



新课程新奥赛系列丛书

新编 高中英语奥赛实用题典

AOSAI SHIYONGTIDIAN

马岳年 / 主编



南京师范大学出版社



新课程新奥赛系列丛书

新编 高中英语奥赛实用题典

主 编：马岳年

副主编：丁克威

作 者：（按姓氏笔画排序）

丁克威 丁 洁 马岳年

刘 芸 庄惠芬 张 怡

陆 琦 谢薇薇



南京师范大学出版社

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

新编高中英语奥赛实用题典/马岳年主编. —南京: 南京师范大学出版社, 2005. 6

ISBN 7 - 81101 - 307 - X/G · 863

I. 新... II. 马... III. 英语课 - 高中 - 习题
IV. G634. 415

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2005) 第 069316 号

书 名 新编高中英语奥赛实用题典
主 编 马岳年
责任编辑 白 莉
出版发行 南京师范大学出版社
地 址 江苏省南京市宁海路 122 号(邮编:210097)
电 话 (025)83598077(传真) 83598412(营销部) 83598297(邮购部)
网 址 <http://press.njnu.edu.cn>
E - mail nspzbb@njnu.edu.cn
照 排 江苏兰斯印务发展有限公司
印 刷 江苏如皋市印刷有限公司
开 本 850 × 1168 1/32
印 张 13.875
字 数 394 千
版 次 2005 年 11 月第 1 版第 2 次印刷
书 号 ISBN 7 - 81101 - 307 - X/G · 863
定 价 16.50 元

南京师大版图书若有印装问题请与销售商调换
版权所有 侵犯必究

《新课程新奥赛系列》丛书编委会

主 任 闻玉银

副 主 任 范小辉 丁 漪

委 员 (按姓氏笔画排序)

丁 漪 马宏佳 马岳年 马富平 王书贞

王礼祥 王迎春 王政红 韦 娟 白 莉

刘爱东 匡 理 邢建华 张志朝 张德钧

李红敏 杨伟成 杨爱玲 周 璇 周予新

周海忠 庞 宏 范小辉 南 冲 姜爱萍

赵功伟 闻玉银 倪晨娟 夏里原 黄 蓉

葛 军 颜 森

执行编委 周海忠

目录 Contents

全真试题篇

2003 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛高一组决赛试题	3
2003 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛高二组决赛试题	21
2003 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛高三组初赛试题	43
2003 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛高三组决赛试题	62
2004 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛高二组初赛试题	87
2004 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛高二组决赛试题	108
2004 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛高三组决赛试题	124
第二届全国中小学生素质教育英语知识能力竞赛试题 ..	140
2005 学年台湾大学考试中心学科能力测验英语试卷	157
The University of New South Wales International English Skills Test (Senior Paper)	169
全国中学生英语能力竞赛高一组决赛口语试题	196
全国中学生英语能力竞赛高二组决赛口语试题	199
全国中学生英语能力竞赛高三组决赛口语试题	201

模拟试题篇

全国中学生英语能力竞赛高一组决赛模拟试题	207
全国中学生英语能力竞赛高二组决赛模拟试题	222



试题详解篇

2003 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛高一组决赛试题解答	241
2003 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛高二组决赛试题解答	258
2003 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛高三组初赛试题解答	279
2003 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛高三组决赛试题解答	294
2004 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛高二组初赛试题解答	317
2004 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛高二组决赛试题解答	336
2004 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛高三组决赛试题解答	350
第二届全国中小学生素质教育英语知识能力竞赛试题	363
2005 学年台湾大学考试中心学科能力测验英语试卷	374
The University of New South Wales International English Skills Test (Senior Paper)	384
全国中学生英语能力竞赛高一组决赛口语试题	398





全国中学生英语能力竞赛高二组决赛口语试题	401
全国中学生英语能力竞赛高三组决赛口语试题	403
全国中学生英语能力竞赛高一组决赛模拟试题	406
全国中学生英语能力竞赛高二组决赛模拟试题	419



全真试题篇

2003 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛

高一组决赛试题

笔试部分(共七大题,计 120 分)

I. 选择填空(Vocabulary and structure)(共 20 小题,计 20 分)

A) 从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

- I felt sorry for this poor old man. He lives in a house _____ window is broken.
A. in which B. where C. whose D. that
- Time is limited, so I don't think we should devote any more time _____.
A. to discussing the problem
B. study another foreign language
C. from visiting the museum
D. interviewed the woman
- If you want to know more about _____ school, you can go and ask _____ man under _____ tree. He is _____ teacher here.
A. the; a; a; the B. /; the; a; /
C. the; the; the; a D. a; the; a; /
- Many people, men and women, young and old, enjoy watching football games, because football games are _____ exciting than basketball matches.
A. by far B. a great deal
C. a lot more D. much
- It's December now. In _____ three weeks or so, we'll have our winter holidays.





C. That depends. D. I wish you good luck.

13. —Abby, can I use your radio now, please?

—_____.

—Then I will have to borrow my teacher's.

A. Here you are

B. You are welcome

C. Of course, you can

D. I'm afraid not. It doesn't work

14. —The boss will offer me a pay rise.

—Pigs might fly! You are day-dreaming. You're lucky enough not to have been fired.

The underlined phrase means "_____".

A. Wonderful

B. Impossible

C. Too bad

D. Congratulations

15. After she left the company, I stepped into her shoes.

The underlined phrase means "_____".

A. followed her away

B. came into her house

C. lost my job

D. took her place

B) 下列 5 题中的句子可以组成一篇小短文,请从所给的四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。



16. The first jeans(牛仔裤) were made _____ a strong cotton from Genoa, Italy, which the French called Genes.

A. out of

B. into

C. away from

D. up

17. That's how jeans got their name, _____ the first jeans weren't made in Italy or in France, they were made in the USA.

A. so

B. but

C. or

D. and

18. Levi Strauss, a twenty-year-old tailor who moved from Germany to San Francisco during the gold rush in the 1850s, realized that miners needed _____ clothes for work.

A. soft

B. weak

C. strong

D. dirty





19. He decided to use canvas(帆布) to make trousers, _____ were uncomfortable but they were so strong that everyone liked them.
A. that B. they C. where D. which
20. Then in the early 1860s he used denim instead of canvas and dyed the trousers blue. It was a big _____ and liked by cowboys.
A. success B. failure C. job D. money

II. 阅读理解(Reading comprehension)(共 30 小题,计 30 分)

A) 阅读下列短文,从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳选项。

(A)

A man walked into a restaurant that advertised having the longest menu in the world. The manager was very proud of being able to provide any dish, no matter how unusual.

At the bottom of the menu, there was a notice that said, "If you do not see the dish you require on this menu, please tell us and we will add it to the menu immediately."

The man looked at the menu and decided to make life really difficult for the manager and his chef. He would order something that was very unusual.

When the waiter came up to take his order, he said, "You say you can serve any dish, anything at all, even if it's not on your menu, which is the longest menu in the world."

"That is correct, sir. We have never yet been unable to meet our customers' requirements."

"Very well," the man said. "In that case, bring me two elephant ears on toast. Indian, not African."

The waiter wrote down on his pad: Two Indian elephant ears on toast.





“Very good, sir,” he said. “That shouldn’t take long.”

He walked away quickly.

The man was very surprised and rather disappointed.

Then he smiled as the waiter returned with a very unhappy look on his face.

“Ah!” the man said. “You can’t bring me elephant ears on toast, can you?”

The waiter was very apologetic.

“I’m very sorry, sir, and this is most embarrassing,” he said, “but I’m afraid we can’t. Unfortunately, we’ve run out of bread.”

21. What did the man want to do?
- A. Embarrass the manager.
 - B. Have some toast.
 - C. Buy an elephant.
 - D. Read the longest menu in the world.
22. What did the notice at the bottom of the menu mean?
- A. Please order elephant ears.
 - B. We will serve any dish you want.
 - C. We have the newest menu in the world.
 - D. If you think a certain dish isn’t to your taste, you can leave it out.
23. Why did the customer order elephant ears?
- A. He was hungry.
 - B. He had never eaten them.
 - C. He thought they would be tasty.
 - D. He didn’t think the restaurant had any.
24. The customer was disappointed because _____.
- A. the waiter was not worried by his order
 - B. the waiter was too slow
 - C. he wanted to eat Indian elephant ears
 - D. there were too many people
25. The waiter was unhappy because _____.



- A. the man didn't order elephant ears
- B. they had no elephant to cook
- C. they didn't want to serve the customer
- D. the chef didn't know how to cook the elephant ears

(B)

Foresters are people who work with trees and know a lot about them. Occasionally, foresters have problems, and the foresters in southern Indiana have had many problems.

The foresters were doing an experiment. They wanted to grow walnut(胡桃) trees by planting walnuts in the ground. If they succeeded, the foresters would be able to control the location of the trees. Also, this method would be much cheaper than transplanting, or moving nut trees that were grown in plant nurseries(苗圃).

So the foresters planted their walnuts, and that's when the squirrels(松鼠) started causing trouble. Shortly after the nuts were planted, the squirrels dug them up for tasty snacks(快餐).

The foresters tried to keep the squirrels away from the walnuts. Mothballs(卫生球) were used as a warning, but they didn't work. Then, the foresters tried dipping the walnuts in kerosene(煤油), but that didn't stop the squirrels either. The foresters continue to search for a method that will really work. But until they find one, the squirrels can continue to have their walnut snacks and the foresters will have to transplant trees!

26. Foresters are people who _____.
- A. look after the forest and work with trees
 - B. feed squirrels in the forest



- C. catch squirrels that steal walnuts
D. transplant trees
27. What were the foresters trying to do with the walnuts?
A. Plant food for squirrels.
B. Control the location of the trees.
C. Move the trees closer to the squirrels.
D. Get squirrels to eat them.
28. The underlined word "transplanting" probably means " ".
A. planting B. moving C. growing D. buying
29. What did the squirrels do to the walnuts that were dipped in kerosene?
A. Left them alone. B. Continued to eat them.
C. Hid them in trees. D. Put them into the earth.
30. According to the story, which of the following is not true?
A. Mothballs didn't prove to be a good method of stopping the squirrels from eating the walnuts.
B. The squirrels found the walnuts tasty.
C. The squirrels started eating mothballs instead of walnuts.
D. The foresters haven't found a good way to prevent the squirrels from eating the walnuts.
- B) 阅读下列短文,然后回答问题或完成句子。

(C)



It was ten o'clock in the morning. Standing outside the Bloomsburg Bus Station, I could see my breath. In a few minutes I was going to climb onto a bus for a five-hour ride to New York. I would sooner have eaten



cat food. You only go on a long-distance bus in the United States because either you can't afford to fly or you can't afford to buy a car. Many of the people on long-distance buses are one of the following: actively schizoid(精神分裂的), armed and dangerous, or just released from prison. Occasionally you will also see a pair of Norwegian students. You can tell they are Norwegian students because they are so pink-faced and healthy-looking and they wear little blue ankle socks. But, generally, a ride on a long-distance bus in America combines most of the shortcomings of prison life with those on an ocean crossing on a troopship.

So when the bus pulled up before me, I boarded with some feelings of worry. The driver himself didn't appear too stable(沉稳的). He had the sort of hair that made him look as if he'd been playing with live wires. There were about half a dozen other passengers, though only two of them looked seriously mad and just one was talking to himself. I took a seat near the back and settled down to get some sleep.

When I awoke there was a new passenger next to me, a woman with grey hair who was chain-smoking and burping(打嗝). They were the sort of burps children made to amuse themselves. The woman was completely unselfconscious about it. She would look at me, open her mouth, and out would roll a burp. It was surprising. Then she would take a drag on her cigarette and burp a large puff of smoke. That was surprising too. I stared out of the window, feeling ill, and tried to imagine things less unpleasant than this. But, apart from being dead, I couldn't think of a single thing.

31. From the passage we know that it was cold when the writer left because _____.
32. It takes five hours to travel by bus from _____ to _____.
33. People generally travel on long-distance buses in America only if _____.