,词语搭配不当等现象频频出现。例如:

In mordern society, ...

The noise of night traffic robbed me my sleep.

We came here for the purpose to attend an important meeting.

② 基本词汇记忆不清,已知词汇未能熟练运用。例如:已知介词 to 的含义,但却不会表达“*They danced to the music.* (他们随着音乐起舞)”。再如,只孤立地知道 after 的词义,却不知道它与动词的搭配意义,就表达不了“*All men seek after happiness.* (人们都在追求幸福)”等等。

③ 词汇量太小,表达受限制,例如某一次四级考试的作文,题目是“*Don't Hesitate to Say No*”,有的学生连 hesitate 是什么意思都不知道,更不用说在此基础上再作发挥了。另外,有的学生虽然对题目及要求非常清楚,但是因为自己所掌握的词语太有限,无法用一些合适的词汇来表达自己的思想,于是只有绕着题目翻来覆去乱写一气。

④ 只记住词语的字面意思,不知词语的文化伴随意义和用法,把语言 and 语境孤立开来。例如,“*I was grieved to hear that her father had kicked*