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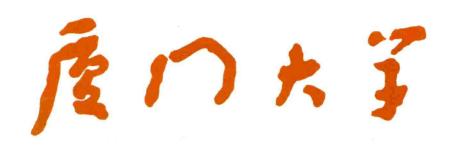
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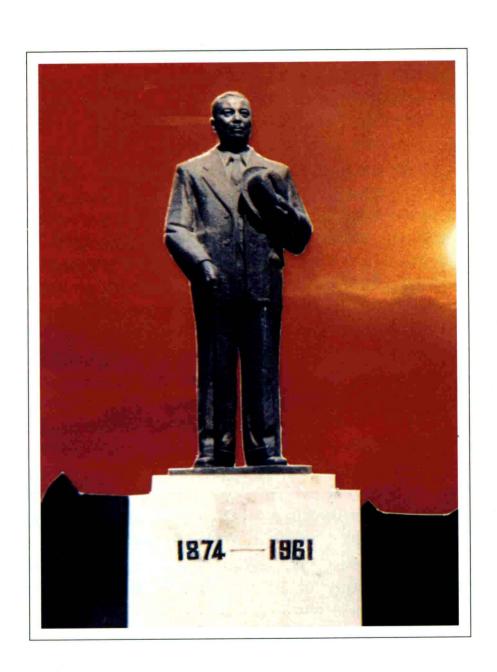
Xiamen University

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Front cover: Jianan Auditorium Back cover: A statue on the campus



沿革 • 概况

Brief History and Development

厦門大學是愛國華僑領袖陳嘉庚先生於1921年 4月6日創立的。現在是唯一地處經濟特區的全國 重點綜合性大學。校園座落在"海上花園"厦門市 的東南端,依山傍海,風光旖旎,景色優美。

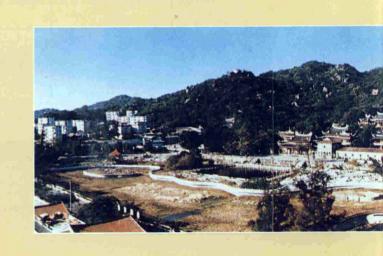
厦門大學自創辦迄於今日,經歷七十個春秋。 初創時爲私立,1937年改爲國立。抗日戰争期間, 學校內遷長汀,1946年遷回厦門。1949年,隨着新 中國的誕生,在黨和人民政府的領導下,厦門大學 歷史揭開了新的一頁。1952年全國高等學校進行院 系調整時,厦大被確定爲綜合性大學,1962年列爲 全國重點大學。經過長期艱苦奮鬥,一批高水平、 有特色的學科相繼建成。

素稱"南方之强"的厦門大學,薈萃着衆多的學者名流,造就了大量棟梁之材。現在厦大的1977名教師和專職科研人員中,有教授(研究員)、副教授(副研究員)728人,其中,中科院學部委員、國務院學位委員會委員、學科評議組成員等7人,博士生導師38人。學校不僅集中了一大批學術造詣精深的專家教授,而且擁有衆多的出類拔萃的後起之秀。學校還聘請李遠哲、楊振寧等一批國際一流學者爲名譽教授。

厦門大學學科較爲齊全,人才培養系列相當完備。自改革開放以來,學校積極主動地適應對外開放、國家建設,特別是特區建設的需要,優化學科結構,更新老專業,創辦新專業,發展邊緣、新興、交叉學科。先後創辦了國際金融、國際貿易、國際會計、國際經濟合作、國際經濟法、國際新聞等一批涉外專業以及計算機與系統科學、控制理論、材料化學、科學儀器工程、電子工程、建築學、石油加工等一批技術工程專業和稅收、廣告、廣播電視等新興專業。目前,學校已形成了包括自然科學、

技術科學、人文科學、社會科學和管理科學多學科的結構比較合理、内容比較先進的學科體系。厦門大學現有25個系51個專業,57個碩士專業,18個博士專業,2個博士後流動站。學校先後成立了研究生院、經濟學院、政法學院、藝術教育學院、工程技術學院、海外函授學院和國際教育中心以及成人教育處,形成了包括全日制、業余函授、夜校,專科、本科、碩士、博士、博士後和留學生教育的完整的高等教育人才培養系列。

自建校迄今的70年間,厦門大學爲國家培養了 43000多名本科生和研究生,其中不少成爲蜚聲中外 的專家、學者。現有各類在校學生近萬人,其中本 專科生6900多人,研究生845人,外國留學生100多人。 還有遍布世界五大洲的57個國家和地區的海外函授 生近4000人。學校根據社會發展、經濟建設、科技 進步的要求,在人才培養中十分强調重視基礎,加 强應用,培養能力,綜合提高,爲此,學校進行了 以改革教學內容爲中心,以課程建設爲重點的教學 改革,推行了學分制和主輔修制;加强外語和計算



機等重要基礎課的教學。學校和部分校友及友好人 士還在學校設立"南强獎"、"嘉庚獎"、"本棟 獎"、"亞南獎"等各種獎學、獎教金,獎勵先進、 推動競争,促進整個教育質量的提高。1986年以來, 試行三學期制,加强了實踐性教學環節,開出各類 選修課數百門,鼓勵學生跨系、跨專業選修課程, 拓寬了學生知識面,提高了實踐能力,使培養的人 才具有較强的競争性和較好的適應性。

學校十分重視師資培養,結合學科建設,有計劃有步驟地選拔優秀的中青年教師,目前在職的教授、副教授中,有一批45歲以下的新一代學術帶頭人相繼崛起。

厦門大學既是教育中心,又是科學研究中心, 爲了適應現代化建設、科學技術發展和經濟特區建 設的需要,學校建立了物理化學研究所、經濟研究所、 南洋研究所、台灣研究所、高等教育科學研究所和 細胞生物學研究室等34個科學研究機構,學校的科 學研究注意和學科建設相結合,提高學科水平。物 理化學、會計、財政、計劃統計、高等教育學、動 物學、專門史(中國古代經濟史)等學科已被評爲 國家重點學科,七五期間經國家計委、教委批准在 我校建立的固體表面物理化學國家重點實驗室,現 已建成並對外開放。腫瘤細胞生物工程實驗室也被 確定爲國家重點專業實驗室。

學校的科學研究積極貫徹爲社會主義現代化建設服務方針,取得顯著成果。1980年以來,理科各系所獲得國家和省市級科研成果獎的有183項,其中8項獲國家自然科學獎,4項獲國家科技發明獎和科技進步獎,在國內外學術刊物上發表科研論文

2290篇,出版專著88部。近年來,有110多項分別獲得國務院部委、省科學大會和省廳級頒發的科技成果獎。文科各系、所、室、近五年來,出版學術譯著279部,發表論文3600多篇,1987年有十一部教材獲國家教委優秀教材獎。學校科研也重視爲厦門經濟特區服務,在厦門經濟特區發展戰略、自由港實施方案、國際經濟法、國際貿易、國際金融等課題的研究,對解決經濟特區建設的重大理論問題和政策問題,提出了有參考價值的意見,理工各系也對特區引進技術、企業技術改造等方面作出有價值的貢獻。

近幾年來,學校大力開展國際學術交流。先後 與加拿大、美國、英國、法國、澳大利亞、日本、 比利時、荷蘭和菲律賓等國的20多所高等院校建立 校際協作關係。至1990年底,共派出600多名教師、 研究生分別到20多個國家訪問、留學。學校還與加 拿大聯合創辦"工商管理教育中心"。先後聘請國 外專家、學者800多人次來校講學,聘請世界著名科 學家爲學校名譽教授。多次主辦或聯合主辦國際性 學術會議。

厦門大學有着優美的環境和良好的辦學條件。 校園佔地1500畝,校舍建築面積45萬平方米,新建 圖書館18000平方米,藏書173萬多册,建設了較爲 先進的測試中心、計算中心、電教中心以及一批現 代化的實驗室。學校將進一步發揮優勢,努力把厦 門大學辦成一所面向現代化、面向世界、面向未來, 高水平、有特色、開放型的綜合性大學。爲社會主 義建設和人類文明多做貢獻。

廈門大學背倚雄偉的五老峰 Xiamen University with Mount Wulaofeng at its back.



Brief History and Development

Xiamen University was founded on April 6, 1921 by Mr. Tan Kah Kee, a patriotic overseas Chinese. It is the only key university in a special economic zone. Backed by the mountain and facing the sea, Xiamen University, with its evergreen picturesque scenery, is located at the southeastern edge of Xiamen island, known as the Garden on the Sea.

It has been seventy years since Xiamen University was founded. It was at first a private school and became a national one in 1937. When the War of Resistance against Japan broke out, it moved to Changting, a county in the west of Fujian. It returned to Xiamen in 1946. After the founding of New China in 1949, Xiamen University, under the leadership of the Party and the people's government, turned over a new leaf in its history. During the college and department adjustment in 1952, Xiamen University was defined as a university comprehensive in character. In 1962 it was ranked as a key university of the country. Through long and painstaking efforts, it has established a number of departments and disciplines with advanced level and distinctive features.

Xiamen University, known as "the best in the south", has a great number of well-known scholars and has brought up numerous people with special abilities. Now it has a faculty of 1,977 with 728 professors and associate professors. Among them, there are 7 members of the Chinese Academy of Sciences and of Academic Degree Appraisal Committee under the State Council, 38 tutors guiding doctoral candidates. Besides a large group of famed experts and professors, there are a large number of promising young teachers in the university. The university has engaged some first-class scholars of the world, such as Yuan Tseh Lee and C. N. Yang, to be honorary professors.

With almost all branches of learning, Xiamen University is an ideal place to train all kinds of specialists. Since our country adopted the reform and open-door policy, the university has taken initiative in catering to the needs of open-door policy and national reconstruction, especially the building of the special economic zone, optimizing the structure of courses, improving the old specialities, establishing new ones, and developing rising, intersecting

and borderline disciplines. It has successively set up specialitities that train people to deal with international business such as International Finance, International Trade, International Accounting, International Economic Cooperation, International Economic Law and International Journalism, specialities in the fields of technology and engineering such as Computer Science, System Science, Control Theory, Materials Chemistry, Scientific Instrumentation Engineering, Electronic Engineering, Architecture and Petroleum Processing, and rising specialities such as Taxation, Advertising and Radio & TV Broadcasting. Now the university has developed a desirable and advanced system of learning consisting of natural science, engineering, humanities, social science and managerial science. It has 51 disciplines attached to 25 departments and 2 postdoctor mobile research stations and can confer diplomas of master in 57 disciplines and doctorates in 18 disciplines. The university has also set up the Graduate School, the College of Economics, the College of Politics and Law, the College of Art Education, the College of Engineering Sciences, the Overseas Correspondence College, the International Education Center and the Adult Education Department, and thus perfected its system of higher education, which can give courses to full-time students, part-time and correspondence students and night-college students, and provide academic programs for professional training students, undergraduates, graduates seeking a master degree or a doctorate, graduates with a doctorate and foreign students.

It has been 70 years since the founding of Xiamen University. More than 43,000 graduates and postgraduates have been educated. Quite a few of them have become specialists and scholars well-known at home and abroad. The university now has about 10,000 students on campus, including over 6,900 undergraduates, 845 graduates and over 100 foreign students. It also has about 4,000 correspondence students in 57 countries and areas all over the world. In accordance with social development, economic construction and advance of science and technology, the university attaches great importance to all round development and basic courses in training qualified personnel and

puts emphasis on strengthening applied science and cultivating students' ability. Therefore, in educational reform the university focuses on renewing teaching contents and improving courses, exercises the credit system and the system of compulsory and elective courses and strengthens key basic courses such as foreign languages and computer science. The university, its alumni and friendly personages have founded various scholarships such as "the Best of the South Scholarship", "Tan Kah Kee Scholarship", "Bendong Scholarship" and "Yanan Scholarship", in order to award the advanced, spur competition and upgrade general quality of education. Since 1986, the university has tried the three-term system, strengthened practical teaching links and opened up hundreds of different selective courses. It also encourages students to take courses from other departments and specialities, thus widening the horizon for the students, raising their practical ability and providing them with stronger competitiveness and better adaptability.

The university puts special stress on the training of its teachers. Along with the building of departments and disciplines, it promotes excellent young and middle-aged teachers in a planned way. A new generation of academic leaders under the age of 45 has emerged from among the present professors and associate professors.

Xiamen University is both an educational center and a scientific research center. To cater to the needs of building the four modernizations, the development of science and technology and the special economic zone, it has set up 34 scientific research institutes such as the Physical Chemistry Institute, the Institute of Economics, the Institute of Southeast Asia, the Institute of Taiwan Studies, the Institute of Higher Education, the Cell Biology Research Section, etc. The university takes care to combine the scientific research with the building of disciplines, raising the level of disciplines. The university now has a number of national key disciplines such as Physical Chemistry, Accounting, Finance, Planning and Statistics, Higher Education, Zoology and History of Special Topics (History of Ancient Chinese Economy). During the seventh national five-year plan, the State Planning Commission and the State Education Commission authorized the university to build the State Key Laboratory for Physical Chemistry of the Solid Surface. It has now been built and is open to business. The Cancer Cell Engineering Lab of the university is also ranked a key special laboratory on national level.

In scientific research, the university actively carries out the policy of serving the building of socialist modernization and has made prominent achievements. Since 1980, its science departments have got 183 awards for their achievements in scientific research, including 8 National Natural Science Awards and 4 National Scientific Invention Awards and Scientific Progress Awards, pub-

lished 2,290 theses in academic publications at home and abroad and 88 monographs in recent years, more than 110 theses and books have won scientific achievement awards from ministries and commissions of the State Council and the provincial administration. The liberal arts departments, including research institutes and sections, have, in the last five years, published 279 monographs and translations and over 3,600 theses. In 1987, 11 textbooks won the Best Textbook Awards from the State Education Commission. The university also directs its scientific researches to serving Xiamen Special Economic Zone and has given a lot of valuable advice on important theoretical problems and policy problems concerning the building of the special economic zone such as strategy for the development of Xiamen Special Economic Zone, the free port plan, and studies of interntional law, international trade and international finance. The science and engineering departments have also made great contributions to the special economic zone by introducing advanced technology and upgrading industrial technology.

In the past few years, Xiamen University has promoted international academic exchange and established school-to-school cooperation with more than 20 universities and colleges in Canada, the United States, England, France, Australia, Japan, Belgium, Holland and the Philippines. By the end of 1990, the university had sent over 600 teachers and graduates to take advanced study in more than 20 countries. It has cooperated with Canada in running Business Management Education Center, invited over 800 foreign experts and scholars to give lectures in the school and engaged famous scientists in the world to be honorary professors. It has sponsored or jointly sponsored a number of international academic meetings.

Xiamen University enjoys beautiful scenery and favorable conditions for teaching and study. Its campus covers an area of 1,500 mu (100 hectares) with a floor space of 450,000 square meters. The newly-built library, with a floor space of 18,000 square meters, has a rich collection of more than 1,730,000 volumes. The university has built an advanced testing center, a computer center, an audio-video teaching center and a group of advanced laboratories. Xiamen University will bring its own favorable conditions into full play, work hard to turn itself into an open-type institution comprehensive in character with a higher academic level and distinctive features, gear itself to modernizations, the world and the future, and make greater contributions to the building of socialist modernization and human civilization.



學校領導辦公會

The leaders of the university having a meeting.



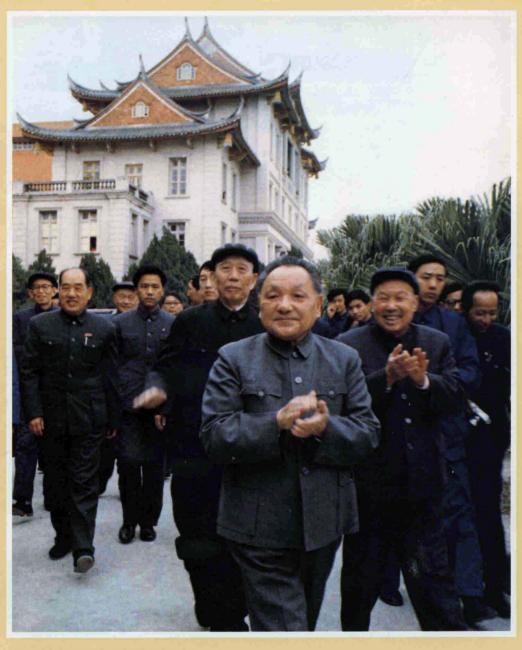
學校創辦人陳嘉庚先生視察學校建設工地 Mr. Tan Kah Kee, the founder of the university, inspecting a building site of the school.



1932年的廈門大學校園 The campus of Xiamen University in 1932.

關懷•鼓舞

Concern and Inspiration



鄧小平同志、王震同志視察廈門大學 Comrade Deng Xiaoping and Comrade Wang Zhen inspecting the school.



李瑞環同志視察廈門大學 Comrade Li Ruihuan inspecting the school.



全國人大常委會副委員長王漢斌同志視察廈門大學 Comrade Wang Hanbin, Vice Chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress, inspecting the school.



全國政協副主席盧嘉錫同志視察廈門大學 Comrade Lu Jiaxi, Vice Chairman of the National People's Political Consultative Conference, inspecting the school.



國務委員兼國家科委主任宋健同志會見廈門大學部份專家、教授 Comrade Song Jian, State Councillor and Minister of State Scientific and Technological Commission, meeting experts and professors in the school.



國家教委副主任何東昌同志來校指導工作 Comrade He Dongchang, Vice Minister of State Education Commission, checking the work of the school.



國家教委副主任朱開軒同志考察廈門大學教學、科研工作 Comrade Zhu Kaixuan, Vice Minister of State Education Commission, checking the teaching and scientific research of the school.

校 園 景 觀

Beautiful Campus

