

TOEFL® iBT
新托福

词汇 **密**
码

VOCABULARY

- ✓ 收词精准 ✓ 直击考试
- ✓ 近义辨析 ✓ 融会贯通
- ✓ 主题分类 ✓ 群组记忆
- ✓ 科学规划 ✓ 高效备战

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新航道学校指定新托福 (TOEFL® iBT) 培训教材

TOEFL® iBT

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Xintuofu Cihui Mima

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高等教育出版社·北京
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本书特色

01 近义词 分组 33 Days

- 由托福真题中整理出近义词，33天内完成学习计划
- 托福真题中的近义词类别，标识有出现频率高低
- 将现有教材中零散的近义词全部进行整理分类，极大提高学习效率
- 有Tip提示，分析各个近义词之间的细微差别，加深对每个生词用法的理解
- 标识出该生词的重要派生词，提高学习效率，扩大词汇量
- 醒目标注有生词的搭配及重要短语，对新托福写作和口语也有很大帮助

02

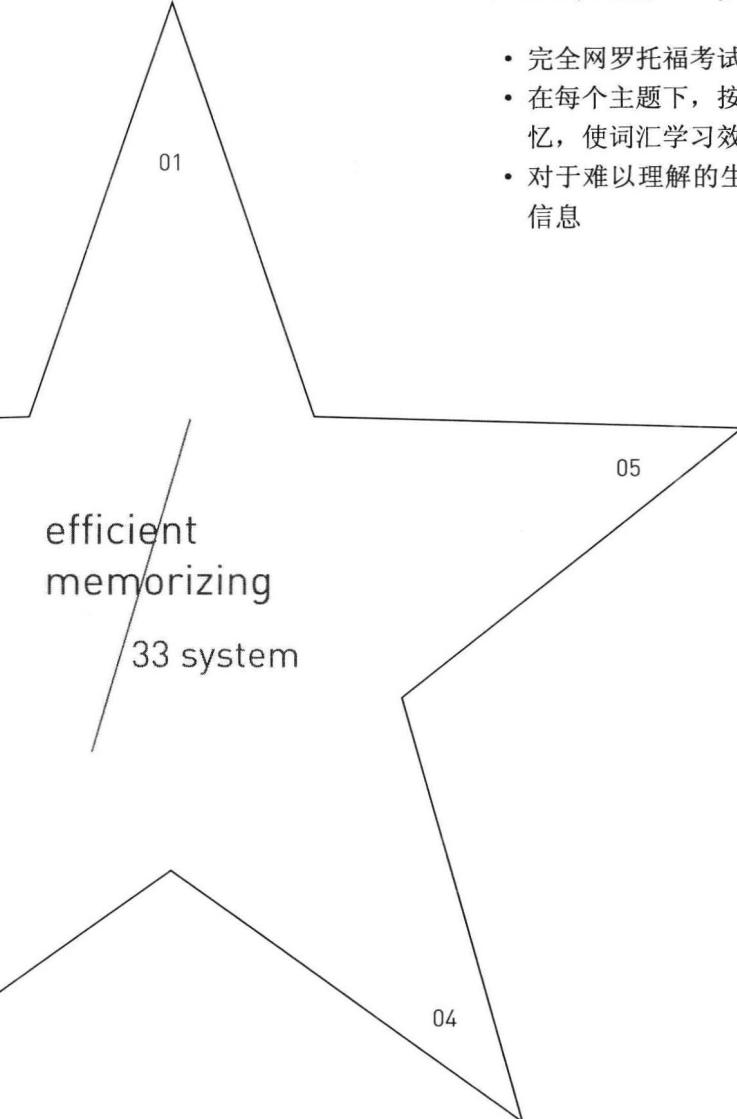
02 托福题库

- 将托福真题中出现的词汇进行分析整理，分类型出题并附有答案
- 提供与真题的主题和难度完全一致的例题

03

03 托福真题

- 有与真题的形式及难度完全相同的模拟测试（Actual Test），读者能通过此词汇试题提高自己的实际成绩
- 通过模拟测试（Actual Test），从容应对托福阅读考试中占有30%分量的词汇题



04 主题词 分组 33 areas

- 完全网罗托福考试中的高频词，按主题细分为33种
- 在每个主题下，按词汇自身内容分为不同类别，通过联想记忆，使词汇学习效果达到最佳
- 对于难以理解的生词配以补充说明、图片以及插图等视觉信息

05 其他特点

- 免费提供MP3，收录了所有例词与例句
英语母语者发音，通过例词与例句的朗读，加深对个别词汇的发音印象，其中例句的发音更能帮助提高听力水平
- 通过网站随时更新学习资料
通过登陆教材网站www.tomatotoefl.com，可以不断补充各类学习资料，在线学习

本书结构

单元由日期构成

近义词整理，33天完成学习计划

复习前一天内容

开始学习新词汇前，复习前日所学内容，避免遗忘现象

近义词分组

按近义词分组捆绑式学习，提高记忆效果

搭配及主要短语

源于托福题库的例句

帮助尽快熟悉托福真题，提供与真题相同主题与难度的例句

派生词

在各例词下标识出重要的派生词

词义辨析提示(tip)

在提示里单独解释各个单词间词义的细微差别

每日测试(Daily Check)

每日学习后均提供了简单的测试题，帮助巩固复习

模拟测试(Actual Test)

提供了与实际考题形式与难度完全相同的模拟试题

DAY 02

DAY 01 追踪复习

Harvard University

Veritas



- 001 rigorous | strict | harsh | stringent | severe | rigid □
002 vast | enormous | immense | huge | bulky | mammoth | tremendous | colossal | gigantic □
003 flourish | blossom | bloom | thrive | prosper □
004 abundant | plentiful | affluent | copious | profuse | ample | bountiful □
005 sporadic | patchy | spotty | erratic | occasional | infrequent | intermittent | irregular | uneven □
006 emerge | crop up | appear | arise | loom | spring up □
007 in proximity to | adjacent | adjoining | immediate | close to | in the vicinity of □
008 vital | essential | rudimentary | indispensable | fundamental | necessary | critical | crucial | underlying | integral | mandatory | compulsory □
009 extant | existent | existing | surviving □

近义词 010词
分组

□ intact □ sound □ undamaged □ unimpaired
□ uninjured 未受损伤的，完整无缺的

· intact
[ɪn'tekt]

Although still pyramids are prone to collapse, a few remain intact today.

阶梯式金字塔尽管容易崩塌，但是直到今天仍有一些保持完好。

· sound
[saʊnd]

Her mind was sound when she was finally released from the treatment center.

当她最终离开治疗中心时，精神仍保持正常。

· undamaged
[ʌndɪ'mædʒd]

Surprisingly, even though the hurricane ripped through town, every building remained undamaged.

令人惊奇的是，尽管飓风横扫小镇，所有的建筑物却毫发未损。

· unimpaired
[ʌn'ɪmpeɪd]

Even though he claimed his driving would be unimpaired by the alcohol he drank, his wife insisted on driving home.

尽管他强调自己不会因为喝了酒而影响开车，他的妻子还是坚持由她开车回家。

· uninjured
[ʌn'ɪndʒd]

Miraculously, he survived the accident uninjured, and was able to walk away from the wreckage.

他奇迹般地从车祸中幸存，甚至还毫发无损地从残骸中走了出来。

· injured
[ɪn'jurɪd] 受伤的

tip · intact, undamaged, unimpaired 未受损伤或没有变化的，保持完好的
· sound (建筑物、身体、精神等) 坚实的，健康的
· uninjured 尽管遇到意外事故，但是没有受伤的，安然无恙的

020

Daily CHECK^{2nd}

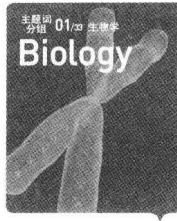
- A. Choose your best choice in meaning to the shaded word.
01. She is a strict teacher.
① severe ② lenient ③ leniently ④ strict
02. I am intact.
① sound ② broken ③ brokenly ④ intact
03. Every building remained undamaged.
① damaged ② undamaged ③ destroyed ④ ruined
04. Her mind was sound.
① healthy ② healthyly ③ healthyly ④ sound
05. Every animal was alive during the day.
① dead ② deadness ③ deadly ④ alive
06. Miraculously, he survived the accident uninjured.
① severely ② severely ③ severely ④ uninjured
07. Fill in the blanks with the correct words or phrases.
① atmosphere is the air around us.
② intact means whole.
③ undamaged means broken.
④ sound means healthy.
⑤ injury means harm.
⑥ extant means existing.
⑦ intensity means strength.
⑧ intensity means weakness.
⑨ intensity means loudness.
⑩ intensity means softness.

Answers: 1. ④ 2. ④ 3. ② 4. ④ 5. ④ 6. ④ 7. ④ 8. ④ 9. ④ 10. ④

Actual TEST^{2nd}

- B. Choose one that is closest in meaning to the shaded word.
01. Although Federal One was a popular program, it was challenged by numerous critics. Finally in 1935, after their concern heightened, they were able to persuade Congress to shut it down.
① (A) levitated
② (B) lowered
③ (C) increased
④ (D) undermined
02. Another ancient pottery provides what information as archaeologists about Ancient Greek history and culture. Although many vessels were destroyed in fires, some survived.
① (A) created
② (B) harmonized
③ (C) reconstructed
④ (D) destroyed
03. Ancient populations usually were isolated from each other because they only consisted men of military age and their families. This lack of communication was a problem.
① (A) separate
② (B) combining
③ (C) connecting
④ (D) uniting
04. Due to the increasing new nature of recognizing and classifying social spider species, many people cannot tell the difference between them. In fact, there are over 1,000 species of the same, and scientists are eager to gather more information.
① (A) comparative
② (B) properly
③ (C) regularly
④ (D) lately
05. Edward Sibert was the famous architect who headed the Kress department store chain. He was known for his ability to produce buildings that were unique in style for the successive locations.
① (A) creative
② (B) popular
③ (C) provide
④ (D) flexible
06. Engineers must consider the task of Master Nature when designing structures. They must be innovative about creating more efficient structural supports for new buildings.
① (A) heavy
② (B) limited
③ (C) flexible
④ (D) sturdy
07. For years, one fourth of the caloric requirements can be met by fruits. Healthy snacks like sandwiches, fruit, and milk should constitute much of the day's allowances for protein, minerals, and vitamins.
① (A) increase
② (B) provide
③ (C) provide
④ (D) constitute
08. Many scholars believe Adams had a deeper understanding of traditional American beliefs and values than anyone else. Many traits that Adams believed in are still reflected in a country where nearly 200 years ago are visible today.
① (A) increase
② (B) provide
③ (C) provide
④ (D) constitute

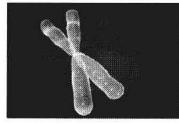
Answers: 1. ③ 2. ③ 3. ④ 4. ② 5. ④ 6. ④ 7. ④ 8. ④ 9. ④ 10. ④



○ 基因库
某些物种所有个体具有的全部基因

○ 脱氧核糖核酸(DNA)
形成基因，因含有脱氧核糖，而称为脱氧核糖核酸

○ 染色体
细胞分裂时细胞核中出现的粗线状或粗棒状结构，含有遗传物质



○ 适者生存
最适应环境的生物或集体得以生存下来的理论

Classifying Living Things 生物类别

taxonomy [tæk'saməni]	分类(classification), 分类学
categorize [kætə'goraɪz]	分类(classify)
species [spɪ'sɪəz]	种
genus [dʒenəs]	属
family [fæmili]	科
order [ɔːdə]	目
class [klas]	纲
phylum [fɪləmən]	门(植物division)
kingdom ['baɪdəm]	界

Heredity & Evolution 遗传与进化

heredity [hə'redəti]	遗传: 遗传性征
trait [triːt]	特征
genetic [dʒenə'tik]	遗传(基因)的, 遗传学的
gene pool	基因库
DNA	脱氧核糖核酸
chromosome [k्रəʊməzəm]	染色体
dominant [də'minənt]	优势的, 显性的
recessive [rɪ'sesɪv]	劣势的, 隐性的
distribute [dɪ'stribjuːt]	分布
atavism [ætə'vezɪsm]	隔代遗传, 返祖现象(reversion)
variety [və'rieti]	(遗传差异引起的) 变种
mutation [mjuːteɪʃn]	突然变异(←mutant突然变异个体)
hybrid [haɪ'brid]	(动植物的) 杂种
offspring ['oғfspɪŋ]	后代
evolution [ɪvə'ljuːʃn]	进化(→evolutionary进化的)
adaptation [əd'æk'teɪʃn]	适应
survival of the fittest	适者生存
natural selection	自然选择, 自然淘汰
naturalist [nə'tʊrəlist]	博物学家, 自然主义者

Cell 细胞

cytology [sai'tɔlədʒi]	细胞学
specimen [spɛ'sɪmən]	标本
building block	基础单位, 构成物
tissue [tjuːs]	(生物) 组织

主题词分组

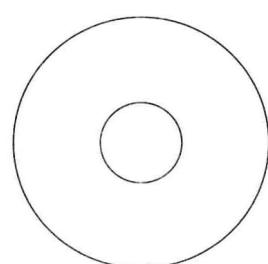
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主题词按内容分类

在每个主题下，按词汇自身内容分为不同类别，通过联想记忆，使词汇学习效果达到最佳

提供相关背景知识

提供图片、插画等视觉资料，以及解释和补充说明，并按主题提供词汇相关背景知识



其他特点

例词与例句MP3：由母语者纯正发音，收录例词与例句朗读

通过网站更新学习资料：
在www.tomatotoefl.com有各种学习资料的更新

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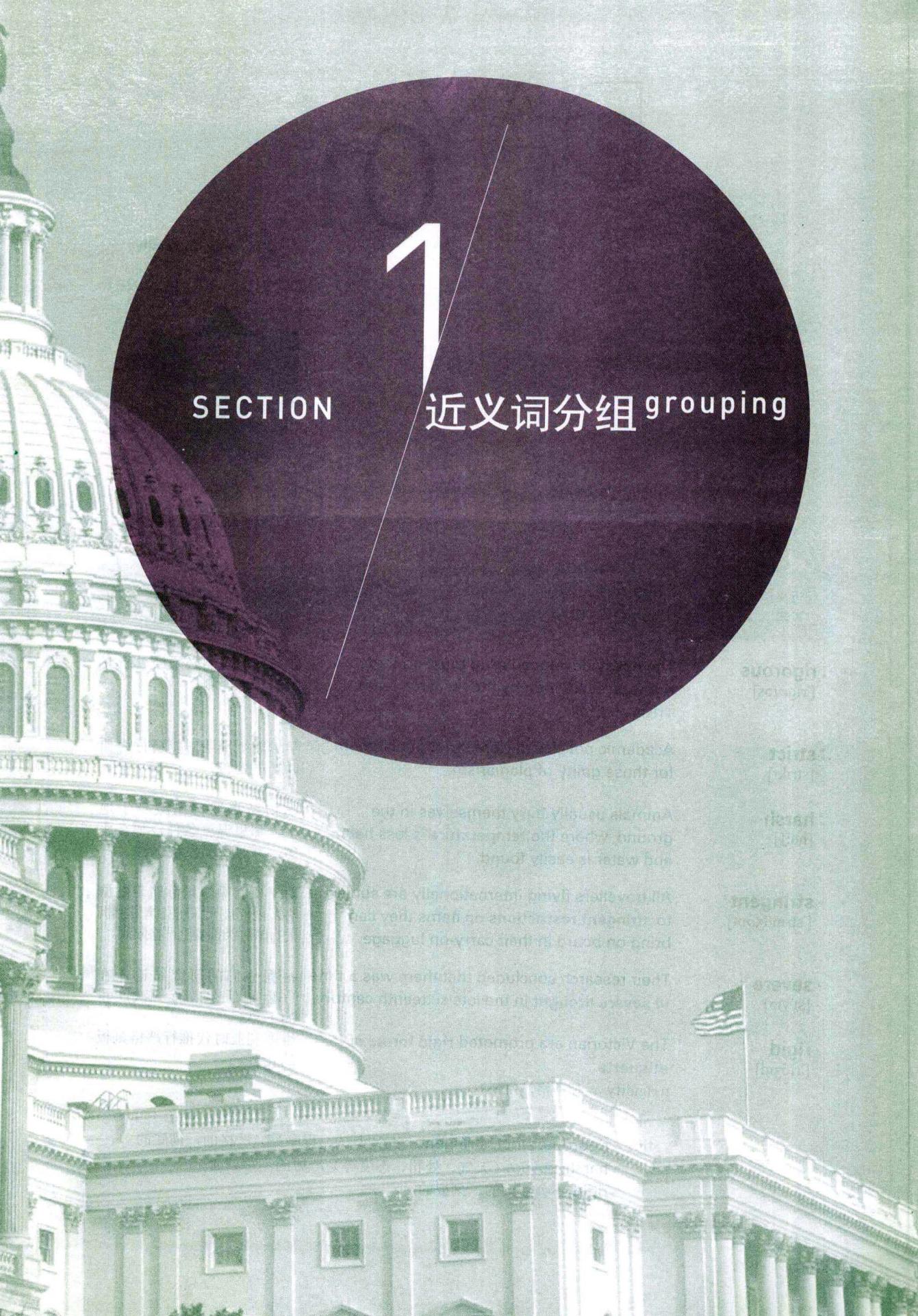
近义词 分组

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主题词 分组

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SECTION

1

近义词分组 grouping

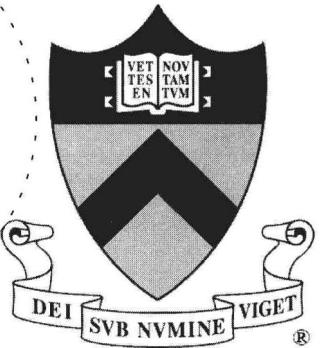
DAY 01



Princeton University

Dei sub numine viget

“Seize the Day!”



近义词 001 / 473
分组

rigorous strict harsh stringent
 severe rigid

严格的，残酷的，严酷的

: **rigorous**
[rɪgərəs]

The newly developed drug must undergo a **rigorous evaluation** by the research team.
|| rigor n. 严格

新开发的药品必须经过研究组的严格评测。

: **strict**
[strɪkt]

Academic policies declare **strict punishment** for those guilty of plagiarism.

学术守则声明对剽窃行为加以严厉处罚。

: **harsh**
[haʃ]

Animals usually bury themselves in the ground, where the **temperature is less harsh** and water is easily found.

动物经常把自己藏身于地下，那里温度条件没那么恶劣，并且容易发现水源。

· **stringent**
[strɪndʒənt]

All travellers flying internationally are subject to **stringent restrictions on items they can bring on board in their carry-on luggage.**

对于所有乘坐国际航班的旅客，他们被允许随身携带上机的行李种类都受到严格限制。

· **severe**
[sɪ'ver]

Their research concluded that there was a time of **severe drought** in the late sixteenth century.

根据他们的研究结论，在16世纪后期曾有一次严重的干旱。

· **rigid**
[rɪdʒɪd]

The Victorian era promoted **rigid forms of etiquette.**

维多利亚时代推行严格刻板的礼节。

tip · rigorous, strict, stringent (人、考试、程序等) 严格的，彻底的
· harsh, severe (天气、处罚、态度等) 严厉的，苛刻的
· rigid 不会通融的，刻板的

□ vast □ enormous □ immense □ massive
 □ huge □ sizable □ bulky □ mammoth
 □ tremendous □ colossal □ gigantic

巨大的，庞大的，巨型的

: vast

[vɑ:st]

Over 90 percent of the **vast amount of** petroleum and natural gas we consume is burned up as fuel.

在我们消耗的大量石油与天然气中，超过90%的都被用作了燃料。

: enormous

[ɪ'nɔ:məs]

The estimated cost of the project was \$5 million, which was an **enormous sum of money** in those days.

那个项目的预计费用为500万美元，在那时候可是一大笔钱。

: immense

[ɪ'mens]

Kings and nobles often hired professional architects to design their **immense palaces**.
 || immensity *n.* 巨大

国王与贵族们常常雇用专业建筑师为他们建造巨型宫殿。

: massive

[’mæsɪv]

In the North, the machines spinning cotton into textiles were worked by **massive waves of immigrants**.

在北部地区，大量的移民使用机器把棉花加工为织物。

: huge

[hju:dʒ]

The Earth's crust is divided into **huge segments** called plates.

地壳是由称为板块的巨大部构成的。

: sizable

[’saɪzəbl]

The performing arts center regularly receives **sizeable donations** from wealthy patrons.

表演艺术中心定期接受富有赞助者的大笔资助。

: bulky

[’bulki]

Pterosaurs were not well adapted for active flight due to their **bulky size**.

翼龙由于巨大的体型而无法适应活跃的飞行。

|| bulk *n.* 大块，大量

: mammoth

[’mæməθ]

These new plants grow into **mammoth blossoms** that block out the sunlight to the plants beneath.

这些新品种的植物会长成巨大的花朵，遮住下面植物的阳光。

: tremendous

[tri’mendəs]

John Dewey's theories on philosophy and education have had a **tremendous impact on** thinkers.

约翰·杜威的哲学及教育理论对思想家们产生了极大的影响。

colossal

[kə'lɒsl]

Scientists warn that these **colossal bodies of rock and ice** could hit Earth anytime.

科学家们警告说这些巨大的岩石与冰块的结合体可能随时撞击地球。

gigantic

[dʒai'gæntɪk]

The rotary press is an automated machine that prints continuously on **gigantic rolls of paper**.

轮转印刷机是一种可以在巨大纸卷上持续印刷的自动化机器。

tip ·vast, enormous, massive, huge, tremendous
 (范围、大小、数量、程度) 巨大的，壮观的

·immense, mammoth, colossal, gigantic (大小、力量) 巨大的

·sizable (大小、数量) 相当大的

·bulky 由于体积大而难以处理、操纵的

: **flourish**

[ˈflʌrɪʃ]

The Indus Valley civilization flourished between 2800 BC and 1800 BC, boasting an advanced economic system.

flourishing adj. 繁荣的

印度河谷文明繁盛于公元前2800至1800年，经济系统发达。

: **blossom**

[ˈblɒsəm]

Major infrastructure projects are underway to help Portugal's economy blossom.

为了活跃葡萄牙经济，一些大型基础设施建设正在进行当中。

: **boom**

[buːm]

Due to this new trend, the use of aromatherapy products continues to boom.

由于这股新潮流，芳香疗法产品的使用持续升温。

: **thrive**

[θrərv]

Many seals thrive off the Californian coast.

thriving adj. 繁盛的

加利福尼亚海岸出现了海豹的兴盛。

: **prosper**

[ˈprɒspər]

Due to tourism and its various exports, Hawaii has been able to prosper this past decade.

prosperous adj. 繁荣的 prosperity n. 昌盛、繁荣

得益于旅游业与各种出口，夏威夷在过去的十年繁荣发展。

: **abundant**

[əˈbʌndənt]

Colonists turned to brick making because clay was abundant.

abundance n. 充足 abound v. 丰富

由于黏土资源丰富，殖民者们开始制造砖块。

: **plentiful**

[ˈplentɪfʊl]

Fishermen know that fish are not plentiful in muddy and polluted waters.

plenty n. 充分、丰富

渔民们知道泥水或遭到污染的水域中鱼不多。

: **affluent**

[ˈæfluənt]

The affluent move out of a city center when it becomes too congested.

affluence n. 丰富、富裕

当城市中心变得过于拥挤时，富人们就会向外迁。

: **copious**

[ˈkəʊpjəs]

After heavy rainfall, the number of flies and mosquitoes can be copious.

大雨之后，蚊蝇可能会变得很多。

: **profuse**

[prəˈfju:s]

There is a profuse amount of thin branched roots at the base of the plant.

profusion n. 丰富

植物的根基部分存在很多细小的支根。

: **ample**

[æmpl]

Studies on our planets provide ample evidence that they were bombarded by smaller comets or meteorites shortly after they had formed.

关于我们行星的研究提供的大量证据显示：它们在形成之后短期内曾遭受小型彗星与陨石的撞击。

bountiful
[ˈbaʊntɪfl]

The palm tree is **bountiful** in Middle eastern countries and North Africa.

中东部与北非地区有大量的棕榈树。

近义词
分组 005⁴⁷³

sporadic **patchy** **spotty** **erratic**
 occasional **infrequent** **intermittent**
 irregular **uneven**

不规则的，不平均的，间歇的

: **sporadic**
[spəˈrædɪk]

The **sporadic** rainfall produced many small ponds that bred thousands of flies and mosquitoes.

断断续续的雨制造了很多小水坑。苍蝇与蚊虫在那里大量繁殖。

: **patchy**
[pætʃi]

The animals consume large amounts of short **patchy plants** like mosses that grow in clusters on top of the frozen ground.

冻土上星星点点地长出了矮小的苔藓等植物，动物们大量食用。

: **spotty**
[spɒti]

The effects of many developing nations' economic growth are **spotty**, as poor sanitation and heavy unemployment still exist.
|| **spot** n. 斑点；地点

许多发展中国家的经济增长不均衡，导致卫生条件依然恶劣，失业率仍旧居高不下。

: **erratic**
[ɪ'rætɪk]

The climate has been **erratic** over the past thousand years, swinging from warm to cold.

过去一千年间的气候很不规律，一直冷热交替。

: **occasional**
[ə'keɪʒnəl]

The volcano had **occasional** steam and ash eruptions in May and June.
|| **occasion** n. 情况，时候 **occasionally** adv. 偶尔，有时

那座火山在5、6月份会不时喷出蒸气与灰烬。

: **infrequent**
[ɪn'fri:kwənt]

Rainstorms in semiarid regions are usually **heavy** and **infrequent**.
|| **frequent** adj. 频繁的

半干旱地区的暴风雨通常十分猛烈，但不常见。

: **intermittent**
[ɪn'tɛmɪntənt]

Insomnia can occur at **intermittent** periods during a stressful time.

在压力大的时期，人会时常经历失眠。

irregular
[ɪ'regjulə]

Those with **irregular** heartbeats should be monitored often by doctors.
|| **regular** adj. 规则的，规律的

心律不齐的人需要经常接受医生的监测。

uneven
[ʌn'ɪvən]

A growing problem in the world today is the **uneven distribution** of food resources.
|| **even** adj. 平坦的，平均的

当今世界日益凸显的一大难题是粮食资源的分布不均。

tip .**sporadic, occasional, intermittent** 间歇的，断断续续的
. **patchy, spotty, uneven** 不平均的，星星点点的
. **erratic** 无法预测的，不规则的
. **infrequent** 不经常的，稀有的
. **irregular** 不规律的

: **emerge**
[ɪ'mɜːdʒ]

The art movement known as Dada **emerged** after the First World War.

称为达达主义的艺术运动出现于第一次世界大战之后。

|| emergence *n.*出现, 发生 emerging *adj.*浮现的, 新兴的 emergent *adj.*出现的, 紧急的

: **crop up**

Local cinemas began to **crop up** only after technology evolved to enable image projection.

本地电影院在影像放映技术成熟之后才开始出现。

· **appear**
[ə'pɪər]

Animals associated with water frequently **appear** in the prehistoric cave drawings.

水生动物常出现在史前洞穴壁画中。

|| appearance *n.*出现, 样子 disappear *v.*消失

· **arise**
[ə'raɪz]

The smoke **arising** from the chimney indicated the family was inside the house.

从烟囱里冒出的炊烟可以看出房子里有一家人。

loom
[luːm]

In the North and South, financial problems **loomed** large.

在南部与北部地区, 严重的经济问题开始隐约显现。

spring up

All over Europe, printing presses began to **spring up**.

印刷机开始在欧洲全境普及。

tip · **emerge, appear** (在眼前) 出现, (事情或者现象等)发生, 产生
 · **crop up, spring up** (未预料到地) 出现
 · **arise** (现象或事件)发生, 产生
 · **loom** (隐约地) 出现, 临近

: **in proximity to**

Parents were extremely wary because the crimes occurred **in close proximity to** the local elementary school.

因为在离那一地区小学很近的地方有犯罪发生, 孩子们的父母都十分担心。

: **adjacent**
[ə'dʒeɪsənt]

Unlike the rest of the country, houses in Pennsylvania and its **adjacent areas** widely used stone in their construction.

与其他地方不同, 宾夕法尼亚及其临近地区在建筑房屋时广泛使用石材。

: **adjoining**
[ə'dʒɔɪnɪŋ]

The **adjoining** chamber contained stores of royal treasure.

隔壁的房间里储藏着大量的王室珍宝。

|| adjoin *v.*与…接壤, 与…毗邻